

Report on

Database for Smart Waste Management System

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Project Overview

The Smart Waste Management System project represents an innovative approach aimed at revolutionizing urban waste collection and disposal. By leveraging the power of data-driven insights and advanced technology, this project seeks to transform how cities manage their waste, ensuring a cleaner environment and promoting sustainability. At its core, the Smart Waste Management System aspires to optimize waste collection processes, encourage recycling efforts, and provide an efficient solution for waste management authorities. The project revolves around creating a comprehensive platform that integrates various facets of waste management into a centralized database. With a focus on enhancing the convenience and efficiency of waste collection, the system tracks, monitors, and manages the entire lifecycle of waste—from collection to processing. It seeks to create a seamless and interactive experience for residents, waste collectors, and administrative authorities while promoting transparency and data accessibility. This multifaceted system is built to serve the unique needs of different stakeholders. The **Residents** interface captures user information. providing the foundation for tracking waste disposal habits and fostering engagement in recycling initiatives. Meanwhile, the **Waste Bins** interface monitors the fill levels, types, and locations of bins, enabling real-time tracking and route optimization for garbage trucks. Route planning and vehicle management are facilitated through the Collection Routes and Trucks interfaces, which work in tandem to streamline waste collection operations. These tables provide waste management authorities with the data needed to plan efficient collection schedules and allocate resources effectively. By connecting these interfaces with the Waste Collection **Records**, the system captures detailed data on each collection instance, empowering authorities to analyze patterns and identify areas for improvement. The project also emphasizes proper waste processing so that collected waste is processed in an environmentally responsible manner. It also defines waste classifications and indicates whether they are recyclable, fostering a culture of responsible waste disposal. User interaction and system monitoring are equally prioritized in this project. It allows residents to share their experiences and suggestions, providing valuable insights for continuous improvement of the waste management system. It serves serves as a communication tool, sending reminders, recycling tips, and alerts to residents, thereby enhancing community engagement and promoting awareness. In essence, the Smart Waste Management **System** project embodies a transformative approach to urban waste management. By integrating residents, waste collection services, and administrative oversight within a unified platform, it delivers a holistic solution characterized by efficiency, environmental consciousness, and data-driven decision-making. Through its commitment to transparency, operational excellence, and community involvement, the system aims to set a new standard for sustainable waste management practices in modern cities, paving the way for a cleaner and more efficient future.

Contributions

Table 1: Team Member's Contributions

ID	Name	Tasks	Contribution
2221507642	Noshin Nawar	 Project Overview Deliverable Physical Database Design Table Creation Data Population 	50%
		• Query	
	Mubashshira Kaisar	 Project Description Project Objective Project Scope	50%
2221070642		• Logical and Conceptual Database Design	
		 Query Conclusion	

1 Project Title

The Smart Waste Management System.

2 Project Description

The Smart Waste Management System is an innovative initiative designed to streamline and enhance urban waste management through efficient processes, data-driven decisions, and community engagement. Primarily optimized at the source, the system looks to amass the entire life cycles of waste from collection through processing with sustainability in mind. It is designed to eliminate the inefficiencies of a conventional waste management system by implementing systematically efficient work flows for the management of timely collections, the categorization of waste and environmentally safe disposal. This involves waste segregation right at the source into organic-recyclable-general waste streams, which lead to superior recycling and responsible organic waste processing. To further achieve the purpose of dynamic routing of garbage collection vehicles, the smart waste management system provides the opportunity for maximum efficiency through previously scheduled routes to minimize travel time and fuel consumption. This makes operational costs cheaper, shortens collection times, and makes urban environments cleaner and greener. This preventive and systematic approach makes a program more operational without affecting the environmental impact of the collection. The categorization and processing of wastes are essential functions of the waste management system. Waste source sorting improves the functionality of the system through facilitating its efficient recycling; directing organics to composting; and appropriate disposal of non-recyclables or hazardous wastes. It lessens the reliance on landfills, creates a circular economy, and guarantees compliance with environmental regulations. Community involvement is a key aspect of the system, empowering residents to actively participate in sustainable waste management. Through very user-friendly mobile apps and dashboards, residents monitor waste disposal habits, collection schedules, and notifications concerning collection days or events promoting sustainability. Such kind of engagement should create a culture of responsibility and encourage citizens and communities towards environmentally conscious habits. The central data and analytics tools provide indications of waste management operations to administrative authorities. With such tools, they can track the trends in waste collection, as well as measure recycling rates, and subsequently improve efforts made towards ensuring overall efficiency. Future waste volumes can easily be projected from data. Resources will, therefore, be placed more effectively, and policies that could enhance waste sustainability will be put in place. The system pursues environmental sustainability through promotion of recycling and composting so that it cuts down on use of landfills. It also conserves primary raw materials thus making the environment more sustainable and meets a lot of global environmental goals. Smart waste management system does not only mean waste management; it will also mean behavioral change for a lifetime. A vision that sees future urban structures with less waste shall now inspire people living in cities across the globe to behave sustainably, as well as link them to developing scalable solutions to address cities of different sizes. A scene of modern urban waste management would replicate efficiency with sustainability and participation by the community to answer the environmental questions posed by the present world and would, henceforth, mean a healthier and greener future.

3 Project Objective

The objectives of the project **Smart Waste Management** are:

- Increasing Waste Collection Efficacy: The system-based idea aims to achieve greater control over the waste collection process by organizing the usage information of different bins to determine the optimal routes for reaching the bins and disposing of waste. The project tends to avoid unnecessary traveling along a certain route on a given day for targeted waste collection, thereby minimizing both fuel consumption and the concomitant costs in terms of time.
- Promoting Recycling and Sustainability: It also provides a waste classification module to ensure that
 the collected waste is categorized into streams such as organic waste, recyclable waste, and others. This
 makes recycling easy as it directs biodegradable refuse towards the composting points and ensures
 proper disposal of hazardous waste materials. Additionally, the system includes educating the residents
 on ways to adopt sustainable practices within the community to remove irresponsible usage or disposal
 of the materials.
- Unlocking Transparency and Community Participation: The system, through simplified interfaces in form of a dashboard, enables residents, waste collectors, and administrative personnel to directly monitor waste management activities. It includes notifying applications, collection schedules, and feedback tools, which promote proper communication and increase the participation of the community towards proper disposal of wastes.
- Ensuring Data Driven Decisions: The incorporation of advanced analytics and reporting solutions gives the project the ability to analyze, report and track recycling rates and collection and disposal performances of such waste management authorities. This enables decision-makers to specify allocations of resources and formulate effective policies from data driven analysis, promoting sustainability of the environment.
- **Promoting the Appropriate Waste Classification and Disposal:** Waste should be sorted at the point of generation so that it can be suitable for the processing plan. The waste goes to a composting site, recyclables are sent to a recycling plant, and any such other waste that meets these criteria is taken care of. This ensures decoupling from landfills, encourages excessive circular economy usage and meets the emerging environmental standard.
- **Integrating Existing Infrastructure:** The most appropriate option is to link the system with the waste collection infrastructure already existing in cities and semi-urban areas. It would also be considered flexible for different cities if it made provisions for future, more advanced systems of larger cities while ensuring integration with the existing systems.
- Smoothing the Management of Vehicles and Optimizing Journey: It even incorporates highly sophisticated features for elaborate routing and scheduling of garbage truck fleets, resulting into better utilization of existing resources. Predefined routes which are also adjusted in real-time would optimize collection time, save fuel and improve collection effectiveness and reduce operation costs.
- Facilitating Environmental Sustainability: With regard to environmental utility, this system will help achieve global goals related to reducing the dependency on landfills, decreasing greenhouse gas emissions and conserving raw materials. Its strong focus on recycling and composting also contributes to creating a more sustainable urban ambiance, motivating organizations to adopt proper waste disposal practices.

- **Spreading Behavioral Change and Lasting Impact:** The system further focuses on learning and generating awareness among communities about the issues pertaining to sustainable waste management at the homes of the residents.
- **Providing Stakeholders with Overall Insights:** There is nothing beyond pedestrian control exercised by management on processes, so it can determine problems and plan solutions. Real-time monitoring, combined with the data collected from the past, helps optimize decisions and utilize resources while aiding for the future planning as well.
- Creating a Template for Modern Waste Management: Smart Waste Management System envisages a development of sustainable waste management within cities. This project is meant to take this achievement down to the middle or small cities, showing that, indeed, these three themes of efficiency, community engagement, and true sustainable consciousness can co-exist to find solutions to urban waste challenges.

Thus, in general, the project of the Smart Waste Management System, too, seeks to transform waste management in most cities, relying heavily on technology, analytics, and participation. These changes are meant to improve processes and maximize the sustainable reuse of resources while abiding by institutional conservation principles. Such arrangements in collecting waste management have reduced operational costs as well as environmental impacts associated with waste disposal through improvements in route layout and recycling promotion. The initiative strongly emphasizes transparency, which allows real-time tracking and data sharing with residents of the area, waste handlers, and administrative authorities. Thus, it will reduce pollution for the present and future urban environment.

4 Project Scope

4.1 Scope Statement:

The Smart Waste Management System is an idea that is aimed at helping waste management systems in different urban cities to reinvent themselves through the application of different technologies, in order to improve the efficiency of the waste collection process and the recycling process, and in general to enhance the efficiency of the operations they carry out. The heart of the system lies in the route planning of the garbage collection vehicles so that the complete benefit from the collection may be received within the shortest possible time and least fuel consumption. It aims to enhance waste segregation at the source, and the efficient and proper collection of recyclable, organic and non-recyclable wastes. It allows residents to choose a simple graphical interface to monitor personal garbage disposal, be aware of collection dates, and join environmental programs. To administrative authority, the system provides essential tools for real-time control of the waste management operations, evaluation of the performance indicators, and thus, the means for evidence-based management of the services. Furthermore, it promotes community involvement through incentives for sorting and properly disposing waste and within a short span, attracts a large number of individuals into sustainability programs. It is a system which can be easily adjusted and applied to the different cities, which is very suitable for the urban waste management and can contribute to reach the goal of developing the green cities and the sustainable future.

4.2 Key Milestones:

- **Development of Collection Route Optimization System:** Designing a proper algorithm for garbage truck and effective implementation of garbage truck load to reach at proper destination as soon as possible with least amount of fuel required.
- Waste Categorization and Segregation Module: Implementation of a waste segmentation system for classified disposal and management of recyclable, biodegradable and non-recyclable waste.
- **User Interface Development for Residents:** To enhance user convenience, a web-based interface with options enabling the residents to monitor own waste disposal behavior, check the calendar of waste collection, and receive notifications about upcoming events or changes in schedule.
- Administrative Dashboard Implementation: Design and implementation of management information system for administrative authorities to improve the monitoring of the full chain of handling waste and to build a track analysis tool.
- Deployment of Community Engagement Features: Debut of mechanisms of alerts for notifications, encouraging principles for recycling, and feedback-submission processes to refine waste management over time for the residents.
- Scalability and System Integration: Availability of the system that complements existing structures of waste management systems by ensuring that the system can grow and reach across different city sizes and scales.

4.3 Roles and Responsibilities:

• **Development Team:** Develops ideas for platform's architecture and translates them into creation of the necessary routes, user interfaces, and methods of waste categorization.

- **Project Manager:** Balances and monitors the duration of project milestones and operations to fit the expectations of the stakeholders.
- **Stakeholders (Residents, Collectors, Authorities):** Use the system during testing and show commitment to enhance waste management performance after the system has been deployed.

5 Deliverable

- **Smart Waste Bins Management:** Introducing bins that are programmable to determine the level of filling, type of waste found in a bin, its position in order to make work and monitoring easier.
- **Resident Portal:** A clear and easy to navigate platform through which the residents can track their waste disposal patterns, get information on recycling and learn of their contributions to the community's efforts to preserve the environment.
- Administrative Dashboard: An overview that allows waste management authorities to track waste collection behavior, design routes optimistically, and optimize the overall waste management system performance.
- **Dynamic Route Optimization System:** Optimisation of a sophisticated algorithm to do route planning for collection trucks in the most efficient manner possible in terms of fuel consumption time used.
- Waste Categorization and Recycling Module: New modules to distinguish the waste collected during operations and procedures as recyclable and non-recyclable and advise on correct disposal.
- **Community Engagement Tools:** Interpersonal communication systems to convey messages occasionally for reminder purposes and notification to the residents and service feedback systems.
- **Data Analytics and Reporting Tools:** Systems to facilitate the waste management authorities to produce reports and identify trends for increasing efficiency of the organization.

6 Diagrams

6.1 Conceptual Design Diagram

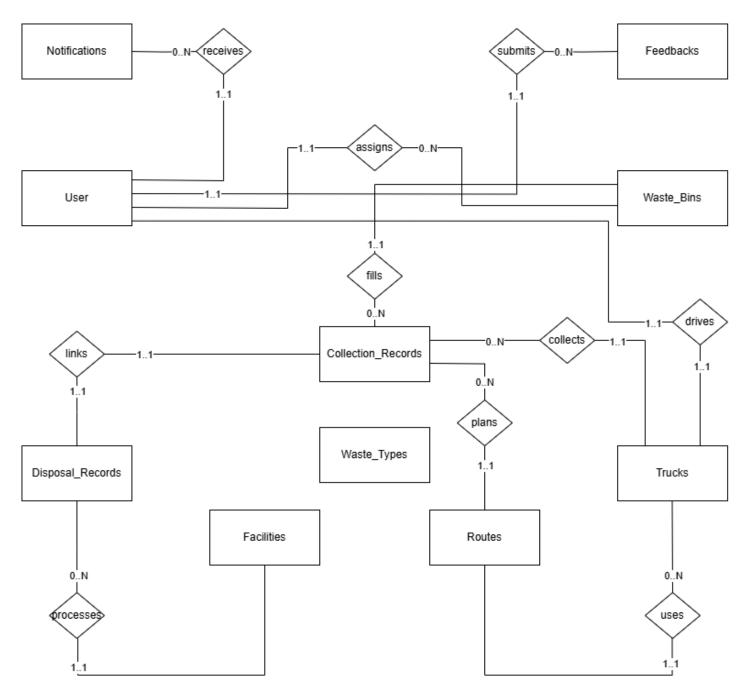


Figure 1: Conceptual Database Design

6.2 Logical Design Diagram

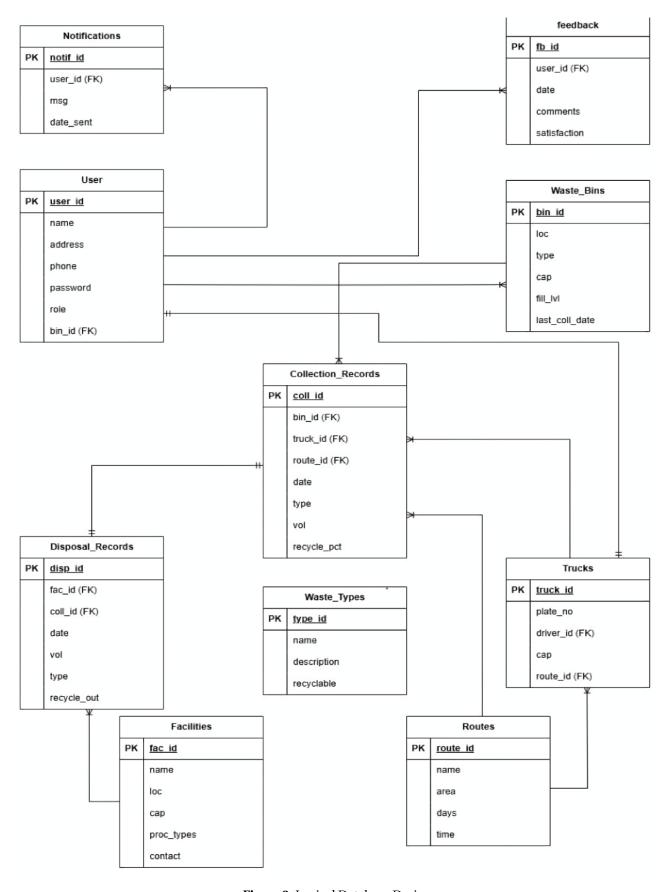


Figure 2: Logical Database Design

6.3 Physical Design Diagram

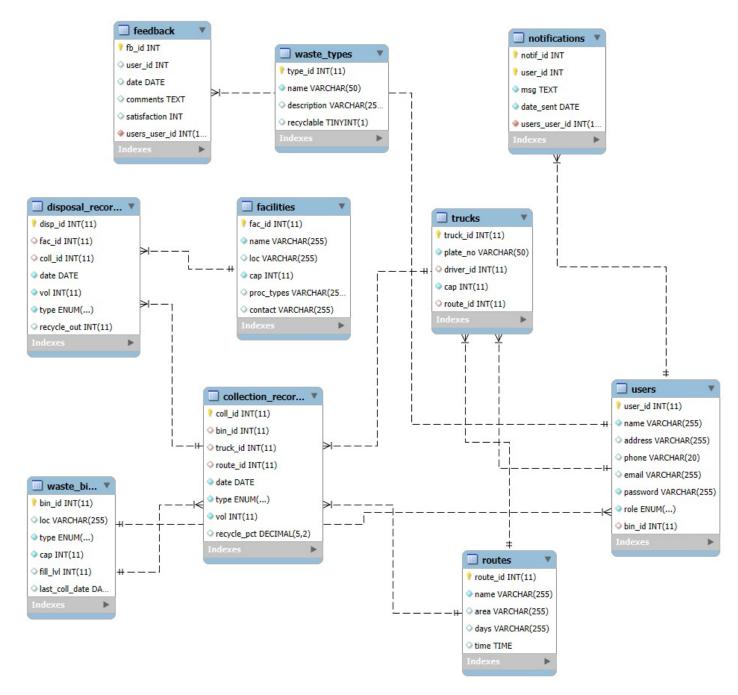


Figure 3: Physical Database Design

7 Table Creation

• waste bins:

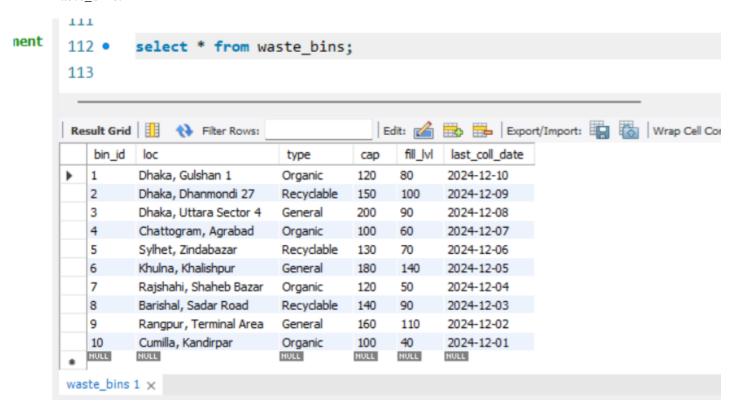


Figure 4: waste_bin Table

```
create table waste_bins (
    bin_id int primary key,
    loc varchar(255),
    type enum('Organic', 'Recyclable', 'General') not null,
    cap int not null,
    fill_lvl int default 0,
    last_coll_date date
);
```

• users:

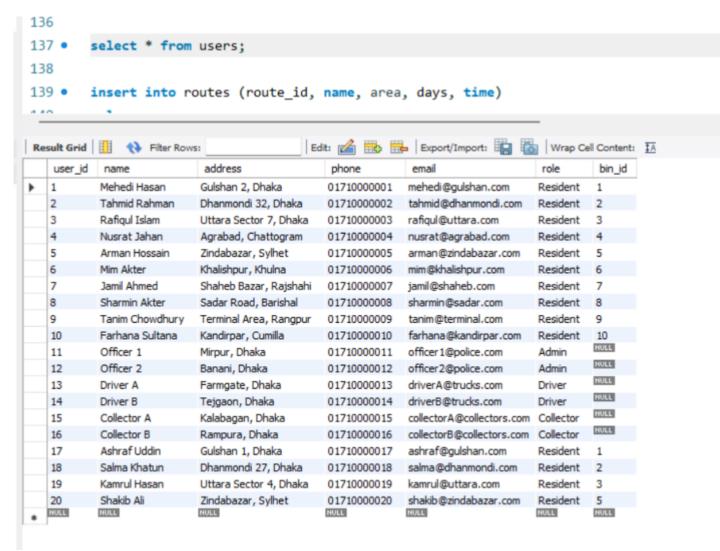


Figure 5: users Table

```
create table users (
user_id int primary key,
name varchar(255) not null,
address varchar(255),
phone varchar(20),
email varchar(255),
password varchar(255) not null,
role enum('Admin', 'Resident', 'Collector', 'Driver') not null,
bin_id int,
foreign key (bin_id) references waste_bins(bin_id)

1);
```

• routes:

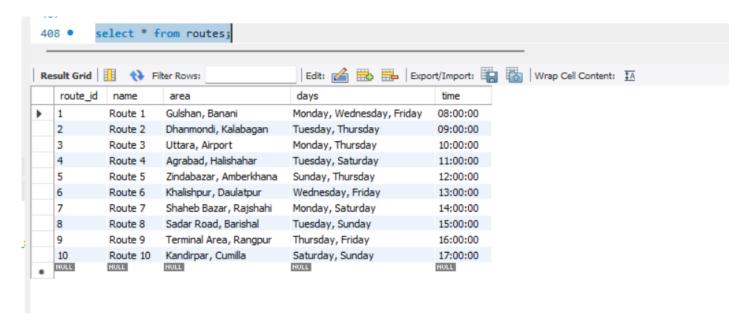


Figure 6: routes Table

```
create table routes (
   route_id int primary key,
   name varchar(255) not null,
   area varchar(255),
   days varchar(255),
   time time

7 );
```

• trucks:

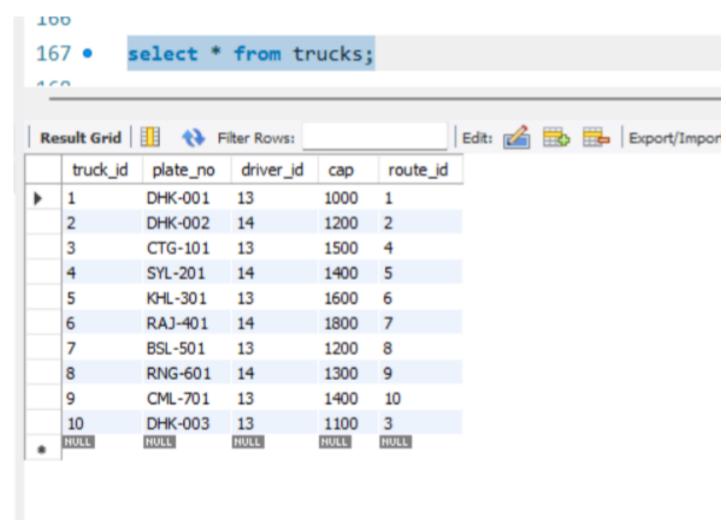


Figure 7: trucks Table

```
create table trucks (
truck_id int primary key,

plate_no varchar(50) not null,

driver_id int,

cap int not null,

route_id int,

foreign key (driver_id) references users(user_id),

foreign key (route_id) references routes(route_id)

);
```

• collection_records:

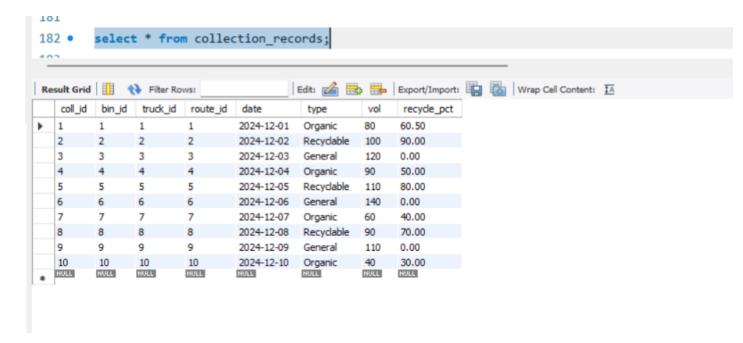


Figure 8: collection_records Table

```
create table collection_records (

coll_id int primary key,

bin_id int,

truck_id int,

route_id int,

date date not null,

type enum('Organic', 'Recyclable', 'General') not null,

vol int not null,

recycle_pct decimal(5, 2),

foreign key (bin_id) references waste_bins(bin_id),

foreign key (truck_id) references trucks(truck_id),

foreign key (route_id) references routes(route_id)

''All process of the collection of the
```

• facilities:



Figure 9: facilities Table

```
create table facilities (
fac_id int primary key,
name varchar(255) not null,
loc varchar(255),
cap int not null,
proc_types varchar(255),
contact varchar(255)
);
```

disposal_records:

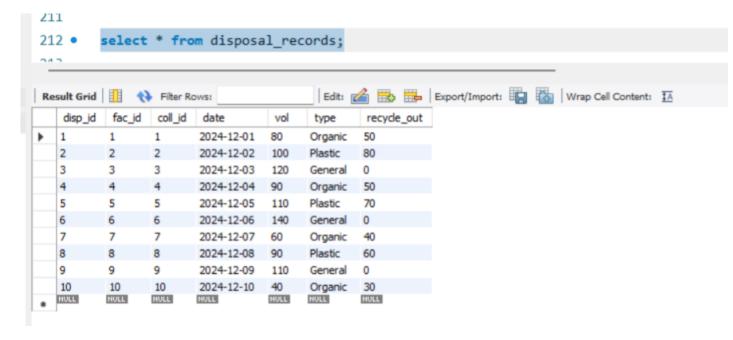


Figure 10: disposal_records Table

```
create table disposal_records (
disp_id int primary key,
fac_id int,
coll_id int,
date date not null,
vol int not null,
type enum('Organic', 'Plastic', 'Metal', 'General') not null,
recycle_out int,
foreign key (fac_id) references facilities(fac_id),
foreign key (coll_id) references collection_records(coll_id)
);
```

waste_types:

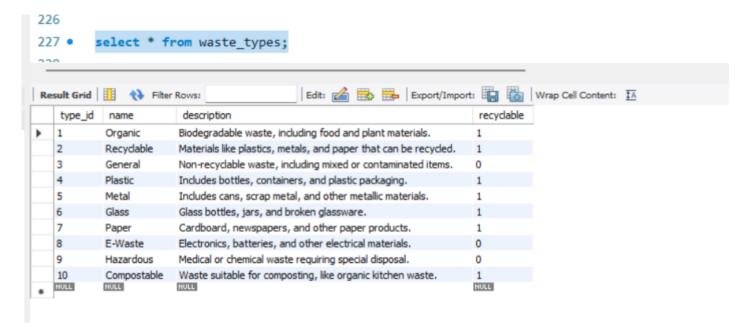


Figure 11: waste_types Table

```
create table waste_types (
type_id int primary key,
name varchar(50) not null,
description varchar(255),
recyclable boolean

);
```

· feedback:

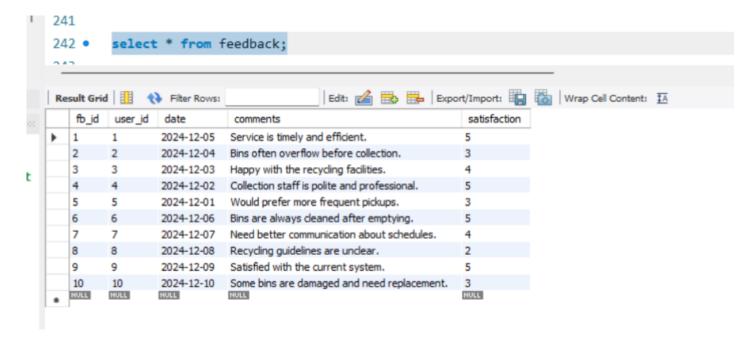


Figure 12: feedback Table

```
create table feedback (

fb_id int primary key,

user_id int,

date date not null,

comments text,

satisfaction int check (satisfaction between 1 and 5),

foreign key (user_id) references users(user_id)

);
```

• notifications:

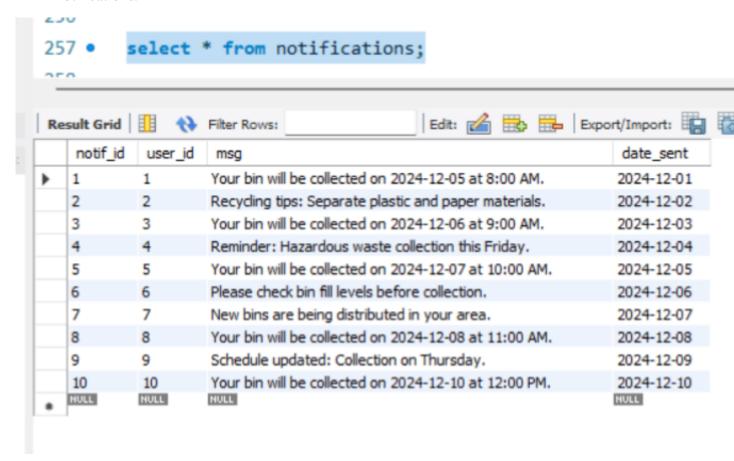


Figure 13: notifications Table

```
create table notifications (
notif_id int primary key,
user_id int,
msg text not null,
date_sent date not null,
foreign key (user_id) references users(user_id)

7);
```

8 Queries

8.1 Registration

```
insert into users (user_id, name, address, phone, email, password, role, bin_id)
values (21, 'Hasan Kabir', 'Mirpur 10, Dhaka', '01712345678', 'hasan@gmail.com',
'3444kabir', 'Resident', 2);

3
4
```

8.2 Login

```
select
      case
          when u.user_id is null then 'incorrect credentials'
          else u.user_id
      end as user_id,
5
      case
          when u.user_id is null then null
          else u.role
      end as role,
      case
10
          when u.user_id is null then null
          else u.name
      end as name,
13
14
      case
          when u.role = 'resident' then u.bin_id
          else null
      end as associated_bin_id
18
          users u
      where
20
          u.email = 'mehedi@gulshan.com'
21
          and u.password = 'password123';
_{\rm 24} -- Resident: View the resident's assigned waste bin details
25 select w.bin_id, w.loc, w.type, w.cap, w.fill_lvl, w.last_coll_date
26 from waste_bins w join users u on w.bin_id = u.bin_id
where u.user_id = 5;
```

8.3 Resident Queries

8.3.1 View the resident's assigned waste bin details

Figure 14: View the resident's assigned waste bin details

```
select w.bin_id, w.loc, w.type, w.cap, w.fill_lvl, w.last_coll_date
from waste_bins w join users u on w.bin_id = u.bin_id
where u.user_id = 5;
```

8.3.2 Submit Feedback

```
insert into feedback (fb_id, user_id, date, comments, satisfaction)
values (11, 1, current_date(), 'Great service!', 5);
```

8.3.3 View notifications

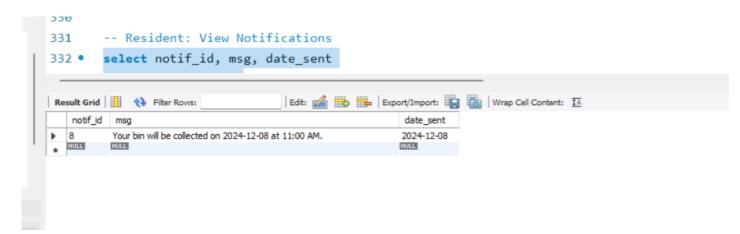


Figure 15: View notifications Table

```
select notif_id, msg, date_sent
from notifications
where user_id = 8;
```

8.3.4 Get Notifications for a Specific Resident

```
select notif_id, msg, date_sent
from notifications
where user_id = 1
order by date_sent desc;
```

8.3.5 Count the Number of Notifications Sent to Residents by Date

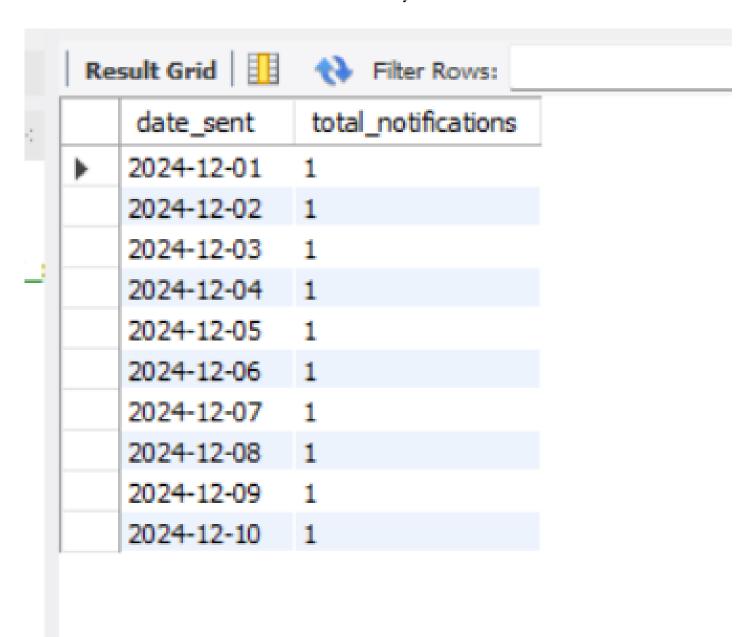
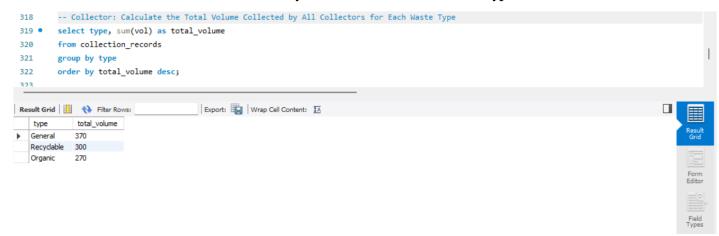


Figure 16: Count the Number of Notifications Sent to Residents by Date Table

```
select date_sent, count(*) as total_notifications
from notifications
where user_id in (select user_id from users where role = 'Resident')
group by date_sent;
```

8.4 Collector and Driver Queries

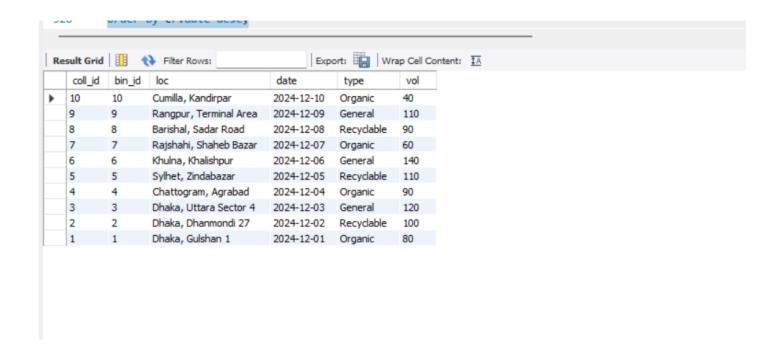
8.4.1 Calculate the Total Volume Collected by All Collectors for Each Waste Type



```
select type, sum(vol) as total_volume
from collection_records
group by type
order by total_volume desc;
```

8.4.2 Get Collection history for all bins

```
select cr.coll_id, cr.bin_id, b.loc, cr.date, cr.type, cr.vol
from collection_records cr
join waste_bins b on cr.bin_id = b.bin_id
order by cr.date desc;
```



8.4.3 View the Assigned Routes for Each Driver

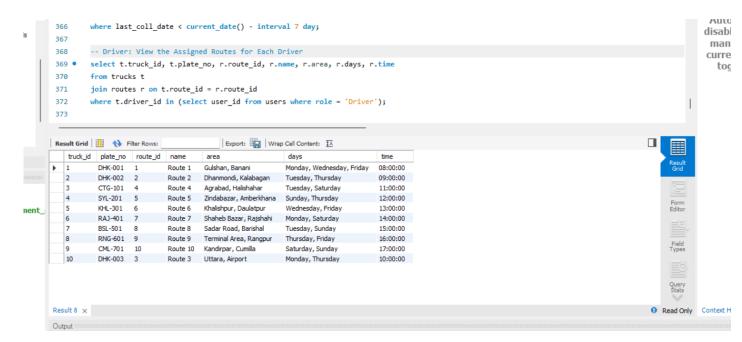


Figure 17: View the Assigned Routes for Each Driver

```
select t.truck_id, t.plate_no, r.route_id, r.name, r.area, r.days, r.time
from trucks t
join routes r on t.route_id = r.route_id
where t.driver_id in (select user_id from users where role = 'Driver');
```

8.4.4 Find the Total Capacity of Trucks for Each Route

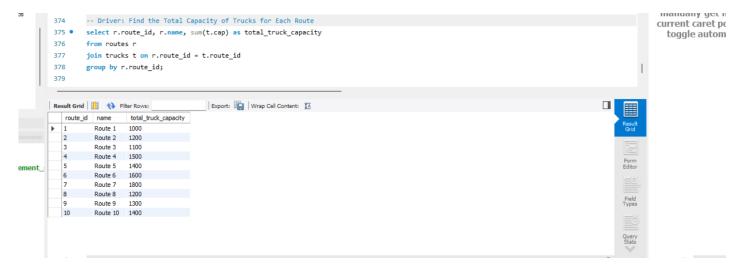


Figure 18: Find the Total Capacity of Trucks for Each Route

```
select r.route_id, r.name, sum(t.cap) as total_truck_capacity
from routes r
join trucks t on r.route_id = t.route_id
group by r.route_id;
```

8.5 Admin Queries

8.5.1 Approve feedback and display the comments which have been approved

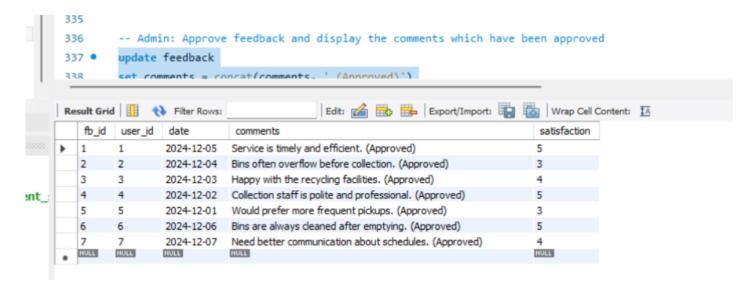


Figure 19: Approve feedback and display the comments which have been approved

```
update feedback
set comments = concat(comments, ' (Approved)')
where fb_id between 1 and 7;
select *
from feedback
where comments like '%(Approved)';
```

8.5.2 To view unassigned bins

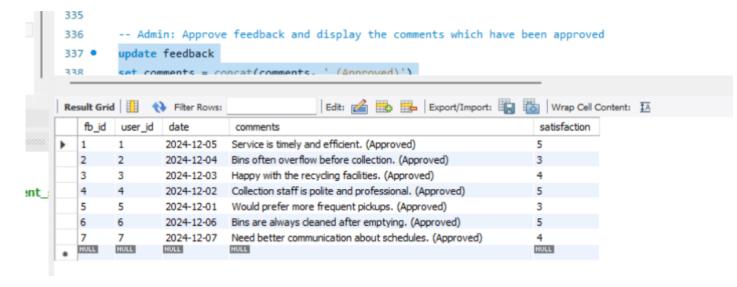


Figure 20: To view unassigned bins

```
select user_id, name, role, bin_id
from users
where role = 'Collector' and bin_id is null;
```

8.5.3 Assign some Bins

```
insert into waste_bins (bin_id, loc, type, cap, fill_lvl, last_coll_date)
values
(11, 'Dhaka, Mirpur 12', 'Organic', 100, 20, '2024-12-15'),
(12, 'Chattogram, Halishahar', 'Recyclable', 120, 30, '2024-12-14'),
(13, 'Sylhet, Ambarkhana', 'General', 150, 40, '2024-12-13'),
(14, 'Barishal, Port Area', 'Organic', 110, 25, '2024-12-12'),
(15, 'Rangpur, Bus Stand', 'Recyclable', 130, 50, '2024-12-11');
```

8.5.4 Assign Bins to collectors who are unassigned

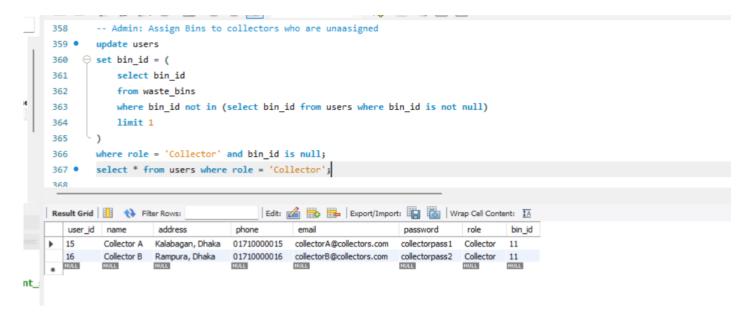


Figure 21: Assign Bins to collectors who are unassigned

```
update users
set bin_id = (
select bin_id
from waste_bins
where bin_id not in (select bin_id from users where bin_id is not null)
limit 1
)
where role = 'Collector' and bin_id is null;
select * from users where role = 'Collector';
```

8.5.5 List All Bins with Their Collection History

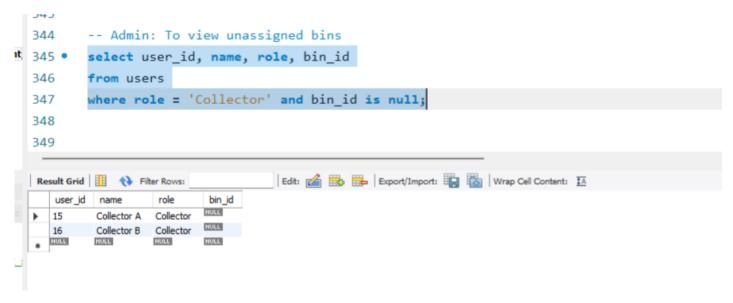


Figure 22: List All Bins with Their Collection History

```
select b.bin_id, b.loc, cr.coll_id, cr.date, cr.type, cr.vol
from waste_bins b
join collection_records cr on b.bin_id = cr.bin_id
order by b.bin_id, cr.date desc;
```

8.5.6 Identify Users with No Feedback Submitted

```
select u.user_id, u.name, u.role
2 from users u
3 left join feedback f on u.user_id = f.user_id
where f.fb_id is null
5 order by u.role, u.name;
            select u.user_id, u.name, u.role
            from users u
  371
  372
            left join feedback f on u.user_id = f.user_id
  373
            where f.fb id is null
  374
            order by u.role, u.name;
                                                Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA
  user id
              name
                           role
              Officer 1
                           Admin
     11
     12
             Officer 2
                           Admin
              Ashraf Uddin
     17
                           Resident
             Hasan Kabir
                           Resident
     21
     19
              Kamrul Hasan
                           Resident
     18
             Salma Khatun Resident
             Shakib Ali
                           Resident
     20
     15
             Collector A
                           Collector
             Collector B
                           Collector
     16
     13
             Driver A
                           Driver
             Driver B
                           Driver
     14
```

Figure 23: Identify Users with No Feedback Submitted

8.5.7 View Collection Records Along with Truck and Driver Information

```
select cr.coll_id, cr.date, cr.type, cr.vol, t.plate_no, u.name as driver_name
from collection_records cr
join trucks t on cr.truck_id = t.truck_id
join users u on t.driver_id = u.user_id
order by cr.date desc, t.plate_no;
```

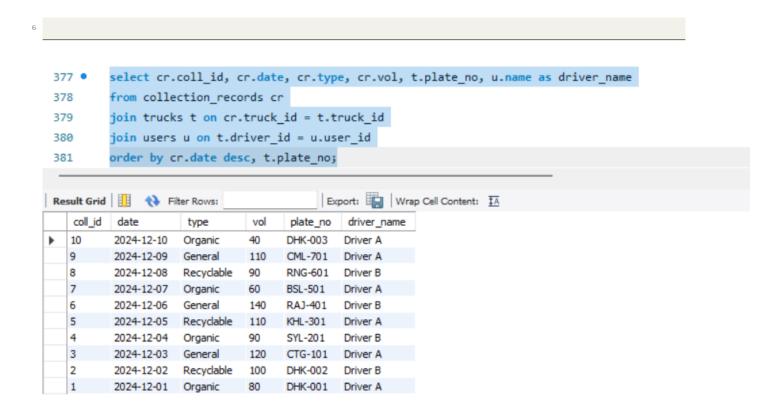


Figure 24: View Collection Records Along with Truck and Driver Information

8.5.8 View all bins that Have Not Been Collected in the Last 7 Days

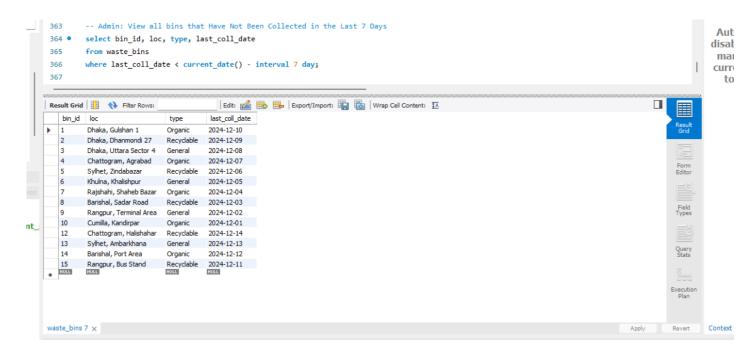


Figure 25: View all bins that Have Not Been Collected in the Last 7 Days

```
select bin_id, loc, type, last_coll_date
from waste_bins
where last_coll_date < current_date() - interval 7 day;</pre>
```

8.5.9 View Feedback from All Users Sorted by Satisfaction

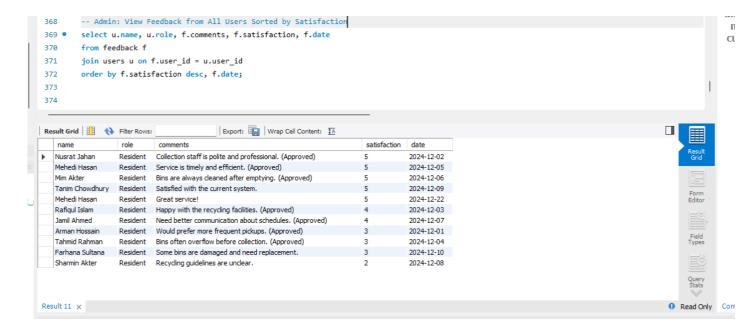


Figure 26: View Feedback from All Users Sorted by Satisfaction

```
select u.name, u.role, f.comments, f.satisfaction, f.date
from feedback f
join users u on f.user_id = u.user_id
order by f.satisfaction desc, f.date;
```

9 Conclusions

The concept of **Smart Waste Management System** is arguably one of the innovative solutions to modern waste management problems. Using the technology and data mechanics, the system represents a safe and environmentally sustainable way of waste collection, sorting, and disposal. Its incorporation of functions like dynamic route optimization, waste classification, extensive and detailed residents' and administrative authorities' options guarantees efficient functioning, low environmental pressure, and engaged residents. This project is also focused not only on the optimization of work processes within the field of waste management but also on the promotion of environmental literacy among residents and increasing their awareness of the problem. By prioritizing sustainability, transparency, and operational excellence, the **Smart Waste Management System** sets a benchmark for modern urban waste management, paving the way for cleaner cities and a greener future.