## Mobile Application Development

LECTURE 1

Using Native SDKs

Android – Java programming language

iOS – Swift, Objective C.

Hybrid App Development

Ionic Framework, React Native, Flutter.

#### **Using Native SDK**

- A Native app is built for a particular device and its operating system.
- ➤ Native mobile app code runs faster.
- Seperate codebases. Need to learn for Android and iOS separately. Not easy to find experienced developers because of this.

#### **Using Native SDK**

- For Android app, you need to learn Java. For iOS, you need to learn either Swift or Objective C.
- For building native iOS apps, you need a Mac book.
- Eventually this becomes expensive.

#### **Using Hybrid Approach**

- Hybrid Apps have a single codebase for both Android and iOS apps.
- You only need to know web technologies (HTML, CSS, JavaScript) to build hybrid mobile apps using Ionic Framework or React Native.
- Flutter (built by Google) uses Dart language.

## Why Hybrid approach?

- ➤ Single codebase for both Android and iOS.
- ➤ Only need to know JavaScript. One language.
- Cost effective as you don't need separate experienced Swift and Java developers.
- Shorter time to market.
- ➤ Alot of companies (especially startups) are adopting this model.

# Ionic vs React Native vs Flutter

	Ionic	React Native	Flutter
Language	HTML / CSS /JavaScript	HTML / CSS /JavaScript	Dart
UI Framework	Angular / React / Vuejs / Vanilla JS	React JS	-
Uses WebView	Yes	No	No
Founded	2013	2015	2017
Ideal for intense graphic apps?	No	Moderately	Yes

"Any fool can learn from experience. The trick is to learn from other people's experience. ~ Otto Von Bismarck"

## Introduction to **Ionic**

- ➤ Ionic Framework is the free, open source mobile UI toolkit for developing high-quality crossplatform apps for native iOS, Android, and the web—all from a single codebase.
- ► Ionic can be used with any JS Framework. Angular / React / Vuejs / or even Vanilla JS.
- ➤ Very fast development speed. Incredibly fast to prototype and build native looking apps.
- Flonic uses **WebView.** Which means an Ionic app runs inside a hidden browser (headless browser). This is its major difference with React Native and Flutter.

## Introduction to lonic ( )

- Does running in webview affect performance? Not much. It's a very minute difference in performance due to webview and 99% of the times, you won't notice it.
- ► Ionic apps are mostly built in Angular because it provides an official integration with Angular.
- ► Ionic Framework is built with simplicity in mind.
- ► Ionic Framework has a very strong ecosystem.

## Prerequisites (to install/configure)

- Node.js <a href="https://nodejs.org/en/">https://nodejs.org/en/</a> (version 10+. Ideally 10.16 LTS)
- Git <a href="https://git-scm.com/downloads">https://git-scm.com/downloads</a>
- Github account <a href="https://github.com/">https://github.com/</a> (signup if you haven't already)
- Cmder (terminal) <a href="https://github.com/cmderdev/cmder">https://github.com/cmderdev/cmder</a>
- VSCode (https://code.visualstudio.com/)

## Lets start by building a hello world Ionic App

#### Step 1

```
npm install -g ionic
```

#### Step 2

```
ionic start my-hello-world-ionic-app
```

## Lets start by building a hello world Ionic App

#### Step 3



#### Step 4

