

rnwfn1dy6

February 2, 2025

```
[2]: #importing the packages that needed
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, \
    ↪confusion_matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[4]: from google.colab import files

# Upload file
uploaded = files.upload()
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Saving alzheimers_prediction_dataset.csv to alzheimers_prediction_dataset.csv

```
[5]: # Load dataset
filename = list(uploaded.keys())[0] # Get the uploaded filename
data = pd.read_csv(r'alzheimers_prediction_dataset.csv', encoding='latin-1')  ↪
    ↪# Change to read_excel(filename) for Excel files

# Display first few rows
data.head()
```

```
[5]:
```

	Country	Age	Gender	Education Level	BMI	Physical Activity Level	\
0	Spain	90	Male	1	33.0	Medium	
1	Argentina	72	Male	7	29.9	Medium	
2	South Africa	86	Female	19	22.9	High	
3	China	53	Male	17	31.2	Low	
4	Sweden	58	Female	3	30.0	High	

	Smoking Status	Alcohol Consumption	Diabetes	Hypertension	...	\
0	Never	Occasionally	No	No	...	
1	Former	Never	No	No	...	

74282	Norway	57	Female	1	31.7	Low
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	Smoking Status	Alcohol Consumption	Diabetes	Hypertension	...	\
74278	Former	Never	No	No	...	
74279	Never	Occasionally	Yes	No	...	
74280	Never	Regularly	No	No	...	
74281	Never	Regularly	No	No	...	
74282	Current	Regularly	No	No	...	

	Dietary Habits	Air Pollution Exposure	Employment Status	Marital Status	\
74278	Average	High	Unemployed	Widowed	
74279	Average	Medium	Unemployed	Single	
74280	Healthy	Low	Employed	Single	
74281	Healthy	Low	Employed	Widowed	
74282	Average	Low	Unemployed	Single	

	Genetic Risk Factor (APOE-ε ₂ /ε ₂ , ε ₂ /ε ₃ , ε ₃ /ε ₃)	Social Engagement Level	\
74278	No	Medium	
74279	No	Medium	
74280	Yes	High	
74281	No	Low	
74282	No	Low	

	Income Level	Stress Levels	Urban vs Rural Living	Alzheimer's Disease
74278	High	Medium	Rural	No
74279	High	High	Rural	No
74280	Low	Low	Rural	No
74281	Low	High	Rural	No
74282	Medium	Medium	Urban	No

[5 rows x 25 columns]

```
[9]: data.describe()
```

```
[9]:
```

	Age	Education Level	BMI	Cognitive Test Score
count	74283.000000	74283.000000	74283.000000	74283.000000
mean	71.964703	9.487514	26.780639	64.654241
std	12.980748	5.757020	4.764679	20.153247
min	50.000000	0.000000	18.500000	30.000000
25%	61.000000	4.000000	22.700000	47.000000
50%	72.000000	9.000000	26.800000	65.000000
75%	83.000000	14.000000	30.900000	82.000000
max	94.000000	19.000000	35.000000	99.000000

```
[10]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

RangeIndex: 74283 entries, 0 to 74282

Data columns (total 25 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Country	74283 non-null	object
1	Age	74283 non-null	int64
2	Gender	74283 non-null	object
3	Education Level	74283 non-null	int64
4	BMI	74283 non-null	float64
5	Physical Activity Level	74283 non-null	object
6	Smoking Status	74283 non-null	object
7	Alcohol Consumption	74283 non-null	object
8	Diabetes	74283 non-null	object
9	Hypertension	74283 non-null	object
10	Cholesterol Level	74283 non-null	object
11	Family History of Alzheimer's	74283 non-null	object
12	Cognitive Test Score	74283 non-null	int64
13	Depression Level	74283 non-null	object
14	Sleep Quality	74283 non-null	object
15	Dietary Habits	74283 non-null	object
16	Air Pollution Exposure	74283 non-null	object
17	Employment Status	74283 non-null	object
18	Marital Status	74283 non-null	object
19	Genetic Risk Factor (APOE-ε4)	74283 non-null	object
20	Social Engagement Level	74283 non-null	object
21	Income Level	74283 non-null	object
22	Stress Levels	74283 non-null	object
23	Urban vs Rural Living	74283 non-null	object
24	Alzheimer's Disease	74283 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(1), int64(3), object(21)

memory usage: 14.2+ MB

```
[11]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[11]: Country      0
      Age          0
      Gender       0
      Education Level  0
      BMI          0
      Physical Activity Level  0
      Smoking Status  0
      Alcohol Consumption  0
      Diabetes      0
      Hypertension  0
      Cholesterol Level  0
      Family History of Alzheimer's  0
      Cognitive Test Score  0
```

Depression Level	0
Sleep Quality	0
Dietary Habits	0
Air Pollution Exposure	0
Employment Status	0
Marital Status	0
Genetic Risk Factor (APOE-ε ₂ /ε ₂ /ε ₂)	0
Social Engagement Level	0
Income Level	0
Stress Levels	0
Urban vs Rural Living	0
Alzheimerε ₂ /ε ₂ /ε ₂ /ε ₂	0

dtype: int64

```
[12]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
object_columns = data.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns.tolist()
le = LabelEncoder()
for col in object_columns:
    data[col] = le.fit_transform(data[col])
```

```
[13]: data.head()
```

```
[13]:
```

	Country	Age	Gender	Education Level	BMI	Physical Activity Level	\
0	16	90	1	1	33.0	2	
1	0	72	1	7	29.9	2	
2	14	86	0	19	22.9	0	
3	4	53	1	17	31.2	1	
4	17	58	0	3	30.0	0	

	Smoking Status	Alcohol Consumption	Diabetes	Hypertension	...	\
0	2	1	0	0	...	
1	1	0	0	0	...	
2	0	1	0	1	...	
3	2	2	1	0	...	
4	1	0	1	0	...	

	Dietary Habits	Air Pollution Exposure	Employment Status	Marital Status	\
0	1	0	1	1	
1	1	2	2	2	
2	0	2	0	1	
3	1	2	1	1	
4	2	0	0	0	

	Genetic Risk Factor (APOE-ε ₂ /ε ₂ /ε ₂)	Social Engagement Level	\
0	0	1	
1	0	0	
2	0	1	

3			0	0
4			0	1
	Income Level	Stress Levels	Urban vs Rural Living	Alzheimer's
0	2	0	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
2	2	0	0	0
3	2	1	0	0
4	2	0	0	0

[5 rows x 25 columns]

```
[15]: # Split data into features (X) and target variable (y)
```

```
X = data.drop('Alzheimer's', axis=1)
```

```
y = data['Alzheimer's']
```

```
[16]: #Split data into training and testing sets (80% for training and 20% for
      ↪testing)
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,
      ↪random_state=42)
```

```
[17]: # Create StandardScaler instance
```

```
scaler = StandardScaler()
```

```
# Fit and transform both training and testing data
```

```
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
```

```
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```
[18]: from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
```

```
[19]: # Define ANN model architecture
```

```
model = Sequential()
```

```
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(X_train_scaled.shape[1],)))
```

```
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
```

```
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87:
UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When
using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first
layer in the model instead.
```

```
super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
```

```
[20]: # Compile model with binary_crossentropy loss and Adam optimizer
```

```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
```

```
      ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
[21]: # Train model on scaled training data
history = model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train, validation_data=(X_test_scaled,
↪y_test), epochs=10, batch_size=32)
```

```
Epoch 1/10
1858/1858          10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.6798 - loss: 0.5824 - val_accuracy: 0.7119 - val_loss: 0.5492
Epoch 2/10
1858/1858          6s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7192 - loss: 0.5439 - val_accuracy: 0.7172 - val_loss: 0.5436
Epoch 3/10
1858/1858          7s 4ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7184 - loss: 0.5415 - val_accuracy: 0.7198 - val_loss: 0.5426
Epoch 4/10
1858/1858          8s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7182 - loss: 0.5389 - val_accuracy: 0.7187 - val_loss: 0.5436
Epoch 5/10
1858/1858          7s 4ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7212 - loss: 0.5388 - val_accuracy: 0.7191 - val_loss: 0.5424
Epoch 6/10
1858/1858          5s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7257 - loss: 0.5324 - val_accuracy: 0.7181 - val_loss: 0.5438
Epoch 7/10
1858/1858          5s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7262 - loss: 0.5306 - val_accuracy: 0.7170 - val_loss: 0.5428
Epoch 8/10
1858/1858          6s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7266 - loss: 0.5299 - val_accuracy: 0.7141 - val_loss: 0.5463
Epoch 9/10
1858/1858         10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7268 - loss: 0.5294 - val_accuracy: 0.7166 - val_loss: 0.5465
Epoch 10/10
1858/1858         10s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7306 - loss: 0.5255 - val_accuracy: 0.7156 - val_loss: 0.5466
```

```
[23]: #model summary
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	
↪Param #		
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	
↪1,600		

dense_1 (Dense) (None, 32)
↪ 2,080

dense_2 (Dense) (None, 1)
↪ 33

Total params: 11,141 (43.52 KB)

Trainable params: 3,713 (14.50 KB)

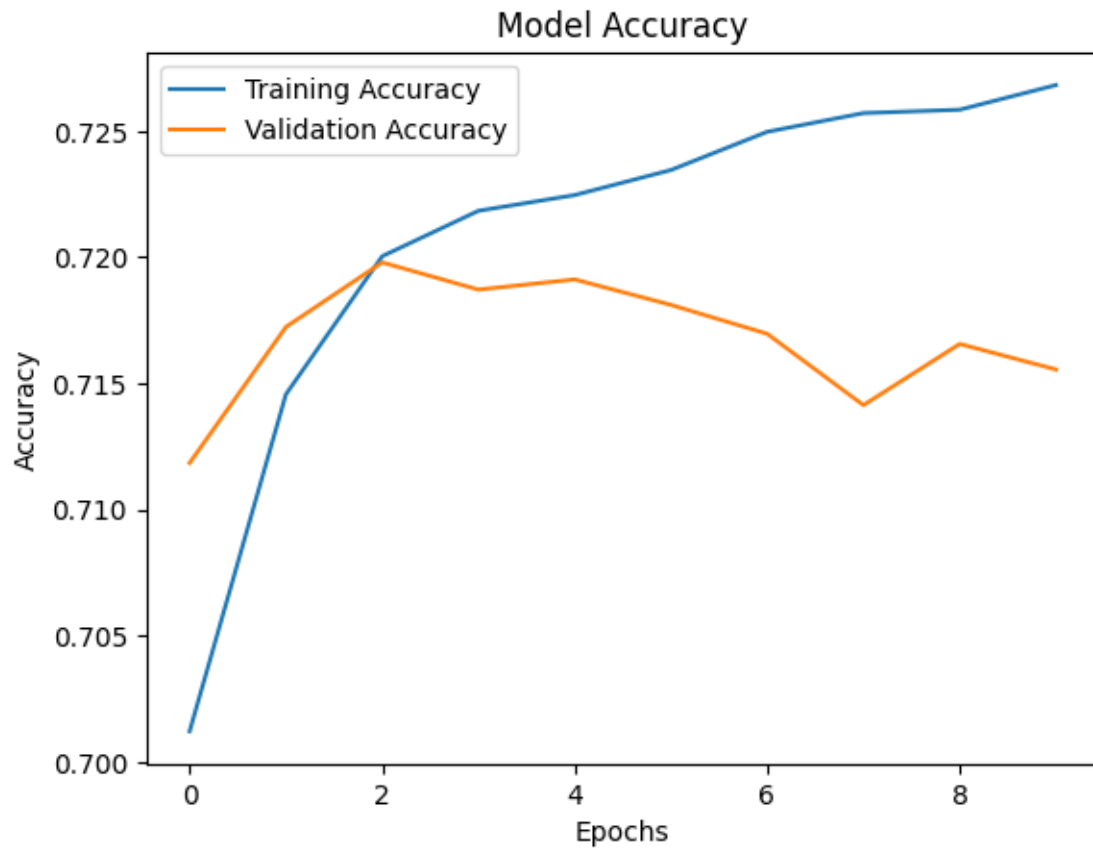
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

Optimizer params: 7,428 (29.02 KB)

```
[24]: # Evaluate model on testing data
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test_scaled, y_test)
print(f'Test Loss: {loss:.3f}, Test Accuracy: {accuracy:.3f}')
```

```
465/465          1s 3ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7191 - loss: 0.5449
Test Loss: 0.547, Test Accuracy: 0.716
```

```
[25]: # Plot training and validation accuracy
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
[26]: # Plot training and validation loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

