

Question 1 [10 marks]

Use pumping lemma and prove following languages are not regular

I. $L1 = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* : 0^x 1^{y+z} 0^z \text{ where } x = y \text{ and } x, y, z \geq 0\}$

II. $L2 = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* : ww^R, \text{ where } w \text{ is a string and } R \text{ denoting reversed string}\}$

Conditions:

i) for each $i \geq 0, XY^iZ \in L$ ii) $|Y| > 0$ iii) $|XY| \leq P$

I) $0^x 1^{y+z} 0^z ; x=y ; x, y, z > 0$

$\Rightarrow 0^x 1^{x+1} 0^z ; x, z > 0$

let,

$$\begin{array}{c} 000111100 \\ \underline{XY \quad Z} \end{array}$$

$X = 0^1 ; j = 1$

$Y = 0^1 ; k = 1$

$Z = 0^1 1^4 0^2 ; m = 1, P+1 = 4, n = 2$

Hence,

$P = j + k + m$

now,

$XY^iZ = 0^j 0^k 0^k 0^m 1^{P+1} 0^n$

$= 0^{j+k+m+k} 1^{P+1} 0^n$

$= 0^{P+k} 1^{P+1} 0^n \notin L$

II) $ww^R, w^R \text{ is } w \text{ reversed}$

let,

$$\begin{array}{c} 00011000 \\ \underline{XY \quad Z} \end{array}$$

$X = 0^1 ; j = 1$

$Y = 0^1 ; k = 1$

$Z = 0^1 1^2 0^3 ; m = 1, n = 2, P = 3$

Hence,

$P = j + k + m$

now,

$XY^iZ = 0^j 0^k 0^k 0^m 1^{P+1} 0^n$

$= 0^{j+k+m+k} 1^{P+1} 0^n$

$= 0^{P+k} 1^{P+1} 0^n \notin L$

Question 2 [20 marks]

Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Consider the following languages. Recall that for a string w , $|w|$ denotes the length of w .

$L1 = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ is an even length palindrome}\}$ $L2 = \{w \in \Sigma^* : \text{length of } w \text{ is even}\}$

$L3 = \{x11y : x, y \in L2, |x| = |y|\}$ $L4 = L1 \cap L3$

Now solve the following problems.

(a) Give a context-free grammar for the language $L4$.

(b) Convert the following regular expressions into context free grammar.

I. $a^*b + a(b^* + a^*b)$

II. $(a^*+b)bb(b^* + a)^*$

Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Consider the following languages over Σ :

$L1 = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ starts and ends with the same symbol}\}$

$L2 = \{w \in \Sigma^* : \text{length of } w \text{ is odd and } w \text{ contains "11" as a substring}\}$

$L3 = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ is a palindrome and has odd length}\}$

$L4 = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ has exactly three 1's}\}$

$L5 = L1 \cap L4$

Answer the following:

(c) Give a context-free grammar for $L2$.

(d) Give a context-free grammar for $L2 \cap L3$.

(e) Give a context-free grammar for the language $L5$.

$$a) S \rightarrow 00500 | 01510 | 10501 | 11511 | 11$$

$$b) I) a^*b + a(b^* + a^*b) \quad II) (a^*+b)bb(b^*+a)^*$$

$$S \rightarrow X | aB | aX$$

$$X \rightarrow Ab$$

$$A \rightarrow aA | \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow bB | b$$

$$S \rightarrow AXY | bXY$$

$$A \rightarrow aA | \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow bB | \epsilon$$

$$X \rightarrow bb$$

$$Y \rightarrow BY | aY | \epsilon$$

$$c) S \rightarrow 0x11x | 1x11x | x11x0$$

$$X \rightarrow 00x | 01x | 10x | 11x | \epsilon$$

$$d) S \rightarrow xYx | 111$$

$$X \rightarrow 11$$

$$Y \rightarrow 00Y00 | 01Y10 | 10Y01 |$$

$$11Y11 | 0 | 1$$

$$e) S \rightarrow 1A1 | 0B1B1B1B0$$

$$A \rightarrow 0A | A0 | 1$$

$$B \rightarrow 0B | \epsilon$$

Question 3 [3+3+3+1 marks = 10]

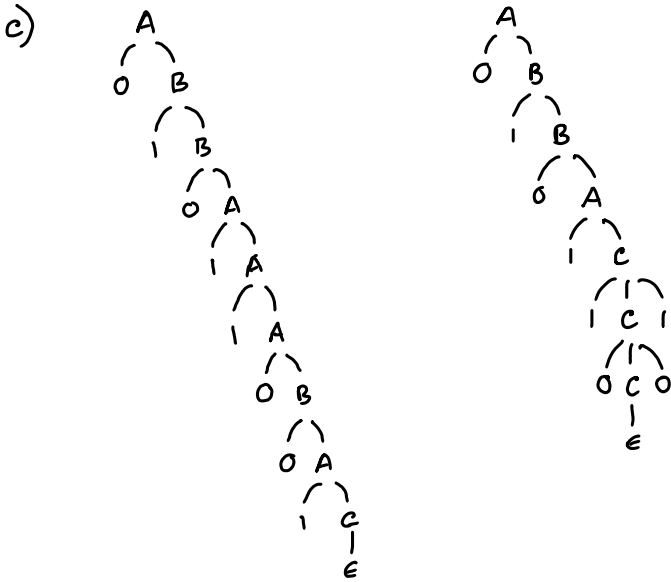
Take a look at the grammar below and solve the following problems.

$$A \rightarrow 1A \mid 1C \mid 0B \mid 00A$$

$$B \rightarrow 0A \mid 1B \mid 00B$$

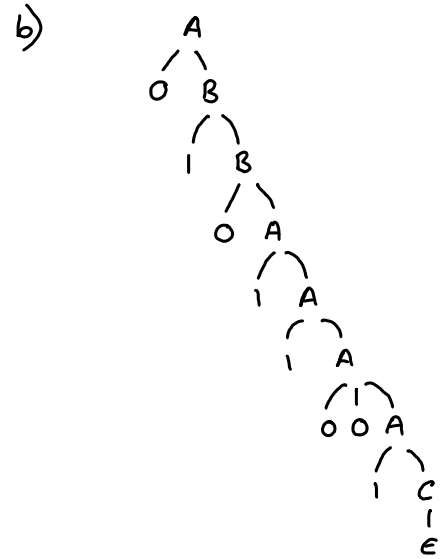
$$C \rightarrow 0C0 \mid 0C1 \mid 1C0 \mid 1C1 \mid \varepsilon$$

- Give a leftmost derivation for the string 01011001.
- Sketch the parse tree corresponding to the derivation you gave in (a).
- Demonstrate that the given grammar is ambiguous by showing two more parse trees (apart from the one you already found in (b)) for the same string.
- Find a string w of length six such that w has exactly one parse tree in the grammar above.



a) A

- 0B
- 01B
- 010A
- 0101A
- 01011A
- 0101100A
- 01011001C
- 01011001



d) 011101

Question 4 [10 marks]

Question A: Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. Consider the following languages.

$L1 = \{w \mid w \text{ is a palindrome and the length of } w \text{ is odd}\}$

$L2 = \{w \mid w = x0y : x, y \in \text{any positive length string}, |x| = |y|\}$

- Give the state diagram of a pushdown automaton that recognizes $L1$.
- Give the state diagram of a pushdown automaton that recognizes $L2$.
- Give the state diagram of a pushdown automaton that recognizes $L1 \cap L2$.

Question B: Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Consider the following language.

$L = \{x\#y : x, y \in \Sigma^*, \text{ and the number of occurrences of } 0 \text{ in } x \text{ is equal to the number of occurrences of } 10 \text{ in } y\}$

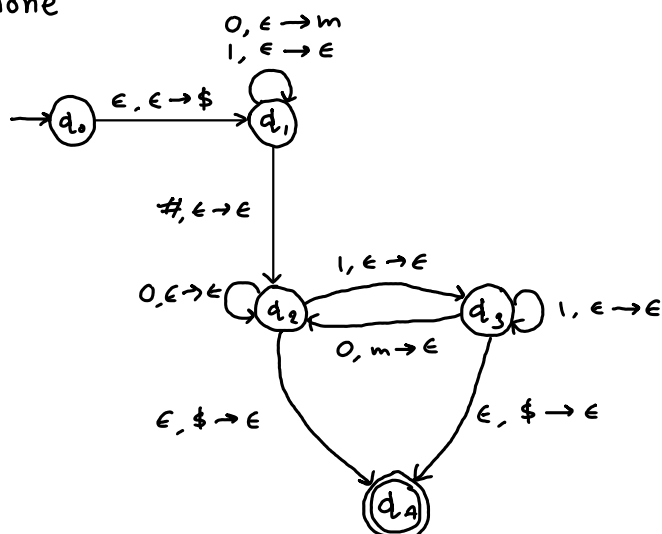
Solve the following problems.

- Find all strings $w \in L$ such that w starts with 110110# and has a length of 10.
- Give the state diagram of a pushdown automaton that recognizes L .

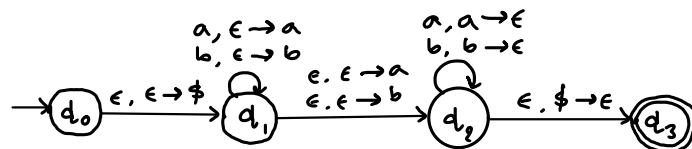
B.

a) None

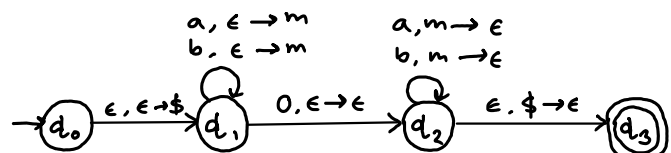
b)



A.
a)



b)



c)

