

Course Code: CSE 226
Course Title: Database Management System Lab

Database Lab report 1

[Submitted by]

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Problem title: Design database schema and populate the database with appropriate data set's.

Introduction: Database changes overtime as information is inserted and deleted. The collection of information is stored in database at a particular moment is called an record of the database. The overall design of database is called database schema's are changed in frequently if at all.

Problem statement: Database Schema for an Employee-Pay scenario (primary key columns are underlined)

employee (emp_id: integer, emp_name: string NOT NULL)
department (dept_id: integer, dept_name: string NOT NULL)
paydetails (emp_id: integer, dept_id: integer, basic: integer, deductions: integer, additions: integer, DOJ: date)
payroll(pay_id: integer, emp_id: integer, pay_date: date, paid_amount: integer)

For the above schema, perform the following-

1. Create the tables with the appropriate integrity constraints; insert around 10 records in each of the tables.
2. List all the employee names who joined after 1st January 2013.
3. List the individual amount paid to each employee on 1st of August 2016.
4. List the details of employees whose total salary is between \$50,000 and \$60,000.
5. Give a count of how many employees are working in each department.

Submitted query for condition no. 1:

Create employee table:

```
CREATE TABLE `employee`(  
  emp_id      INT(5),  
  emp_name    VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY(emp_id)  
);
```

Insert data into the created table:

```
INSERT INTO `employee`(`emp_id`, `emp_name`) VALUES  
(101, 'Fahim Kamal'),  
(102, 'Sumaiya Sumi'),  
(103, 'Ariful Islam'),  
(104, 'Rafiul Islam'),  
(105, 'Sirajul Islam'),  
(106, 'Nurun Nahar'),  
(107, 'Kamrun Nahar'),  
(108, 'Monisha Moni'),  
(109, 'Arizina Akter'),  
(110, 'Ferdous Kamal')
```

Result:

| emp_id | emp_name |
|--------|---------------|
| 101 | Fahim Kamal |
| 102 | Sumaiya Sumi |
| 103 | Ariful Islam |
| 104 | Rafiul Islam |
| 105 | Sirajul Islam |
| 106 | Nurun Nahar |
| 107 | Kamrun Nahar |
| 108 | Monisha Moni |
| 109 | Arizina Akter |
| 110 | Ferdous Kamal |

Create department table:

```
CREATE TABLE `department`(  
  dept_id      INT(5),  
  dept_name    VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY(dept_id)  
);
```

Insert data into the created table:

```
INSERT INTO `department`(`dept_id`, `dept_name`) VALUES  
(1101, 'Computer Science'),  
(1102, 'electrical engineering'),  
(1103, 'civil engineering'),  
(1104, 'Laws'),  
(1105, 'Business Administration'),  
(1106, 'Management')
```

Result:

| dept_id | dept_name |
|---------|-------------------------|
| 1101 | Computer Science |
| 1102 | electrical engineering |
| 1103 | civil engineering |
| 1104 | Laws |
| 1105 | Business Administration |
| 1106 | Management |

Create paydetails table:

```
CREATE TABLE `paydetails`(  
  emp_id      INT(5),  
  dept_id     INT(5),  
  basic       INT(10),  
  deductions  INT(10),  
  additions   INT(10),  
  DOJ         DATE,  
  PRIMARY KEY(emp_id, dept_id),  
  FOREIGN KEY(emp_id) REFERENCES `employee`(emp_id),  
  FOREIGN KEY(dept_id) REFERENCES `department`(dept_id)  
);
```

Insert data into the created table:

```
INSERT INTO `paydetails` (`emp_id`, `dept_id`, `basic`, `deductions`, `additions`, `DOJ`)  
VALUES  
(101, 1101, 55000, 1000, 3000, '2015-02-11'),  
(102, 1101, 50000, 1000, 3000, '2015-08-16'),  
(103, 1105, 40000, 1000, 2500, '2012-10-22'),  
(104, 1105, 55000, 1500, 3500, '2014-10-06'),  
(105, 1103, 54000, 1000, 3000, '2014-05-16'),  
(106, 1105, 45000, 1200, 2000, '2015-11-24'),  
(107, 1106, 40000, 800, 1700, '2016-01-25'),  
(108, 1102, 47000, 1500, 1800, '2014-05-06'),  
(109, 1104, 40000, 1000, 2200, '2015-04-19'),  
(110, 1105, 56000, 1300, 3200, '2010-06-18');
```

Result:

| emp_id | dept_id | basic | deductions | additions | DOJ |
|--------|---------|-------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 101 | 1101 | 55000 | 1000 | 3000 | 2015-02-11 |
| 102 | 1101 | 50000 | 1000 | 3000 | 2015-08-16 |
| 103 | 1105 | 40000 | 1000 | 2500 | 2012-10-22 |
| 104 | 1105 | 55000 | 1500 | 3500 | 2014-10-06 |
| 105 | 1103 | 54000 | 1000 | 3000 | 2014-05-16 |
| 106 | 1105 | 45000 | 1200 | 2000 | 2015-11-24 |
| 107 | 1106 | 40000 | 800 | 1700 | 2016-01-25 |
| 108 | 1102 | 47000 | 1500 | 1800 | 2014-05-06 |
| 109 | 1104 | 40000 | 1000 | 2200 | 2015-04-19 |
| 110 | 1105 | 56000 | 1300 | 3200 | 2010-06-18 |

Create **payroll** table:

```
CREATE TABLE `payroll`(  
  pay_id      INT(5),  
  emp_id      INT(5),  
  pay_date    DATE,  
  paid_amount INT(10),  
  PRIMARY KEY(pay_id),  
  FOREIGN KEY(emp_id) REFERENCES `employee`(emp_id)  
);
```

Insert data into the created table:

```
INSERT INTO `payroll` (`pay_id`, `emp_id`, `pay_date`, `paid_amount`) VALUES  
('10101', '101', '2016-08-01', '51000'),  
('10102', '102', '2016-08-01', '45000'),  
('10103', '103', '2016-08-01', '47000'),  
('10104', '104', '2016-08-01', '36000'),  
('10105', '105', '2016-08-01', '57000'),  
('10106', '106', '2016-08-01', '55000'),  
('10107', '107', '2016-08-01', '47000'),  
('10108', '108', '2016-08-01', '42000'),  
('10109', '109', '2016-08-01', '51000'),  
('10110', '110', '2016-08-01', '56000');
```

Result:

| pay_id | emp_id | pay_date | paid_amount |
|--------|--------|------------|-------------|
| 10101 | 101 | 2016-08-01 | 51000 |
| 10102 | 102 | 2016-08-01 | 45000 |
| 10103 | 103 | 2016-08-01 | 47000 |
| 10104 | 104 | 2016-08-01 | 36000 |
| 10105 | 105 | 2016-08-01 | 57000 |
| 10106 | 106 | 2016-08-01 | 55000 |
| 10107 | 107 | 2016-08-01 | 47000 |
| 10108 | 108 | 2016-08-01 | 42000 |
| 10109 | 109 | 2016-08-01 | 51000 |
| 10110 | 110 | 2016-08-01 | 56000 |

Submitted query for condition no. 2:

List all the employee names who joined after 1st January 2013.

Query:

```
SELECT emp_name, DOJ
FROM employee, paydetails
WHERE paydetails.DOJ >= '2013-01-01' and employee.emp_id = paydetails.emp_id
```

Result:

| emp_name | DOJ |
|---------------|------------|
| Fahim Kamal | 2015-02-11 |
| Sumaiya Sumi | 2015-08-16 |
| Rafiul Islam | 2014-10-06 |
| Sirajul Islam | 2014-05-16 |
| Kamrun Nahar | 2016-01-25 |
| Monisha Moni | 2014-05-06 |
| Arizina Akter | 2015-04-19 |

Submitted query for condition no. 3:

List the individual amount paid to each employee on 1st of August 2016

Query:

```
SELECT DISTINCT
    employee.emp_name,
    payroll.pay_date,
    payroll.paid_amount
FROM
    employee,
    payroll
WHERE
    payroll.pay_date = '2016-08-01' AND employee.emp_id = payroll.emp_id
```

Result:

| emp_name | pay_date | paid_amount |
|---------------|------------|-------------|
| Fahim Kamal | 2016-08-01 | 51000 |
| Sumaiya Sumi | 2016-08-01 | 45000 |
| Ariful Islam | 2016-08-01 | 47000 |
| Rafiul Islam | 2016-08-01 | 36000 |
| Sirajul Islam | 2016-08-01 | 57000 |
| Nurun Nahar | 2016-08-01 | 55000 |
| Kamrun Nahar | 2016-08-01 | 47000 |
| Monisha Moni | 2016-08-01 | 42000 |
| Arizina Akter | 2016-08-01 | 51000 |
| Ferdous Kamal | 2016-08-01 | 56000 |

Submitted query for condition no. 4:

List the details of employees whose total salary is between \$50,000 and \$60,000.

Query:

```
SELECT
    employee.emp_id,
    employee.emp_name,
    ((paydetails.basic + paydetails.additions)-paydetails.deductions) AS total_salary
FROM
    employee,
    paydetails
WHERE
    employee.emp_id = paydetails.emp_id AND(
        ((paydetails.basic + paydetails.additions)-paydetails.deductions) BETWEEN 50000 AND
        60000
    )
```

Result:

| emp_id | emp_name | total_salary |
|--------|---------------|--------------|
| 101 | Fahim Kamal | 57000 |
| 102 | Sumaiya Sumi | 52000 |
| 104 | Rafiul Islam | 57000 |
| 105 | Sirajul Islam | 56000 |
| 110 | Ferdous Kamal | 57900 |

Submitted query for condition no. 5:

Give a count of how many employees are working in each department.

Query:

```
SELECT
    department.dept_name,
    COUNT(paydetails.dept_id) AS emp_no
FROM
    department,
    paydetails
WHERE
    department.dept_id = paydetails.dept_id
GROUP BY
    department.dept_name
```

Result:

| dept_name | emp_no |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Business Administration | 4 |
| civil engineering | 1 |
| Computer Science | 2 |
| electrical engineering | 1 |
| Laws | 1 |
| Management | 1 |

Conclusion: A database management system is really important because it manages data efficiently and allows users to perform multiple tasks with ease. A database management system stores, organizes and manages a large amount of information within a single software application. Use of this system increases efficiency of business operations and reduces overall costs.