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Section: G

Introduction to Database

Date: 19/10/2020

Lab Task 1

1. Display the employee name, job, and start date of employees hired between February 20, 1981, and May 1, 1981.

Query: SELECT ENAME, JOB, HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE BETWEEN '20-FEB-81' AND '01-MAY-81';

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

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```
SELECT ENAME, JOB, HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE BETWEEN '20-FEB-81' AND '01-MAY-81';
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

ENAME	JOB	HIREDATE
ALLEN	SALESMAN	20-FEB-81
WARD	SALESMAN	22-FEB-81
JONES	MANAGER	02-APR-81
BLAKE	MANAGER	01-MAY-81

4 rows returned in 0.03 seconds [CSV Export](#)

2. Display the names of all employees where the third letter of their name is an A.

Query: SELECT ENAME FROM EMP WHERE ENAME LIKE '__A%';

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT ENAME, JOB, HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE BETWEEN '20-FEB-81' AND '01-MAY-81';  
SELECT ENAME FROM EMP WHERE ENAME LIKE '__A%';
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

ENAME
BLAKE
CLARK
ADAMS

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

3. Display the name and job title of all employees who don't have a manager.

Query: SELECT ENAME, JOB FROM EMP WHERE MGR IS NULL;

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT ENAME, JOB, HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE BETWEEN '20-FEB-81' AND '01-MAY-81';  
SELECT ENAME FROM EMP WHERE ENAME LIKE '__A%';  
SELECT ENAME, JOB FROM EMP WHERE MGR IS NULL;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

ENAME	JOB
KING	PRESIDENT

1 rows returned in 0.33 seconds [CSV Export](#)

4. Create a query to display the name and salary of employees earning more than \$2850.

Query: SELECT ENAME,SAL FROM EMP WHERE SAL>2850;

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT ENAME, JOB, HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE BETWEEN '20-FEB-81' AND '01-MAY-81';  
SELECT ENAME FROM EMP WHERE ENAME LIKE '___A%';  
SELECT ENAME, JOB FROM EMP WHERE MGR IS NULL;  
SELECT ENAME,SAL FROM EMP WHERE SAL>2850;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

ENAME	SAL
JONES	2975
SCOTT	3000
KING	5000
FORD	3000

4 rows returned in 0.11 seconds [CSV Export](#)

5. Write a query to list the name and salary of employees who earn more than \$1500 and are in department 10 or 30.

Query: SELECT ENAME,SAL FROM EMP WHERE SAL>1500 AND DEPTNO IN(10,30);

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT ENAME, JOB, HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE BETWEEN '20-FEB-81' AND '01-MAY-81';  
SELECT ENAME FROM EMP WHERE ENAME LIKE '___A%';  
SELECT ENAME, JOB FROM EMP WHERE MGR IS NULL;  
SELECT ENAME,SAL FROM EMP WHERE SAL>2850;  
SELECT ENAME,SAL FROM EMP WHERE SAL>1500 AND DEPTNO IN(10,30);
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

ENAME	SAL
ALLEN	1600
BLAKE	2850
CLARK	2450
KING	5000

4 rows returned in 0.35 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Date: 02/11/2020

Lab Task 2

1. Find average, maximum, minimum salary of the employees.

Query: **SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP;**

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB ;  
SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB HAVING MIN(SAL)<1200;  
SELECT max(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO ORDER BY DEPTNO DESC;  
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM EMP WHERE JOB='CLERK';  
SELECT JOB, MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SAL+NVL(COMM,0)) GROUP BY JOB;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

AVG(SAL)	MAX(SAL)	MIN(SAL)
2073.21428571428571428571428571429	5000	800

1 rows returned in 0.17 seconds [CSV Export](#)

2. Find average, maximum, minimum salary of the employees according to department number.

Query: **SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO;**

User: SCOTT

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☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB ;  
SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB HAVING MIN(SAL)<1200;  
SELECT max(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO ORDER BY DEPTNO DESC;  
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM EMP WHERE JOB='CLERK';  
SELECT JOB, MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SAL+NVL(COMM,0)) GROUP BY JOB;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

AVG(SAL)	MAX(SAL)	MIN(SAL)
1566.6666666666666666666666666667	2850	950
2175	3000	800
2916.6666666666666666666666666667	5000	1300

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Query: SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB ;

4. Find the minimum salary job wise which are less than \$1200.
Query: `SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB HAVING MIN(SAL)<1200;`

```
User: SCOTT
Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit  Display 10 ▼

SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP;
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO;
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB ;
SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB HAVING MIN(SAL)<1200;
SELECT max(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO ORDER BY DEPTNO DESC;
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM EMP WHERE JOB='CLERK';
SELECT JOB, MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SAL+NVL(COMM,0)) GROUP BY JOB;

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

MIN(SAL)
800

1 rows returned in 0.17 seconds CSV Export
```

5. Find the maximum of the total salary of the employees group by department in descending order.

Query: SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO ORDER BY DEPTNO DESC;

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```
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB ;  
SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB HAVING MIN(SAL)<1200;  
SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO ORDER BY DEPTNO DESC;  
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM EMP WHERE JOB='CLERK';  
SELECT JOB, MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SAL+NVL(COMM,0)) GROUP BY JOB;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

MAX(SAL)
2850
3000
5000

3 rows returned in 0.29 seconds [CSV Export](#)

6. Find the number of employees working as a 'CLERK'.

Query: SELECT COUNT(*) FROM EMP WHERE JOB='CLERK';

User: SCOTT

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☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO;  
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB ;  
SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB HAVING MIN(SAL)<1200;  
SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO ORDER BY DEPTNO DESC;  
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM EMP WHERE JOB='CLERK';  
SELECT JOB, MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SAL+NVL(COMM,0)) GROUP BY JOB;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

COUNT(*)
4

1 rows returned in 0.07 seconds [CSV Export](#)

7. Find out job group having highest amount of total salary. (Sal + comm)

Query: **SELECT JOB, MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SAL+NVL(COMM,0)) GROUP BY JOB;**

User: SCOTT

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```
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP;
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO;
SELECT AVG(SAL),MAX(SAL),MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB ;
SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY JOB HAVING MIN(SAL)<1200;
SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP GROUP BY DEPTNO ORDER BY DEPTNO DESC;
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM EMP WHERE JOB='CLERK';
SELECT JOB, MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SAL+NVL(COMM,0)) GROUP BY JOB;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

JOB	MAX(SAL)
CLERK	1300
SALESMAN	1500
PRESIDENT	5000
MANAGER	2975
ANALYST	3000

5 rows returned in 0.05 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Date: 05/11/2020

Lab Task 3

1. Create a table named **Student** from following structure using SQL commands:

Column Name	Data Type
s_id	Number
s_name	Varchar2(20)
phone	number
address	Varchar2(50)
email	Varchar2(30)
credit_completed	Number(3)
course_completed	Number(2)
cgpa	Number

Query: **CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key,s_name varchar2(20),phone number,address varchar2(50),email varchar2(30),credit_completed Number(3),course_completed number(3),cgpa number);**

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☒ Autocommit Display 10 ▼

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key,s_name varchar2(20),phone number,address varchar2(50),email varchar2(30),credit_completed Number(3),course_completed number(3),cgpa number);
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table created.

0.37 seconds

2. Add following columns into the above **student** table:

Column Name	Data Type
department	Varchar2(5)
gender	Varchar2(6)

Query: ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD(department varchar2(5), gender varchar2(6));

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10 ▼

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key,s_name varchar2(20),phone number,address varchar2(50),email varchar2(30),credit_completed Number(3),course_completed number(3),cgpa number);
ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD(department varchar2(5), gender varchar2(6));
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table altered.

0.06 seconds

3. Modify the column name **department** into **dept**.

Query: ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN department to dept;

```
Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key,s_name varchar2(20),phone number
ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD(department varchar2(5), gender varchar2(6));
ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN department to dept;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table altered.

0.03 seconds

Subqueries

4. Display all the employees who are earning more than all the managers.

Query: SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>ALL(SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='MANAGER');

```
Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key,s_name varchar2(20),phone number
ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD(department varchar2(5), gender varchar2(6));
ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN department to dept;
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>ALL(SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='MANAGER');
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE<(SELECT HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE ENAME='ADAM');
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>(SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO=20);
SELECT EMPNO, JOB, SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='ANALYST' AND SAL>ANY(SELECT SAL FROM
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000	-	20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	-	17-NOV-81	5000	-	10
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000	-	20

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

5. Select the list of employees who have joined after ADAMS.

Query: `SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE<(SELECT HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE ENAME='ADAMS');`

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key,s_name varchar2(20),phone number,addi
ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD(department varchar2(5), gender varchar2(6));
ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN department to dept;
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>ALL(SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='MANAGER');
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE<(SELECT HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE ENAME='ADAMS');
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>(SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO=20);
SELECT EMPNO,JOB,SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='ANALYST' AND SAL>ANY(SELECT SAL from emp
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800	-	20
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975	-	20
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850	-	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450	-	10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000	-	20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	-	17-NOV-81	5000	-	10
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30

More than 10 rows available. Increase rows selector to view more rows.

10 rows returned in 0.06 seconds [CSV Export](#)

6. Select the employee names who have total salary greater than the minimum salary of the deptno=20.

Query: `SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>(SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO=20);`

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key,s_name varchar2(20),phone number,addi
ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD(department varchar2(5), gender varchar2(6));
ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN department to dept;
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>ALL(SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='MANAGER');
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE<(SELECT HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE ENAME='ADAMS');
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL>(SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO=20);
SELECT EMPNO,JOB,SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='ANALYST' AND SAL>ANY(SELECT SAL from emp
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975	-	20
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850	-	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450	-	10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000	-	20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	-	17-NOV-81	5000	-	10
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	23-MAY-87	1100	-	20

More than 10 rows available. Increase rows selector to view more rows.

10 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

7. Select employee number, job & salaries of all the Analysts who are earning more than any of the managers.

Query: SELECT EMPNO, JOB, SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='ANALYST' AND SAL > ANY(SELECT SAL from emp where job='MANAGER');

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT(s_id number primary key, s_name varchar2(20), phone number, address varchar2(50), email  
ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD(department varchar2(5), gender varchar2(6));  
ALTER TABLE STUDENT RENAME COLUMN department to dept;  
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL > ALL(SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='MANAGER');  
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE HIREDATE < (SELECT HIREDATE FROM EMP WHERE ENAME='ADAMS');  
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL > (SELECT MIN(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE DEPTNO=20);  
SELECT EMPNO, JOB, SAL FROM EMP WHERE JOB='ANALYST' AND SAL > ANY(SELECT SAL from emp where job='MANAGER');
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPNO	JOB	SAL
7902	ANALYST	3000
7788	ANALYST	3000

2 rows returned in 0.03 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Date: 09/11/2020

Lab Task 4

1. Select all the employees who are earning same as SMITH.

Query: SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE ENAME = 'SMITH');

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE ENAME = 'SMITH');
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800	-	20

1 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

2. Display all the employees who are getting some commission in marketing department where the employees have joined only on weekdays.

Query: SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE COMM IS NOT NULL AND TO_CHAR(HIREDATE,'DY') NOT IN ('SAT','SUN') AND DEPTNO IN (SELECT DEPTNO FROM DEPT WHERE DNAME= 'SALES');

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE ENAME = 'SMITH');  
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE COMM IS NOT NULL AND TO_CHAR(HIREDATE,'DY') NOT IN ('SAT','SUN') AND DEPTNO IN (SELECT DEPTNO FROM DEPT WHERE DNAME= 'SALES');
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

3. Display all the employees who are getting more than the average salaries of all the employees.

Query: SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL > (SELECT AVG(SAL) FROM EMP);

User: SCOTT

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

☒ Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL = (SELECT SAL FROM EMP WHERE ENAME = 'SMITH');  
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE COMM IS NOT NULL AND TO_CHAR(HIREDATE,'DY') NOT IN  
SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL > (SELECT AVG(SAL) FROM EMP);
```

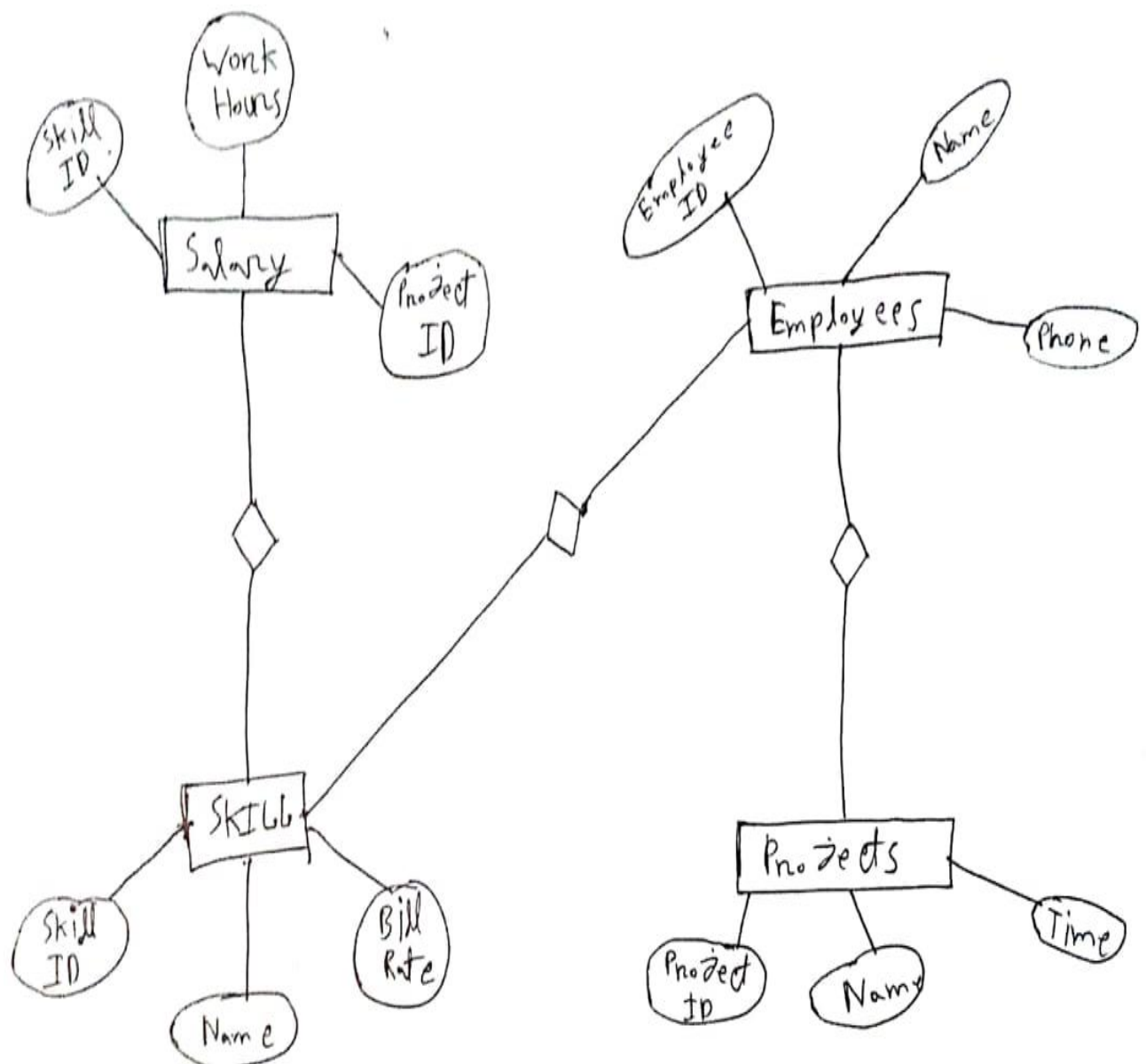
Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975	-	20
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850	-	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450	-	10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000	-	20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	-	17-NOV-81	5000	-	10
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000	-	20

6 rows returned in 0.06 seconds [CSV Export](#)

4. ABC Consulting is a small-sized consulting firm in the IT industry. ABC's business is managing several Systems Development projects by assigning staff consultants to these projects as their skills are needed. Each employee is designated to have one primary skill, but there may be other employees with the same primary skill. A consultant may work on one or more projects, or may not yet be assigned to a project. The company charges for each project by billing each consultant's hours worked by the billing rate. The hourly billing rate is dependent on the employee's primary job skill.

Ans:



5. A company operates a warehouse parts supply business. The company has several warehouses located in Toronto which each store several hundreds of automotive parts. We need to keep a record of how many parts are "on hand" - meaning inventory levels that tell us how many we have for each part. To help us organize our parts, each part is assigned a specific classification. There are 4 classifications that we use to organize hundreds of parts.

Ans:

