Chapter Title: Center of Mass and Linear Momentum

Sections: Center of Mass, Newton's Second Law for a System of Particles, Linear Momentum, Collision and Impulse, Conservation of Linear Momentum

## **Center of Mass**

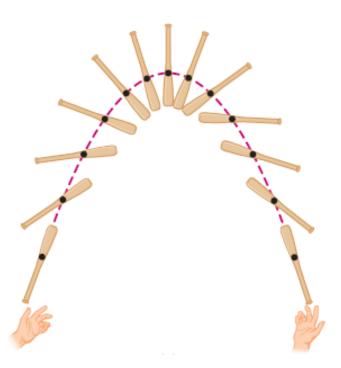
The center of mass (COM) of a system of particles is the point that moves as though:

- 1. All of the system's mass were concentrated there and
- 2. All external forces were applied there

$$\vec{r}_{com} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^{n} m_i \vec{r}_i$$

**Newton's Second Law: System of Particles** 

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$
 
$$\vec{F}_{net} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \vec{F}_3 + \dots + \vec{F}_n = M\vec{a}_{com}$$
 
$$F_{net.x} = Ma_{com.x}, \ F_{net.y} = Ma_{com.y}, \ F_{net.z} = Ma_{com.z}$$



Page 1 of 2



## **Linear Momentum: System of particles**

Total linear Momentum,  $\vec{P} = \vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2 + \vec{p}_3 + \dots + \vec{p}_n$ 

$$\vec{P} = M\vec{v}_{com}$$

## **Conservation of Linear Momentum**

$$\vec{P}_i = \vec{P}_f$$

Total linear momentum at some initial time,  $t_i$  = total linear momentum at some later time,  $t_f$