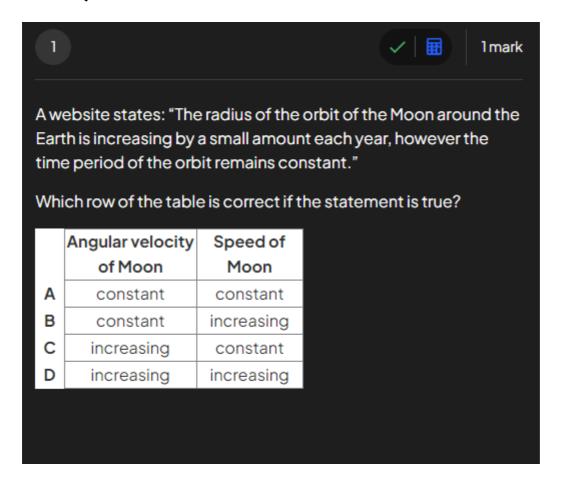
4.2 Circular Motion

MCQ



Structured Questions

Medium

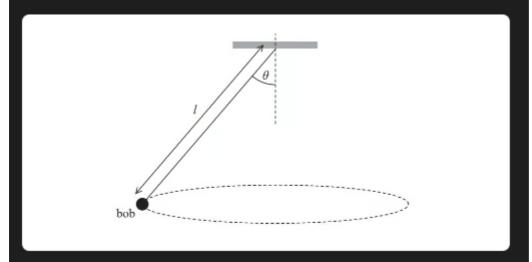




2 marks

18th century clocks sometimes used a conical pendulum to measure regular periods of time.

A conical pendulum consists of a bob of mass m fixed to the end of a wire of length l as shown. The bob is set to follow a circular path in the horizontal plane. The wire makes an angle θ with the vertical.



Add to the diagram to show the two forces acting on the bob.

1b





7 marks

i) Derive the following equation for the angular velocity ω of the bob.

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{g}{l \cos \theta}}$$

(4)

ii) A clock requires the period of the bob to be $5.0 \, s.$

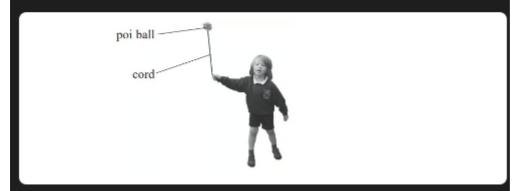
 $l = 6.4 \, \text{m}$

$$\theta = 13.9^{\circ}$$

Deduce whether this arrangement leads to the required period.

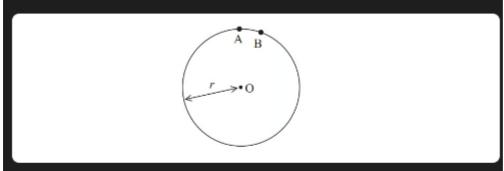
(3)

A poi ball is a ball attached to a person's hand by a cord. A child makes the poi ball undergo circular motion in a vertical plane as shown in the photograph.



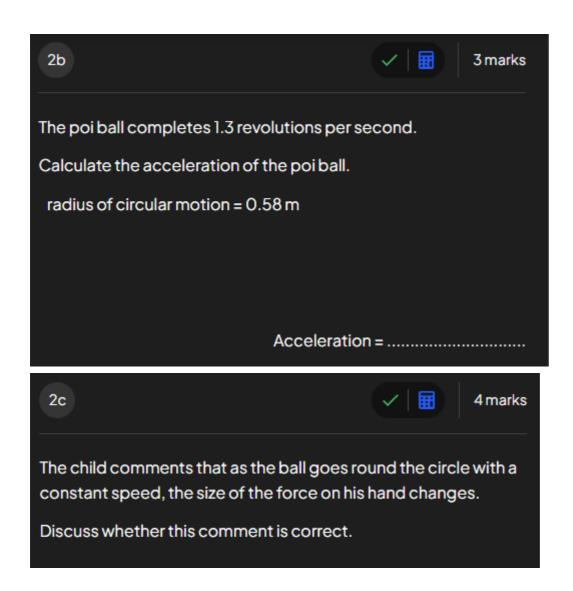
The poi ball moves clockwise in a circle of radius r, centre O, with a constant speed v.

The diagram shows two positions, A and B, of the poi ball.



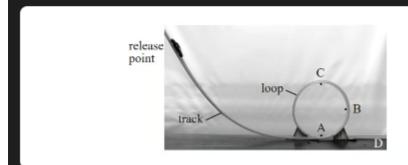
Derive the equation for centripetal acceleration $a = \frac{v^2}{r}$ by considering the velocity of the poi ball at these two positions.

Your answer should include a vector diagram.



Hard

The photograph shows a track for a toy car. The car moves down the track towards a circular loop. The loop starts at point A.



If the release point of the car is high enough, the car moves fast enough to pass point C and complete the loop, continuing to the end of the track at point D.

If the release point is too low, the car falls off the track between point B and point C.

Deduce whether a car released from a vertical height of 25 cm above point A will complete the loop and reach point D. You should assume that friction is negligible.

vertical height of point C above point A = 22 cm mass of toy car = 33 g