

Lab Report

Name of the Experiment :

Your Name :

Your ID # :

Name of the Lab Partner :

Date :

Instructor's comments:

Data Tables:

Vernier Constant (V.C.) of the slide calipers,

$$V.C = \frac{\text{The value of one smallest division of the main scale}}{\text{Total number of divisions in the vernier scale}}$$

Least Count (L.C.) of the Screw Gauge

$$L.C. = \frac{\text{Pitch}}{\text{Total number of divisions in the circular scale}}$$

Table-1: Data for the radius of the cylinder

| No. of obs. | Main scale reading, x (cm) | Vernier scale division, d | Vernier constant V _c (cm) | Diameter y = x + V _c × d (cm) | Mean diameter, D (cm) | Radius, $a = \frac{D}{2}$ (cm) |
|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | |

Table-2: Data for the radius of the wire

| No. of obs. | Linear scale reading, x (cm) | Circular scale division, d | Least count, L_c (cm) | Diameter $y = x + d \times L_c$ (cm) | Mean diameter, D (cm) | Instrumental error (cm) | Corrected diameter, D (cm) | Radius $r = \frac{D}{2}$ (cm) |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | |

Table-3: Data for the time period

| No. of obs. | Time for 10 oscillations, t (sec) | Time period, $T = t/10$ (sec) | Mean T (sec) |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | | | |
| 2 | | | |
| 3 | | | |
| 4 | | | |
| 5 | | | |

Length of the wire, l : (i) _____ cm (ii) _____ cm (iii) _____ cm

Average length of the wire, $l =$ _____ cm

Mass of the cylinder, $M =$ _____ kg

Calculations:

Moment of Inertia of the cylinder, $I = \frac{1}{2}Ma^2 =$

Modulus of rigidity of the wire, $\eta = \frac{8\pi I l}{T^2 r^4}$ (SI unit)

Error Calculation:

Standard value of the modulus of rigidity of the material of the wire = 7.7×10^{10} SI Unit.

$$\text{Percentage error} = \frac{\text{Standard value} - \text{Experimental value}}{\text{Standard value}} \times 100$$

= _____

Results:

Questions:

1. How will the period of oscillation be affected if the cylindrical mass of the pendulum be made heavy?

3. Discuss about the sensitivity of the calculation of the radius of the wire and hence its effect on the resultant modulus of the rigidity.

Discussion: