NAMAL UNIVERSITY MIANWALI
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

DATA STRUCTURE AND ALGORITHM
LAB # 04
REPORT
Title : Arrays in Python

Name	*Fahim-Ur-Rehman Shah*
Roll No	*NIM-BSEE-2021-24*
Intructor	*Ms. Naureen Shaukat*
Lab Engineer	*Mr .Ali Hasnain*
Date	*31-March-2023*
Marks	

Instructions

1. This is an individual lab. You will perform the tasks individually and submit a report.
2. Some of these tasks (marked as 'Example') are for practice purposes only while others (marked as 'Task') have to be answered in the report.
3. When asked to display an output in the task, either save it as jpeg or take a screenshot, in order to insert it in the report.
4. The report should be submitted on the given template, including:
    a. Code (copy and pasted, NOT a screenshot)
    b. Output figure (as instructed in 3)
    c. Explanation where required
5. The report should be properly formatted, with easy to read code and easy to see figures.
6. Plagiarism or any hint thereof will be dealt with strictly. Any incident where plagiarism is caught, both (or all) students involved will be given zero marks, regardless of who copied whom. Multiple such incidents will result in disciplinary action being taken.
7. Late submission of report is allowed within 03 days after lab with 20% deduction of marks every day.
8. You have to submit report in pdf format (Reg.X_DSA_LabReportX.pdf).

Task 1: Write a Python program to input referential array from user using for loop and find the sum of all elements and average in an array. You have to print array, sum and average of array.

Python Code:

```
# Import the array module
import array

# Import all classes and functions from the array module
from array import*

# Define a function to take input from user and add elements to an array
def input_user(n,arr):
    for i in range(n):
        # Prompt user to enter each element of the array
        elem = int(input(f"Enter the {i+1} element : " ))
        # Add the element to the array
        arr.append(elem)

# Define a function to calculate the average of an array
def avg(arr):
    # Calculate the sum of the array and divide by the length of the array to get the
average
    return (sum(arr)/len(arr))

# Prompt the user to enter the size of the array
n = int(input("enter the size of array : "))

# Create an empty array of integers using the "i" type code
my_array = array("i",[])
```

```python
# Call the input_user() function to get input from the user and add elements to the
array
input_user(n,my_array)

# Print the array
print("The array is :  " ,my_array)

# Print the sum of the elements in the array
print(f"the sum of the array is : {sum(my_array)}")

# Print the average of the elements in the array
print(f"the average is : {avg(my_array)}")
```

Output Screen Shot:

```
PS E:\Semester 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04> python -u "e:\Semeste
r 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04\Task_01.py"
enter the size of array : 6
Enter the 1 element : 12
Enter the 2 element : 32
Enter the 3 element : 45
Enter the 4 element : 56
Enter the 5 element : 3
Enter the 6 element : 77
The array is :  array('i', [12, 32, 45, 56, 3, 77])
the sum of the array is : 225
the average is : 37.5
PS E:\Semester 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04>
```

Explanation:
This code performs the following actions:

- Imports the array module.
- Imports all classes and functions from the array module.
- Defines a function named input_user() to take input from the user and add elements to an array.
- Defines a function named avg() to calculate the average of the elements in an array.
- Prompts the user to enter the size of the array.
- Creates an empty array of integers using the "i" type code.
- Calls the input_user() function to get input from the user and add elements to the array.
- Prints the array.
- Prints the sum of the elements in the array.
- Prints the average of the elements in the array.

Task 2: Write a Python program to find the smallest and the largest element in a referential array. You have to print array, smallest and largest elements of array.
Program should take array from user.

Python Code:

```
# Import the array module
import array

# Import all classes and functions from the array module
from array import*

# Define a function to take input from user and add elements to an array
def input_user(n,arr):
    for i in range(n):
        # Prompt user to enter each element of the array
        elem = int(input(f"Enter the {i+1} element : " ))
        # Add the element to the array
        arr.append(elem)

# Define a function to sort an array
def my_sort(arr):
    n = len(arr)
    # Implement bubble sort algorithm to sort the array in ascending order
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(0, n-i-1):
            if arr[j] > arr[j+1]:
                arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
    # Return the sorted array
    return arr

# Create an empty array of integers using the "i" type code
my_array = array("i",{})

# Prompt the user to enter the size of the array
n = int(input("enter the size of array : "))

# Call the input_user() function to get input from the user and add elements to the
array
input_user(n,my_array)

# Print the original array
print(f"My  array  is   : {my_array}")

# Call the my_sort() function to sort the array
my_sort(my_array)

# Print the sorted array
print(f"Sorted array is : {my_array}")

# Print the smallest element of the array
print(f"Smallest Number is : {my_array[0]}")

# Print the largest element of the array
print(f"Greatest Number is : {my_array[len(my_array)-1]}")
```

Output Screen Shot:

```
PS E:\Semester 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04> python -u "e:\Semes
ter 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04\Task_02.py"
enter the size of array : 7
Enter the 1 element : 23
Enter the 2 element : 45
Enter the 3 element : 233
Enter the 4 element : 2
Enter the 5 element : 34
Enter the 6 element : 8
Enter the 7 element : 34
My  array  is   : array('i', [23, 45, 233, 2, 34, 8, 34])
Sorted array is : array('i', [2, 8, 23, 34, 34, 45, 233])
Smallest Number is : 2
Greatest Number is : 233
PS E:\Semester 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04>
```

Explanation

This code performs the following actions:

- Imports the array module.
- Imports all classes and functions from the array module.
- Defines a function named input_user() to take input from the user and add elements to an array.
- Defines a function named my_sort() to sort an array using the bubble sort algorithm.
- Creates an empty array of integers using the "i" type code.
- Prompts the user to enter the size of the array.
- Calls the input_user() function to get input from the user and add elements to the array.
- Prints the original array.
- Calls the my_sort() function to sort the array in ascending order.
- Prints the sorted array.
- Prints the smallest element of the array.
- Prints the largest element of the array.

Task 3: Write a Python program to take a compact array from user, reverse it and sort it in ascending order. You have to print array, reversed and sorted array.
You can import array library.
You can use built-in functions reverse () to reverse and sort () to sort an array.

Python Code:

```
import array

# Define a function to take input from the user and add elements to an array
def input_user(n,arr):
```

```
    for i in range(n):
        # Prompt user to enter each element of the array
        elem = int(input(f"Enter the {i+1} element : " ))
        # Add the element to the array
        arr.append(elem)

# Prompt the user to enter the size of the array
n = int(input("Enter the size of array : "))

# Create an empty array of integers using the "i" type code
my_array = array.array("i",[])

# Call the input_user() function to get input from the user and add elements to the
array
input_user(n, my_array)

# Print the original array
print("Original array : ", my_array)

# Reverse the array
my_array.reverse()

# Print the reversed array
print("Reversed array : ", my_array)
# Print the sorted array
print("Sorted array : ",sorted(my_array))
```

Output Screen Shot:

```
PS E:\Semester 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04> python -u "e:\Semester 4\Da
ta Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04\Task_03.py"
Enter the size of array : 8
Enter the 1 element : 1
Enter the 2 element : 334
Enter the 3 element : 76
Enter the 4 element : 34
Enter the 5 element : 215
Enter the 6 element : 64
Enter the 7 element : 235
Enter the 8 element : 12
Original array :  array('i', [1, 334, 76, 34, 215, 64, 235, 12])
Reversed array :  array('i', [12, 235, 64, 215, 34, 76, 334, 1])
Sorted array :  [1, 12, 34, 64, 76, 215, 235, 334]
PS E:\Semester 4\Data Structure and Algorithm\Lab\lab 04>
```

Explanation

- The program imports the array module.
- The input_user() function is defined to take input from the user and add elements to an array.
- The program prompts the user to enter the size of the array.
- An empty array of integers is created using the "i" type code.
- The input_user() function is called to get input from the user and add elements to the array.
- The original array is printed.
- The reverse() function is used to reverse the array.

- The reversed array is printed.
- The sort() function is used to sort the array in ascending order.
- The sorted array is printed.

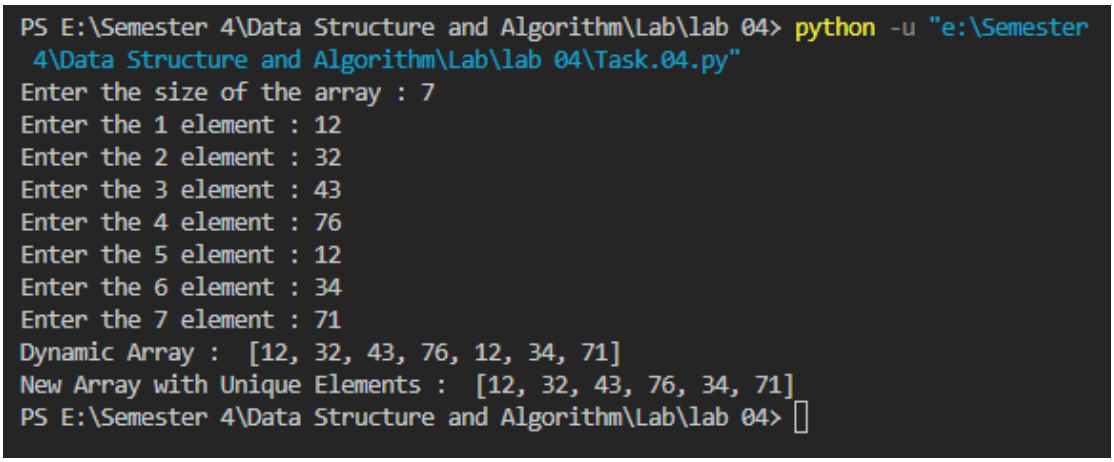
Task 4: Write a Python program that input a dynamic array using dynamic array class. Make a function that returns a new array which contains only the unique elements of previous array. You have to print both arrays.

Python Code:

```
class DynamicArray:
    def __init__(self):
        self.array = []

    def insert(self, val):
        self.array.append(val)

    def display(self):
        print("Dynamic Array : ", self.array)

def unique_elements(arr):
    # Create a new empty array
    unique_arr = []

    # Iterate over the original array
    for element in arr:
        # Check if the element is already in the new array
        if element not in unique_arr:
            # Add the element to the new array if it's not already there
            unique_arr.append(element)

    # Return the new array with unique elements
    return unique_arr


# Create an object of the DynamicArray class
my_array = DynamicArray()

# Take input from the user and add elements to the array
n = int(input("Enter the size of the array : "))
for i in range(n):
    val = int(input(f"Enter the {i+1} element : "))
    my_array.insert(val)

# Display the original array
my_array.display()

# Get a new array with unique elements
unique_arr = unique_elements(my_array.array)
```

```
# Display the new array with unique elements
print("New Array with Unique Elements : ", unique_arr)
```

Output Screen Shot:



Explanation

- The program defines a class DynamicArray that has two methods: __init__() and insert().
- The __init__() method initializes an empty array.
- The insert() method appends a value to the array.
- The display() method displays the dynamic array.
- The unique_elements() function takes an array as input, creates a new empty array, and iterates over the original array. It checks if an element is already in the new array, and if not, it appends the element to the new array. Finally, it returns the new array with unique elements.
- The program creates an object of the DynamicArray class and takes input from the user to add elements to the array.
- The original dynamic array is displayed using the display() method.
- The unique_elements() function is called with the original dynamic array as input, and a new array with unique elements is obtained.
- The new array with unique elements is displayed.

Lab Evaluation Rubrics							
Domain	**CLOs/ Rubric**	**Performance Indicator**	**Unsatisfactory 0-5**	**Marginal 5-10**	**Satisfactory 11-15**	**Exemplary 16-20**	**Allocated Marks**
Psychomotor	**CLO:1 R2**	Implementation with Results **(P)**	Does not try to solve problems. Many mistakes in code and difficult to comprehend for the instructor. There is not result of the problem.	Does not suggests or refine solutions but is willing to try out solutions suggested by others. Few mistakes in code, but done along with comments, and easy to comprehend for the instructor. Few mistake in result.	Refines solutions suggested by others. Complete and error-free code is done. No comments in the code, but easy to comprehend for the instructor. Results are correctly produced.	Actively looks for and suggests solution to problems. Complete and error free code is done, easy to comprehend for the instructor. Results are correctly produced. Student incorporated comments in the code.	
Affective	**CLO:3 R3**	Lab Report **(A)**	Code of the problem is not given. Outputs are not provided. Explanation of the solution is not stated.	Code of the problem is not given. Output is not complete. Explanation of the solution is not satisfactory.	Code of the problem is not given. Output is completely given. Explanation of the solution is not satisfactory.	Code of the problem is not given. Output is completely given. Explanation of the solution is satisfactory.	
	CLO:1 R5	Discipline and Behavior **(A)**	Got and wandered around.Chased others, ran, or played around. More than two incidents of talking non-lab related stuff in laband/or any talk with other groups, voice level exceeding the appropriate level, use of cell phones and involvement in any non lab activity.	Got out of seat and wander around for some time. No more than two incidents of talking non-lab related stuff inlab. Voice level exceeding theappropriate level, use of cell phones and involvement in any non-lab related activity.	Stayed in seat and got up for a specific lab related reason, but took more time than required to do the job. No more than one incidents of talking non-lab related stuff in lab. Voice level exceedingthe appropriate level, use of cell phones and involvementin any non-lab related activity.	Stayed in seat and got up for a specific lab related reason. Tookcare of lab related business and sat down right away. Voice level kept appropriate. Not used cell phones or involved in any non- lab related activity.	