# Employee Performance Dashboard

### 1. Top 5 Employees by Total Sales

### MySQL Query

```
-- 1. Top 5 Employees by Total Sales
2
       SELECT
           ep.EmployeeID,
           ep.EmployeeName,
           SUM(ep.SalesAmount) AS total Sales
 6
8
           employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance ep
       GROUP BY ep.EmployeeID , ep.EmployeeName
       ORDER BY total Sales DESC
10
11
       LIMIT 5;
12
13
```



### 2. Employees with the Most Absence in the last 3 Months

### MySQL Query

```
-- 2. Employees with the Most Absence in the last 3 Months
3 • SELECT
           ep.EmployeeID, ep.EmployeeName,
           (SUM(ar.TotalWorkingDays) - SUM(ar.PresentDays)) AS total absent days
           employee performance dashboard.employeeperformance ep
           JOIN employee performance dashboard.attendancerecords ar ON ep.EmployeeID = ar.EmployeeID
           STR TO DATE(CONCAT(ar.Att Year, '-',
11
                           CASE ar.Att Month
12
                               WHEN 'January' THEN '01'
13
                               WHEN 'February' THEN '02'
14
                               WHEN 'March' THEN '03'
15
                               WHEN 'April' THEN '04'
16
                               WHEN 'May' THEN '05'
17
                               WHEN 'June' THEN '06'
18
                               WHEN 'July' THEN '07'
19
                               WHEN 'August' THEN '08'
20
                               WHEN 'September' THEN '09
21
                               WHEN 'October' THEN '10'
22
                               WHEN 'November' THEN '11'
23
                               WHEN 'December' THEN '12' END, '-01'), '%Y-%m-%d') >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 3 MONTH
       GROUP BY ep.EmployeeID , ep.EmployeeName ORDER BY total_absent_days DESC
       LIMIT 1;
```

	EmployeeID	EmployeeName	total_absent_days
•	AMASIN360	Amarjeet Singh	11
	sult 1 ×		

# 3. Department Performance: Average Performance Rating for Each Department

MySQL Query

```
-- 3. Department Performance: Average Performance Rating for Each Department

SELECT

ep.Department,

ROUND(AVG(pr.PerformanceRating), 2) AS AveragePerformanceRating

FROM

employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance ep

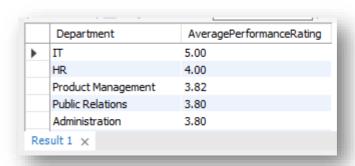
JOIN

employee_performance_dashboard.performanceratingstatus pr

ON pr.EmployeeID = ep.EmployeeID

GROUP BY ep.Department

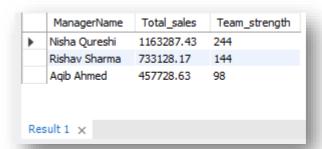
ORDER BY AveragePerformanceRating DESC;
```



### 4. Top 3 Managers by Total Sales of Their Teams

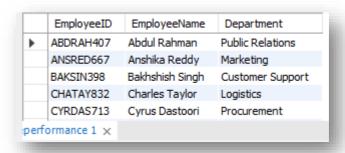
### MySQL Query

```
-- 4. Top 3 Managers by Total Sales of Their Teams
 2
 3 •
       SELECT
           m.ManagerName,
           SUM(ep.SalesAmount) AS Total_sales,
 5
           COUNT(ep.EmployeeID) AS Team strength
 6
       FROM
           employee performance dashboard.managers m
 8
 9
               JOIN
           employee performance dashboard.employeeperformance ep
10
           ON m.ManagerID = ep.ManagerID
11
       GROUP BY m.ManagerName
12
       ORDER BY Total sales DESC
13
14
       LIMIT 3;
15
16
```



### 5. Employees Without a Bonus

### MySQL Query



### 6. Employees with Sales Above the Department Average

### MySQL Query

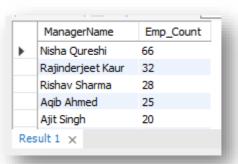
```
-- 6. Employees with Sales Above the Department Average
 2
 3 0
       SELECT
           ep.EmployeeName, ep.Department, ep.SalesAmount
 5
           employee performance dashboard.employeeperformance ep
 6
       WHERE
 8
           ep.SalesAmount > (SELECT
 9
                   AVG(ep2.SalesAmount)
10
               FROM
                   employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance ep2
11
12
               WHERE
                   ep2.Department = ep.Department
13
               GROUP BY ep2.Department)
       order by ep.SalesAmount desc;
15
16
17
```

	EmployeeName	Department	SalesAmount	
Þ	Kirandeep Kaur	HR	9998.15	
	Ranjitpal Singh	Research & Development	9988.08	
	Amrik Kaur	Customer Support	9950.84	
	Sharad Nair	Public Relations	9912.07	
	Milad Mistry	Training & Development	9905.82	
oer	formance 1 ×			

### 7. Managers with Employees Who Received a Rating of 5

### MySQL Query

```
-- 7. Managers with Employees Who Received a Rating of 5
     SELECT
           ManagersWithRating.ManagerName,
           COUNT(ManagersWithRating.PerformanceRating) AS Emp Count
      FROM
           (SELECT
               m.ManagerName, ps.PerformanceRating
9
10
               employee performance dashboard.managers m
11
          JOIN employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance ep ON m.ManagerID = ep.ManagerID
12
           JOIN employee performance dashboard.performanceratingstatus ps ON ep.EmployeeID = ps.EmployeeID
13
14
               ps.PerformanceRating = 5) AS ManagersWithRating
       GROUP BY ManagersWithRating.ManagerName
       ORDER BY Emp Count DESC
17
18
```



### 8. Top 5 Departments by Total Sales

### MySQL Query

### -- 8 Top 5 Departments by Total Sales 1 2 SELECT ep.Department, COUNT(ep.EmployeeName) AS total employee, 6 SUM(ep.SalesAmount) AS total Sales 7 employee performance dashboard.employeeperformance ep 8 GROUP BY ep.Department 10 ORDER BY total Sales DESC LIMIT 5; 11 12 13



### 9. Employees with More Than 10 Absences in the last 6 Months

### MySQL Query

```
-- 9. Employees with More Than 10 Absences in the last 6 Months
2
       SELECT
           ep.EmployeeID, ep.EmployeeName, SUM(ar.AbsentDays) AS total absent
       FROM
           employee performance dashboard.employeeperformance ep JOIN
           employee_performance_dashboard.attendancerecords ar ON ep.EmployeeID = ar.EmployeeID
           STR TO DATE(CONCAT(ar.Att Year, '-', CASE ar.Att Month
10
                               WHEN 'January' THEN '01'
11
                               WHEN 'February' THEN '02'
12
                                WHEN 'March' THEN '03'
13
                               WHEN 'April' THEN '04'
14
                               WHEN 'May' THEN '05'
15
                               WHEN 'June' THEN '06'
                               WHEN 'July' THEN '07'
16
17
                               WHEN 'August' THEN '08'
18
                                WHEN 'September' THEN '09'
19
                                WHEN 'October' THEN '10'
20
                               WHEN 'November' THEN '11'
21
                               WHEN 'December' THEN '12' END, '-01'),
                   '%Y-%m-%d') >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 5 MONTH
22
       GROUP BY ep.EmployeeID , ep.EmployeeName
23
       HAVING total absent > 10
       ORDER BY total absent DESC;
```



### 10. Employees Who Have Received a Bonus Above \$2000

### MySQL Query

```
-- 10. Employees Who Have Received a Bonus Above $2000

SELECT

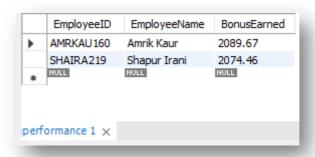
ep.EmployeeID, ep.EmployeeName, ep.BonusEarned

FROM

employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance ep

WHERE

ep.BonusEarned > 2000
```



### 11. Employees with Attendance Below 85% in the Last 6 Months

### MySQL Query

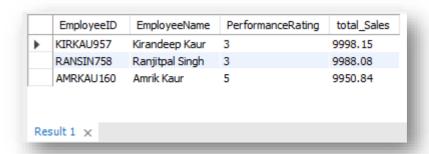
```
- 11. Employees with Attendance Selow 25% in the Last & Months
           ep.fmployeeID, ep.fmployeeName, round((SUM(ar.PresentDays)/sum(ar.TotalWorkingDays)*100), 7) AS Attendance_Percentage
           employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance_ep_TOTN
           employee_performance_dashboard.attendancerecords ar OM ep.EmployeeID = ar.EmployeeID
    ## MMERE STW TO DATE(CONCAT(ar.Att_Year, '-', CASE ar.Att_Month
                              MHEN "January" THEN '01"
10
                              MHEN 'February' THEN '82'
11
                              MHEN "Harch" THEN "83"
12
                              WHEN 'April' THEN 'MA'
1.2
                              MHEN "Hay" THEN "HS"
                              WHEN "THEN "DR"
23
                              MHEN "July" THEN "67"
                              WHEN 'August' THEN 'BB'
17
                              MHEN "September" THEN "HB"
                              MHEN "OUTCOBE" THER "18"
19
                              MHEN "November" THEN "11"
                              MESEN "December" THEN "12" END, "+01"),
20
21
                   "KY-Se-Xd") >= CLRIDATE() - INTERVAL & MONTH
       GROUP MV ep.EmployeeID , ep.EmployeeName
       having Attendance_Percentage 4 E5
       order by Attendance Percentage;
```



# 12. Top 3 Performing Employees by Sales Amount and Performance Rating

MySQL Query

```
-- 12. Top 3 Performing Employees by Sales Amount and Performance Rating
       SELECT
           ep.EmployeeID,
           ep.EmployeeName,
           pr.PerformanceRating,
           SUM(ep.SalesAmount) AS total Sales
           employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance ep
10
11
           employee_performance_dashboard.performanceratingstatus pr ON ep.EmployeeID = pr.EmployeeID
12
       GROUP BY ep.EmployeeID , ep.EmployeeName , pr.PerformanceRating
13
       ORDER BY total_Sales desc, pr.PerformanceRating desc
14
       LIMIT 3;
15
16
```



### 13. Department Attendance Percentage by Month

### MySQL Query

```
- 13. Department Attendance Percentage by Ponth
    CONLINES(Sound(ANG(CASE BHEN a.Att Month = "lenuary INEN (a.PresentDays / a.TotalWorkingDays) * 188 END), #), #) AS January,
    COALESCE(Nound(AVG(CASE been a.Att_North = 'fabruary' THEM (a.PresentDays / a.TotalkorkingDays) * 100 END),2), 0) AS february.
    COALESCE(@ourd(AVE(CASE bmen a.Att Nonth - 'Parch' THEN (s.PresentDays / a.TotalborkingDays) * 180 END),2), 8) AS March,
    COALESCE(Nound(AMG(CASE WHEN a.Att Month = 'April' THER (a.PresentDays / a.TotalNorkingDays) * 180 END),1), 0) AS April,
    COALESCE(Round(AWU(CASE WHEN a.Att_Month = 'may' THEN (a.PresentDays / a.TotalNorkingDays) * 100 END), 0), 0) As May,
    COALESCE (Bound (AVI) (CASE WHEN a Att Month = "lune" THEN (a PresentDays / a Total workingDays) * 100 EMD) , 2), 8) AS Dune.
   COALESCE(Sound(AVG(CASE WHEN a.Att_North = "Duly" THEW (a.PresentDays / a.TotalMorkingDays) * 100 EMD),2), 0) AS July,
    COALESCE(Nound(AMG(CASE NHEW a.Att_Month = 'August' THEN (a.PresentDays / a.TotalHorkingDays) * 100 END), 2), 0) as August.
    COALSSCE(Round(AVG(CASE WHEN a.Att_Month = "September" THEN (a.PresentDays / a.TotalWorkingDays) * 100 EMD),1), 0) AS September,
    COMLESCE(Sound(AVG(CASE WHEN a.Att_North = October, THEN (a.PresentDays / a.TotalNorkingDays) * 188 END), 2), 0) AS October,
    COALENCE(Enumi(AVG(CASE WHYN a.Att_Month = 'movember' THEN (a.FresentDays / a.TotalNorkingDays) * 100 END), 7), 0) A5 November,
    COALESCE (Sound (AVG (CASE MHEN a.Att_North = 'December' THEN (a.PresentDays / s.TotalkorkingDays) * 100 END),2), 8) AS December
FEON employee performance dashboard.attendancerecords a
JULN employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance e
ON a.teployesID - e.teployesID
    e.Department
```

	Department	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
•	Sales	90.20	92.69	89.99	92.04	90.68	91.41	90.04	91.20	91.75	90.79	91.65	90.35
	Logistics	89.83	93.53	90.29	90.95	90.29	91.29	91.34	90.39	92.86	89.86	92.13	90.06
	Marketing	91.07	92.71	89.33	91.73	92.25	92.31	89.39	91.69	91.41	90.94	90.77	89.92
	Research & Development	91.65	91.99	89.75	91.76	89.85	92.35	90.99	91.08	91.86	89.80	91.42	89.90
	Customer Support	89.87	93.30	90.52	91.99	90.32	91.48	90.21	89.74	91.76	90.09	91.92	90.40
Result 8 ×													

### 14. Low-Performing Employees: Attendance and Sales Analysis

### MySQL Query

```
-- 14. Low-Performing Employees: Attendance and Sales Analysis
       SELECT
           ep.EmployeeID,
           ep.EmployeeName,
           pr.PerformanceRating,
           SUM(ep.SalesAmount) AS total sales,
           round((SUM(ar.PresentDays)/SUM(ar.TotalWorkingDays)*100),2) AS Attendance Percentage
           employee performance dashboard.employeeperformance ep
10
11
12
           employee performance dashboard.performanceratingstatus pr ON ep.EmployeeID = pr.EmployeeID
14
           employee_performance_dashboard.attendancerecords ar ON ep.EmployeeID = ar.EmployeeID
       GROUP BY ep.EmployeeID , ep.EmployeeName , pr.PerformanceRating
       HAVING pr.PerformanceRating < 3
17
       ORDER BY total_sales asc;
```

	EmployeeID	EmployeeName	PerformanceRating	total_sales	Attendance_Percentage
•	ABDRAH407	Abdul Rahman	2	0.00	89.52
	CYRDAS713	Cyrus Dastoori	2	0.00	93.45
	GABBAK036	Gabriel Baker	2	0.00	91.27
	HARKAU352	Harminder Kaur	2	0.00	88.43
	INDSIN206	Inderjeet Singh	2	0.00	91.05
	MANSIN467	Manjot Singh	2	0.00	93.23
Re	sult 10 ×		^	2.22	00.00

# 15. Performance Rating Distribution Under Each Manager

MySQL Query

```
select m.ManagerName,
    round(sum(case when pr.PerformanceRating = 1 then 1 else 0 end)/count(ep.EmployeeID)*100,2) as Rating1,
    round(sum(case when pr.PerformanceRating = 2 then 1 else 0 end)/count(ep.EmployeeID)*100,2) as Rating2,
    round(sum(case when pr.PerformanceRating = 3 then 1 else 0 end)/count(ep.EmployeeID)*100,2) as Rating3,
    round(sum(case when pr.PerformanceRating = 6 then 1 else 0 end)/count(ep.EmployeeID)*100,2) as Rating4,
    round(sum(case when pr.PerformanceRating = 5 then 1 else 0 end)/count(ep.EmployeeID)*100,2) as Rating5
    from employee_performance_dashboard.employeeperformance ep
    join employee_performance_dashboard.managers m
    on ep.ManagerID = m.ManagerID
    join employee_performance_dashboard.performanceratingstatus pr
    on ep.EmployeeID = pr.EmployeeID
    GROUP by m.ManagerName
```

