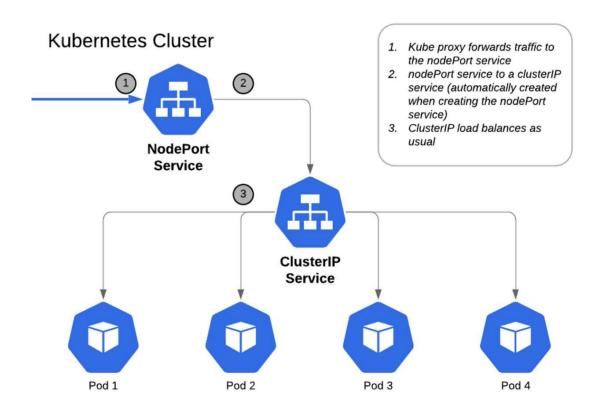
KUBERNETES PROJECT WITH NODEPORT SERVICE



Part 1: EKS Cluster Creation and Setup

Step 1: AWS Login aur EKS Cluster Create Karna

- 1. AWS Management Console pe login karein.
- 2. EKS service ko search kar ke "Create Cluster" option pe click karein.
- 3. Cluster ka naam, region aur configuration choose karein.

Step 2: Networking Configuration

- 1. VPC, subnets aur security groups ko setup karein.
- 2. Networking settings ka dhyan rakhein jaise ki Public aur Private subnets.

Step 3: Observability Configure Karna

- 1. "Configure observability" section mein
- 2. "Control Plane Logs" enable karo
- 3. Next pe click karo

Step 4: Add-ons Configure Karna

- 1. EKS cluster ke liye add-ons jaise ki CoreDNS aur VPC CNI configure karein.
- 2. Pod Identity IAM Role for Service Account Configure karo.

Step 5: Cluster Create Karna

- 1. Sab settings review karein aur "Create Cluster" par click karein.
- 2. Cluster ke Active hone ka wait karein jo kuch minutes le sakta hai.

Step 6: Node Group Create Karna

- 1. "Add Node Group" option select karein.
- 2. Node group ka naam define karein aur IAM role assign karein.
- 3. Instance types ka selection karein jo workload ke live best ho.

Step 7: Compute aur Scaling Configuration

- 1. Desired, Minimum, aur Maximum node count set karein taake autoscaling sahi kaam kare.
- 2. Spot Instances ya On-Demand Instances ka selection karein based on cost aur availability.

Step 8: Node Group ki Networking Configure Karna

1. Node Group ke live subnets, security groups, aur VPC configuration set karein.

Step 9: Node Group Review and Create Karna

- 1. Node group ke configuration ko review karein aur create kar dein.
- 2. "Create Node Group" par click karein aur nodes ka active hone ka wait karein.

Step 10: Security Groups Configure Karna EKS Cluster Ke live

- 1. Cluster ke security group mein required inbound aur outbound rules configure karein.
- 2. API server aur node communication ke liye proper ports open karein.

Step 11: Security Groups Configure Karna EKS Cluster Node Ke live

- 1. Nodes ke security group mein required inbound aur outbound rules configure karein.
- 2. SSH access agar required ho toh specific IPs ke liye allow karein.

Step 12: Project Ki GitHub Repository Clone Karein

- 1. GitHub repository ko clone karein.
- 2. Code aur configurations ko local machine pe setup karein.

Step 13: AWS CLI Configure Karo

- 1. AWS CLI ko configure karein with access keys.
- 2. aws configure command se credentials aur region set karein.

Part 2: Nginx Pods and Service Deployment

Step 1: nginx-deployment.yaml File Ka Kaam

- 1. nginx-deployment.yaml file ko configure karein taake pods create ho sakein.
- 2. Nginx application ki specifications set karein.

Step 2: nginx-nodeport-service.yaml File Ka Kaam

- 1. nginx-nodeport-service.yaml file ko configure karein jo Nginx pods ko expose kare.
- 2. NodePort ko configure karke service ko deploy karein.

Part 3: Registering a Domain Name on Hostinger (From Sign-Up to Purchase)

Step 1: Domain Name Provider Choose Karo

1. Hostinger ko domain provider ke liye choose karein.

Step 2: Hostinger Pe Domain Search Karo

1. Hostinger ki website pe jaake domain name search karein.

Step 3: Domain Select Karo

1. Domain name ko select karein jo aapko pasand aaye.

Step 4: Account Create Karo

1. Hostinger pe account create karein.

Step 5: Payment Complete Karo Or Login Karke Domain Registration Complete Karo

1. Payment complete karein aur domain ko apne account mein register karein.

Step 6: Hostinger Me Domains Section Me Navigate Karo

1. Hostinger ke dashboard pe domains section me navigate karein.

Step 7: Hostinger Me DNS/Nameservers Section Me Navigate Karo

1. DNS/Nameservers section me jaake configurations set karein.

Part 4: Configuring DNS on Hostinger for NodePort

Step 1: A Record Add Karna (EKS Cluster Node Se Connect Karne Ke Liye)

1. Hostinger DNS settings mein A Record add karein jo EKS Cluster Node se connect ho.

Step 2: A Record Add Karna (WWW ke liye)

1. WWW subdomain ke liye bhi A Record add karein.

Step 3: Records Add Karne Ke Baad Website Ko Domain Name Ke Through NodePort Se Access Karna

1. DNS records add karne ke baad website ko domain name se access karein.

Part 5: MySQL Secrets and ConfigMap Configuration

Step 1: mysql-secrets.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. mysql-secrets.yaml file ko configure karein jo database credentials store kare.

Step 2: mysql-configmap.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. mysql-configmap.yaml file ko configure karein jo MySQL configurations handle kare.

Step 3: service-account.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. MySQL ke liye service account configure karein.

Step 4: role.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. MySQL ke access permissions define karein.

Step 5: rolebinding.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Role aur service account ko bind karein taake access control setup ho.

Part 6: MYSQL Database Pods and Services Deployment

Step 1: mysql-headless-service.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. mysql-headless-service.yaml file ko configure karein taake MySQL stateful ho.

Step 2: mysql-pv.yaml File Ka Kaam

2. Persistent Volume (PV) define karein jo MySQL ke data ko store kare.

Step 3: mysql-statefulset.yaml File Ka Kaam

2. MySQL StatefulSet deploy karein jo database ko manage kare.

Part 7: Accessing MySQL Database in EKS Cluster

Step 1: MySQL Database Access Karo

1. MySQL database ko Kubernetes cluster se access karein.

Part 8: Monitoring Using Prometheus and Loki With Grafana

Step 1: prometheus-daemonset.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Prometheus ko deploy karne ke liye daemonset.yaml file configure karein.

Step 2: prometheus-rbac.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Prometheus ke liye RBAC roles configure karein.

Step 3: prometheus-nodeport-service.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Prometheus ke liye service ko configure karein.

Step 4: promtail-daemonset.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Logs ko collect karne ke liye promtail daemonset file ko configure karein.

Step 5: loki-daemonset.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Loki daemonset file ko configure karein.

Step 6: loki-nodeport-service.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Loki ke liye service ko configure karein.

Step 7: grafana-deployment.yaml File Ka Kaam

1. Grafana ko deploy karne ke liye grafana-deployment.yaml file configure karein.

Step 8: Grafana Mein Prometheus Data Source Add Karna, Queries Add Karna Aur Dashboard Create Karna

1. Grafana mein Prometheus data source add karein, queries configure karein aur dashboard create karein.

Step 9: Grafana Mein Loki Data Source Add Karna Aur Dashboard Create Karna

1. Grafana mein Loki data source add karein aur dashboard configure karein.

Part 9: Accessing Prometheus, Loki, and Grafana Using a Domain Name

Step 1: Websites Ko Domain Name Se Access Karna

1. Pehle se configured DNS records ka use karte huye, ab Prometheus, Loki, aur Grafana websites ko domain name se access karein.