

Builder Portfolio Management System — Code Logic Documentation

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1. Project Overview

The **Builder Portfolio Management System (BPMS)** is a modular Java 17 application that enables builders, clients, and admins to manage projects end-to-end: registration/login, project creation and updates, document metadata, budget health, and timeline visualization.

The system follows a clean, enterprise-style **layered architecture (Controller → Service → DAO → Model → Util)** for maintainability and testability.

New: The service layer now supports **safe multi-user concurrency** with per-project locking, optimistic version checks, and parallel report generation.

2. System Architecture and Design

Layer	Package	Responsibility	Key Classes
Controller	com.builder.portfolio.controller	Menus, input handling, route to services	AdminController, BuilderController, ClientController
Service	com.builder.portfolio.service	Core business logic, validation, orchestration	UserServiceImpl, ProjectServiceImpl, DocumentServiceImpl, ReportServiceImpl
DAO	com.builder.portfolio.dao	Persistence via JDBC	UserDAOImpl, ProjectDAOImpl, DocumentDAOImpl
Model	com.builder.portfolio.model	Domain entities & DTOs	User, Project, Document, BudgetReport

Util	<code>com.builder.portfolio.util</code>	Shared helpers, constants, infra	<code>DBConnectionUtil</code> , <code>BudgetUtil</code> , <code>StatusConstants</code> , <code>GanttChartUtil</code>
Concurrency	<code>com.builder.portfolio.concurrent</code>	Locks, executors, caches	<code>LockRegistry</code> , <code>BackgroundTaskManager</code> , <code>ProjectCache</code>

Core Tech: Java 17 • Maven • PostgreSQL • JDBC • (Logging via SLF4J/JUL)

Concurrency Overlay: `ReadWriteLocks` per project, optimistic versioning, thread-safe caches, fixed & scheduled executors, and parallel reporting.

3. Login & Registration Logic

Registration

1. User selects **Register**, provides name/email/password/role.
2. `UserService.registerUser` validates uniqueness via `UserDAO.findByEmail`.
3. On success, `UserDAO.addUser` persists the record; success message is shown.

Login

1. User selects **Login**, enters email/password.
2. `UserService.login` fetches user via `UserDAO.findByEmailAndPassword`.
3. Role-based routing:
 - Admin** → `AdminController.showMenu()`
 - Builder** → `BuilderController.showMenu()`
 - Client** → `ClientController.showMenu()`

Security note: For production, replace plaintext with strong hashing (e.g., BCrypt/Argon2).

4. Project Management Logic

a) Add Project

- Builder inputs details; default status to `UPCOMING` if absent.
- `ProjectService.addProject` validates and delegates to `ProjectDAO.addProject`.
- Confirmation printed on success.

b) Update Project (Status/Budget/Timeline)

- Fetch via `ProjectService.getProject(id)`.
- Edits flow through **concurrency-aware** service methods:
`updateProjectStatus(...)`, `updateProjectBudget(...)`.
- If status becomes `IN_PROGRESS` or `COMPLETED`,
`GanttChartUtil.printSimpleGantt(project)` renders a textual timeline.

c) View Portfolio

- Admin: all projects
- Builder: own projects
- Client: assigned projects

d) Delete Project

Ownership validated in DAO; guarded delete:

```
DELETE FROM projects WHERE id=? AND builder_id=?;
```

-
-

5. Document Management (Mock File Upload)

Intent: Store **metadata only** (no binary files) to simulate upload workflows.

Create

1. Builder selects **Add Document Metadata**.
2. `DocumentService.addDocument` validates and calls `DocumentDAO.addDocument`.

Insert:

```
INSERT INTO documents (project_id, document_name, document_type,
uploaded_by, upload_date)
VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?);
```

- 3.

List

- `documentService.listDocumentsByProject(projectId)` prints tabular output with IDs, names, types, uploader, and date.

Why “Mock Upload”?

- Lightweight for console/Maven flow.
- Ready to evolve to real storage (local path/S3) with `file_path/file_url` fields and RBAC.

6. Budget & Timeline Tracking Logic

Budget

- `ProjectService.buildBudgetReport(project):`
 - `BudgetUtil.calculateVariance(used, planned)`
 - `BudgetUtil.determineBudgetHealth(...)` → UNDER / ON_TRACK / OVER

Timeline

If status is `IN_PROGRESS` or `COMPLETED`:

```
Design      |#####.....|
```

```
Permits     |....####.....|
```

Build |#####|

Testing |#####|

-

7. Concurrency & Multithreading Enhancements

7.1 Objectives

- Prevent **lost updates** and **races** under concurrent edits.
- Make heavy operations **responsive** via parallelism.
- Centralize thread pools and ensure **graceful shutdown**.

7.2 Design Summary

Area	Approach	Highlights
Per-Project Coordination	<code>LockRegistry</code> → <code>ReadWriteLock</code> per project	Read for reads; write for mutations; strict lock ordering
Stale-Write Prevention	Optimistic versioning on <code>projects</code>	<code>WHERE id=? AND version=?</code> then <code>SET version=version+1;</code> retries on conflict
Document Uploads	Route via <code>ProjectService.uploadDocument</code>	Reuses project write lock and logs timing
Caching	<code>ProjectCache</code> (thread-safe snapshots)	<code>ConcurrentHashMap</code> , immutable DTOs

Background	<code>BackgroundTaskManager</code>	Fixed thread pool + <code>ScheduledExecutorService</code> , graceful shutdown
Parallel Reports	<code>ReportServiceImpl.generatePortfolioReportParallel</code>	Fan-out per project (<code>CompletableFuture</code> /executor) with timeouts
Observability	Structured logs around lock waits, retries, durations	Aids profiling with JConsole/JFR

7.3 Locking & Versioning (Service Layer)

LockRegistry

```
public final class LockRegistry {

    private final ConcurrentHashMap<Long, ReadWriteLock> locks = new
ConcurrentHashMap<>();

    public ReadWriteLock forProject(long projectId) {

        return locks.computeIfAbsent(projectId, id -> new
ReentrantReadWriteLock());

    }

}
```

Optimistic Update (DAO)

```
-- Status update with version check

UPDATE projects

SET status = ?, version = version + 1

WHERE id = ? AND version = ?;
```

Service Retry Skeleton

```
boolean updated = false;

for (int attempt = 1; attempt <= 3 && !updated; attempt++) {

    int rows = projectDao.updateStatusWithVersion(id, newStatus,
expectedVersion);

    updated = rows == 1;

    if (!updated) { // version changed by someone else

        project = projectDao.findById(id);           // refresh

        expectedVersion = project.getVersion();      // bump expected

    }

}

if (!updated) throw new ConcurrentModificationException("Project modified
concurrently");
```

Write-Lock Guard for Mutations

```
var lock = lockRegistry.forProject(projectId).writeLock();

lock.lock();

try {

    // validate + DAO update with optimistic versioning

} finally {

    lock.unlock();

}
```

7.4 Document Upload Concurrency

- `ProjectService.uploadDocument` executes under the **project write lock**; batches can be serialized safely.
- Duration logged to help spot hotspots during concurrent metadata writes.

7.5 Thread-Safe Caching

- `ProjectCache` stores **immutable** snapshots keyed by project ID.
- Refresh on successful updates; controllers read through cache for fast list views.

7.6 Background Task Management

```
public final class BackgroundTaskManager implements AutoCloseable {

    private final ExecutorService workers =
Executors.newFixedThreadPool(Runtime.getRuntime().availableProcessors());

    private final ScheduledExecutorService scheduler =
Executors.newSingleThreadScheduledExecutor();

    public <T> CompletableFuture<T> submit(Callable<T> task) { return
CompletableFuture.supplyAsync(() -> {

        try { return task.call(); } catch (Exception e) { throw new
CompletionException(e); }

    }, workers); }

    public ScheduledFuture<?> schedule(Runnable r, long period, TimeUnit
unit) {

        return scheduler.scheduleAtFixedRate(r, period, period, unit);

    }

    @Override public void close() {

        workers.shutdown(); scheduler.shutdown();
    }
}
```

```

    // awaitTermination(...) + fallback shutdownNow()
}
}

```

7.7 Parallel Portfolio Reports

- `ReportServiceImpl.generatePortfolioReportParallel` partitions work by project and aggregates with `CompletableFuture.allOf(...)`.
- Timeouts protect the UI; slow projects are logged and skipped (configurable).

7.8 Testing the Concurrency Layer

- **ProjectConcurrencyTest**: parallel status/budget mutations; asserts single-writer visibility and version increments.
- **DocumentUploadConcurrencyTest**: concurrent metadata writes using the same project; verifies serialization and ordering.
- **ParallelReportPerfTest**: compares sequential vs. parallel run time and validates deterministic results.

7.9 Console Concurrency Demo

- Builder menu item triggers **asynchronous mock jobs** (`Thread.sleep` to simulate work), printing thread names and progress so users see background execution in real time.

Deadlock Discipline: Always acquire project locks in **ascending projectId** order when multiple projects are touched in one operation.

8. Database Schema

```

CREATE TABLE users (
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    name VARCHAR(100),

```

```
    email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE,  
    password VARCHAR(100),  
    role VARCHAR(20)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE projects (  
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    name VARCHAR(100),  
    description TEXT,  
    status VARCHAR(20),  
    builder_id INT REFERENCES users(id),  
    client_id INT REFERENCES users(id),  
    budget_planned DOUBLE PRECISION,  
    budget_used DOUBLE PRECISION,  
    start_date DATE,  
    end_date DATE,  
    -- NEW: optimistic concurrency control  
    version INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 0  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE documents (  
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    project_id INT REFERENCES projects(id),  
    document_name VARCHAR(100),
```

```
document_type VARCHAR(50),  
uploaded_by INT REFERENCES users(id),  
upload_date DATE  
);
```

Migration note (existing DB):

```
ALTER TABLE projects ADD COLUMN IF NOT EXISTS version INT NOT NULL DEFAULT  
0;
```

9. Utilities and Helpers

Utility	Purpose
<code>DBConnectionUtil</code>	PostgreSQL connectivity via JDBC
<code>BudgetUtil</code>	Variance & budget-health calculation
<code>GanttChartUtil</code>	Console-based timeline rendering
<code>StatusConstants</code>	UPCOMING, IN_PROGRESS, COMPLETED
<code>LockRegistry</code>	Per-project <code>ReadWriteLock</code> factory
<code>BackgroundTaskManager</code>	Fixed & scheduled executors with graceful shutdown

10. Setup and Execution Guide

Prerequisites

- Java 17+
- PostgreSQL (local)
- IntelliJ IDEA / Maven

Database

```
CREATE DATABASE builder_portfolio_db;  
  
\c builder_portfolio_db;  
  
-- Execute the schema (incl. projects.version)
```

Configuration (**DBConnectionUtil** / properties)

```
db.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/builder_portfolio_db  
  
db.username=postgres  
  
db.password=your_password
```

Build & Run

```
mvn clean install  
  
# Run from IntelliJ (main class): com.builder.portfolio.Main
```

Concurrency Demo (console)

- From Builder menu, choose **Concurrency Demo** to start async jobs.
- Observe interleaved progress and thread names in console.

Optional Monitoring (JDK-only)

```
jconsole
```

```
# Or capture quick stats:
```

```
jps -l
```

```
jstat -gcutil <PID> 1000 5
```

```
jcmd <PID> GC.heap_info
```

11. Repository Link

- **GitHub:** <https://github.com/Faiq0602/BuilderPortfolioManagementSystem>

12. Future Enhancements

- Secure password storage (BCrypt/Argon2).
- Spring Boot REST API; JPA with **@Version** for OCC.
- Real file uploads (local/S3) with RBAC and audit logging.
- Distributed locks for clustered deployments (Redis/DB-based).
- Metrics & tracing (Micrometer/Prometheus/OpenTelemetry).
- Caching library (Caffeine) with size/TTL policies.

13. Summary

BPMS now combines **clear layered design** with **robust concurrency controls**:

- **LockRegistry** prevents write races per project.
- **Optimistic versioning** stops stale writes and enables safe retries.
- **ProjectCache** and **BackgroundTaskManager** deliver responsive reads and predictable background work.
- **Parallel report generation** shortens heavy workloads.
- A focused **test suite** validates correctness and performance under load.

This upgrade makes BPMS safer for **multi-user** scenarios while preserving a simple operational model for local development and evaluation.