

DID YOU KNOW?



APRIL 2021

ROSC AT THE ED

The Utstein Template^[1] comes from an international multidisciplinary meeting that developed uniform terms and definitions for out-of-hospital resuscitation. It's the "Gold Standard" for reporting prehospital cardiac arrest. The evidence tells us that patients are more likely to survive if *return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC)* is present when they get to the ED. Sometimes, there are discrepancies between hospital outcome data and ROSC documentation on the ePCR.

On the Cardiac Arrest tab of the ePCR, Any Return of Spontaneous Circulation can accept multiple responses. If ROSC is achieved when the patient gets to the ED, select **"Yes, At/After Arrival at the ED"** (plus any others that apply).

Any Return of	<input type="button" value="No"/>	<input checked="" type="button" value="Yes, At/After
Arrival at the ED"/>	<input type="button" value="Yes, Prior to
Arrival at the ED"/>
Spontaneous			
Circulation:	<input type="button" value="Yes, Sustained
for 20
consecutive
minutes"/>		

[\[1\] AHA Journal: 2015 Revised Utstein-Style Recommended Guidelines for Uniform Reporting of Data from Drowning-Related Resuscitation](#)

IMPACT

With more accurate and consistent documentation, we can:

- Better understand patient presentation
- Justify requests for additional equipment (LUCAS devices, etc.) and training



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