# Project Methodology: Aircraft Flap Water Ingression Predictive Analytics

## **Executive Summary**

This document outlines the methodology for developing a predictive analytics framework for aircraft trailing edge flap water ingression detection. Building upon lessons learned from the Aircraft Hub Inspection project, this initiative demonstrates improvements in technical sophistication, business integration, and analytical rigor. The project transforms basic predictive modeling into a production-ready risk management system for aviation maintenance operations.

The complete analytical framework is illustrated in **Figure 1**, which will guide through each critical decision point in the methodology.

## 1. Strategic Evolution & Continuous Improvement (Kaizen)

## 1.1 Project Positioning

**Primary Objective:** Develop production-ready predictive maintenance framework for water ingression detection with integrated risk assessment and operational intelligence capabilities.

# **Key Improvement Areas from Previous Project:**

- Data Quality Enhancement: Imputation strategies achieving 74% recovery rate
- Class Balance Optimization: Dataset selection improving positive class representation from 14% to 35%
- Technical Infrastructure: Evolution from basic analytics to normalized database architecture
- **Visualization Development:** Progression from fundamental charts to sophisticated multidimensional analysis
- **Business Integration:** Deeper operational context with actionable maintenance recommendations

# 1.2 Strategic Goals

# **Secondary Objectives:**

- Demonstrate database design and normalization principles
- Master sophisticated visualization techniques across multiple platforms
- Integrate domain physics with machine learning methodologies
- Create scalable architecture for future CNN integration

## 2. Data Foundation Strategy

## 2.1 Data Collection & Quality Assurance

**Source Enhancement:** Transition from single inspection type (Eddy Current) to multi-modal NDT approach incorporating Ultrasonic Testing and Radiographic Testing (RT/X-ray), providing richer feature space and improved diagnostic capability.

## **Quality Assurance Framework:**

• Validation Protocol: Cross-referencing across three logbook sources (X-ray, component, NDT reports)

- **Recovery Strategy:** Systematic imputation using serial number correlation and inspection context
- Data Loss Minimization: Achieved 2.3% final data loss

#### 2.2 Dataset Characteristics Assessment

**Improved Class Distribution:** Unlike the previous project's severe 0.43% imbalance requiring strategic focusing, this dataset presented manageable 35% positive class distribution, enabling comprehensive modeling across full operational scope while maintaining statistical power.

**Temporal Scope:** 6.6-year operational period providing sufficient data for robust temporal pattern analysis, seasonal effect identification, and operational phase correlation including COVID-19 impact assessment.

### 3. Database Architecture & Infrastructure

# 3.1 Third Normal Form (3NF) Implementation

**Database Design Strategy:** Implemented comprehensive relational architecture addressing scalability, data integrity, and query optimization requirements for production deployment readiness.

#### **Normalization Benefits:**

- Eliminates Redundancy: Optimized storage efficiency and update consistency
- Ensures Referential Integrity: Foreign key constraints maintaining data relationship validity
- Enables Complex Analytics: Sophisticated join operations for multi-dimensional analysis
- Supports Scalability: Architecture ready for integration with CNN image analysis pipeline

**Performance Optimization:** Database schema designed with appropriate indexing strategy for temporal analysis, component lifecycle tracking, and risk assessment calculations, ensuring optimal query performance for operational decision-making.

## 4. Feature Engineering Framework

# 4.1 Physics-Based Feature Development

**Domain Knowledge Integration:** Implemented inverse square law calculations (Exposure = mAm/SFD<sup>2</sup>) transforming raw NDT parameters into physically meaningful metrics, bridging engineering principles with machine learning requirements.

## **Temporal Feature Engineering:**

- Seasonal Classifications: Rain season categorization for environmental impact analysis
- Operational Period Identification: MCO period flagging for pandemic impact assessment
- Component Lifecycle Modeling: Age-based degradation pattern recognition
- Quarterly Trend Analysis: Long-term operational pattern identification

## 4.2 Strategic Categorical Feature Treatment

**Intelligent Binning Strategy:** Parameter range categorization (Low/Mid/High mAm, Short/Long SFD) enabling pattern discovery while maintaining interpretability for operational personnel understanding and implementation.

# 5. Machine Learning Methodology

## **5.1 Progressive Model Development**

**Systematic Complexity Progression:** Methodical progression from baseline logistic regression through ensemble methods to optimization techniques, ensuring comprehensive performance understanding and optimal solution identification.

## Class Imbalance Handling:

- Class Weighting: Initial balance adjustment for algorithm bias correction
- SMOTE Implementation: Synthetic minority oversampling for boundary learning
- Threshold Optimization: Precision-recall trade-off tuning for safety-critical application requirements

# 5.2 Safety-Critical Evaluation

**Recall Prioritization:** Explicit focus on minimizing false negatives (missed water ingression) reflecting aviation safety principles where undetected structural degradation carries significantly higher risk than maintenance false alarms.

**Business-Aligned Metrics:** Comprehensive evaluation incorporating precision for resource optimization, recall for safety assurance, and ROC AUC for discriminative capability assessment, providing balanced performance understanding for operational decision-making.

## 6. Visualization & Business Intelligence

## 6.1 Tableau Development

**Chart Implementation:** Mastered visualization types including Sankey diagrams, multidimensional bubble charts, temporal heatmaps, and waterfall analyses, demonstrating significant technical growth from the previous project's foundational approach.

**Dashboard Architecture:** Eight thematic dashboard portfolio providing comprehensive analytical perspectives from executive KPI overview through detailed technical parameter analysis to model performance interpretation.

# 6.2 Business Intelligence Integration

**Operational Context Enhancement:** Deep integration of maintenance scheduling implications, component lifecycle management, and resource optimization considerations, transforming analytical insights into actionable business recommendations.

## 7. Risk Assessment & Operational Framework

## 7.1 Component Risk Stratification

**Multi-Factor Risk Scoring:** Comprehensive assessment incorporating component age, part number reliability profile, and operational usage patterns, providing systematic prioritization framework for maintenance resource allocation.

**Maintenance Schedule Optimization:** Risk-based inspection frequency recommendations (30/60/90/120-day intervals) enabling proactive maintenance scheduling and resource planning optimization.

# 7.2 Predictive Maintenance Value Quantification

**Business Impact Assessment:** Systematic evaluation of safety enhancement, resource optimization, and cost avoidance benefits, providing clear value proposition for operational implementation and stakeholder engagement.

# 8. Model Interpretability & Validation Strategy

## 8.1 SHAP Implementation for Operational Trust

**Feature Importance Transparency:** Comprehensive SHAP analysis providing both global feature ranking and individual prediction explanations, building operational confidence in automated decision support recommendations.

**Domain Validation:** Feature importance alignment with engineering knowledge (component age dominance, part number effects) confirming model logical consistency and supporting operational adoption.

### 8.2 Statistical Enhancement

**Comprehensive Correlation Analysis:** Appropriate statistical test selection (Point-biserial, Cramér's V, Chi-square) for different variable type combinations, demonstrating statistical methodology understanding and application.

# 9. Continuous Learning & Future Integration

# 9.1 CNN Pipeline Preparation

**Infrastructure Readiness:** Database architecture and risk assessment framework designed to support seamless integration with computer vision analysis of X-ray films (future project), demonstrating strategic technical planning.

# 9.2 Operational Deployment Considerations

**Integration Planning:** Consideration of CMMS integration, automated work order generation, and regulatory reporting requirements, ensuring practical implementation viability.

## 10. Business Value Creation & Strategic Impact

## **10.1 Immediate Operational Recommendations**

**Actionable Intelligence:** Specific component prioritization (8 critical units requiring immediate inspection) with clear maintenance scheduling recommendations and design improvement suggestions.

## 10.2 Strategic Capability

**Predictive Maintenance Transformation:** Evolution from reactive maintenance to proactive risk management, enabling operational efficiency improvements and safety enhancement through systematic analytical insights.

# **Conclusion: Kaizen-Driven Project**

This methodology demonstrates systematic progression in analytical sophistication, technical capability, and business integration. The continuous improvement approach drives enhancement from basic predictive modeling toward production-ready risk management systems. The project successfully bridges data science techniques with operational aviation requirements, creating production-ready frameworks for safety-critical predictive maintenance applications.

# **Key Methodological Achievements:**

- Technical Growth: Database architecture, visualization development, physics integration
- Analytical Rigor: Statistical testing, model optimization, interpretability analysis
- Business Focus: Risk assessment, operational recommendations, value quantification
- **Strategic Planning:** Scalable architecture, future integration readiness, deployment considerations

This comprehensive approach positions the project as a demonstration of data science maturity and operational readiness for roles in safety-critical industries.

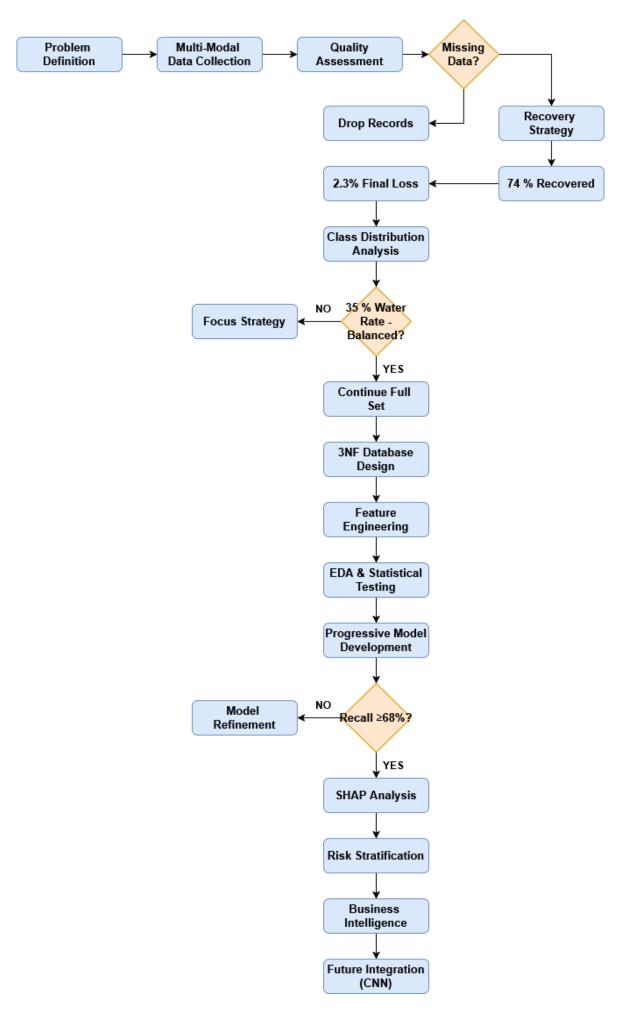


Figure 1: Analytical Framework