SQL Queries for Customer Data

```
Country VARCHAR(50)
```

1. Distribution of Order Values:

To find the distribution of order values across all customers, you can calculate the total order value for each transaction and then aggregate the results.

```
SELECT CustomerID, SUM(Quantity * UnitPrice) AS TotalOrderValue
FROM SalesData
GROUP BY CustomerID;
```

1. Unique Products Purchased by Each Customer:

To count the number of unique products each customer has purchased, you can use the following query:

```
SELECT CustomerID, COUNT(DISTINCT StockCode) AS UniqueProductsPurchased
FROM SalesData
GROUP BY CustomerID;
```

1. Customers with Only Single Purchase:

To find customers who have made only a single purchase, you can use a subquery to identify the customers with a single purchase and then filter the main query accordingly:



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