

01_normalityAssignment

April 1, 2022

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[ ]: #import libraries

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

[ ]: #normal distribution #How to draw
def pdf(x):
    mean = np.mean(x)
    std = np.std(x)
    y_out = 1/(std * np.sqrt(2 * np.pi)) * np.exp( -(x - mean)**2 / (2 * std **2))
    return y_out

# to generate an array of x
x = np.arange(-2, 2, 0.1)
y = pdf(x)

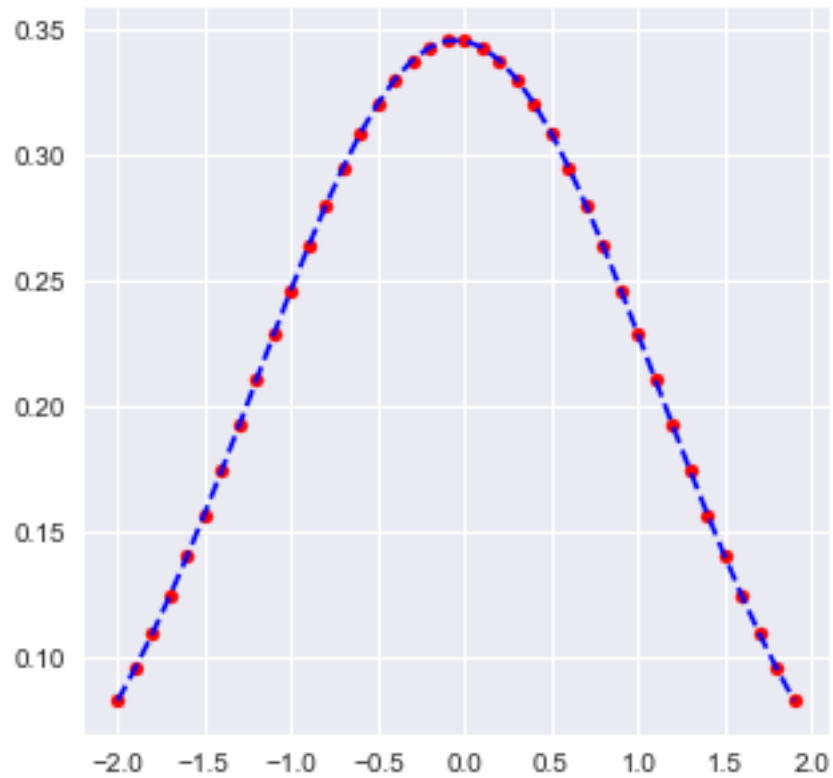
#plotting the normal curve / or gaussian ditribution

plt.style.use('seaborn')
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))

plt.plot(x, y, color = 'blue', linestyle = 'dashed')

plt.scatter(x, y, marker = 'o', s=25, color='red')
```

[]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1e286f5a0e0>



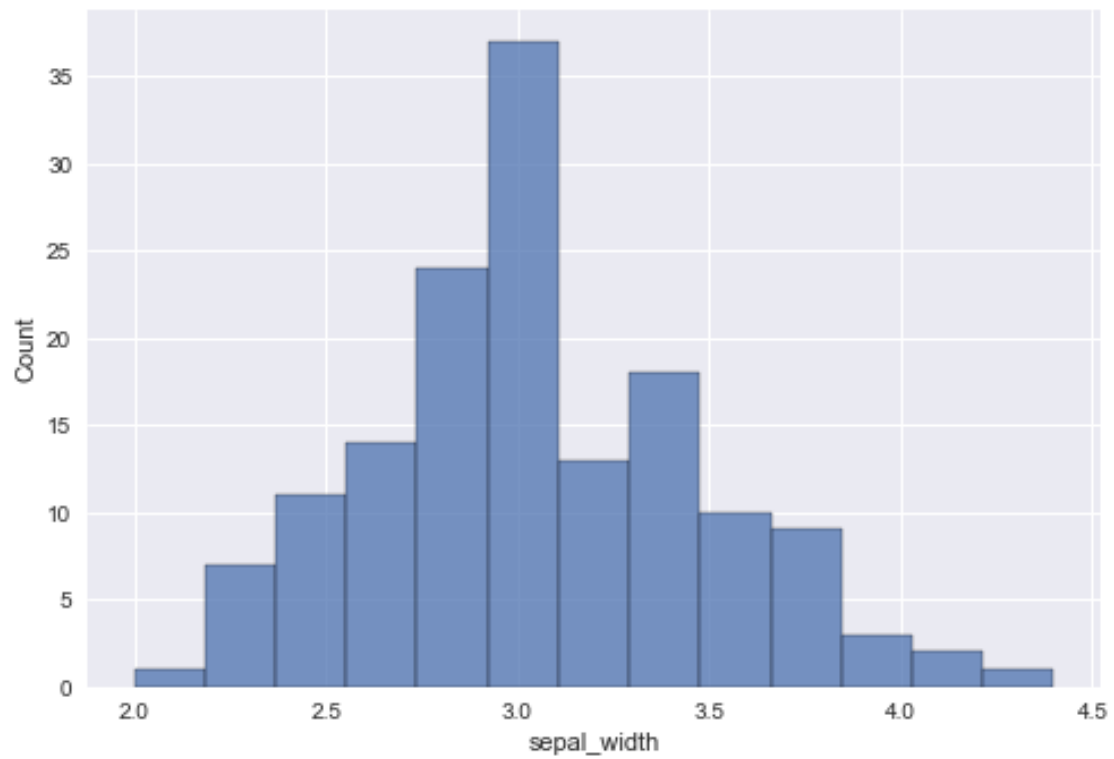
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[ ]: # import a dataset

flower= sns.load_dataset('iris')
flower.head()
```

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[ ]:   sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width  species
0         5.1         3.5         1.4         0.2   setosa
1         4.9         3.0         1.4         0.2   setosa
2         4.7         3.2         1.3         0.2   setosa
3         4.6         3.1         1.5         0.2   setosa
4         5.0         3.6         1.4         0.2   setosa
```

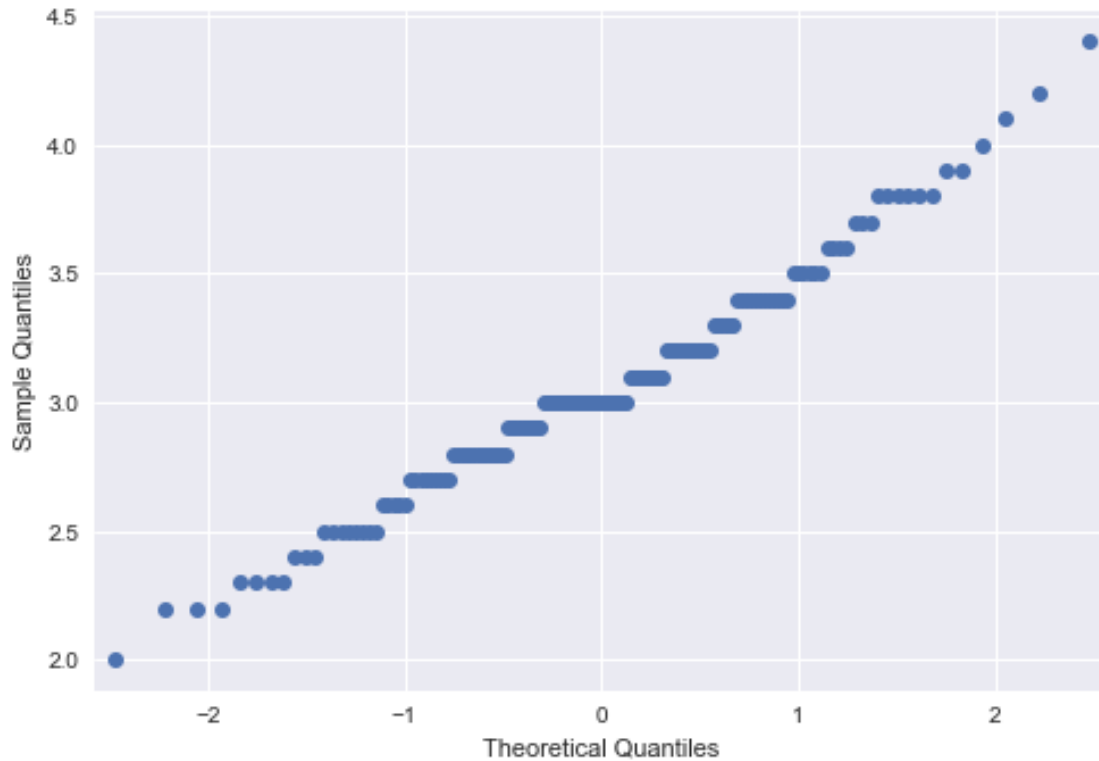
```
[ ]: # Histogram test
sns.histplot(flower['sepal_width'])
```

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[ ]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='sepal_width', ylabel='Count'>
```



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[ ]: # qqplot
from statsmodels.graphics.gofplots import qqplot

# q-q norm plot
qqplot(flower['sepal_width'])
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: # shapiro-wilk test
# import library

from scipy.stats import shapiro

stat, p = shapiro(flower['sepal_width'])
print('stat=%.3f, p=%.3f' % (stat, p))

# make a conditional argument for further for use
if p > 0.05:
    print('Probably Gaussian or Normal Distribution')
else:
    print('Probably not Gaussian nor normal Distribution')
```

```
stat=0.985, p=0.101
Probably Gaussian or Normal Distribution
```

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[ ]: # D'Agostino's K^2 test #ye kb lagna he #assignment
# import library

from scipy.stats import normaltest
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stat, p = normaltest(flower['sepal_width'])
print('stat=%.3f, p=%.3f' % (stat, p))

# make a conditional argument for further for use
if p > 0.05:
    print('Probably Gaussian or Normal Distribution')
else:
    print('Probably not Gaussian nor normal Distribution')

```

```

stat=3.124, p=0.210
Probably Gaussian or Normal Distribution

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[ ]: from scipy.stats import anderson

#select a column to check the normal distribution
result = anderson(flower['sepal_width'])
print('stat=%.3f' % (result.statistic))
for i in range(len(result.critical_values)):
    sl, cv = result.significance_level[i], result.critical_values[i]
    if result.statistic < cv:
        print('Probably Guassian/Normal Distribution at the %.1f level' % (sl))
    else:
        print('Probably not Guassian/Normal Distribution at the %.1f %% level' %
        ↪ % (sl))

```

```

stat=0.908
Probably not Guassian/Normal Distribution at the 15.0 % level
Probably not Guassian/Normal Distribution at the 10.0 % level
Probably not Guassian/Normal Distribution at the 5.0 % level
Probably not Guassian/Normal Distribution at the 2.5 % level
Probably Guassian/Normal Distribution at the 1.0 level

```