Laravel

Laravel Request Response:

Request -> Route -> Controller -> Return -> Response

Controller:

Controller files control the requests and responses

Controller file (DemoController.php) ->

```
c?php

namespace App\Http\Controllers;

class DemoController extends Controller {

   public function demo1() {
      return response( 'Hello World!' );
   }
}
```

Route file (web.php) ->

```
Route::get( 'demo1/', [DemoController::class, 'demo1'] );
```

Return types in controller methods:

```
class DemoController extends Controller {

  public function demo1() {

    return response( 'Hello World!' );
}
```

```
// string
    public function demo2() {
        return response( 'This is a string!' );
    }
   // int
    public function demo3() {
       return response( 1 );
    }
   // null
    public function demo4() {
        return response( null );
    }
   // boolean
    public function demo5() {
       return response( true );
    }
   // array
    public function demo6() {
        return response( ['a', 'b', 'c'] );
    }
   // associative array or assoc
    public function demo7() {
        return response( [
            'name' => 'Bill Gates',
            'company' => 'Microsoft',
       ]);
    }
    // multidimensional associative array
   public function demo8() {
        return response( [
            ['name1' => 'Bill Gates'],
            ['name2' => 'Microsoft'],
            ['name3' => 'Steve Jobs'],
        ]);
    }
    // binary large object (BLOB) -> files -> images, videos, etc; first save the
file in public folder then do the operation
    public function demo9() {
        return response()->file( 'image.png' );
    }
  // download response -> no file preview, direct download after hitting route
```

```
public function demo10() {
    return response()->download( 'image.png' );
}

// redirect to another route
public function demo11() {
    return redirect( 'demo2/' );
}
```

```
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Route;
use App\Http\Controllers\DemoController::class, 'demo1'] );
Route::get( 'demo1/', [DemoController::class, 'demo2'] );
Route::get( 'demo2/', [DemoController::class, 'demo2'] );
Route::get( 'demo3/', [DemoController::class, 'demo3'] );
Route::get( 'demo4/', [DemoController::class, 'demo4'] );
Route::get( 'demo5/', [DemoController::class, 'demo5'] );
Route::get( 'demo6/', [DemoController::class, 'demo6'] );
Route::get( 'demo8/', [DemoController::class, 'demo7'] );
Route::get( 'demo9/', [DemoController::class, 'demo9'] );
Route::get( 'demo10/', [DemoController::class, 'demo10'] );
Route::get( 'demo11/', [DemoController::class, 'demo10'] );
Route::get( 'demo11/', [DemoController::class, 'demo11'] );
```

Working with Laravel Request

Request Route Methods:

- GET
- POST
- PUT
- PATCH
- DELETE

```
namespace App\Http\Controllers;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;

class RequestResponseLearningController extends Controller {
```

```
public function demo12( Request $request ) {
        $name = $request->name;
        $age = $request->age;
       return response( ['name' => $name, 'age' => $age] );
    }
    public function demo13( Request $request ) {
        return response( $request->input() );
    }
    public function demo14( Request $request ) {
        return response( $request->input( "firstName" ) );
       // return response( $request->firstName );
    }
    // with header
    public function demo15( Request $request ) {
        return response( $request->header() );
       // for specific header
       // return response( $request->header( "token" ) );
    }
   // query string
   public function demo16( Request $request ) {
        return response( $request->query() );
        // for specific
        // return response( $request->query( "name1" ) );
   }
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo12/{name}/{age}/', [RequestResponseLearningController::class,
   'demo12'] );
Route::get( 'demo13/', [RequestResponseLearningController::class, 'demo13'] );
Route::get( 'demo14/', [RequestResponseLearningController::class, 'demo14'] );
Route::get( 'demo15/', [RequestResponseLearningController::class, 'demo15'] );
Route::get( 'demo16/', [RequestResponseLearningController::class, 'demo16'] );
```

for demo12 url : http://127.0.0.1:8000/demo12/John/Doe

for demo16 url: http://127.0.0.1:8000/demo16?id1=1&id2=2&name1=John&name2=Doe

Working with multipart form data (Files with request):

working with file (getting the file, size of the file, original/temporary name of the file, extension):

```
// picking a image file
        $photo = $request->file( 'image' );
        // size of the file
        $fileSize = $photo->getSize();
        // getting original name of the file
        $fileOriginalName = $photo->getClientOriginalName();
        // getting temporary name of the file
        $fileTemporaryName = $photo->getFilename();
        // getting file extension
        $fileExtensionWithExtension
                                                     = $photo->extension();
        $fileExtensionWithGetClientOriginalExtension = $photo-
>getClientOriginalExtension();
        return response( [
            'fileSize'
                                                          => $fileSize,
            'fileOriginalName'
                                                          => $fileOriginalName,
            'fileTemporaryName'
                                                          => $fileTemporaryName,
            'fileExtensionWithExtension'
$fileExtensionWithExtension,
            'fileExtensionWithGetClientOriginalExtension' =>
$fileExtensionWithGetClientOriginalExtension,
        ]);
    }
Route::post( 'demo20/', [WorkingWithMultipartformdataController::class, 'demo20']
);
```

public function demo20(Request \$request) {

Binary File Response:

```
public function demo29() {

    // getting the saved file path
    $filePath = "image.png";

    // to preview the file
    return response()->file( $filePath );
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo29/', [WorkingWithRedirectionController::class, 'demo29'] );
```

Binary File Download Response:

```
public function demo30() {

    // getting the saved file path
    $filePath = "image.png";

    // to download the file
    return response()->download( $filePath );
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo30/', [WorkingWithRedirectionController::class, 'demo30'] );
```

Moving the files to Storage/Public directory:

```
public function demo21( Request $request ) {
       // picking a image file
        $image = $request->file( 'image' );
        // to store the file in storage directory, with storeAs() method
        // storeAs(directory: 'uploads', save with the name: $image-
>getClientOriginalName());
        $image->storeAs( 'uploads', $image->getClientOriginalName() );
        // to move the file in public directory, with move() method
        // move(directory: public_path(path: 'uploads' ), save with the name:
$image->getClientOriginalName() );
        $image->move( public_path( 'uploads' ), $image->getClientOriginalName()
);
        // keep that in mind, to save the file in both directory at once, first
execute for storage and then for public
        return true;
    }
```

```
Route::post( 'demo21/', [WorkingWithMultipartformdataController::class, 'demo21']
);
```

Laravel IP address and Content:

ip address (ip address with request):

```
public function demo22( Request $request ) {
    // picking a image file
    $ipAddress = $request->ip();
    return response( $ipAddress );
}
```

```
Route::post( 'demo22/', [WorkingWithMultipartformdataController::class, 'demo22']
);
```

Content Negotiations (Content Negotiations with request):

```
public function demo23( Request $request ) {

    // working with Content Negotiations
    // most of the time we use Accept header to pick the data format
    // there are many but mainly two types: text/html and application/json
    // mainly we work with application/json
    $acceptableContentTypes = $request->getAcceptableContentTypes();
    // will return an array with all the acceptable content types
    // for this case it will be [*/*], but we can even change this to
text/html or application/json etc, we can check on postman headers

    return response( $acceptableContentTypes );
}
```

```
Route::post( 'demo23/', [WorkingWithMultipartformdataController::class, 'demo23']
);
Route::post( 'demo24/', [WorkingWithMultipartformdataController::class, 'demo24']
);
```

Working with Cookie (cookie with request):

```
Route::post( 'demo25/', [WorkingWithMultipartformdataController::class, 'demo25']
);
```

Returning Response in JSON format:

```
Route::post( 'demo26/', [WorkingWithMultipartformdataController::class, 'demo26']
);
```

Redirecting a Response to one route to another route:

```
public function demo27() {
     return redirect( 'demo28/' );
}

public function demo28() {
    return response( 'hello world!' );
```

```
Route::get( 'demo27/', [WorkingWithRedirectionController::class, 'demo27'] );
Route::get( 'demo28/', [WorkingWithRedirectionController::class, 'demo28'] );
```

Setting Cookie:

}

```
public function demo31() {
       // generating and setting cookie
       $cookieName = 'Cookie_1';
       $cookieValue = 'Value_1';
       $cookieTimeInMin = 120;
       $path
                      = '/'; // will work on entire application
       $domain
                      = $_SERVER['SERVER_NAME']; // dynamically getting the
server name
       $secure
                      = false;
       $httpOnly
                      = true;
       return response( "hello" )->cookie( $cookieName, $cookieValue,
$cookieTimeInMin, $path, $domain, $secure, $httpOnly );
   }
```

```
Route::get( 'demo31/', [WorkingWithCookiesController::class, 'demo31'] );
```

Inserting Header:

```
public function demo32() {
    return response( "Hello" )
        ->header( 'key1', 'value1' )
        ->header( 'key2', 'value2' )
        ->header( 'key3', 'value3' );
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo32/', [RequestResponseLearningController::class, 'demo32'] );
```



```
public function demo33() {
      // go to views folder -> create component folder -> create home.blade.php
      return view( 'component.home' );
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo33/', [ViewController::class, 'demo33'] );
```

Session:

```
// to put a data in session
    public function sessionPut( Request $request ) {
        $email = $request->email;
        $request->session()->put( 'userEmail', $email );
        return true;
    }
    // to pull session data
    public function sessionPull( Request $request ) {
        // with pull method, session data can be retrieved only one time, then
that will be flushed
        $sessionPull = $request->session()->pull( 'userEmail', 'defualt' );
        return response( $sessionPull );
    }
    // to get session data
    public function sessionGet( Request $request ) {
        // with get method, session data can be retrieved many times, won't be
flushed
        $sessionGet = $request->session()->get( 'userEmail', 'defualt' );
        return response( $sessionGet );
    }
    // to forget a specific session data
    public function sessionForget( Request $request ) {
        $request->session()->forget( 'userEmail' );
        return true;
    }
    // to flush all session data
    public function sessionFlush( Request $request ) {
        $request->session()->flush();
```

```
return true;
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo35/{email}', [SessionController::class, 'sessionPut'] );
Route::get( 'demo36/', [SessionController::class, 'sessionPull'] );
Route::get( 'demo37/', [SessionController::class, 'sessionGet'] );
Route::get( 'demo38/', [SessionController::class, 'sessionForget'] );
Route::get( 'demo39/', [SessionController::class, 'sessionFlush'] );
```

Another:

```
public function setSession( Request $request )
{
   session()->put( 'name', 'john doe' );
   $request->session()->put( 'email', 'johndoe@gmail.com' );
   session( ['phone' => '0123456789'] );
   return response( 'session set' );
}
public function getSession( Request $request )
{
   $name = session()->get( 'name' );
   $email = $request->session()->get( 'email' );
   $phone = session( 'phone' );
   $age = session( 'age', 25 );
   return response( compact( 'name', 'email', 'phone', 'age' ) );
}
public function readInView( Request $request )
{
   $name = session()->get( 'name' );
   $email = $request->session()->get( 'email' );
   $phone = session( 'phone' );
   $age = session( 'age', 25 );
   return view( 'about', compact( 'name', 'email', 'phone', 'age' ) );
}
public function updateSession( Request $request )
{
   session()->put( 'name', 'jane doe' );
   $request->session()->put( 'email', 'janedoe@gmail.com' );
   session( [
        'phone' => '0123456788',
```

```
Route::get( 'demo/', [DemoController::class, 'setSession'] );
Route::get( 'demo2/', [DemoController::class, 'getSession'] );
Route::get( 'demo4/', [DemoController::class, 'readInView'] );
Route::get( 'demo5/', [DemoController::class, 'updateSession'] );
Route::get( 'demo6/', [DemoController::class, 'destroySession'] );
```

Session With Flash (Will execute only one time after hitting the route):

```
// for this, only one time use available, after hitting the route, for first
time, the flash message will be shown, for next time, that will be gone
    public function setSessionFLashMessage( Request $request )
    {
        session()->flash( 'message', 'a flash message' );
        $request->session()->flash( 'error', 'an error flash message' );
        session( ['phone' => '0123456789'] );
       return response( 'flash message set' );
    }
    public function getSessionFlashMessage( Request $request )
    {
        $message = session()->get( 'message' );
        $error = $request->session()->get( 'error' );
        return response( compact( 'message', 'error' ) );
    }
    public function flash()
```

```
return view( 'flash' );
}
```

flash.blade.php -

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="ie=edge">
   <title>Read Flash</title>
</head>
<body>
   <h1>Read Flash</h1>
   @if (session('message'))
       {{ session('message') }}
   @else
       No message
   @endif
</body>
</html>
```

```
Route::get( 'demo7/', [DemoController::class, 'setSessionFLashMessage'] );
Route::get( 'demo8/', [DemoController::class, 'getSessionFlashMessage'] );
Route::get( 'demo9/', [DemoController::class, 'flash'] );
```

Logging:

```
public function demo34( Request $request ) {
    $num1 = $request->num1;
    $num2 = $request->num2;
    $sum = $num1 + $num2;

    Log::info( $sum );
    Log::error( $sum );
    Log::warning( $sum );

    return response( $sum );
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo34/{num1}/{num2}', [LogController::class, 'demo34'] );
```

Another:

Middleware:

How we define middleware:

- First we create middleware
- Define the logics in that middleware
- Create alias of that middleware class, or give a name of that middleware class, in bootstrap folder -> app.php file
- Then we call that middleware by that alias name, with the routes at the end, or we can even create groups

php artisan make:middleware 'miidlewareName'

php artisan make:middleware DemoMiddleware

with Header property check:

```
<?php
namespace App\Http\Middleware;
use Closure;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
class DemoMiddleware {
   /**
     * Handle an incoming request.
     * @param \Closure(\Illuminate\Http\Request):
(\Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response) $next
    */
    public function handle( Request $request, Closure $next ): Response {
        $key = $request->header( 'apiKey' );
// condition to check
        if ( $key == 1234 ) {
           return $next( $request );
        } else {
            return response()->json( 'unauthorized', 401 );
        }
```

```
}
}
```

```
class MiddlewareController extends Controller {

   public function demo40() {

      return "hello";

   }
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo40/', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo40'] )->middleware(
[DemoMiddleware::class] );
```

Redirection with middleware:

```
public function handle( Request $request, Closure $next ): Response {
    $key = $request->key;

// condition to check
    if ( $key == 1234 ) {
        return $next( $request );
    } else {
        return redirect( 'demo41/' );
    }
}
```

```
public function demo40() {
    return "hello1";
}

public function demo41() {
    return "hello2";
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo40/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo40'] )-
>middleware( [DemoMiddleware::class] );
```

```
Route::get( 'demo41/', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo41'] );
```

Middleware Groups:

Directly declaring the class:

```
// directly declaring the class
Route::middleware( [DemoMiddleware::class] )->group( function () {
    Route::get( 'demo41/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo41'] );
    Route::get( 'demo42/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo42'] );
    Route::get( 'demo43/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo43'] );
    Route::get( 'demo44/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo44'] );
} );
```

Using the alias name, after declared the class in the app.php

```
// using the alias name, after declared the class in the app.php
Route::middleware( ['demoMiddleware'] )->group( function () {
    Route::get( 'demo41/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo41'] );
    Route::get( 'demo42/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo42'] );
    Route::get( 'demo43/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo43'] );
    Route::get( 'demo44/{key}', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo44'] );
} );
```

With alias(),

```
//
} )->create();
```

to apply middleware in all routes declared in web.php or api.php (go to bootstrap file -> app.php file):

```
<?php
use Illuminate\Foundation\Application;
use App\Http\Middleware\DemoMiddleware;
use Illuminate\Foundation\Configuration\Exceptions;
use Illuminate\Foundation\Configuration\Middleware;
return Application::configure( basePath: dirname( __DIR__ ) )
    ->withRouting(
        web: __DIR__ . '/../routes/web.php',
        commands: __DIR__ . '/../routes/console.php',
        health: '/up',
    )
    ->withMiddleware( function ( Middleware $middleware ) {
        $middleware->web( append: [
            'demoMiddleware' => DemoMiddleware::class,
        1);
        $middleware->api( prepend: [
             'demoMiddleware' => DemoMiddleware::class,
         ]);
    } )
    ->withExceptions( function ( Exceptions $exceptions ) {
       //
    } )->create();
```

Manipulate Headers in Middleware:

Adding Header in middleware:

```
<?php

namespace App\Http\Middleware;

use Closure;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;

class DemoMiddleware {
    /**
    * Handle an incoming request.
    *
</pre>
```

```
public function demo45( Request $request ) {
    return $request->header();
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo45', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo45'] )->middleware(
[DemoMiddleware::class] );
```

Replacing Header in middleware:

```
<?php
namespace App\Http\Middleware;
use Closure;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
class DemoMiddleware {
     * Handle an incoming request.
     * @param \Closure(\Illuminate\Http\Request):
(\Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response) $next
    */
    public function handle( Request $request, Closure $next ): Response {
        //Replacing header from middleware, after hitting the route, it will come
to middleware and this header will be replaced, to that previously set header
        $request->headers->replace( ['email' => 'john@gmail.com'] );
        return $next( $request );
   }
}
```

```
public function demo45( Request $request ) {
    return $request->header();
```

```
Route::get( 'demo45', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo45'] )->middleware(
[DemoMiddleware::class] );
```

Removing Header in middleware:

```
<?php
namespace App\Http\Middleware;
use Closure;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
class DemoMiddleware {
     * Handle an incoming request.
     * @param \Closure(\Illuminate\Http\Request):
(\Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response) $next
    public function handle( Request $request, Closure $next ): Response {
        //Removing header from middleware, after hitting the route, it will come
to middleware and this previously set header will be removed
        $request->headers->remove( 'email' ); // for removing, we need to only
set the key
        return $next( $request );
   }
}
```

```
public function demo45( Request $request ) {
    return $request->header();
}
```

```
Route::get( 'demo45', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo45'] )->middleware(
[DemoMiddleware::class] );
```

Throttle: Request rate limiting in middleware (for one route):

```
public function demo46() {
    return "hello";
}
```

```
// This was for working with only one route
Route::get( 'demo46', [MiddlewareController::class, 'demo46'] )->middleware(
'throttle:5,1' );
```

Example of group middleware with throttle:

```
Route::middleware( 'throttle:5,1' )->group( function ()
{
   Route::get( 'demo/', [DemoController::class, 'setSession'] );
   Route::get( 'demo2/', [DemoController::class, 'getSession'] );
   Route::get( 'demo3/', [DemoController::class, 'readAgain'] );
   Route::get( 'demo4/', [DemoController::class, 'readInView'] );
   Route::get( 'demo5/', [DemoController::class, 'updateSession'] );
   Route::get( 'demo6/', [DemoController::class, 'destroySession'] );
   Route::get( 'demo7/', [DemoController::class, 'setSessionFlashMessage'] );
   Route::get( 'demo8/', [DemoController::class, 'getSessionFlashMessage'] );
   Route::get( 'demo9/', [DemoController::class, 'flash'] );
   Route::get( '/viewForm', [FormController::class, 'viewForm'] );
   Route::post( '/submitForm', [FormController::class, 'submitForm'] )->name(
'submitForm' );
} );
```

Request rate limiting in middleware (for entire application, web.php):

Constructor in Controller:

As we all know, constructors executed by themselves automatically at the beginning, no need to call particularly. We can define middleware through these constructors. Like - if we want that a middleware will work only in a specific controller, then for that controller we can add that middleware, no need to add middleware with the routes particularly.

Controller Types:

Basic Controller

```
Route::get( 'demo47/{name}', [BasicController::class, 'demo47'] );
```

- Single Action Controller: There will be only one function and it's executed by a method called _invoke()__:
- php artisan make:controller SingleActionController --invokable

```
ramespace App\Http\Controllers;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;

class BasicController extends Controller {
    public function demo47( Request $request ) {
        $name = $request->name;
        return response( $name );
    }
}
```

In route, no need to take an array [] to pass the controller class and the method. Here for this, just we need to mention the class.

```
Route::get( 'demo47/{name}', SingleActionController::class );
```

- Resource Controller: There will be generated all the methods, which we need for CRUD operations
- php artisan make:controller ResourceController --resource

```
<?php
namespace App\Http\Controllers;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
class ResourceController extends Controller
{
   /**
    * Display a listing of the resource.
    public function index()
      //
    }
    /**
    * Show the form for creating a new resource.
    */
    public function create()
    {
      //
    }
    /**
    * Store a newly created resource in storage.
    public function store( Request $request )
    {
      //
    }
    * Display the specified resource.
    public function show( string $id )
    {
      //
    }
    * Show the form for editing the specified resource.
```

In route, no need to take an array [] to pass the controller class and the method. Here for this, just we need to mention the class and the basic endpoint, rest resource method will generate automatically. Keep that in mind, methods generated in ResourceController should not be changed at any cost, otherwise routes won't work.

```
Route::resource( 'demo49/', ResourceController::class );
```

Route Lists for that ResourceController:

```
GET | HEAD
          demo49 .
ResourceController@index
 POST
            demo49
                ..... store >
ResourceController@store
 GET | HEAD
            demo49/create ..... create >
ResourceController@create
 GET | HEAD
            demo49/{} ..... show >
ResourceController@show
 PUT | PATCH
            demo49/{} ..... update >
ResourceController@update
 DELETE
            demo49/{} ..... destroy >
ResourceController@destroy
 GET | HEAD
            demo49/{}/edit ..... edit >
ResourceController@edit
```

Blade:

in demo51.blade.php in views folder:

```
Route::get( 'demo51/', [BladeController::class, 'demo51'] );
```

Validation:

```
public function viewForm()
       return view( 'form' );
    }
   public function submitForm( Request $request )
    {
        $request->validate( [
            'name'
                                    => 'required|min:3',
            'email'
                                    => 'required|email',
            'password'
                                    => 'required|min:4',
            'password_confirmation' => 'required|same:password',
        ]);
        return response( 'form submitted successfully' );
    }
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="ie=edge">
   <title>Form</title>
</head>
<body>
   <h1>Form</h1>
    <form action="{{ route('submitForm') }}" method="POST">
        @csrf
        <label for="name">Name:</label>
        <input type="text" name="name" id="name" placeholder="Name" value="{{</pre>
old('name') }}">
       @error('name')
            {{ $message }}
       @enderror
        <label for="email">Email:</label>
        <input type="email" name="email" id="email" placeholder="Email" value="{{</pre>
old('email') }}">
        @error('email')
            {{ $message }}
        @enderror
```

```
<label for="password">Password:</label>
        <input type="password" name="password" id="password"</pre>
placeholder="Password" value="{{ old('password') }}">
        @error('password')
            {{ $message }}
        @enderror
        <label for="password_confirmation"></label>
        <input type="password" name="password_confirmation"</pre>
id="password confirmation"
            placeholder="Password Confirmation" value="{{
old('password confirmation') }}">
        @error('password_confirmation')
            {{ $message }}
        @enderror
        <button type="submit">Submit</button>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

```
Route::get( '/viewForm', [FormController::class, 'viewForm'] );
Route::post( '/submitForm', [FormController::class, 'submitForm'] )->name(
'submitForm' );
```

Migration:

Commands:

Create a new table:

php artisan make:migration create_tableName

Add a new column:

php artisan make:migration add column to tableName

Rename column:

php artisan make:migration rename_column_to_tableName

Update a column like rename column:

php artisan make:migration update_column_to_tableName

Remove a column:

php artisan make:migration remove_column_from_tableName

Drop a column:

php artisan make:migration drop column from profiles

Drop a table:

php artisan make:migration drop_tableName

Drop all tables:

php artisan migrate:reset

Available Column Types:

https://laravel.com/docs/11.x/migrations#available-column-types

Available Column Modifiers/Attributes:

https://laravel.com/docs/11.x/migrations#column-modifiers

Available Relationship Contraints:

https://laravel.com/docs/11.x/migrations#foreign-key-constraints

Table Creation:

```
php artisan make:migration create_profiles
```

```
<?php
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
return new class extends Migration
{
    /**
    * Run the migrations.
    */
    public function up(): void
        Schema::create( 'profiles', function ( Blueprint $table )
        {
            $table->bigIncrements( 'id' );
            $table->boolean( 'isBangladeshi' );
            $table->bigInteger( 'votes' );
            $table->mediumInteger( 'medium' );
            $table->smallInteger( 'small' );
            $table->tinyInteger( 'tiny' );
            $table->decimal( 'decimal', 5, 2 );
            $table->binary( 'image' );
            $table->char( 'name', 50 );
```

```
$table->dateTime( 'votingDateTime' );
            $table->time( 'votingTime' );
            $table->timestamp( 'votingTimestamp' );
            $table->date( 'votingDate' );
            $table->double( 'people' );
            $table->enum( 'group', ['male', 'female'] );
            $table->float( 'dollar' );
            $table->geometry( 'positions' );
            $table->ipAddress( 'ipAddress' );
            $table->integer( 'age' );
            $table->json( 'data' );
            $table->longText( 'description' );
            $table->mediumText( 'text' );
            $table->unsignedBigInteger( 'user id' );
            $table->unsignedInteger( 'post_id' );
            $table->unsignedMediumInteger( 'medium int' );
            $table->unsignedSmallInteger( 'small_int' );
            $table->unsignedTinyInteger( 'tiny_int' );
            $table->text( 'body' );
            $table->tinyText( 'title' );
            $table->timestamps();
        } );
    }
    * Reverse the migrations.
    public function down(): void
    {
        Schema::dropIfExists( 'profiles' );
    }
};
```

```
php artisan migrate
```

More:

```
$table->bigIncrements( 'id' );

$table->string( 'email', 50 )->unique();
$table->string( 'firstName', 50 );
$table->string( 'lastName', 50 )->nullable();
$table->string( 'country', 50 )->default( 'Bangladesh' );

$table->boolean( 'isBangladeshi' );
$table->bigInteger( 'votes' );
```

```
$table->mediumInteger( 'medium' );
            $table->smallInteger( 'small' );
            $table->tinyInteger( 'tiny' );
            $table->decimal( 'decimal', 5, 2 );
            $table->binary( 'image' );
            $table->dateTime( 'votingDateTime' );
            $table->time( 'votingTime' );
            $table->timestamp( 'votingTimestamp' );
            $table->date( 'votingDate' );
            $table->double( 'people' );
            $table->enum( 'group', ['male', 'female'] );
            $table->float( 'dollar' );
            $table->geometry( 'positions' );
            $table->ipAddress( 'ipAddress' );
            $table->integer( 'age' );
            $table->json( 'data' );
            $table->longText( 'description' );
            $table->mediumText( 'text' );
            $table->unsignedBigInteger( 'user id' );
            $table->unsignedInteger( 'post_id' );
            $table->unsignedMediumInteger( 'medium int' );
            $table->unsignedSmallInteger( 'small_int' );
            $table->unsignedTinyInteger( 'tiny_int' );
            $table->text( 'body' );
            $table->tinyText( 'title' );
            $table->string( 'pinCode', 50 )->default( '1234' )->invisible();
            $table->timestamp( 'created_at' )->useCurrent();
            $table->timestamp( 'updated_at' )->useCurrent()-
>useCurrentOnUpdate();
```

```
php artisan migrate
```

Renaming Table Name:

```
php artisan make:migration rename_profiles
```

```
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;

return new class extends Migration
{
```

```
/**
 * Run the migrations.
 */
public function up(): void
{
    Schema::rename( 'profiles', 'users' );
}

/**
 * Reverse the migrations.
 */
public function down(): void
{
    //
}
```

```
php artisan migrate
```

Dropping Table:

```
php artisan make:migration drop_greetings
```

```
verification
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;

return new class extends Migration
{
    /**
    * Run the migrations.
    */
    public function up(): void
    {
        Schema::dropIfExists( 'greetings' );
    }

    /**
    * Reverse the migrations.
    */
    public function down(): void
    {
        //
}
```

```
};
```

```
php artisan migrate
```

Adding a new column:

```
php artisan make:migration add_column_to_profiles
```

```
<?php
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
return new class extends Migration
{
    /**
    * Run the migrations.
    public function up(): void
    {
        Schema::table( 'profiles', function ( Blueprint $table )
            $table->after( 'name', function ( Blueprint $table )
            {
                $table->string( 'address' )->nullable();
                $table->string( 'phone' )->nullable()->unique();
            } );
        } );
    }
    /**
    * Reverse the migrations.
    public function down(): void
    {
        Schema::table( 'profiles', function ( Blueprint $table )
            //
        } );
    }
};
```

Renaming Column:

install this package for any column renaming version dependencies:

php artisan migrate

Drop a column:

```
php artisan make:migration drop_column_from_profiles
```

```
public function up(): void
{
    Schema::table( 'profiles', function ( Blueprint $table )
    {
        $table->dropColumn( 'fullName' );
        // can even drop multiple, for this, use an array
        // $table->dropColumn( ['address', 'phone'] );
    } );
}
```

```
php artisan migrate
```

Relationships:

