# **Electric Material**

# Current (1)

Current Type

$$I = \frac{dQ}{dt} = \int_{S} \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{S} = \int_{L} \vec{K} \cdot dL \vec{a}_{N}$$

*I* : Current (A)

 $\vec{J}$ : Current density (A/m<sup>2</sup>)

 $\vec{K}$ : Surface current (A/m)

# Current (2)

Current Density

$$\vec{J} = \rho_{v} \vec{v}$$

 $\rho_{v}$ : Volume charge density (C/m<sup>3</sup>)

 $\vec{v}$ : Charge velocity (m/s)

Continuity of Current

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{J} = -\frac{\partial \rho_{v}}{\partial t}$$

#### Conductor

Conductor Characteristic

$$\vec{J} = \sigma \vec{E}$$

Conductivity and Resistivity

$$\sigma = \frac{1}{\rho}$$

 $\sigma$ : Conductivity (S/m)

 $\rho$ : Resistivety ( $\Omega/m$ )

# Dielectric (1)

Dipole Moment <sub>F</sub>

$$\vec{p} = Q_b \vec{d}$$

$$\vec{p} = Q_b \vec{d}$$

$$\vec{p} = D_b \vec{d}$$

$$\vec{p} = Q_b \vec{d}$$

 $\vec{p}$ : Dipole moment (C·m)

 $\vec{p}_{total}$ : Total dipole moment (C·m)

 $\vec{P}$ : Polarization (C/m<sup>2</sup>)

Q<sub>b</sub>: Bound charge (C)

d: Distance form negative to positive charge (m)

# Dielectric (2)

Dielectric Characteristic

$$\vec{D} = \varepsilon_r \varepsilon_0 \vec{E} = \varepsilon \vec{E}$$

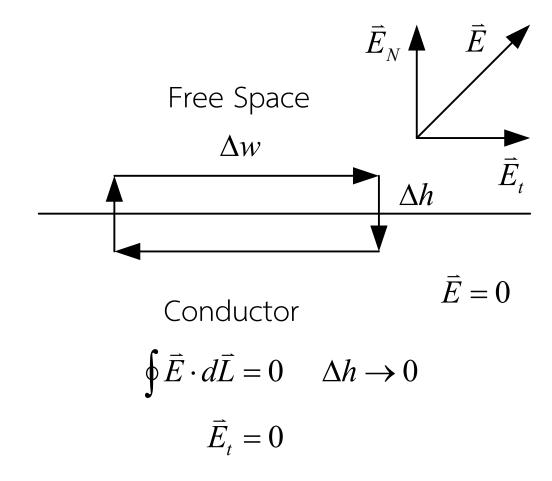
 $\varepsilon = \varepsilon_r \varepsilon_0$ : Permittivity (F/m)

 $\varepsilon_r$ : Relative permittivity or dielectric constant

# Electric Boundary Condition and Capacitance

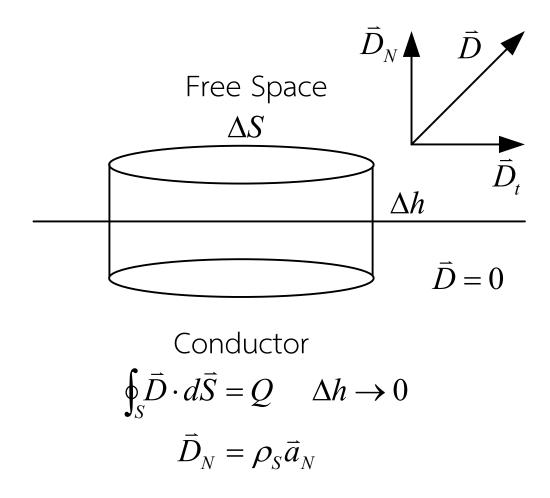
#### Boundary Condition of Conductor (1)

Tangent



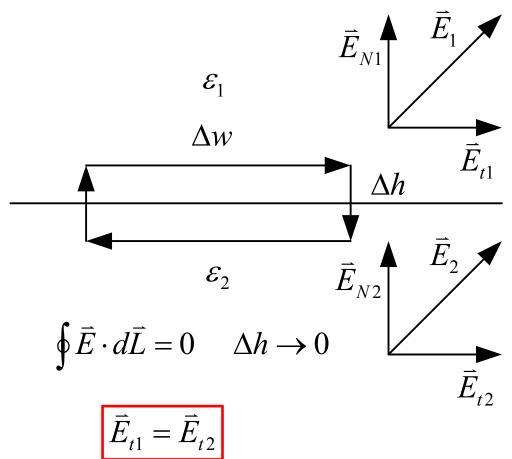
#### **Boundary Condition of Conductor (2)**

#### Normal



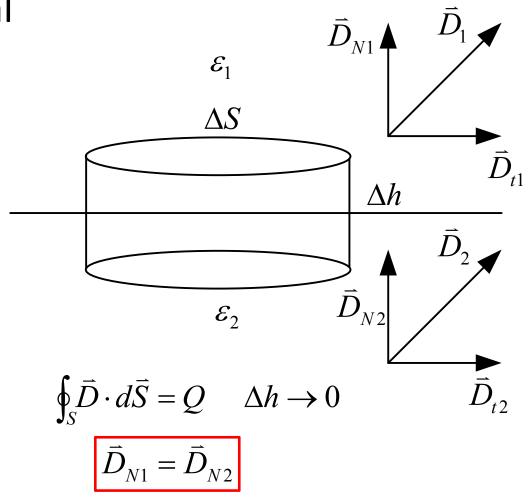
# Boundary Condition of Dielectric (1)

Tangent



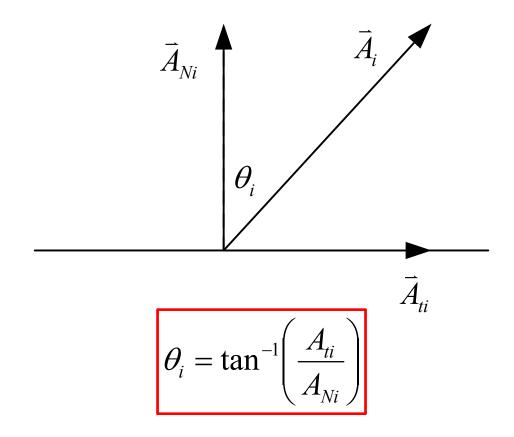
# Boundary Condition of Dielectric (2)

Normal



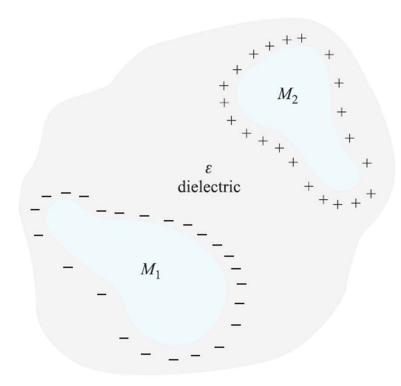
# **Boundary Condition Dielectric (3)**

Angle



A: E or D, i: 1 or 2

# Capacitance



$$C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

C: Capacitance (F)

### Example

กำหนดให้บริเวณที่ 1 ( z>0 ) มี  $\varepsilon_{r1}=10$  และบริเวณที่ 2 ( z<0 ) มี  $\varepsilon_{r2}=7$  มี  $\vec{E}_2=20\vec{a}_x-50\vec{a}_y+100\vec{a}_z$  V/m จงหา  $\vec{E}_1$  ,  $\vec{D}_1$  ,  $\vec{D}_2$  ,  $\theta_1$  ,  $\theta_2$ 

# Solution (1)

หา 
$$ar{D}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 2}$$
 ได้

$$\begin{split} \vec{D}_2 &= \varepsilon_{r2} \varepsilon_0 \vec{E}_2 \\ &= 7 \times \frac{1}{36\pi} \times 10^{-9} \times \left( 20\vec{a}_x - 50\vec{a}_y + 100\vec{a}_z \right) \\ &= 1.24\vec{a}_x - 3.09\vec{a}_y + 6.19\vec{a}_z \text{ nC/m}^2 \end{split}$$

พิจารณาในแนวสัมผัส

$$\vec{E}_{t1} = \vec{E}_{t2}$$

$$= 20\vec{a}_x - 50\vec{a}_y \text{ V/m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\vec{D}_{t1} &= \varepsilon_{r1} \varepsilon_0 \vec{E}_{t1} \\
&= 10 \times \frac{1}{36\pi} \times 10^{-9} \times \left(20\vec{a}_x - 50\vec{a}_y\right) \\
&= 1.77\vec{a}_x - 4.42\vec{a}_y \text{ nC/m}^2
\end{aligned}$$

# Solution (2)

พิจารณาในแนวตั้งฉาก  $\vec{D}_{N1} = \vec{D}_{N2} = 6.19\vec{a}_z \text{ nC/m}^2$  $\vec{E}_{N1} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon_{r1}\varepsilon_0} \vec{D}_N = \frac{1}{10 \times \frac{1}{36\pi} \times 10^{-9}} \times 6.19 \times 10^{-9} \vec{a}_z$  $= 70.01\bar{a}_z \text{ V/m}$ จะได้  $\vec{E}_1 = \vec{E}_{t1} + \vec{E}_{N1}$  $=20\vec{a}_{x}-50\vec{a}_{y}+70.01\vec{a}_{z}$  V/m  $\vec{D}_{N1} = \vec{D}_{t1} + \vec{D}_{N1}$  $=1.77\vec{a}_x - 4.42\vec{a}_v + 6.19\vec{a}_z$  nC/m<sup>2</sup>

# Solution (3)

หามุมได้

$$\theta_1 = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{Et_1}{E_{N1}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{20^2 + (-50)^2}}{70.01} \right)$$
$$= 37.57^{\circ}$$

$$\theta_2 = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{Et_2}{E_{N2}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{20^2 + (-50)^2}}{100} \right)$$

$$= 28.30^{\circ}$$

#### Quiz 4

กำหนดให้บริเวณที่ 1 ( 
$$z>0$$
 ) มี  $\varepsilon_{r1}=10$  และบริเวณที่ 2 (  $z<0$  ) มี  $\varepsilon_{r2}=7$  มี  $\bar{E}_1=20\bar{a}_x-50\bar{a}_y+100\bar{a}_z$  V/m จงหา  $\bar{E}_2$  ,  $\bar{D}_1$  ,  $\bar{D}_2$  ,  $\theta_1$  ,  $\theta_2$ 

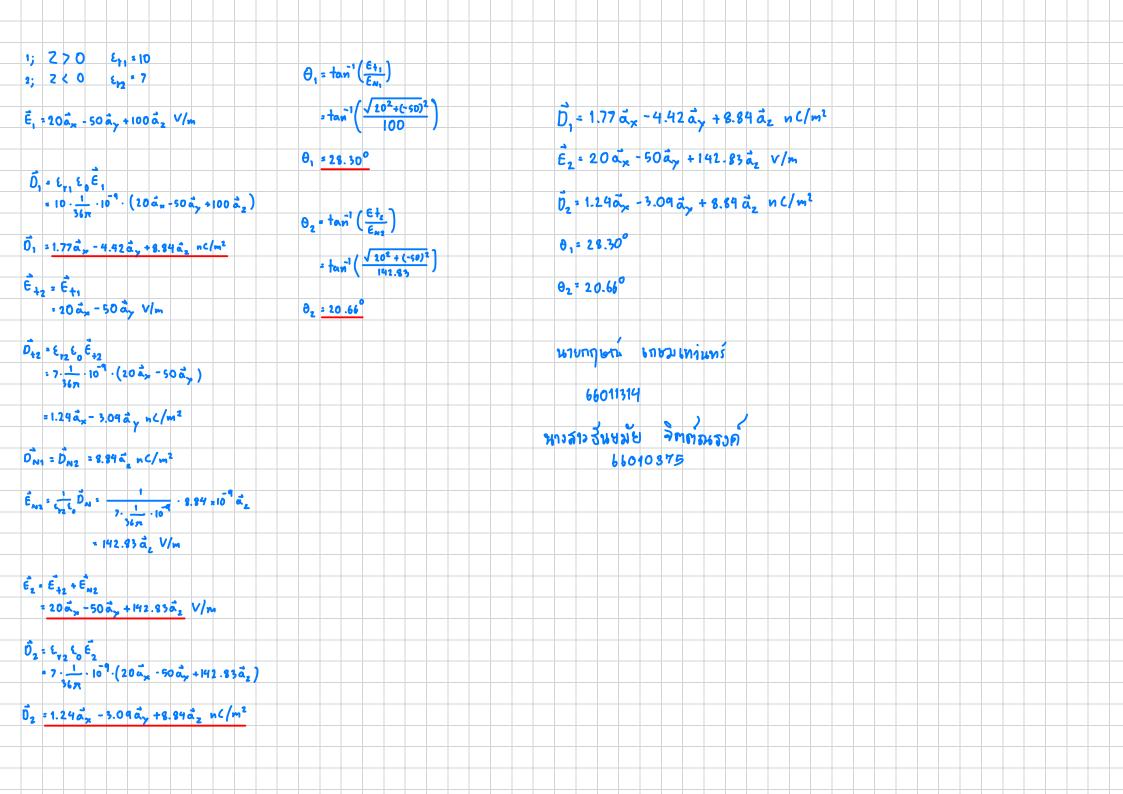
$$\bar{D}_{1} = 1.77\bar{a}_{x} - 4.42\bar{a}_{y} + 8.84\bar{a}_{z} \text{ nC/m}^{2}$$

$$\bar{E}_{2} = 20\bar{a}_{x} - 50\bar{a}_{y} + 142.83\bar{a}_{z} \text{ V/m}$$

$$\bar{D}_{2} = 1.24\bar{a}_{x} - 3.09\bar{a}_{y} + 8.84\bar{a}_{z} \text{ nC/m}^{2}$$

$$\theta_{1} = 28.30^{\circ}$$

$$\theta_{2} = 20.66^{\circ}$$



# Assignment 4

กำหนดให้บริเวณที่ 1 ( y>0 ) มี  $\varepsilon_{r1}=6$  และบริเวณที่ 2 ( y<0 ) มี  $\varepsilon_{r2}=3$  มี  $\bar{D}_2=2\bar{a}_x-\bar{a}_y+3\bar{a}_z$  nC/m² จงหา  $\bar{E}_1$  ,  $\bar{D}_1$  ,  $\bar{E}_2$  ,  $\theta_1$  ,  $\theta_2$ 

$$\begin{split} \vec{E}_2 &= 75.40\vec{a}_x - 37.70\vec{a}_y + 113.10\vec{a}_z \text{ V/m} \\ \vec{E}_1 &= 75.40\vec{a}_x - 18.85\vec{a}_y + 113.10\vec{a}_z \text{ V/m} \\ \vec{D}_1 &= 4.00\vec{a}_x - 1.00\vec{a}_y + 6.00\vec{a}_z \text{ nC/m}^2 \\ \theta_1 &= 82.10^\circ \\ \theta_2 &= 74.50^\circ \end{split}$$

