

2014

(First Semester)

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Paper No: MCA 104

(Digital Fundamentals)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

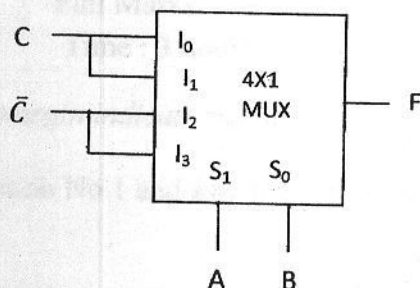
*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*Answer Question No 1 and **any four** from the rest

1. (a) Define:
 - (i) Registers
 - (ii) RAM
- (b) Design a half subtractor with truth table.
- (c) Give the comparison between BJT and FET.
- (d) Simplify the logical expression $f(A,B,C) = \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + \bar{A}BC + A\bar{B}\bar{C}$.
- (e) What are comparators? Write down the truth table for one bit magnitude comparator.
- (f) What do you mean by doping? Explain the types of semiconductors. **(6X2=12)**

2. (a) What is a decoder? Draw the logic diagram, truth table and expression for a 3-to-8 line decoder (1+5=6)
- (b) Draw and explain the functional block diagram of 555 Timer. (6)
3. (a) Explain in detail J-K flip-flop. (4)
- (b) Give the relation between current gains ' α ' and ' β ' for both common base and common emitter BJT. (4)
- (c) Explain the free-running Multivibrator. (4)
4. (a) Implement $F = \sum m(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 14, 15)$ using 8x1 MUX. (6)
- (b) Explain in detail the 4-bit binary ripple counter. (6)
5. (a) Explain the Enhancement mode MOSFET in detail. (6)
- (b) Implement carry look ahead adder with logic diagram and logical expression. (6)
6. (a) What are combinational circuits and sequential circuits? (2)

(b) Explain the forward and reverse bias of a pn junction diode with circuit diagram. (6)

(c) Find the output F of the 4x1 MUX (4)



7. Differentiate between:

(a) Monostable Multivibrator and Astable Multivibrator. (6)

(b) Synchronous Counter and Asynchronous Counter. (6)

8. (a) Explain in detail the Master-Slave J-K flip-flop. (6)

(b) Calculate the upper threshold voltage (V_{UT}) and lower threshold voltage (V_{LT}) in a Schmitt Trigger circuit if $V_{sat} = 13\text{ V}$, $R_1 = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ and $R_2 = 100\Omega$. (4)

(c) Draw the circuit diagram of a 3-bit parallel comparator A/D converter. (2)