Ví dụ về biến tĩnh static: Counter1.java

```
public class Counter1 {
    static int count = 0;
    public void pt1()
    {
        count++;
        System.out.println(count);
    }
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Counter1 cl = new Counter1(); cl.pt1();
        Counter1 c2 = new Counter1(); c2.pt1();
        Counter1 c3 = new Counter1(); c3.pt1();
    }
}
// 1
// 2
// 3
```

Ví dụ về biến static: Student.java

```
] public class Student (
       int id;
       String name;
       static String college = "Dai hoc Bach Khoa";
 6
      // phuong thuc khoi tao Constructor
                Student(int id, String name) [
 Ġ
           this.id = id;
           this.name = name;
     )
      void display() (
           System.out.println(id + " - " + name + " - " + college);
14
      public static void main (String args[]) {
        Student s1 - new Student(888, "MaiHa");
Student s2 - new Student(999, "HaoMinh");
16
           sl.display();
                                  s2.display();
```

Ví dụ về phương thức static truy cập biến tĩnh static: Student 1. java

```
1 public class Student1 (
       int id;
       String name:
       static String college = "Dai hoc Bach Khoa";// bien static
            static void change() {
                college = "DHBK";)
       Studentl(int id, String name) (
           this.id = id; this.name = name; ]
 9
        void display() {
           System.out.println(id + " - " + name + " - " + college);
      public static void main (String args[]) {
              Studentl.change(); // thay doi gia tri bien static
           Student1 s1 - new Student1(888, "TueNhi");
Student1 s2 - new Student1(999, "TueNghi");
14
16
             sl.display(); s2.display();
```

Ví dụ về phương thức static truy cập biến non-static: Disadvantage.java

```
class Disadvantage (
int a = 40;// non-static
public static void show()

(
System.out.println(a);// loi
public static void main(String args[]) (
Disadvantage dt-new Disadvantage();
dt.show();

)

// Compile Time Error
```

Ví dụ về khối lệnh static: Student2.java

```
public class Student2 {
    static {
        System.out.println("Khoi static: Hello !");//khoi lénh {..}
    }

public static void main(String a[])

{
        System.out.println("Main: Xin chao !");
    }

// Khoi static: Hello !

// Main: Xin chao !
```

Ví dụ về khối lệnh static không có phương thức main(): Student3.java

```
public class Student3 (
    static (
        System.out.println("static block is invoked");
        System.exit(0);
    )
    // TH < jdk7: static block is invoked
    // TH >= jdk7: Error
    // Main method not found in class Student3, please define the main
    // public static void main(String[] args)
```