1

Scope & Objectives of FM



CHAPTER

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

t deci	sion
(b)	Financing decision
(<i>d</i>)	All of above
(b)	From where to borrow
(<i>d</i>)	None of above
(b)	From where to borrow
(<i>d</i>)	None of above
(b)	From where to borrow
(<i>d</i>)	None of above
on sl	hort term
(b)	Wealth maximization
(<i>d</i>)	None of above
nize	risk-return relationships
(b)	Wealth maximization
(<i>d</i>)	None of above
gnize	the effect of all future cash flows, dividend
(b)	Wealth maximization
(<i>d</i>)	None of above
are ii	nter-related to each other?
(b)	False
(<i>d</i>)	Partially false
	(b) (d) (b) (d) (b) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d

9.	Which of following position is goods for a busing	ness?	
	(a) High risk	(b)	High return
	(c) Risk-return	(<i>d</i>)	No risk
10.	is concerned with the acquisition, financi	ng, ar	nd management of assets with some overal
	goal in mind.		
	(a) Financial Management	(b)	Profit Maximization
	(c) Agency Theory	(<i>d</i>)	Social Responsibility
11.	is concerned with the maximization of a f	firms	earnings after taxes.
	(a) Shareholder wealth maximization	(b)	Profit maximization
	(c) Stakeholder maximization	(<i>d</i>)	EPS maximization
12.	The decision involves determining the apbalance sheet.	prop	riate make-up of the right-hand side of the
	(a) Asset management	(b)	Financing
	(c) Investment	(<i>d</i>)	Capital budgeting
13.	The long-run objective of financial managemen	it is to):
	(a) Maximize earnings per share	(b)	Maximize the value of the firms commor stock
	(c) Maximize return on investment	(<i>d</i>)	Maximize market share
14.	Which of the following is not an objective of fin	ancia	ıl management?
	(a) Maximization of wealth of shareholders	(b)	Maximization of profits
	(c) Mobilization of funds at an acceptable cost	(<i>d</i>)	Ensuring discipline in the organization.
15.	Which of the following is a function of the finar	nce m	anager?
	(a) Mobilizing funds	(b)	Risk returns trade off
	(c) Deployment of funds	(<i>d</i>)	All of above
16.	Focus of financial management is mainly conce	rned	with the decision related to:
	(a) Financing	(b)	Investing
	(c) Dividend	(<i>d</i>)	All of above
17 .	The main objective of financial management is	to:	
	(a) Secure profitability	(b)	Maximize shareholder wealth
	(c) Enhancing the cost of debt	(<i>d</i>)	None of above
18.	The shareholder value maximisation model holds	that 1	the primary goal of the firm is to maximise its
	(a) Accounting profit	(b)	
	(c) Market value	(<i>d</i>)	Working capital

wealth maximisation approach is based on the	conce	ept or:
(a) Cost benefit analysis	(b)	Cash flow approach
(c) Time value of money	(<i>d</i>)	All of the above
Management of all matters related to an organis	satior	n's finances is called:
(a) Cash inflows and outflows	(b)	Allocation of resources
(c) Financial management	(<i>d</i>)	Finance
Which of the following is the disadvantage of ha	ving	shareholders wealth maximisation goals?
(a) Emphasizes the short-term gains		
(b) Ignores the timing of returns		
(c) Requires immediate resources		
(d) Offers no clear relationship between financia	al de	cisions and share price
The most important goal of financial management	ent is:	:
(a) Profit maximisation	(b)	Matching income and expenditure
(c) Using business assets effectively	(<i>d</i>)	Wealth maximisation
To achieve wealth maximization, the finance ma	ınage	r has to take careful decision in respect of:
(a) Investment	(b)	Financing
(c) Dividend	(<i>d</i>)	All of the above
Early in the history of finance, an important issu	ıe wa	is:
(a) Liquidity	(b)	Technology
(c) Capital structure	(<i>d</i>)	Financing options
Which of the following are microeconomic variation of finance?	ables	that help define and explain the discipline
(a) Risk and return	(b)	Capital structure
(c) Inflation		All of the above
Financial management is mainly concerned with	h the	-
(a) Acquiring and developing assets to forfeit its	s ove	rall benefit
(b) Acquiring, financing and managing assets to a	ccom	plish the overall goal of a business enterprise
(c) Efficient management of the business		
(<i>d</i>) Sole objective of profit maximization		
Which of the following need not be followed by th shareholder's wealth?	e fina	nce manager for measuring and maximising
(a) Accounting profit analysis	(b)	Cash flow approach
(c) Cost benefit analysis	(<i>d</i>)	Application of time value of money
	(a) Cost benefit analysis (c) Time value of money Management of all matters related to an organis (a) Cash inflows and outflows (c) Financial management Which of the following is the disadvantage of hat (a) Emphasizes the short-term gains (b) Ignores the timing of returns (c) Requires immediate resources (d) Offers no clear relationship between financi The most important goal of financial management (a) Profit maximisation (c) Using business assets effectively To achieve wealth maximization, the finance mate (a) Investment (c) Dividend Early in the history of finance, an important issue (a) Liquidity (c) Capital structure Which of the following are microeconomic variate of finance? (a) Risk and return (c) Inflation Financial management is mainly concerned with (a) Acquiring and developing assets to forfeit itsue (b) Acquiring financing and managing assets to accomplete the following need not be followed by the shareholder's wealth? (a) Accounting profit analysis	(c) Time value of money (d) Management of all matters related to an organisation (a) Cash inflows and outflows (b) (c) Financial management (d) Which of the following is the disadvantage of having (a) Emphasizes the short-term gains (b) Ignores the timing of returns (c) Requires immediate resources (d) Offers no clear relationship between financial decomposition (d) The most important goal of financial management is (a) Profit maximisation (b) (c) Using business assets effectively (d) To achieve wealth maximization, the finance manage (a) Investment (b) (c) Dividend (d) Early in the history of finance, an important issue was (a) Liquidity (b) (c) Capital structure (d) Which of the following are microeconomic variables of finance? (a) (a) Risk and return (b) (c) Inflation (d) Financial management is mainly concerned with the (a) Acquiring and developing assets to forfeit its over (b) Acquiring, financing and managing assets to accomm (c) Efficient management of the business (d) Sole objective of profit maximization Which of the following need not be followed by the final s

Answer Key

	1. (<i>d</i>)	2. (a)	3. (b)	4. (c)	5. (a)	6. (b)	7. (b)	8. (a)	9. (c)	10. (a)
	11. (b)	12. (c)	13. (<i>b</i>)	14. (<i>d</i>)	15. (<i>d</i>)	16. (<i>d</i>)	17. (<i>b</i>)	18. (c)	19. (<i>d</i>)	20. (c)
ſ	21. (<i>d</i>)	22. (<i>d</i>)	23. (<i>d</i>)	24. (a)	25. (<i>d</i>)	26. (b)	27. (a)			