

Al Engineer PATH Project 5

Segment the customer base of an e-commerce Website

Axel Favreul

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1. Exploratory analysis

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3. Clusterisation exploration

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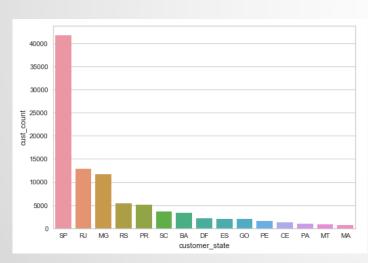
Dataset Overview



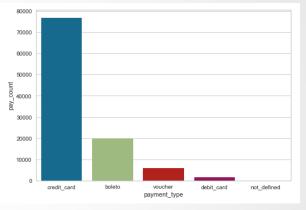
Olis wants to develop a customer segmentation that its marketing teams can use on a routine basis for their communication campaigns.

5 differents datasets containing:

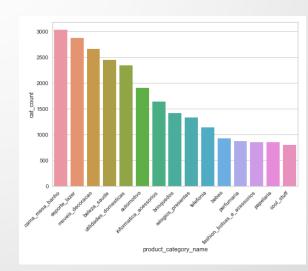
Information about customer, seller, product, order and payment.



Customer state distribution



Customer payment distribution



	order_status	status_count
3	delivered	96478
6	shipped	1107
1	canceled	625
7	unavailable	609
4	invoiced	314

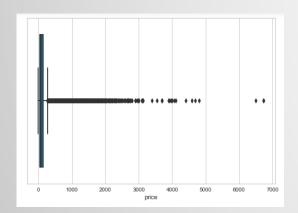
Dataset Overview

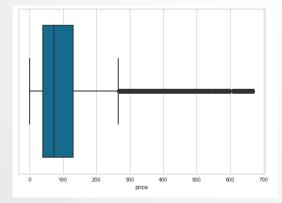


Outlier

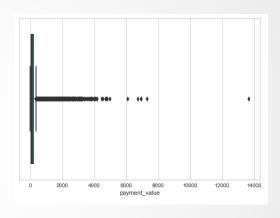
Method: z score outside 3

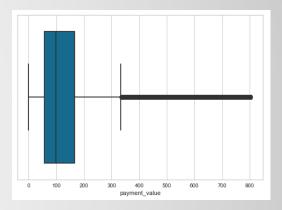
Price



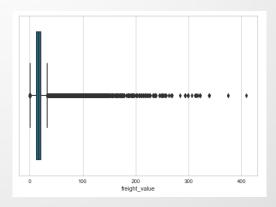


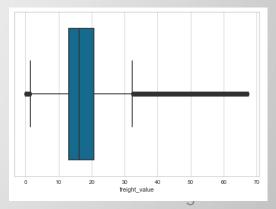
Payment





Freight value





Dataset Overview

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Missing numerical value

	Miss_value	Miss_value_100
payment_value	2739	2.314948
price	2089	1.765581

Method: drop due to the small number of missing value

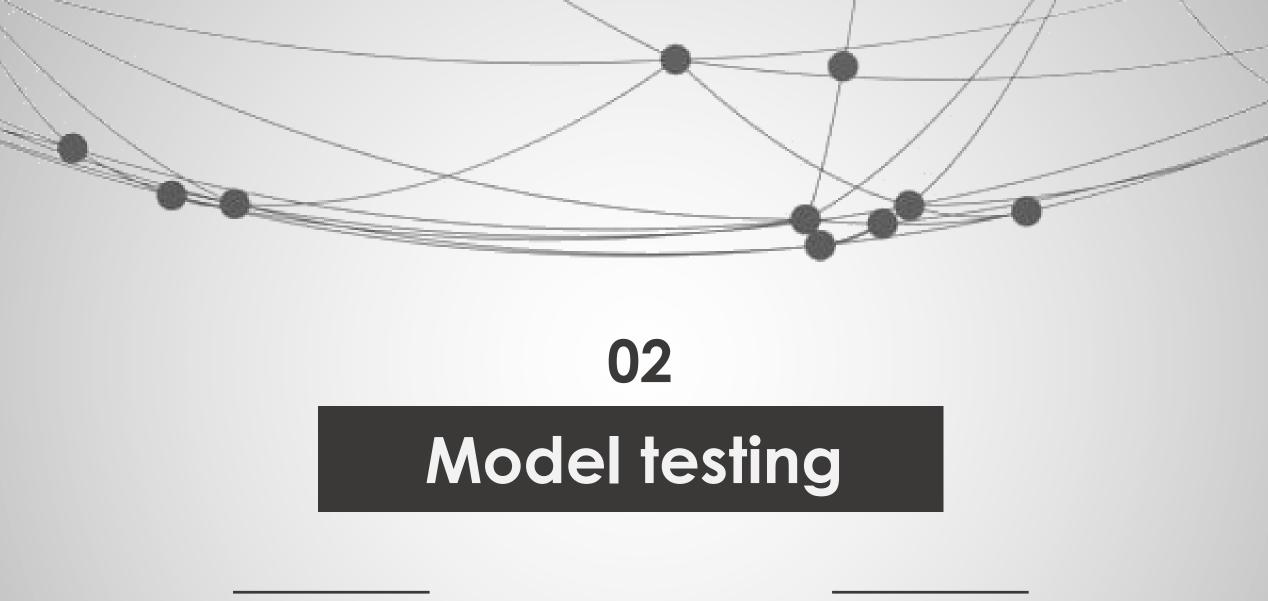
Method chosen: Recency Frequency Monetary value

Recency: Latest order

Frequency: Number of order

Monetary value: Sum of payment value

	recency	frequency	expense
customer_unique_id			
0000366f3b9a7992bf8c76cfdf3221e2	160	1	141.90
0000b849f77a49e4a4ce2b2a4ca5be3f	163	1	27.19
0000f46a3911fa3c0805444483337064	585	1	86.22
0000f6ccb0745a6a4b88665a16c9f078	369	1	43.62
0004aac84e0df4da2b147fca70cf8255	336	1	196.89



Overview

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+ Scaler

Scaler: Standard

+ Model tested:

Kmeans

Gaussian

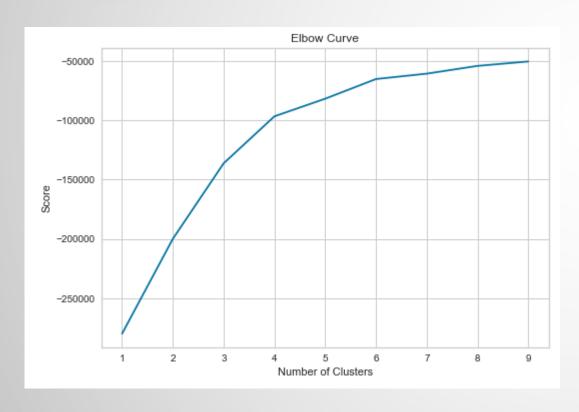
+ Method

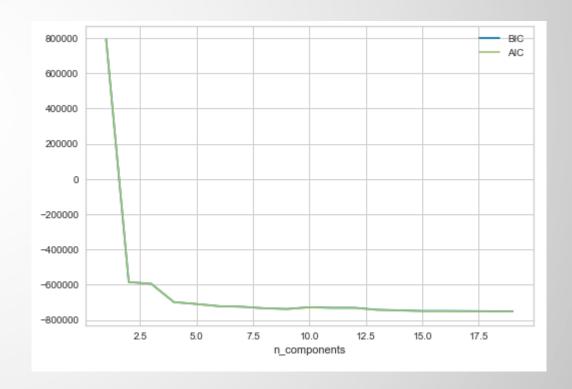
- Choose number of cluster
- Perform clusterization
- Visualization
- Comparison (silhouette score)
- Stability

Number of cluster







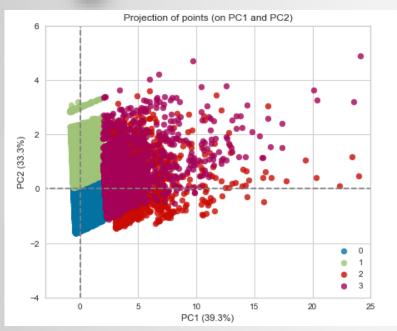


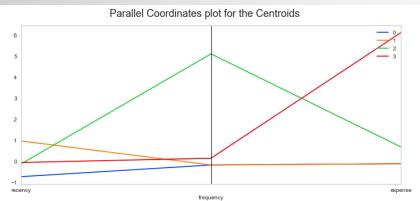
Elbow curve

Akaike information criterion 9

Visualization

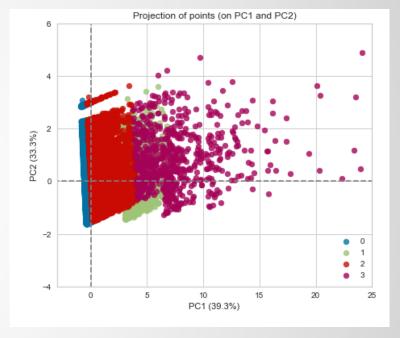


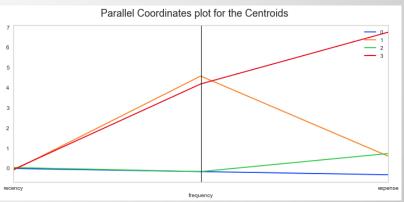






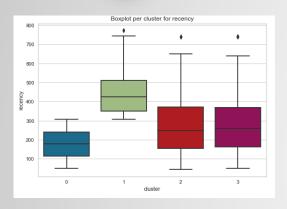


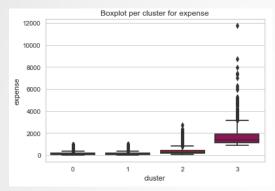


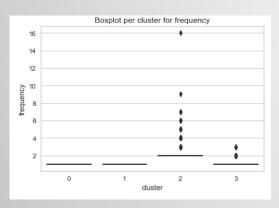


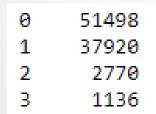
RFM Exploration

+ Kmeans

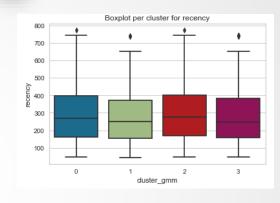


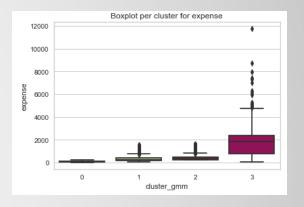


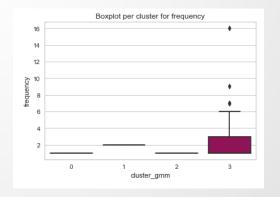




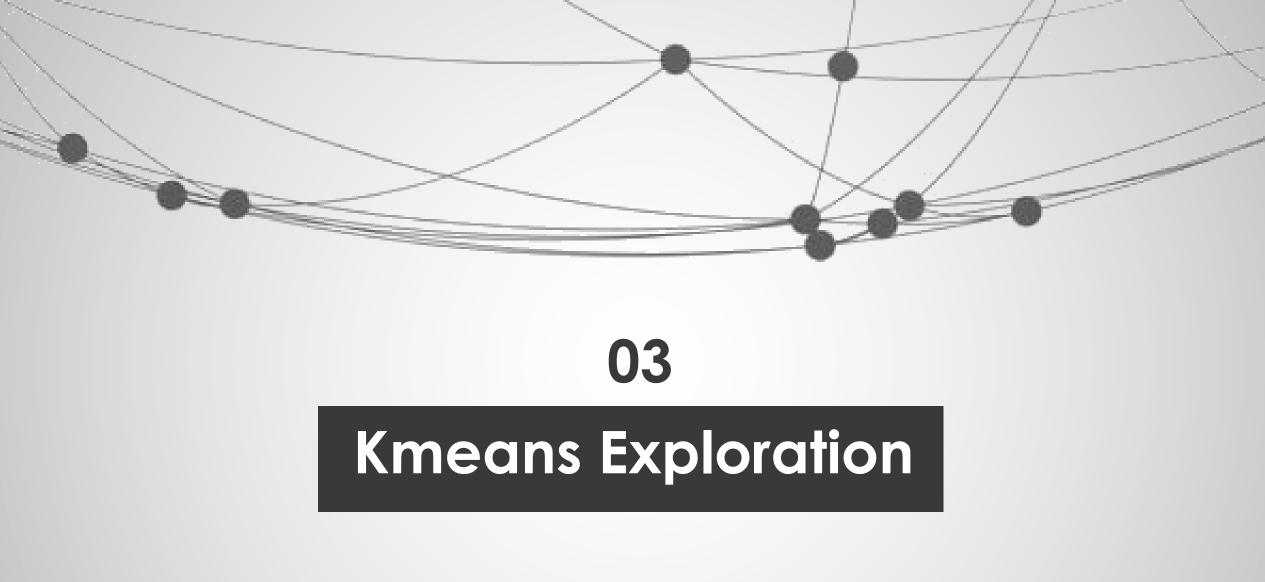








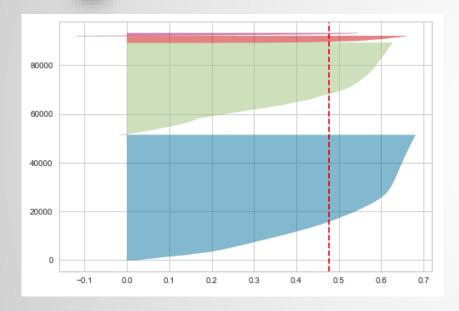
0	73095
2	17025
1	2552
3	652



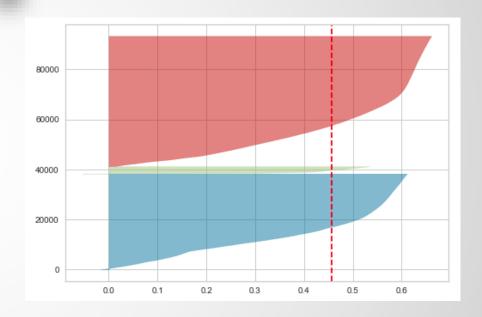
Silhouette score

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+ 3 clusters



Silhouette score Kmeans: 0,477

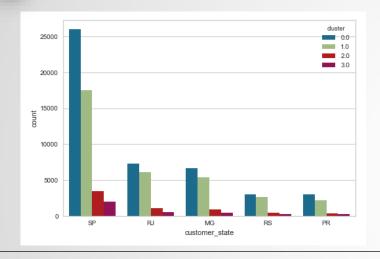
Exploration

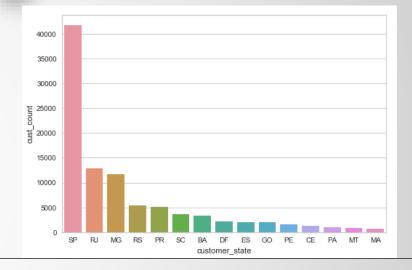
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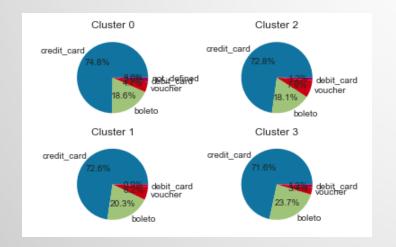
+ Kmeans distribution

State distribution

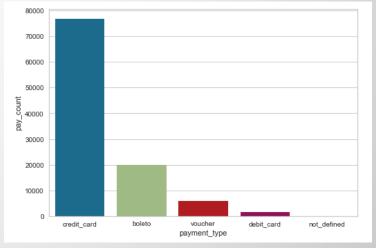
+ Global distribution







Payment methods

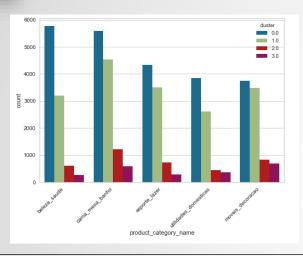


Exploration

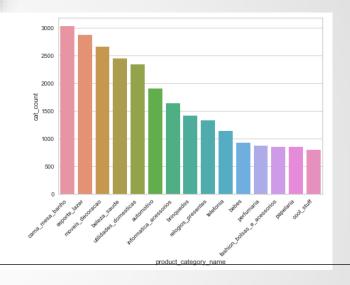
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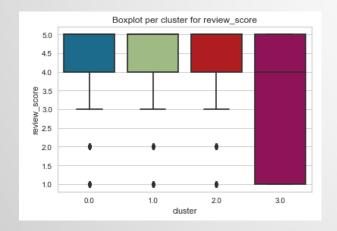
+ Kmeans distribution

+ Global distribution

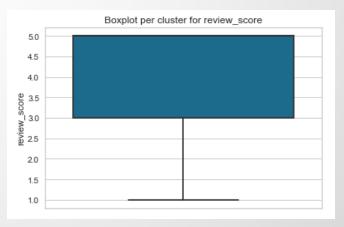


Product distribution





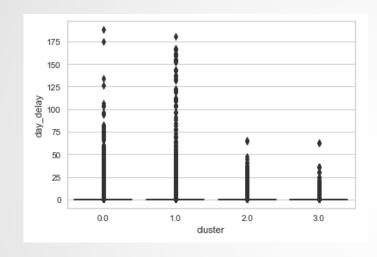
Review score



Exploration

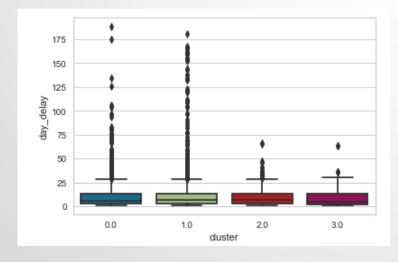
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+ Kmeans delay distribution



With no delay

	day_delay
cluster	
0.0	0.716591
1.0	0.659056
2.0	0.539414
3.0	0.417678



Only when delay occurs

	day_delay
cluster	
0.0	9.921989
1.0	11.951169
2.0	10.123487
3.0	8.382609



Stability

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Tested on a subdataset of 90%

Cluster distribution:

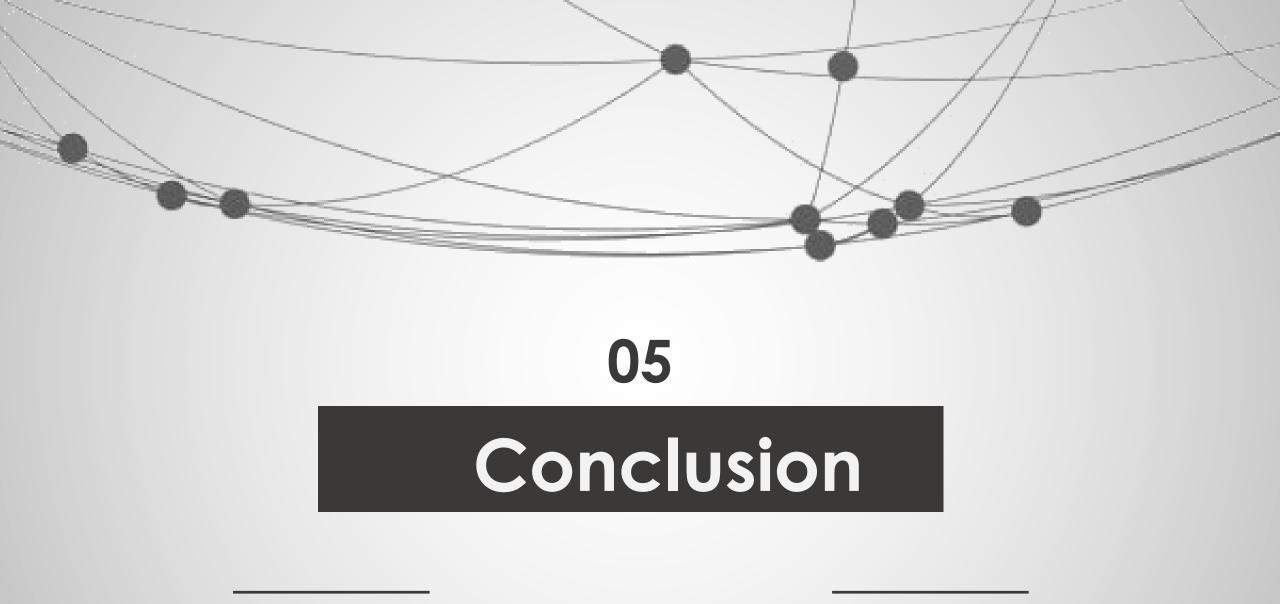
1	46343
2	34152
3	2463
0	1034

0	46356	
1	34143	
2	2463	
3	1030	
	_	

Train and Distribution on the 90% dataset

Predict and Distribution on the full dataset (filter with same index)

13 data were misplaced within the clusters which is 0,02 %



Conclusion

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Cluster 0: former /occasional

- Low recency
- Low frequency
- Low monetary value
- 54% of the customer base
- Facing delay

Cluster 1: recent/occasional

- High recency
- Low frequency
- Low monetary value
- 41,5% of the customer base
- Facing delay



Cluster 2: loyal client

- Average recency
- High frequency
- Low monetary value
- 3% of the customer base

Cluster 3: occasional high expense client

- Average recency
- Low frequency
- Very high monetary value
- 1,5% of the customer base
- · Where bad reviews are located
- More housing product orders in this cluster



QUESTION?

OpenClassRooms: Project 3

Axel Favreul