```
In [44]:
         #PART 1
         from PIL import Image
         green = Image.open("./greenapples.jpg")
         red = Image.open("./redApple.jpg")
         blue = Image.open("./bluewhale.jpg")
In [45]:
         import torch
         from torchvision import transforms
         transformer = transforms.ToTensor()
         green t = transformer(green)
         blue t = transformer(blue)
         red t = transformer(red)
In [ ]:
In [46]:
         print("Green average brightness is: ")
         print(green t.mean())
         print("Blue average brightness is: ")
         print(blue t.mean())
         print("Red average brightness is: ")
         print(red t.mean())
        Green average brightness is:
         tensor(0.4459)
        Blue average brightness is:
         tensor(0.4289)
         Red average brightness is:
         tensor(0.3086)
In [47]:
         print(green t[0].mean())
         print(green t[1].mean())
         print(green t[2].mean())
         tensor(0.4645)
         tensor(0.6375)
         tensor(0.2357)
In [48]:
         print(blue_t[0].mean())
         print(blue t[1].mean())
         print(blue t[2].mean())
         tensor(0.1249)
         tensor(0.4690)
         tensor(0.6929)
In [49]:
         print(red t[0].mean())
         print(red t[1].mean())
         print(red t[2].mean())
         tensor(0.5616)
         tensor(0.1776)
         tensor(0.1867)
In [50]:
         import torch
```

```
t_c = [0.5, 14.0, 15.0, 28.0, 11.0, 8.0, 3.0, -4.0, 6.0, 13.0, 21.0]

t_u = [35.7, 55.9, 58.2, 81.9, 56.3, 48.9, 33.9, 21.8, 48.4, 60.4, 68.4]

t_c = torch.tensor(t_c)

t_u = torch.tensor(t_u)

t_un = 0.1 * t_u
```

```
In [51]:
         #PART 2
         def model(t u, w1, w2, b):
             return w2 * t u ** 2 + w1 * t u + b
         def loss fn(t p, t c):
             return ((t p-t c) **2).mean()
         def dloss fn(t p, t c):
             return 2 * (t p - t c)/t p.size(0)
         #I dont underwstand how we are deriving
         def dmodel dw1(t u, w1, w2, b):
             return t u
         def dmodel dw2(t u, w1, w2, b):
             return t u**2
         def dmodel db(t u, w1, w2, b):
             return 1.0
         def grad_fn(t_u, t_c, t_p, w1, w2, b):
             dloss dtp = dloss fn(t p, t c)
             dloss dw1 = dloss dtp * dmodel_dw1(t_u, w1, w2, b)
             dloss dw2 = dloss dtp * dmodel dw2(t u, w1, w2, b)
             dloss db = dloss dtp * dmodel db(t u, w1, w2, b)
             return torch.stack([dloss dw1.sum(), dloss_dw2.sum(), dloss_db.sum()])
         def training loop(n epochs, learning rate, params, t u, t c):
             for epoch in range(1, n epochs+1):
                 w1, w2, b = params
                 t p = model(t u, w1, w2, b)
                 loss = loss fn(t p, t c)
                 grad = grad fn(t_u, t_c, t_p, w1, w2, b)
                 params = params - learning rate * grad
                 if epoch % 500 == 0 or epoch < 2:
                     print('Epoch %d, Loss %f' % (epoch, float(loss)))
             return params
```

```
In [52]:
        training loop(
         n = 5000,
         learning rate = 1e-1,
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 0.0]),
         t u = t un,
         t c = t c
         training loop (
         n = 5000,
         learning_rate = 1e-2,
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 0.0]),
         t u = t un,
         t c = t c
         training loop (
         n = 5000,
         learning rate = 1e-3,
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 0.0]),
         t u = t un,
         t c = t c
```

```
n = 5000,
         learning rate = 1e-4,
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 0.0]),
         t u = t un,
         t c = t c
        Epoch 1, Loss 675.794373
        Epoch 500, Loss nan
        Epoch 1000, Loss nan
        Epoch 1500, Loss nan
        Epoch 2000, Loss nan
        Epoch 2500, Loss nan
        Epoch 3000, Loss nan
        Epoch 3500, Loss nan
        Epoch 4000, Loss nan
        Epoch 4500, Loss nan
        Epoch 5000, Loss nan
        Epoch 1, Loss 675.794373
        Epoch 500, Loss nan
        Epoch 1000, Loss nan
        Epoch 1500, Loss nan
        Epoch 2000, Loss nan
        Epoch 2500, Loss nan
        Epoch 3000, Loss nan
        Epoch 3500, Loss nan
        Epoch 4000, Loss nan
        Epoch 4500, Loss nan
        Epoch 5000, Loss nan
        Epoch 1, Loss 675.794373
        Epoch 500, Loss nan
        Epoch 1000, Loss nan
        Epoch 1500, Loss nan
        Epoch 2000, Loss nan
        Epoch 2500, Loss nan
        Epoch 3000, Loss nan
        Epoch 3500, Loss nan
        Epoch 4000, Loss nan
        Epoch 4500, Loss nan
        Epoch 5000, Loss nan
        Epoch 1, Loss 675.794373
        Epoch 500, Loss 10.708597
        Epoch 1000, Loss 8.642083
        Epoch 1500, Loss 7.171005
        Epoch 2000, Loss 6.123476
        Epoch 2500, Loss 5.377228
        Epoch 3000, Loss 4.845286
        Epoch 3500, Loss 4.465787
        Epoch 4000, Loss 4.194724
        Epoch 4500, Loss 4.000802
        Epoch 5000, Loss 3.861744
In [56]:
         %matplotlib inline
         from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
         t pp = model(t un, *params)
         t pl = 5.3671 * t un -17.3012
         fig = plt.figure(dpi=600)
         plt.xlabel("Temperature (Farenheit)")
         plt.ylabel("Temperature (Celcius)")
         plt.plot(t u.numpy(), t pp.detach().numpy())
```

params = training loop(

```
plt.plot(t_u.numpy(), t_pl.detach().numpy())
plt.plot(t_u.numpy(), t_c.numpy(), 'o')
```

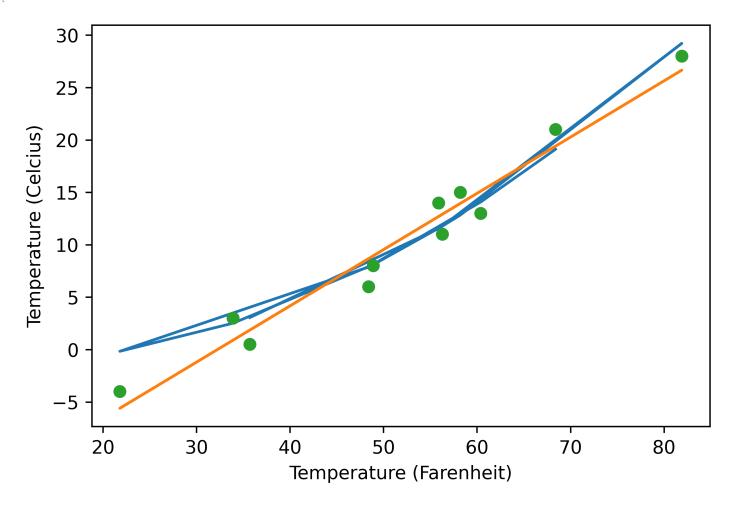
Out[56]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2708dba6ee0>]

In [58]:

def loss fn(t p, t c):

return ((t p-t c) **2).mean()

def model(tu_1, tu_2, tu_3, tu_4, tu_5, w1, w2, w3, w4, w5, b):
 return w1*tu 1+w2*tu 2+w3*tu 3+w4*tu 4+w5*tu 5 + b



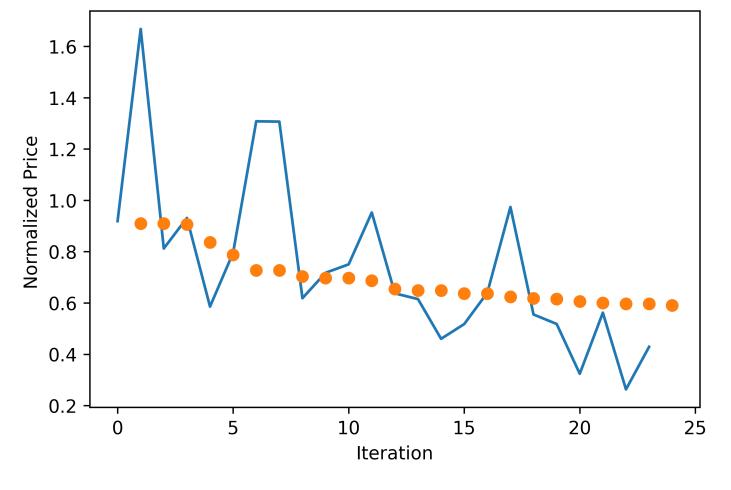
```
In [57]:
         #PART 3
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         # Data Visualisation
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         df = pd.DataFrame(pd.read csv("Housing.csv"))
         df.replace(('yes', 'no'), (1, 0), inplace=True)
         df.replace(('furnished', 'semi-furnished', 'unfurnished'), (1, .5, 0), inplace=True)
         housing N=(df-df.min())/(df.max()-df.min())
         housing N = housing N[['price', 'area', 'bedrooms', 'bathrooms', 'stories', 'parking']]
         #print(housing N.head())
         t un = housing N.drop('price', axis=1)
         print(type(t un))
         t c = housing N['price']
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
def training loop(n epochs, optimizer, params, t u, t c):
             for epoch in range(1, n epochs+1):
                      t p = model(torch.from numpy(t u['area'].to numpy()), torch.from numpy(t u['be
                                  torch.from numpy(t u['bathrooms'].to numpy()), torch.from numpy(t
                     loss = loss fn(t p, torch.tensor(t c))
                     optimizer.zero grad()
                     loss.backward()
                     optimizer.step()
                     if epoch % 500 == 0:
                         print('Epoch %d, Loss %f' % (epoch, float(loss)))
             return params
In [60]:
         import torch
         import torch.optim as optim
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0], requires grad=True)
         learning rate = 1e-1
         optimizer = optim.SGD([params], lr=learning rate)
         optimizer.zero grad()
         training loop(n epochs=5000, optimizer=optimizer, params = params, t u = t un, t c = t c)
        Epoch 500, Loss 0.011730
        Epoch 1000, Loss 0.011490
        Epoch 1500, Loss 0.011477
        Epoch 2000, Loss 0.011477
        Epoch 2500, Loss 0.011477
        Epoch 3000, Loss 0.011477
        Epoch 3500, Loss 0.011477
        Epoch 4000, Loss 0.011477
        Epoch 4500, Loss 0.011477
        Epoch 5000, Loss 0.011477
        tensor([0.4171, 0.0726, 0.2945, 0.1423, 0.0981, 0.0433], requires grad=True)
Out[60]:
In [61]:
         import torch.optim as optim
         learning rate = 1e-2
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0], requires grad=True)
         optimizer.zero grad()
         optimizer1 = optim.SGD([params], lr=learning rate)
         training loop(n epochs=5000, optimizer=optimizer1, params = params, t u = t un, t c = t c)
        Epoch 500, Loss 0.049834
        Epoch 1000, Loss 0.022525
        Epoch 1500, Loss 0.015945
        Epoch 2000, Loss 0.013894
        Epoch 2500, Loss 0.013000
        Epoch 3000, Loss 0.012499
        Epoch 3500, Loss 0.012183
        Epoch 4000, Loss 0.011972
        Epoch 4500, Loss 0.011829
        Epoch 5000, Loss 0.011730
        tensor([0.4581, 0.1827, 0.2842, 0.1164, 0.0832, 0.0009], requires grad=True)
Out[61]:
In [62]:
         import torch.optim as optim
         learning rate = 1e-3
         optimizer.zero grad()
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0], requires grad=True)
         optimizer2 = optim.SGD([params], lr=learning rate)
         training loop (n epochs=5000, optimizer=optimizer2, params = params, t u = t un, t c = t c)
```

```
Epoch 500, Loss 0.222480
        Epoch 1000, Loss 0.138441
        Epoch 1500, Loss 0.117175
        Epoch 2000, Loss 0.102285
        Epoch 2500, Loss 0.089779
        Epoch 3000, Loss 0.079105
        Epoch 3500, Loss 0.069981
        Epoch 4000, Loss 0.062177
        Epoch 4500, Loss 0.055497
        Epoch 5000, Loss 0.049776
        tensor([ 0.6986,  0.5646,  0.6522,  0.3475,  0.3725, -0.3941],
Out[62]:
               requires grad=True)
In [63]:
         import torch.optim as optim
         learning rate = 1e-4
         optimizer.zero grad()
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0], requires grad=True)
         optimizer3 = optim.SGD([params], lr=learning rate)
         training loop(n epochs=5000, optimizer=optimizer3, params = params, t u = t un, t c = t c)
        Epoch 500, Loss 0.975083
        Epoch 1000, Loss 0.781201
        Epoch 1500, Loss 0.633147
        Epoch 2000, Loss 0.519966
        Epoch 2500, Loss 0.433324
        Epoch 3000, Loss 0.366881
        Epoch 3500, Loss 0.315813
        Epoch 4000, Loss 0.276449
        Epoch 4500, Loss 0.245998
        Epoch 5000, Loss 0.222335
                                   0.9057, 0.7747, 0.7979, -0.5066],
        tensor([ 0.8470, 0.7589,
Out[63]:
               requires grad=True)
In [64]:
         import torch
         import torch.optim as optim
         learning rate = 1e-3
         params = torch.tensor([1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0], requires grad=True)
         optimizer2 = optim.SGD([params], lr=learning rate)
         optimizer2.zero grad()
         weights = training loop(n epochs=5000, optimizer=optimizer2, params = params, t u = t un,
        Epoch 500, Loss 0.222480
        Epoch 1000, Loss 0.138441
        Epoch 1500, Loss 0.117175
        Epoch 2000, Loss 0.102285
        Epoch 2500, Loss 0.089779
        Epoch 3000, Loss 0.079105
        Epoch 3500, Loss 0.069981
        Epoch 4000, Loss 0.062177
        Epoch 4500, Loss 0.055497
        Epoch 5000, Loss 0.049776
In [65]:
         from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
         t_ppp = [5]
         tu = tun
         with torch.no grad():
             for i in range (0, 50):
                 t ppp.append(model(t u['area'].to numpy()[i], t u['bedrooms'].to numpy()[i],
                                  t u['bathrooms'].to numpy()[i], t u['stories'].to numpy()[i], t u
         fig = plt.figure(dpi=600)
```

```
plt.xlabel("Iteration")
plt.ylabel("Normalized Price ")
plt.plot(t_ppp[1:25])
plt.plot(t_c[1:25], 'o')
```

Out[65]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2708dc1ac70>]



In []:	
In []:	