



COMP140: Individual Creative Computina Proiec

7: Design Patterns

Learning outcomes

- Describe the concept of Design Patterns
- Understand some of the classic 'Gang of Four' Design Patterns
- Implement some of the most commmon design patterns







Role of Design Patterns

Object orientated systems tend to exhibit recurring structures that promote:

- ▶ Abstraction
- Flexibility
- Modularity
- Elegance

Role of Design Patterns

- Therein lies valuable design knowledge.
- ► The challenge, of course, is to...
 - capture
 - communicate
 - and apply
- ► ...this knowledge.

Role of Design Patterns

A design pattern...

- Abstracts a recurring design structure
- Comprises class and/or object
 - dependencies
 - structures
 - interactions
 - conventions
- names and specifies the design structure explicitly
- ▶ and thereby distils design experience

Components of a Design Pattern

A design pattern is comprised of:

- ► A name
- ► Common aliases also known as...
- Real-world examples
- ▶ Contexts
- ► Common problems solved
- Solution
- ▶ Structure
- ▶ Diagrams
- ▶ Consequences

Components of a Design Pattern

- Design patterns are often tacit knowledge made explicit.
- You will develop tacit knowledge of patterns through regular design practice.
- ➤ You are expected to engage in constant research and reflection when designing software to learn all of these different patterns.
- They will help you communicate and design in the future.
- Additional research will be required as the number of patterns greatly exceeds those that can be covered in workshops.







Types of Design Pattern

Design patterns come in three main flavours:

- creational: concerned with the process of creating and managing the creation of objects.
- ▶ structural: dealing with the composition of objects.
- behavioural: characterizing the different means by which objects can interact with others.

Types of Design Pattern

- Creational
- ▶ Singleton
- ▶ Typesafe Enum
- ► Factory
- Prototype
- ▶ Builder

- ► Structural
- Adapter
- ▶ Bridge
- Proxy
- ► Facade
- Decorator

- Behavioural
- Template
- State
- Observer
- Visitor
- Strategy

Design Patterns

We will now briefly examine these patterns. Throughout this section...

- Please make notes
- ► Link to on-line resources
- ► **Ask** questions
- Think about how the patterns may apply to your own projects
- ► Conduct further research

Singleton

- Guarantees that there is only one instance of a class and can be accessed globally
- Usually 'lazily' initialised via a static function that satisfy the statement above
- Used for manager classes which track some sort of Global State
- Warning! Some consider Singletons to be an anti-pattern
- ➤ Singleton: an anti-pattern? https: //stackoverflow.com/questions/12755539/ why-is-singleton-considered-an-anti-pattern

Abstract Factory

- Centralises the creation of similar objects
- Decouples the creation of the object from actual object
- This pattern requires several class
 - Abstract Product Base class for all things created by the Factory
 - Abstract Factory Base class for all factories, creates Abstract Products
 - Many Concrete Products Implement Abstract Product
 - Many Concrete Factories Implements Abstract
 Factory and creates Concrete Products
- ► The caller then creates instances of Product through the concrete factory
- Used for spawning objects or the creation of other similar objects

Observer

- When one object is updated, all observers of this object are notified
- A list of observers are maintained by the subject
- When the state of the subject changes then the list of the observers is processed
- Each observer is then notified of the change
- Each observer should register/unregistered itself with a subject
- ► Very useful for UI, Input or Network systems in games

State

- ► Do you have large amount of if..else or switch statements in your code?
- Have you ever had to change such a system?
- Then the State pattern is here to help
- You define a Base State class which all other States implement
- This Base State will have a method for updating the state, for entering and exiting
- Each Concrete State will then implement these methods and handle its own logic
- Transitions can be handled by a Manager class
- ► This is generally used to deal with Game State or Al (see Finite State Machines)



Live Coding...

Further Reading

Game Programming Patterns - http:

- //gameprogrammingpatterns.com/contents.html

 ► What Design Patterns are useful for games https:
- ► What Design Patterns are useful for games https: //gamedev.stackexchange.com/questions/4157/ what-are-some-programming-design-patterns-that-