

COMP250 Artificial Intelligence

## **8: Evolutionary Algorithms**

**Research journal**

# Research wiki check-in

# Research journal submission

- ▶ The deadline is rapidly approaching!
- ▶ **Everybody** must submit a copy of the wiki via LearningSpace
  - ▶ Clone the wiki using Git:  
`https://github.com/Falmouth-Games-Academy/comp250-wiki/wiki.git`
  - ▶ Make sure you are cloning the correct repo! It should have all of the wiki content in `.md` files
  - ▶ Zip your cloned repo and upload it

**Optimisation**

# Optimisation

- ▶ Define a **fitness function**  $f(x)$
- ▶  $f(x)$  **evaluates** a piece of content  $x$ , assigning it a **numerical score**
- ▶ **Higher** scores are **better**
- ▶ We are exploring a **fitness landscape**

# Running example

- ▶ `08_evolution` in `COMP250_live_coding` repository
- ▶ Want to generate a map where there is a path from start to goal, and that path is as long as possible
- ▶ Fitness measure:

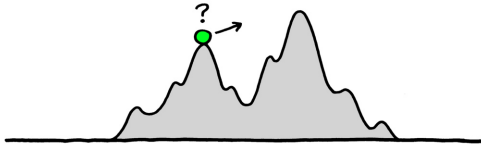
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \text{path length} & \text{if a path exists} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

# Hillclimbing (a.k.a. gradient ascent)

- ▶ Start with an element  $x$
- ▶ Create an element  $x'$  by making a **small change** to  $x$ 
  - ▶ May choose the small change at random
  - ▶ Or may try every possible change
- ▶ If  $f(x') > f(x)$ , set  $x = x'$
- ▶ Otherwise, throw  $x'$  away and keep  $x$  as it is
- ▶ Repeat



# Local optima



- ▶ Hillclimbing tends to get stuck at a **local optimum**
- ▶ This may be much worse than the **global optimum**
- ▶ Have to let the solution get worse before it gets better  
— hillclimbing doesn't allow this

# Escaping the local optimum

- ▶ Shotgun search (a.k.a. random restart)
  - ▶ Do several runs of hillclimbing from different starting positions
- ▶ Simulated annealing
  - ▶ Probability of allowing the search to keep a worse solution
  - ▶ This probability decreases as search progresses

# **Evolutionary algorithms**

# Evolutionary algorithms (EAs)

- ▶ Optimisation technique inspired by **biological evolution**
- ▶ We have a **population** of  $N$  solutions
- ▶ Generation 0: choose  $N$  solutions at random
- ▶ Generation  $i + 1$ : choose  $N$  new solutions based on the **fittest** individuals from generation  $i$

# Selecting the fittest

- ▶ **All** individuals should have a **chance** of being selected
- ▶ But **fitter** individuals should be selected **more often**
- ▶ Simple method: **tournament selection**
  - ▶ Randomly choose  $t$  individuals
  - ▶ Select the fittest out of those  $t$

# Mutation

- ▶ Select an individual
- ▶ Make a small change to it
- ▶ Add the changed individual to the new population

# Crossover

- ▶ Select two individuals
- ▶ Combine them somehow (take “half” of one and “half” of the other)
- ▶ Add the resulting individual to the new population

# Elitism

- ▶ Take the top  $x\%$  of generation  $i$ , and pass it straight through to generation  $i + 1$



# Not just for PCG

- ▶ Common use for optimisation: **parameter tuning**
- ▶ Suppose we have several simple heuristic evaluation functions  $h_1, h_2, \dots, h_n$  which we want to combine into a single heuristic
- ▶ **Linear combination:**

$$w_1 h_1 + w_2 h_2 + \dots + w_n h_n$$

where  $w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n$  are constants: **weights**

- ▶ What value to choose for the weights? This is an optimisation problem!

**MicroRTS**

# MicroRTS competition

- ▶ This should be your main focus (for COMP250) from now on
- ▶ Fork the repository at <https://github.com/falmouth-games-academy/comp250-bot> and follow the instructions in the YouTube video
- ▶ Look at the example bots in the `microrts` project
  - ▶ Start with the “rush” bots in `ai.abstraction`
  - ▶ Move on to search-based AI:  
`ai.minimax.RTMiniMax.RTMiniMax,`  
`ai.mcts.naivemcts.NaiveMCTS, ...`
  - ▶ Use these samples as a basis to create your own AI