

COMP310: Legacy Game Systems

4: Further NES Assembly

Writing maintainable code



Using multiple files

```
.include "MyFile.asm"
```

Named variables

```
.rsset $0000      ;put variables starting at 0  
score1   .rs 1    ;put score for player 1 at $0000  
score2   .rs 1    ;put score for player 2 at $0001  
buttons1 .rs 1    ;put controller data for p1 at $0002  
buttons2 .rs 1    ;put controller data for p2 at $0003
```

Named constants

RIGHTWALL	=	\$02
TOPWALL	=	\$20
BOTTOMWALL	=	\$D8
LEFTWALL	=	\$F6

Local labels

```
ReadA:  
    ...  
    BEQ ReadADone
```

```
LoopA:  
    ...  
    CPX #$10  
    BNE LoopA
```

```
ReadADone:
```

```
ReadB:  
    ...  
    BEQ ReadBDone
```

```
LoopB:  
    ...  
    CPX #$10  
    BNE LoopB
```

```
ReadBDone:
```

Local labels

```
ReadA:
    ...
    BEQ ReadADone
```

```
LoopA:
    ...
    CPX #$10
    BNE LoopA
```

```
ReadADone:
```

```
ReadB:
    ...
    BEQ ReadBDone
```

```
LoopB:
    ...
    CPX #$10
    BNE LoopB
```

```
ReadBDone:
```

=

```
ReadA:
    ...
    BEQ .Done
```

```
.Loop:
    ...
    CPX #$10
    BNE .Loop
```

```
.Done:
```

```
ReadB:
    ...
    BEQ .Done
```

```
.Loop:
    ...
    CPX #$10
    BNE .Loop
```

```
.Done:
```

Local labels

Local labels

- ▶ Name begins with .

Local labels

- ▶ Name begins with .
- ▶ Associated with the **preceding** global (i.e. non-local) label

First draft — why doesn't this work?

```
ReadA:
    ...
    BEQ .Done
LoopA:
    ...
    CPX #$10
    BNE LoopA
.Done:

ReadB:
    ...
    BEQ .Done
LoopB:
    ...
    CPX #$10
    BNE LoopB
.Done:
```

Subroutines

```
Add4ToX:
```

```
    INX
```

```
    INX
```

```
    INX
```

```
    INX
```

```
    RTS
```

```
; Usage:
```

```
JSR Add4ToX
```

Macros

```
Add4ToX .macro  
    INX  
    INX  
    INX  
    INX  
    .endm
```

```
; Usage:  
Add4ToX
```

Subroutines vs macros

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- ▶ Macros are expanded at **assembly time**

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Subroutines vs macros

- ▶ Macros are expanded at **assembly time**
- ▶ Subroutines are called at **run time**
- ▶ Macros have less **CPU overhead**, at the expense of **program size**
- ▶ Macros can take **arguments**

Fun with macros

How does this work?

```
AddToX .macro  
    .if \1 > 0  
        INX  
        AddToX \1-1  
    .endif  
    .endm
```

```
; Usage:  
AddToX 4
```

More tips

Read the `usage.txt` file from `NESASM3.zip`

Workshop

