COMP140 GAM160: Hacking Hardware/Advanced Programming

Session 6:

Learning outcomes

- **Identify** the various parts of the Arduino and their function
- **Explain** the difference between analog and digital
- **Implement** a basic interface using Arduino and openFrameworks

Why Coding Standards?

- Aids in software maintance
- Improves readability and understandability
- Adds to the documentation of the project

Naming Conventions 1

- First letter of each word in name is capitalised, and no underscores between words
  - E.g. Health and UPrimitiveComponent, not lastMouseCoordinates or delta_coordinates
- Type and variable names are nouns
- Method names are verbs that describe the effects or describe return value
- Names should be clear unambigous, and discriptive. Avoid over-abbreviation.

Naming Conventions 2

- All variables should be declared one at a time to allow commments
- All functions that return bool should ask a true/false questions
- A procedure(a function with no return) should use strong verb followed by an Object
- Prefix function parameters passed by reference with **Out**

Naming Conventions 3

- Type names are prefixed with an additional upper-case letter, to distinguish them from variable names. E.g. **FSkin** for type, and **Skin** is an instance of **FSkin**
  - Template classes are prefixed by T
  - Classes that inherit from UObject are prefixed by U
  - Classes that inheirt from AActor are prefixed by A
  - Classes that inheirt from SWidget are prefixed by S
  - Classes that are Interfaces are prexfixed by I
  - Enums are prexfixed by E
  - Boolean variables must be prefixed by b (e.g. bIsDead or bHasFallen)
  - Most other classes are prefixed by F

Naming Convention Examples

```
float TeaWeight;

int32 TeaCount;

bool bDoesTeaStink;

FName TeaName;

FString TeaFriendlyName;

UClass* TeaClass;

USoundCue* TeaSound;

UTexture* TeaTexture;

bool IsTeaFresh(UTea Tea)
```

Portable Aliases for C++ Types

Unreal Type	C++ Type	Size
bool	bool or BOOL	Never assume size
TCHAR	TCHAR or char	Never assume size
uint8	unsigned bytes	1 byte
int8	bytes	1 byte
uint16	unsigned short	2 bytes
int16	short	2 bytes
uint32	unsigned int	4 bytes
int32	int	4 bytes
uint64	unsigned long	8 bytes
int64	long	8 bytes
float	float	4 bytes
double	double	8 bytes
PTRINT	void*	Never assume size

Comments - Write self documenting code

```
// Bad:
t = s + 1 - b;

// Good:
TotalLeaves=SmallLeaves+LargeLeaves- ↩
    SmallAndLargeLeaves;
```

Commets - Write Useful Commets

```
// Bad:
// Increment Leaves
++Leaves;

// Good:
// we know there is another tea leaf
++Leaves;
```

Comments - Do not comment bad code - rewrite it

```
// Bad:
// total number of leaves is sum of
// small and large leaves less the
// number of leaves that are both
t = s + 1 - b;

// Good:
TotalLeaves=SmallLeaves+LargeLeaves- ↩
    SmallAndLargeLeaves;
```

Comments - Do not contradict code

```
// Bad:
// never increment Leaves!
++Leaves;

//Good:
// we know there is another leaf
++Leaves;
```

Comments - Formatting

- Unreal uses a system based on JavaDocs to extract comments to build documentation
- You have to use a specfic format in order for this tool to run
- More info - urlhttp://www.oracle.com/technetwork/articles/java/index-137868.html

Const Correctness

- Const is documentation as much as a compiler directive
- If function arguments aren't modified by a function, ensure they are passed with const keyword
- Flag methods as const if they don't modify an object
- Use const interation over containers if the loop doesn't modify container
- Const should be preferred on by-value parameters and locals

C++11 and Modern C++

- **nullptr** - Used instead of NULL except on XBoxOne use **TYPE_OF_NULLPTR**)
- **auto** - You should not use auto except in the following cases
  - Binding to lambda types
  - Iteration variables
  - Template code (advance case)
- **Range Based For** - Preferred to regular for loop
- **Lambdas** - Can be used, but be careful (see docs)
- **Enums** - Always use strongly type enums which inherit from **uint8**
- **Move Semantics** - All main container types have move constructors and move assignment

Refrences

https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Programming/Development/CodingStandard/