Table 1: DIT Design Metric - Definition and Computation

Depth of Inher	Depth of Inheritance Tree (DIT)	
Definition	The depth of a class, measured by DIT, within the inheritance hierarchy	
	is the maximum length from the class node to the root of the tree,	
	measured by the number of ancestor classes. DIT has a minimum value	
	of one, for classes that do not have ancestors.	
Worse	For greater values.	
Computation	We consider only hierarchy classes belonging to the system: we visit	
Details	the Ancestor Classes in a bottom up order and we stop counter at	
	the first class that does not belong to the system.	
Visitor Type	Model Visitor	

Implementation details for each entity the visitor can visit

visit: Class	Visit Type: Model Visitor
VISIL. CIASS	Applicability: Not Interface nor Enumeration ComplexType

Dependencies Information:

Dep-visitor	Dep-entity	Dep-level
Ancestor Classes	Type	Type

Table 2: NOI Design Metric - Definition and Computation

Number of Interfaces (NOI)	
Definition	Number of interfaces declared in a package or in a system.
Worse	-
Computation	We sum up the Interface Declared Classes.
Details	
Visitor Type	Model Visitor

Implementation details for each entity the visitor can visit

visit: Package	Visit Type: Model Visitor
	Applicability: Package

Dependencies Information:

Dep-visitor	Dep-entity	Dep-level
Declared Classes	Package	Package
visit: Project	Visit Type: Model Visitor	
VISIC. Project	Applicability: Project	

Dependencies Information:

Dep-visitor	Dep-entity	Dep-level
NOI	Package	Package

Table 3: NOC Design Metric - Definition and Computation

Number of Children (NOC)	
Definition	Number of children counts the immediate subclasses subordinated to
	a class in the class hierarchy.
Worse	For greater values.
Computation	We sum up the Children Classes.
Details	
Visitor Type	Model Visitor

Implementation details for each entity the visitor can visit

visit: Class	Visit Type: Model Visitor
	Applicability: Not Anonymous ComplexType

Dependencies Information:

Dep-visitor	Dep-entity	Dep-level
Children Classes	Type	Туре

Table 4: NMO Design Metric - Definition and Computation

Number of Methods Overridden (NMO)	
Definition	NMO represents the number of methods that have been overridden
	i.e., defined in the superclass and redefined in the class. This metric
	includes methods doing super invocation to their parent metho d.
	NMO is not defined for classes that have not superclass.
Worse	For low values.
Computation	We sum up the <i>Overridden Methods</i> .
Details	
Visitor Type	Model Visitor

Implementation details for each entity the visitor can visit

Visit Type: Model Visitor		
visit: Class	Applicability : Not abstract ComplexType, Nested ComplexType,	
	Anonymous ComplexType, Enumeration ComplexType	

Dependencies Information:

Dep-visitor	Dep-entity	Dep-level
Overridden Methods	Type	Type

Table 5: NIM Design Metric - Definition and Computation

Number of Inherited Methods (NIM)		
Definition	NIM is a simple measure showing the amount of behaviour that a	
	given class can reuse. It counts the number of methods that a class	
	can access in its superclasses. NIM is not defined for classes that	
	have not superclass.	
Worse	For high values.	
Computation	We sum up the <i>Inherited Methods</i> .	
Details		
Visitor Type	Model Visitor	

Implementation details for each entity the visitor can visit

•	•	
	Visit Type: Model Visitor	
visit: Class	Applicability: Not abstract ComplexType, Nested ComplexType,	
Anonymous ComplexType, Enumeration ComplexType		

Dependencies Information:

Dep-visitor	Dep-entity	Dep-level
Inherited Methods	Type	Type

Table 6: NOII Design Metric - Definition and Computation

Number of Imp	lemented Interfaces (NOII)
Definition	Number of implemented interfaces by a class.

Worse	-
Computation	We sum up the <i>Implemented Interfaces</i> .
Details	
Visitor Type	Model Visitor

Implementation details for each entity the visitor can visit

visit: Class	Visit Type: Model Visitor
	Applicability: ComplexType.

Dependencies Information:

Dep-visitor	Dep-entity	Dep-level
Implemented Interfaces	Туре	Type