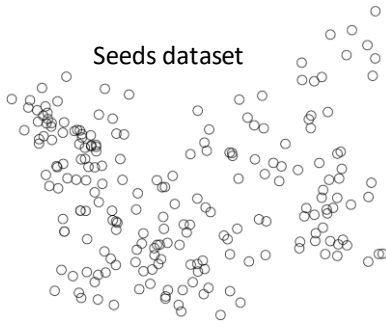


## Input



$$D = \{(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_{nl}, y_{nl}), x_{nl+1}, \dots, x_n\}$$

$$D_l = \{(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_{nl}, y_{nl})\}$$

$$D_u = \{x_{nl+1}, \dots, x_n\}$$

## Multi-standard optimization

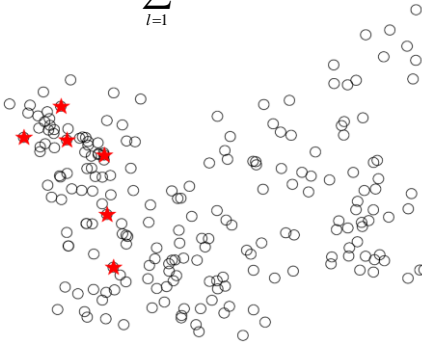
$$\begin{cases} \max_{x \in D_u} f(x) p(x) \\ \text{s.t. } g(x) - \beta \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = \text{dist}(x, s), \quad \beta = \frac{\alpha}{n} \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} \left( \sum_{j=1}^n \text{dist}(i, j) / n \right)$$

### 1. Information

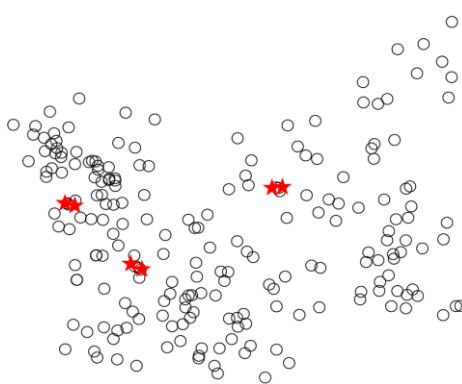
$$f(x) = -\sum_j p(y_j | x; \theta) \log p(y_j | x; \theta)$$

$$p(y_j | x; \theta) = \frac{e^{\theta_j^T x}}{\sum_{l=1}^k e^{\theta_l^T x}}$$



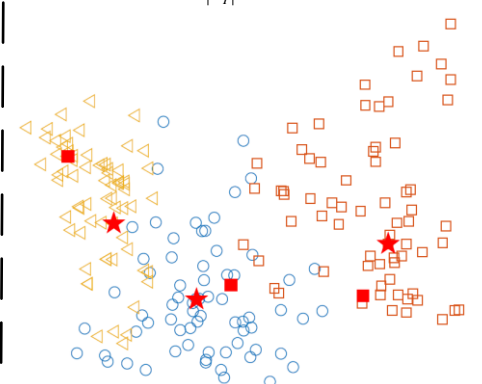
### 2. Representative

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}n} \sum_{i=1}^n e^{-\frac{(x-x_i)^2}{2d_c^2}}$$

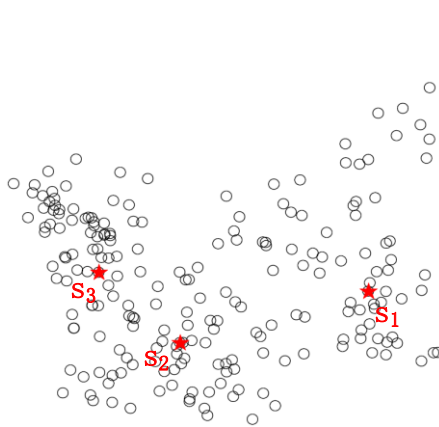


### 3. Diversity

$$\text{diversity} = \frac{|N_\beta|}{C_{|U_I|}^2}$$

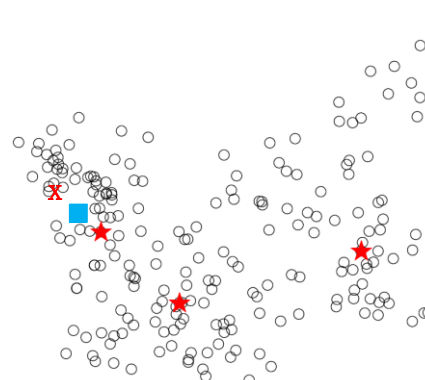


Step 1. Select initial centers  $U_I$ : ★



Step 2. Optimization objective:  $\max f(x) p(x)$

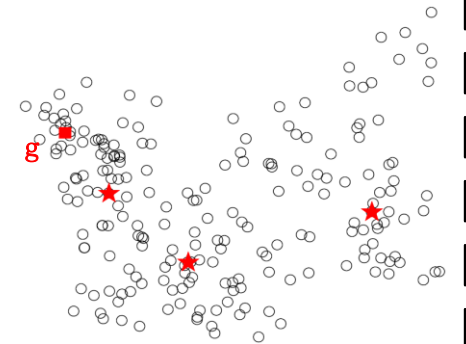
instance x with the largest multiplex: ■



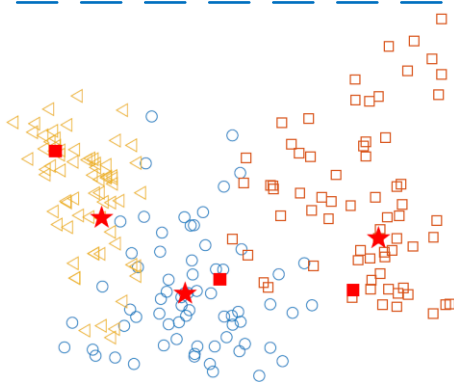
Step 3. Difference constraint

until  $g(x, s) \geq \beta$ , select  $g$

$$U_I = U_I \cup g$$



## Output



$$U_I = [195, 92, 29, 207, 134, 50]$$

$$\text{accuracy} = 87.25\%$$

$$\text{diversity} = \frac{|N_\beta|}{C_{|U_I|}^2} = 0.57$$