

Run Code in Parallel in R

Fan Wang

2023-11-01

Contents

1 Parallel Loop in R	1
1.1 Setting Up and First Run	1
1.2 Parallel Function Run with Different Parameters, Aggregate Output Files	2

1 Parallel Loop in R

Go to the [RMD](#), [R](#), [PDF](#), or [HTML](#) version of this file. Go back to [fan's REconTools](#) research support package, [R4Econ](#) examples page, [PkgTestR](#) packaging guide, or [Stat4Econ](#) course page.

1.1 Setting Up and First Run

First, install several packages.

```
install.packages(c("parallel", "doParallel", "foreach"))
```

Second, we load the libraries, and check on the parallel processing capacities on the local machine.

```
# Load libraries
library(dplyr)
library(readr)
library(tibble)
library(iterators)
library(parallel)
library(foreach)
library(doParallel)

# Check number of cores
it_n_cores_computer <- parallel::detectCores()
glue::glue("Number of cores on computers:{it_n_cores_computer}")
```

```
## Number of cores on computers:20
```

Third, we might want to use less than the total number of cores available. Specifying the number of cores to be used, we can initiate a local cluster. “PSOCK” below copies everything to each worker.

```
# Start cluster
ob_cluster <- parallel::makeCluster(
  it_n_cores_computer - 2,
  type = "PSOCK"
)

# Register cluster
doParallel::registerDoParallel(cl = ob_cluster)
```

Fourth, run first parallel task, concurrent base-10 exponentiation.

```
# c(a,b,c,d) outputs together with combine
ar_test_parallel <- foreach(
  it_power = seq(1, 10), .combine = 'c'
) %dopar% {
  return(10^(it_power))
}
glue::glue("dopar outputs: {ar_test_parallel}")
```

```
## dopar outputs: 10
## dopar outputs: 100
## dopar outputs: 1000
## dopar outputs: 10000
## dopar outputs: 1e+05
## dopar outputs: 1e+06
## dopar outputs: 1e+07
## dopar outputs: 1e+08
## dopar outputs: 1e+09
## dopar outputs: 1e+10
```

Fifth, close cluster. When work is done, close the cluster.

```
parallel::stopCluster(cl = ob_cluster)
```

1.2 Parallel Function Run with Different Parameters, Aggregate Output Files

In this example, we create a function, we run the function with different parameters, each time generating a data output file to be stored, and then review results after.

First, we create a function. In this function, we generate a random matrix, the `it_nrow` parameter controls the number of rows in this random matrix. We store this matrix as csv.

Note, for each function used, such as `as_tibble` below, we should write it as `tibble::as_tibble`, to declare package and function jointly.

```
ffi_rand2csv <- function(
  spt_path_out,
  it_nrow = 3,
  st_file_prefix = "prefix") {

  # Generate a matrix and tibble
  mt_rnorm_a <- matrix(
    rnorm(it_nrow*3, mean=0, sd=1),
    nrow=it_nrow, ncol=3)
  tb_test <- tibble::as_tibble(mt_rnorm_a)

  # File output path
  spn_output_file <- file.path(
    spt_path_out,
    paste0(st_file_prefix, '_nrow', it_nrow, '.csv'),
    fsep = .Platform$file.sep)

  # Write file out
  readr::write_csv(tb_test, spn_output_file)
  print(glue::glue(
    "File saved successfully: ", spn_output_file))
}
```

```
}
```

Second, we initialize the cluster.

```
# Get the number of cores
it_n_cores_computer <- parallel::detectCores()
glue::glue("Number of cores on computers:{it_n_cores_computer}")

## Number of cores on computers:20

# Start cluster
ob_cluster <- parallel::makeCluster(
  it_n_cores_computer - 2,
  type = "PSOCK"
)
# Register cluster
doParallel::registerDoParallel(cl = ob_cluster)
```

Third, we run the function in parallel.

```
# Define shared Path

spt_root <- "C:/Users/fan/"
spt_rmd <- "R4Econ/development/parallel/_file/"
spt_path_out <- file.path(spt_root, spt_rmd, fsep = .Platform$file.sep)

# Parallel Run
foreach(
  it_nrow = seq(2, 4)
) %dopar% {
  # Run function
  ffi_rand2csv(
    spt_path_out,
    it_nrow = it_nrow,
    st_file_prefix = "ffi_para_test")
}
```

```
## [[1]]
## File saved successfully: C:/Users/fan//R4Econ/development/parallel/_file/ffi_para_test_nrow2.csv
##
## [[2]]
## File saved successfully: C:/Users/fan//R4Econ/development/parallel/_file/ffi_para_test_nrow3.csv
##
## [[3]]
## File saved successfully: C:/Users/fan//R4Econ/development/parallel/_file/ffi_para_test_nrow4.csv
```

Fourth, adapting the parallel loop to other functions. Note that:

1. In the forach loop ablow, we iterate over `seq(2,4)`, assigning in parallel 2, 3, and 4 to the parameter `it_nrow`.
2. `it_nrow` is a parameter for the `ffi_rand2csv` function, so we will generate different outputs associated with `it_nrow=2`, `it_nrow=3`, and `it_nrow=4`.
3. The code above can be adapted to other functions that one wants to run in parallel by changing only one parameter of a function. For example, suppose we want to run `ffp_demo_loc_env_inequality(spt_path_data, fl_temp_bound=fl_temp_bound)`, where `spt_path_data` is common across parallel calls, but we want to update `fl_temp_bound` for each parallel call, then we need to iterate over `fl_temp_bound`. See example below:

```
# Some path
spt_path_data <- "C:/Users/fan/"
# Parallel Run
foreach(
  fl_temp_bound = seq(-40, 40, by=1)
) %dopar% {
  # Run function
  ffp_demo_loc_env_inequality(
    spt_path_data,
    fl_temp_bound=fl_temp_bound)
}
```