

Apply the Same Function over Columns and Row Groups

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1 Apply Function Over Multiple Columns and Rows

Go to the [RMD](#), [R](#), [PDF](#), or [HTML](#) version of this file. Go back to [fan's REconTools](#) research support package, [R4Econ](#) examples page, [PkgTestR](#) packaging guide, or [Stat4Econ](#) course page.

1.1 Convert Subset of Variables to Numeric

Multiply a subset of variables all by 10. We use dplyr's [across](#) function to achieve this.

Note that in the example below, we also use [across](#) with group by to include a string array of grouping by variables.

Note: “across() makes it easy to apply the same transformation to multiple columns, allowing you to use select() semantics inside in”data-masking” functions like summarise() and mutate().”

```
# grouping by variables
ar_st_groups <- c("gear", "carb")
# use across to conduct operation over multiple variables
mtcars_3var_times10 <- mtcars %>%
  group_by(across(one_of(ar_st_groups))) %>%
  mutate(across(matches("mpg|cyl|disp"), ~ .x * 10)) %>%
  select(gear, carb, mpg, cyl, disp) %>% head(n=5)
# print
# Multiply several variables by 10
kable(mtcars_3var_times10 %>% slice_head(n = 5)) %>%
  kable_styling_fc()
```

gear	carb	mpg	cyl	disp
3	1	214	60	2580
3	2	187	80	3600
4	1	228	40	1080
4	4	210	60	1600
4	4	210	60	1600

1.2 Sum Across Columns

We compute sum over several variables in the mtcars dataset. We will sum over several variables with shared prefix, after adding these prefix first. We introduce an NA value to make sure that we can sum ignoring NA

We sum using three different methods below: (1) `purrr::reduce()`, (2) `base::rowSums()`, (3) Manual sum. Note that the rowSums option is able to sum ignoring NA.

```
# we introduce NA value to first row
mtcars[1,1] <- NA
# Rename variables, and sum across
mtcars_rowsum <- mtcars %>%
  rename(stats_mpg = mpg, stats_cyl = cyl, stats_hp = hp) %>%
  mutate(
    cs_reduce = purrr::reduce(
      dplyr::pick(contains("stats")),
      `+`
    ),
    cs_rowsum = base::rowSums(
      dplyr::pick(contains("stats")),
      na.rm = TRUE
    ),
    cs_manual = stats_mpg + stats_cyl + stats_hp
  ) %>%
  select(matches("stats|cs"), gear)
# Display
# caption: "sum across columns"
kable(mtcars_rowsum %>% slice_head(n = 5)) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

	stats_mpg	stats_cyl	stats_hp	cs_reduce	cs_rowsum	cs_manual	gear
Mazda RX4	NA	6	110	NA	116.0	NA	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	110	137.0	137.0	137.0	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	93	119.8	119.8	119.8	4
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	110	137.4	137.4	137.4	3
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	175	201.7	201.7	201.7	3

See [this](#) discussion for column sum speed comparisons.

1.3 Sum Across Rows within Group

Following from the prior section, we now sum across rows within group.

```
# we introduce NA value to first row
# mtcars[1,1] <- NA
# Rename variables, and sum across
mtcars_grpsum <- mtcars_rowsum %>%
  arrange(gear) %>% group_by(gear) %>%
  # srs = sum row sum
  mutate_at(vars(matches("stats|cs")),
    .funs = list(gs = ~sum(., na.rm=TRUE))
  ) %>%
  select(gear, matches("gs")) %>%
  slice_head(n=1)
# Display
# caption: "gs = group sum, cs = col sum over the columns"
# with stats as prefix, sum across rows after col sum; gear = 4
```

```
# difference for cs-rowsum-gs because it allowed for summing
# ignoring NA for values across columns"
kable(mtcars_grpsum) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

gear	stats_mpg_gs	stats_cyl_gs	stats_hp_gs	cs_reduce_gs	cs_rowsum_gs	cs_manual_gs
3	241.6	112	2642	2995.6	2995.6	2995.6
4	273.4	56	1074	1287.4	1403.4	1287.4
5	106.9	30	978	1114.9	1114.9	1114.9

1.4 Replace NA for Multiple Variables

Replace some variables NA by some values, and other variables' NAs by other values.

```
# Define
it_N <- 3
it_M <- 5
svr_id <- "date"

# NA dataframe, note need to define as NA_real_
# if define as NA, will not be able to replace with 99 column
# would be logical rather than double.
df_NA <- as_tibble(matrix(NA_real_, nrow = it_N, ncol = it_M)) %>%
  rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
  rename_at(
    vars(starts_with("V")),
    funs(str_replace(., "V", "var"))
  )
kable(df_NA) %>%
  kable_styling_fc()

# Replace NA
df_NA_replace <- df_NA %>%
  mutate_at(vars(one_of(c("var1", "var2"))), list(~ replace_na(., 0))) %>%
  mutate_at(vars(one_of(c("var3", "var5"))), list(~ replace_na(., 99)))

kable(df_NA_replace) %>%
  kable_styling_fc()
```

1.5 Cumulative Sum Multiple Variables

Each row is a different date, each column is the profit a firms earns on a date, we want to compute cumulatively how much a person is earning. Also renames variable names below jointly.

```
# Define
it_N <- 3
it_M <- 5
svr_id <- "date"
```

date	var1	var2	var3	var4	var5
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

date	var1	var2	var3	var4	var5
1	0	0	99	NA	99
2	0	0	99	NA	99
3	0	0	99	NA	99

date	dp_f1	dp_f2	dp_f3	dp_f4	dp_f5
1	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715
2	-0.2301775	0.1292877	-1.2650612	1.2240818	0.1106827
3	1.5587083	1.7150650	-0.6868529	0.3598138	-0.5558411

```
# random dataframe, daily profit of firms
# dp_fx: daily profit firm ID something
set.seed(123)
df_daily_profit <- as_tibble(matrix(rnorm(it_N * it_M), nrow = it_N, ncol = it_M)) %>%
  rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
  rename_at(
    vars(starts_with("V")),
    funs(str_replace(., "V", "dp_f"))
  )
kable(df_daily_profit) %>%
  kable_styling_fc()
```

```
# cumulative sum with suffix
df_cumu_profit_suffix <- df_daily_profit %>%
  mutate_at(vars(contains("dp_f")), .funs = list(cumu = ~ cumsum(.)))
kable(df_cumu_profit_suffix) %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

date	dp_f1	dp_f2	dp_f3	dp_f4	dp_f5	dp_f1_cumu	dp_f2_cumu	dp_f3_cumu	dp_f4_cumu	dp_f5_cumu
1	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715
2	-0.2301775	0.1292877	-1.2650612	1.2240818	0.1106827	-0.7906531	0.1997961	-0.8041450	0.7784198	0.5114542
3	1.5587083	1.7150650	-0.6868529	0.3598138	-0.5558411	0.7680552	1.9148611	-1.4909979	1.1382337	-0.0443870

```
# cumulative sum variables naming to prefix
df_cumu_profit <- df_cumu_profit_suffix %>%
  rename_at(vars(contains("_cumu")), list(~ paste("cp_f", gsub("_cumu", "", .), sep = ""))) %>%
  rename_at(vars(contains("cp_f")), list(~ gsub("dp_f", "", .)))
kable(df_cumu_profit) %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

date	dp_f1	dp_f2	dp_f3	dp_f4	dp_f5	cp_f1	cp_f2	cp_f3	cp_f4	cp_f5
1	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715
2	-0.2301775	0.1292877	-1.2650612	1.2240818	0.1106827	-0.7906531	0.1997961	-0.8041450	0.7784198	0.5114542
3	1.5587083	1.7150650	-0.6868529	0.3598138	-0.5558411	0.7680552	1.9148611	-1.4909979	1.1382337	-0.0443870