# R DPLYR Join Multiple Dataframes Together

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### Contents

1	Joir	n Datasets	1
	1.1	Join Panel with Multiple Keys	1
		Stack Panel Frames Together	

#### 1 Join Datasets

Go to the RMD, R, PDF, or HTML version of this file. Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Intro Stats with R Repository (bookdown site).

### 1.1 Join Panel with Multiple Keys

We have two datasets, one for student enrollment, panel over time, but some students do not show up on some dates. The other is a skeleton panel with all student ID and all dates. Often we need to join dataframes together, and we need to join by the student ID and the panel time Key at the same time. When students show up, there is a quiz score for that day, so the joined panel should have as data column quiz score

Student count is N, total dates are M. First we generate two panels below, then we join by both keys using  $left\ join$ . First, define dataframes:

```
# Define
it_N <- 4
it M <- 3
svr_id <- 'sid'
svr_date <- 'classday'</pre>
svr_attend <- 'date_in_class'</pre>
# Panel Skeleton
df_panel_balanced_skeleton <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
  rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
  uncount(V1) %>%
  group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number()) %>%
  ungroup()
# Print
kable(df_panel_balanced_skeleton) %>%
  kable_styling_fc()
# Smaller Panel of Random Days in School
df_panel_attend <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
  rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
  uncount(V1) %>%
```

$\operatorname{sid}$	classday
1	1
1	2
1	3
2	1
2	2
	3
3	1
3	2
3	3
4	1
4	2
4	3

```
group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number()) %>%
ungroup() %>% mutate(in_class = case_when(rnorm(n(),mean=0,sd=1) < 0 ~ 1, TRUE ~ 0)) %>%
filter(in_class == 1) %>% select(!!sym(svr_id), !!sym(svr_date)) %>%
rename(!!sym(svr_attend) := !!sym(svr_date)) %>%
mutate(dayquizscore = rnorm(n(),mean=80,sd=10))
# Print
kable(df_panel_attend) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

$\operatorname{sid}$	$date\_in\_class$	dayquizscore
1	1	89.88726
2	1	96.53929
2	2	65.59195
2	3	99.47356
4	2	97.36936

Second, now join dataframes:

### 1.2 Stack Panel Frames Together

There are multiple panel dataframe, each for different subsets of dates. All variable names and units of observations are identical. Use DPLYR bind rows.

$\operatorname{sid}$	classday	dayquizscore
1	1	89.88726
1	2	NA
1	3	NA
2	1	96.53929
2	2	65.59195
2	3	99.47356
3	1	NA
3	2	NA
3	3	NA
4	1	NA
4	2	97.36936
4	3	NA

sid	classday	dayquizscore
1	1	89.88726
1	2	NA
1	3	NA
2	1	96.53929
2	2	65.59195
2	3	99.47356
3	1	NA
3	2	NA
3	3	NA
4	1	NA
4	2	97.36936
4	3	NA

```
# Define
it_N <- 2 # Number of individuals</pre>
it_M <- 3 # Number of Months</pre>
svr_id <- 'sid'</pre>
svr_date <- 'date'</pre>
# Panel First Half of Year
df_panel_m1tom3 <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
  rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
  uncount(V1) %>%
  group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number()) %>%
  ungroup()
# Panel Second Half of Year
df_panel_m4tom6 <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
  rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
  uncount(V1) %>%
  group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number() + 3) %>%
  ungroup()
# Bind Rows
df_panel_m1tm6 <- bind_rows(df_panel_m1tom3, df_panel_m4tom6) %>% arrange(!!!syms(c(svr_id, svr_date)))
# Print
```

kable(df\_panel\_m1tom3) %>%
 kable\_styling\_fc()

sid	date
1	1
1	2
1	3
2	1
2	2
2	3

kable(df\_panel\_m4tom6) %>%
kable\_styling\_fc()

sid	date
1	4
1	5
1	6
2	4
2	5
2	6

kable(df\_panel\_m1tm6) %>%
kable\_styling\_fc()

sid	date
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4
2	5
2	6