

# R DPLYR Count Unique Groups and Mean within Groups

Fan Wang

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### Groups Statistics

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**Aggrgate Groups only Unique Group and Count** There are two variables that are numeric, we want to find all the unique groups of these two variables in a dataset and count how many times each unique group occurs

- r unique occurrence of numeric groups
- How to add count of unique values by group to R data.frame

```
# Numeric value combinations unique Groups
vars.group <- c('hgt0', 'wgt0')

# dataset subsetting
df_use <- df_hgt_wgt %>% select(!!!syms(c(vars.group))) %>%
  mutate(hgt0 = round(hgt0/5)*5, wgt0 = round(wgt0/2000)*2000) %>%
  drop_na()

# Group, count and generate means for each numeric variables
# mutate_at(vars.group, funs(as.factor(.))) %>%
df.group.count <- df_use %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
  arrange(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
  summarise(n_obs_group=n())

# Show results Head 10
df.group.count %>% kable() %>% kable_styling_fc()
```

hgt0	wgt0	n_obs_group
40	2000	122
45	2000	4586
45	4000	470
50	2000	9691
50	4000	13106
55	2000	126
55	4000	1900
60	6000	18

**Aggregate Groups only Unique Group Show up With Means** Several variables that are grouping identifiers. Several variables that are values which mean be unique for each group members. For example, a Panel of income for N households over T years with also household education information that is invariant over time. Want to generate a dataset where the unit of observation are households, rather than household years. Take average of all numeric variables that are household and year specific.

A complicating factor potentially is that the number of observations differ within group, for example, income might be observed for all years for some households but not for other households.

- r dplyr aggregate group average
- Aggregating and analyzing data with dplyr
- column can't be modified because it is a grouping variable
- see also: [Aggregating and analyzing data with dplyr](#)

```
# In the df_hgt_wgt from R4Econ, there is a country id, village id,
# and individual id, and various other statistics
vars.group <- c('S.country', 'vil.id', 'indi.id')
vars.values <- c('hgt', 'momEdu')

# dataset subsetting
df_use <- df_hgt_wgt %>% select(!!!syms(c(vars.group, vars.values)))

# Group, count and generate means for each numeric variables
df.group <- df_use %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
  arrange(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
  summarise_if(is.numeric,
               funs(mean = mean(., na.rm = TRUE),
                     sd = sd(., na.rm = TRUE),
                     n = sum(is.na(.)==0)))

# Show results Head 10
df.group %>% head(10) %>%
  kable() %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

S.country	vil.id	indi.id	hgt_mean	momEdu_mean	hgt_sd	momEdu_sd	hgt_n	momEdu_n
Cebu	1	1	61.80000	5.3	9.520504	0	7	18
Cebu	1	2	68.86154	7.1	9.058931	0	13	18
Cebu	1	3	80.45882	9.4	29.894231	0	17	18
Cebu	1	4	88.10000	13.9	35.533166	0	18	18
Cebu	1	5	97.70556	11.3	41.090366	0	18	18
Cebu	1	6	87.49444	7.3	35.586439	0	18	18
Cebu	1	7	90.79412	10.4	38.722385	0	17	18
Cebu	1	8	68.45385	13.5	10.011961	0	13	18
Cebu	1	9	86.21111	10.4	35.126057	0	18	18
Cebu	1	10	87.67222	10.5	36.508127	0	18	18

```
# Show results Head 10
df.group %>% tail(10) %>%
  kable() %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

S.country	vil.id	indi.id	hgt_mean	momEdu_mean	hgt_sd	momEdu_sd	hgt_n	momEdu_n
Guatemala	14	2014	66.97000	NaN	8.967974	NaN	10	0
Guatemala	14	2015	71.71818	NaN	11.399984	NaN	11	0
Guatemala	14	2016	66.33000	NaN	9.490352	NaN	10	0
Guatemala	14	2017	76.40769	NaN	14.827871	NaN	13	0
Guatemala	14	2018	74.55385	NaN	12.707846	NaN	13	0
Guatemala	14	2019	70.47500	NaN	11.797390	NaN	12	0
Guatemala	14	2020	60.28750	NaN	7.060036	NaN	8	0
Guatemala	14	2021	84.96000	NaN	15.446193	NaN	10	0
Guatemala	14	2022	79.38667	NaN	15.824749	NaN	15	0
Guatemala	14	2023	66.50000	NaN	8.613113	NaN	8	0