Panel Data and Optimization with R

Fan Wang

2020-04-12

Contents

P	reface	5
1	Array, Matrix, Dataframe 1.1 List 1.2 Array 1.3 Matrix 1.4 Dataframes (Tibble)	12 17
2	Summarize Data 2.1 Counting Observation 2.2 Sorting, Indexing, Slicing 2.3 Group Statistics 2.4 Distributional Statistics 2.5 Summarize Multiple Variables	28 31 46
3	Functions 3.1 Dataframe Mutate	76
4	Panel 4.1 Generate and Join 4.2 Wide and Long	
5	Linear Regression5.1 OLS and IV5.2 Decomposition	
6	Nonlinear Regression 1 6.1 Logit Regression	. 35 135
7	- F	43

4 CONTENTS

Preface

This is a work-in-progress website consisting of R panel data and optimization examples for Statistics/Econometrics/Economic Analysis. Materials gathered from various projects in which R code is used. Files are from **Fan**'s R4Econ repository. This is not a R package, but a list of examples in PDF/HTML/Rmd formats. REconTools is a package that can be installed with tools used in projects involving R.

Bullet points show which base R, tidyverse or other functions/commands are used to achieve various objectives. An effort is made to use only base R and tidyverse packages whenever possible to reduce dependencies. The goal of this repository is to make it easier to find/re-use codes produced for various projects.

From Fan's other repositories: For dynamic borrowing and savings problems, see Dynamic Asset Repository; For code examples, see also Matlab Example Code and Stata Example Code; For intro econ with Matlab, see Intro Mathematics for Economists, and for intro stat with R, see Intro Statistics for Undergraduates. See here for all of Fan's public repositories.

Please contact FanWangEcon for issues or problems.

6 CONTENTS

Chapter 1

Array, Matrix, Dataframe

1.1 List

1.1.1 Multiple Dimensional List

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

- r list tutorial
- r vector vs list
- r initialize empty multiple element list
- r name rows and columns of 2 dimensional list
- r row and colum names of list
- list dimnames

1.1.1.1 One Dimensional Named List

- 1. define list
- 2. slice list

```
# Define Lists
ls_num <- list(1,2,3)
ls_str <- list('1','2','3')</pre>
ls_num_str <- list(1,2,'3')</pre>
# Named Lists
ar_st_names <- c('e1','e2','e3')
ls_num_str_named <- ls_num_str</pre>
names(ls_num_str_named) <- ar_st_names</pre>
\# Add Element to Named List
ls_num_str_named$e4 <- 'this is added'</pre>
# display
print(paste0('ls_num:', str(ls_num)))
## List of 3
## $ : num 1
## $ : num 2
## $ : num 3
## [1] "ls_num:"
print(paste0('ls_num[2:3]:', str(ls_num[2:3])))
## List of 2
## $ : num 2
```

```
## $ : num 3
## [1] "ls_num[2:3]:"
print(paste0('ls_str:', str(ls_str)))
## List of 3
## $ : chr "1"
## $ : chr "2"
## $ : chr "3"
## [1] "ls_str:"
print(paste0('ls_str[2:3]:', str(ls_str[2:3])))
## List of 2
## $ : chr "2"
## $ : chr "3"
## [1] "ls_str[2:3]:"
print(paste0('ls_num_str:', str(ls_num_str)))
## List of 3
## $ : num 1
## $ : num 2
## $ : chr "3"
## [1] "ls_num_str:"
print(paste0('ls_num_str[2:4]:', str(ls_num_str[2:4])))
## List of 3
## $ : num 2
## $ : chr "3"
## $ : NULL
## [1] "ls_num_str[2:4]:"
print(paste0('ls_num_str_named:', str(ls_num_str_named)))
## List of 4
## $ e1: num 1
## $ e2: num 2
## $ e3: chr "3"
## $ e4: chr "this is added"
## [1] "ls_num_str_named:"
 print(paste0('ls_num_str_named[c(\'e2\',\'e3\',\'e4\')]', str(ls_num_str_named[c(\'e2\',\'e3\',\'e4\')]))) 
## List of 3
## $ e2: num 2
## $ e3: chr "3"
## $ e4: chr "this is added"
## [1] "ls_num_str_named[c('e2','e3','e4')]"
```

1.1.1.2 Two Dimensional Unnamed List

Generate a multiple dimensional list:

- 1. Initiate with an N element empty list
- 2. Reshape list to M by Q
- 3. Fill list elements
- 4. Get list element by row and column number

List allows for different data types to be stored together.

Note that element specific names in named list are not preserved when the list is reshaped to be two dimensional. Two dimensional list, however, could have row and column names.

1.1. LIST 9

```
# Dimensions
it_M <- 2
it_Q <- 3
it_N <- it_M*it_Q</pre>
# Initiate an Empty MxQ=N element list
ls_2d_flat <- vector(mode = "list", length = it_N)</pre>
ls_2d \leftarrow ls_2d_flat
# Named flat
ls_2d_flat_named <- ls_2d_flat</pre>
names(ls_2d_flat_named) <- paste0('e',seq(1,it_N))</pre>
ls_2d_named <- ls_2d_flat_named</pre>
# Reshape
dim(ls_2d) \leftarrow c(it_M, it_Q)
# named 2d list can not carry 1d name after reshape
dim(ls_2d_named) <- c(it_M, it_Q)</pre>
# display
print('ls_2d_flat')
## [1] "ls_2d_flat"
print(ls_2d_flat)
## [[1]]
## NULL
##
## [[2]]
## NULL
## [[3]]
## NULL
## [[4]]
## NULL
##
## [[5]]
## NULL
##
## [[6]]
## NULL
print('ls_2d_flat_named')
## [1] "ls_2d_flat_named"
print(ls_2d_flat_named)
## $e1
## NULL
##
## $e2
## NULL
##
## $e3
## NULL
##
## $e4
```

```
## NULL
##
## $e5
## NULL
##
## $e6
## NULL
print('ls_2d')
## [1] "ls_2d"
print(ls_2d)
##
        [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] NULL NULL NULL
## [2,] NULL NULL NULL
print('ls 2d named')
## [1] "ls 2d named"
print(ls_2d_named)
        [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] NULL NULL NULL
## [2,] NULL NULL NULL
# Select Values, double bracket to select from 2dim list
print('ls_2d[[1,2]]')
## [1] "ls_2d[[1,2]]"
print(ls_2d[[1,2]])
## NULL
```

1.1.1.3 Define Two Dimensional Named LIst

For naming two dimensional lists, *rowname* and *colname* does not work. Rather, we need to use *dimnames*. Note that in addition to dimnames, we can continue to have element specific names. Both can co-exist. But note that the element specific names are not preserved after dimension transform, so need to be redefined afterwards.

How to select an element of a two dimensional list:

- 1. row and column names: dimnames, $ls_2d_flat_named[['row2', 'col2']]$ 2. named elements: names, $ls_2d_flat_named[['e5']]$
- 3. select by index: index, ls_2d_flat_named[[5]]

Neither dimnames nor names are required, but both can be used to select elements.

```
# Dimensions
it_M <- 3
it_Q <- 4
it_N <- it_M*it_Q

# Initiate an Empty MxQ=N element list
ls_2d_flat_named <- vector(mode = "list", length = it_N)
dim(ls_2d_flat_named) <- c(it_M, it_Q)

# Fill with values
for (it_Q_ctr in seq(1,it_Q)) {
   for (it_M_ctr in seq(1,it_M)) {
     # linear index</pre>
```

1.1. LIST

```
ls_2d_flat_named[[it_M_ctr, it_Q_ctr]] <- (it_Q_ctr-1)*it_M+it_M_ctr</pre>
  }
}
# Replace row names, note rownames does not work
dimnames(ls_2d_flat_named)[[1]] <- paste0('row', seq(1,it_M))</pre>
dimnames(ls_2d_flat_named)[[2]] <- paste0('col', seq(1, it_Q))</pre>
# Element Specific Names
names(ls_2d_flat_named) <- paste0('e',seq(1,it_N))</pre>
# These are not element names, can still name each element
# display
print('ls_2d_flat_named')
## [1] "ls_2d_flat_named"
print(ls_2d_flat_named)
        col1 col2 col3 col4
## row1 1
           4 7
                       10
## row2 2
             5
                  8
                       11
## row3 3
                  9
             6
                       12
## attr(,"names")
## [1] "e1" "e2" "e3" "e4" "e5" "e6" "e7" "e8" "e9" "e10" "e11" "e12"
print('str(ls_2d_flat_named)')
## [1] "str(ls_2d_flat_named)"
print(str(ls_2d_flat_named))
## List of 12
## $ e1 : num 1
## $ e2 : num 2
## $ e3 : num 3
## $ e4 : num 4
## $ e5 : num 5
## $ e6 : num 6
## $ e7 : num 7
## $ e8 : num 8
## $ e9 : num 9
## $ e10: num 10
## $ e11: num 11
## $ e12: num 12
## - attr(*, "dim")= int [1:2] 3 4
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
## ..$ : chr [1:3] "row1" "row2" "row3"
## ..$ : chr [1:4] "col1" "col2" "col3" "col4"
## NIII.I.
# Select elements with with dimnames
print('ls_2d_flat_named[[\'row2\',\'col2\']]')
## [1] "ls_2d_flat_named[['row2','col2']]"
print(ls_2d_flat_named[['row2','col2']])
## [1] 5
# Select elements with element names
print('ls_2d_flat_named[[\'e5\']]')
```

```
## [1] "ls_2d_flat_named[['e5']]"
print(ls_2d_flat_named[['e5']])
## [1] 5
# Select elements with index
print('ls_2d_flat_named[[5]]')
## [1] "ls_2d_flat_named[[5]]"
print(ls_2d_flat_named[[5]])
```

[1] 5

1.2 Array

1.2.1 Array Basics

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.2.1.1 Multidimesional Arrays

```
# Multidimensional Array
# 1 is r1c1t1, 1.5 in r2c1t1, 0 in r1c2t1, etc.
# Three dimensions, row first, column second, and tensor third
x \leftarrow array(c(1, 1.5, 0, 2, 0, 4, 0, 3), dim=c(2, 2, 2))
dim(x)
```

1.2.1.1.1 Generate 2 Dimensional Array

```
## [1] 2 2 2
```

```
print(x)
## , , 1
##
##
      [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1.0
## [2,] 1.5
##
## , , 2
##
      [,1] [,2]
##
## [1,]
        0 0
## [2,]
        4
```

1.2.1.2 Array Slicing

```
# Remove last element of array
vars.group.bydf <- c('23','dfa', 'wer')</pre>
vars.group.bydf[-length(vars.group.bydf)]
```

1.2.1.2.1 Remove Elements of Array

```
## [1] "23" "dfa"
```

1.2.1.3 NA in Array

1.2. ARRAY 13

```
# Convert Inf and -Inf to NA
x <- c(1, -1, Inf, 10, -Inf)
na_if(na_if(x, -Inf), Inf)</pre>
```

1.2.1.3.1 Check if NA is in Array

```
## [1] 1 -1 NA 10 NA
```

1.2.2 Generate Arrays

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.2.2.1 Generate Special Arrays

1.2.2.1.1 Log Space Arrays Often need to generate arrays on log rather than linear scale, below is log 10 scaled grid.

```
## [1] -10.000000 -9.963430 -9.793123 -9.000000
```

1.2.3 String Arrays

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.2.3.1 String Replace

1.2.3.1.1 String Contains

• r if string contains

```
st_example_a <- 'C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/amto/tibble/fs_tib_basics.Rmd'
st_example_b <- 'C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/amto/tibble/_main.html'
grepl('_main', st_example_a)

## [1] FALSE
grepl('_main', st_example_b)</pre>
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

1.2.3.2 String Concatenate

```
# Simple Collapse
vars.group.by <- c('abc', 'efg')</pre>
paste0(vars.group.by, collapse='|')
## [1] "abc|efg"
1.2.3.3 String Add Leading Zero
# Add Leading zero for integer values to allow for sorting when
# integers are combined into strings
it_z_n <- 1
it_a_n <- 192
print(sprintf("%02d", it_z_n))
## [1] "01"
print(sprintf("%04d", it_a_n))
## [1] "0192"
1.2.3.4 Substring and File Name
From path, get file name without suffix.
  • r string split
   • r list last element
   • r get file name from path
   • r get file path no name
st_example <- 'C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/amto/tibble/fs_tib_basics.Rmd'</pre>
st_file_wth_suffix <- tail(strsplit(st_example, "/")[[1]],n=1)</pre>
st_file_wno_suffix <- sub('\\.Rmd$', '', basename(st_example))</pre>
st_fullpath_nosufx <- sub('\\.Rmd$', '', st_example)</pre>
st_lastpath_noname <- basename(dirname(st_example))</pre>
st_fullpath_noname <- dirname(st_example)</pre>
print(strsplit(st_example, "/"))
## [[1]]
## [1] "C:"
                             "Users"
                                                  "fan"
                                                                        "R4Econ"
## [5] "amto"
                                                  "fs_tib_basics.Rmd"
                             "tibble"
print(st_file_wth_suffix)
## [1] "fs_tib_basics.Rmd"
print(st_file_wno_suffix)
## [1] "fs_tib_basics"
print(st_fullpath_nosufx)
## [1] "C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/amto/tibble/fs_tib_basics"
print(st_lastpath_noname)
## [1] "tibble"
```

[1] "C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/amto/tibble"

print(st_fullpath_noname)

1.2. ARRAY 15

1.2.4 Mesh Matrix and Vector

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

- r expand.grid meshed array to matrix
- r meshgrid
- r array to matrix
- r reshape array to matrix
- dplyr permuations rows of matrix and element of array
- tidyr expand_grid mesh matrix and vector

In the example below, we have a matrix that is 5 by 2, and a vector that is 1 by 3. We want to generate a tibble dataset that meshes the matrix and the vector, so that all combinations show up.

Note *expand_grid* is a from tidyr 1.0.0.

```
# it_child_count = N, the number of children
it_N_child_cnt = 5
# P fixed parameters, nN is N dimensional, nP is P dimensional
ar_nN_A = seq(-2, 2, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
ar_nN_alpha = seq(0.1, 0.9, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
mt_nP_A_alpha = cbind(ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha)
# Choice Grid
it_N_choice_cnt = 3
fl_max = 10
fl min = 0
ar_nN_alpha = seq(fl_min, fl_max, length.out = it_N_choice_cnt)
# expand grid with dplyr
expand_grid(x = 1:3, y = 1:2)
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##
        X
     <int> <int>
##
      1
## 1
## 2
        1
## 3
        2
             1
## 4
        2
## 5
        3
## 6
        3
tb_expanded <- as_tibble(mt_nP_A_alpha) %>% expand_grid(choices = ar_nN_alpha)
# display
kable(tb_expanded) %>% kable_styling_fc()
```

1.2.4.1 Define Two Arrays and Mesh Them using expand.grid

Given two arrays, mesh the two arrays together.

```
# use expand.grid to generate all combinations of two arrays
it_ar_A = 5
it_ar_alpha = 10
ar_A = seq(-2, 2, length.out=it_ar_A)
ar_alpha = seq(0.1, 0.9, length.out=it_ar_alpha)
mt_A_alpha = expand.grid(A = ar_A, alpha = ar_alpha)
mt_A_meshed = mt_A_alpha[,1]
```

ar_nN_A	ar_nN_alpha	choices
-2	0.1	0
-2	0.1	5
-2	0.1	10
-1	0.3	0
-1	0.3	5
-1	0.3	10
0	0.5	0
0	0.5	5
0	0.5	10
1	0.7	0
1	0.7	5
1	0.7	10
2	0.9	0
2	0.9	5
2	0.9	10

```
dim(mt_A_meshed) = c(it_ar_A, it_ar_alpha)

mt_alpha_meshed = mt_A_alpha[,2]
dim(mt_alpha_meshed) = c(it_ar_A, it_ar_alpha)

# display
kable(mt_A_meshed) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

```
kable(mt_alpha_meshed) %>%
kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

0.1	0.1888889	0.2777778	0.3666667	0.455556	0.5444444	0.6333333	0.7222222	0.8111111	0.9
0.1	0.1888889	0.2777778	0.3666667	0.4555556	0.5444444	0.6333333	0.7222222	0.8111111	0.9
0.1	0.1888889	0.2777778	0.3666667	0.455556	0.5444444	0.6333333	0.7222222	0.8111111	0.9
0.1	0.1888889	0.2777778	0.3666667	0.4555556	0.5444444	0.6333333	0.7222222	0.8111111	0.9
0.1	0.1888889	0.2777778	0.3666667	0.455556	0.5444444	0.6333333	0.7222222	0.8111111	0.9

1.2.4.2 Two Identical Arrays, Mesh to Generate Square using expand.grid

Two Identical Arrays, individual attributes, each column is an individual for a matrix, and each row is also an individual

```
# use expand.grid to generate all combinations of two arrays
it_ar_A = 5

ar_A = seq(-2, 2, length.out=it_ar_A)
mt_A_A = expand.grid(Arow = ar_A, Arow = ar_A)
mt_Arow = mt_A_A[,1]
dim(mt_Arow) = c(it_ar_A, it_ar_A)
mt_Acol = mt_A_A[,2]
dim(mt_Acol) = c(it_ar_A, it_ar_A)
```

1.3. MATRIX 17

```
# display
kable(mt_Arow) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

-2	-2	-2	-2	-2
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2

```
kable(mt_Acol) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

-2	-1	0	1	2
-2	-1	0	1	2
-2	-1	0	1	2
-2	-1	0	1	2
-2	-1	0	1	2

1.3 Matrix

1.3.1 Generate Matrixes

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.3.1.1 Create a N by 2 Matrix from 3 arrays

Names of each array become row names automatically.

```
ar_row_one <- c(-1,+1)
ar_row_two <- c(-3,-2)
ar_row_three <- c(0.35,0.75)

mt_n_by_2 <- rbind(ar_row_one, ar_row_two, ar_row_three)
kable(mt_n_by_2) %>%
   kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

ar_row_one	-1.00	1.00
ar_row_two	-3.00	-2.00
ar_row_three	0.35	0.75

1.3.1.2 Generate Random Matrixes

Random draw from the normal distribution, random draw from the uniform distribution, and combine resulting matrixes.

```
# Generate 15 random normal, put in 5 rows, and 3 columns
mt_rnorm <- matrix(rnorm(15,mean=0,sd=1), nrow=5, ncol=3)
# Generate 15 random normal, put in 5 rows, and 3 columns</pre>
```

```
mt_runif <- matrix(runif(15,min=0,max=1), nrow=5, ncol=5)

# Combine
mt_rnorm_runif <- cbind(mt_rnorm, mt_runif)

# Display
kable(mt_rnorm_runif) %>%
kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

-1.1858745	0.7264546	-2.1613182	0.2068418	0.9547658	0.6578097	0.2068418	0.9547658
-2.0055130	0.7136567	0.3952199	0.1146044	0.4543614	0.1698893	0.1146044	0.4543614
0.0075099	-0.6500629	-0.3948340	0.7504459	0.1925193	0.7443364	0.7504459	0.1925193
0.5194904	1.4986962	-0.3097584	0.9334095	0.4198546	0.0552954	0.9334095	0.4198546
-0.7462955	-1.4358281	1.3308266	0.4146961	0.1078679	0.5422845	0.4146961	0.1078679

1.3.2 Linear Algebra

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.3.2.1 Matrix Multiplication

Multiply Together a 3 by 2 matrix and a 2 by 1 vector

```
ar_row_one <- c(-1,+1)
ar_row_two \leftarrow c(-3,-2)
ar_row_three <- c(0.35, 0.75)
mt_n_by_2 <- rbind(ar_row_one, ar_row_two, ar_row_three)</pre>
ar_row_four \leftarrow c(3,4)
# Matrix Multiplication
mt_out <- mt_n_by_2 %*% ar_row_four</pre>
print(mt_n_by_2)
##
                  [,1] [,2]
## ar_row_one -1.00 1.00
## ar_row_two -3.00 -2.00
## ar_row_three 0.35 0.75
print(ar_row_four)
## [1] 3 4
print(mt_out)
##
                   [,1]
## ar row one
                   1.00
## ar_row_two
                 -17.00
## ar_row_three 4.05
```

1.4 Dataframes (Tibble)

1.4.1 Generate Dataframe

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.4.1.1 Generate Tibble given Matrixes and Arrays

Given Arrays and Matrixes, Generate Tibble and Name Variables/Columns

- naming tibble columns
- tibble variable names
- dplyr rename tibble
- dplyr rename tibble all variables
- dplyr rename all columns by index
- dplyr tibble add index column
- see also: SO-51205520

```
# Base Inputs
ar_{col} <- c(-1,+1)
mt_rnorm_a <- matrix(rnorm(4,mean=0,sd=1), nrow=2, ncol=2)</pre>
mt_rnorm_b <- matrix(rnorm(4,mean=0,sd=1), nrow=2, ncol=4)</pre>
# Combine Matrix
mt_combine <- cbind(ar_col, mt_rnorm_a, mt_rnorm_b)</pre>
colnames(mt_combine) <- c('ar_col',</pre>
                           paste0('matcolvar_grpa_', seq(1,dim(mt_rnorm_a)[2])),
                           paste0('matcolvar_grpb_', seq(1,dim(mt_rnorm_b)[2])))
# Variable Names
ar_st_varnames <- c('var_one',</pre>
                     paste0('tibcolvar_ga_', c(1,2)),
                     paste0('tibcolvar_gb_', c(1,2,3,4)))
# Combine to tibble, add name col1, col2, etc.
tb_combine <- as_tibble(mt_combine) %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_varnames))
# Add an index column to the dataframe, ID column
tb_combine <- tb_combine %>% rowid_to_column(var = "ID")
# Change all gb variable names
tb_combine <- tb_combine %>%
                   rename_at(vars(starts_with("tibcolvar_gb_")),
                             funs(str_replace(., "_gb_", "_gbrenamed_")))
# Tibble back to matrix
mt_tb_combine_back <- data.matrix(tb_combine)</pre>
# Display
kable(mt_combine) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

ar_col	matcolvar_grpa_1	matcolvar_grpa_2	matcolvar_grpb_1	matcolvar_grpb_2	matcolvar_grpb_3	matcolvar_grpb_4
-1	-0.6015056	0.0209320	0.1754664	1.0928359	0.1754664	1.0928359
1	-2.4379080	0.7102217	1.0162244	-0.1119114	1.0162244	-0.1119114

```
kable(tb_combine) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

ID	var_one	tibcolvar_ga_1	tibcolvar_ga_2	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_1	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_2	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_3	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_4
1	-1	-0.6015056	0.0209320	0.1754664	1.0928359	0.1754664	1.0928359
2	1	-2.4379080	0.7102217	1.0162244	-0.1119114	1.0162244	-0.1119114

```
kable(mt_tb_combine_back) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

ID	var_one	tibcolvar_ga_1	tibcolvar_ga_2	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_1	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_2	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_3	tibcolvar_gbrenamed_4
1	-1	-0.6015056	0.0209320	0.1754664	1.0928359	0.1754664	1.0928359
2	1	-2.4379080	0.7102217	1.0162244	-0.1119114	1.0162244	-0.1119114

1.4.1.2 Rename Tibble with Numeric Column Names

After reshaping, often could end up with variable names that are all numeric, intgers for example, how to rename these variables to add a common prefix for example.

```
# Base Inputs
ar_{col} <- c(-1,+1)
mt_rnorm_c <- matrix(rnorm(4,mean=0,sd=1), nrow=5, ncol=10)</pre>
## Warning in matrix(rnorm(4, mean = 0, sd = 1), nrow = 5, ncol = 10): data length [4] is not a sub-
## multiple or multiple of the number of rows [5]
mt_combine <- cbind(ar_col, mt_rnorm_c)</pre>
## Warning in cbind(ar_col, mt_rnorm_c): number of rows of result is not a multiple of vector length
## (arg 1)
# Variable Names
ar_it_cols_ctr <- seq(1, dim(mt_rnorm_c)[2])</pre>
ar_st_varnames <- c('var_one', ar_it_cols_ctr)</pre>
# Combine to tibble, add name col1, col2, etc.
tb_combine <- as_tibble(mt_combine) %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_varnames))
# Add an index column to the dataframe, ID column
tb_combine_ori <- tb_combine %>% rowid_to_column(var = "ID")
# Change all gb variable names
tb_combine <- tb_combine_ori %>%
                  rename at(
                     vars(num_range('',ar_it_cols_ctr)),
                    funs(paste0("rho", . , 'var'))
# Display
kable(tb_combine_ori) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

ID	var_one	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	-1	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419
2	1	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187
3	-1	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174
4	1	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521
5	-1	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419

```
kable(tb_combine) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

ID	var_one	rho1var	rho2var	rho3var	rho4var	rho5var	rho6var	rho7var	rho8var	rho9var	rho10var
1	-1	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419
2	1	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187
3	-1	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174
4	1	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521
5	-1	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419	-0.2480187	0.7538174	1.0846521	-0.3837419

1.4.1.3 Tibble Row and Column and Summarize

tb_iris <- as_tibble(iris)</pre>

Show what is in the table: 1, column and row names; 2, contents inside table.

[91] "91" "92" "93" "94" "95" "96" "97" "98"

```
print(rownames(tb_iris))
     [1] "1"
               "2"
                     "3"
                            "4"
                                  "5"
                                        "6"
                                              "7"
                                                     "8"
                                                           "9"
                                                                 "10"
                                                                        "11"
                                                                              "12"
                                                                                    "13"
                                                                                          "14"
                                                                                                 "15"
##
    [16] "16"
               "17"
                     "18"
                            "19"
                                  "20"
                                        "21"
                                              "22"
                                                     "23"
                                                           "24"
                                                                 "25"
                                                                        "26"
                                                                              "27"
                                                                                    "28"
                                                                                          "29"
                                                                                                "30"
##
    [31] "31"
               "32"
                     "33"
                            "34"
                                  "35"
                                        "36"
                                              "37"
                                                     "38"
                                                           "39"
                                                                 "40"
                                                                        "41"
                                                                              "42"
                                                                                    "43"
                                                                                          "44"
                                                                                                 "45"
##
##
    [46] "46"
               "47"
                     "48"
                            "49"
                                  "50"
                                        "51"
                                              "52"
                                                     "53"
                                                           "54"
                                                                 "55"
                                                                       "56"
                                                                              "57"
                                                                                    "58"
                                                                                          "59"
                                                                                                 "60"
## [61] "61"
               "62"
                     "63"
                           "64"
                                  "65"
                                        "66"
                                              "67"
                                                    "68"
                                                           "69"
                                                                 "70"
                                                                       "71"
                                                                              "72"
                                                                                    "73"
                                                                                          "74"
                                                                                                "75"
                     "78"
## [76] "76"
               "77"
                           "79"
                                  "80"
                                       "81"
                                              "82"
                                                    "83"
                                                                 "85" "86" "87" "88" "89" "90"
                                                           "84"
```

[106] "106" "107" "108" "109" "110" "111" "112" "113" "114" "115" "116" "117" "118" "119" "120"

"99" "100" "101" "102" "103" "104" "105"

```
## [121] "121" "122" "123" "124" "125" "126" "127" "128" "129" "130" "131" "132" "133" "134" "135"
## [136] "136" "137" "138" "139" "140" "141" "142" "143" "144" "145" "146" "147" "148" "149" "150"
colnames(tb_iris)
## [1] "Sepal.Length" "Sepal.Width" "Petal.Length" "Petal.Width"
colnames(tb_iris)
## [1] "Sepal.Length" "Sepal.Width" "Petal.Length" "Petal.Width"
                                                              "Species"
summary(tb_iris)
##
    Sepal.Length
                  Sepal.Width
                                 Petal.Length
                                               Petal.Width
                                                                    Species
        :4.300 Min. :2.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :0.100
## Min.
                                                                        :50
                                                              setosa
## 1st Qu.:5.100
                 1st Qu.:2.800
                                1st Qu.:1.600
                                               1st Qu.:0.300
                                                              versicolor:50
## Median: 5.800 Median: 3.000 Median: 4.350 Median: 1.300
                                                              virginica:50
                                                     :1.199
## Mean
        :5.843 Mean :3.057
                                Mean :3.758 Mean
                                 3rd Qu.:5.100 3rd Qu.:1.800
## 3rd Qu.:6.400
                  3rd Qu.:3.300
## Max. :7.900
                  Max. :4.400 Max. :6.900 Max. :2.500
```

1.4.1.4 Tibble Sorting

- dplyr arrange desc reverse
- dplyr sort

```
# Sort in Ascending Order
tb_iris %>% select(Species, Sepal.Length, everything()) %>%
arrange(Species, Sepal.Length) %>% head(10) %>%
kable() %>% kable_styling_fc()
```

Species	Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width
setosa	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1
setosa	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2
setosa	4.4	3.0	1.3	0.2
setosa	4.4	3.2	1.3	0.2
setosa	4.5	2.3	1.3	0.3
setosa	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2
setosa	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3
setosa	4.6	3.6	1.0	0.2
setosa	4.6	3.2	1.4	0.2
setosa	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2

```
# Sort in Descending Order
tb_iris %>% select(Species, Sepal.Length, everything()) %>%
arrange(desc(Species), desc(Sepal.Length)) %>% head(10) %>%
kable() %>% kable_styling_fc()
```

Species	Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width
virginica	7.9	3.8	6.4	2.0
virginica	7.7	3.8	6.7	2.2
virginica	7.7	2.6	6.9	2.3
virginica	7.7	2.8	6.7	2.0
virginica	7.7	3.0	6.1	2.3
virginica	7.6	3.0	6.6	2.1
virginica	7.4	2.8	6.1	1.9
virginica	7.3	2.9	6.3	1.8
virginica	7.2	3.6	6.1	2.5
virginica	7.2	3.2	6.0	1.8

1.4.1.5 REconTools Summarize over Tible

Use R4Econ's summary tool.

```
df_summ_stats <- ff_summ_percentiles(tb_iris)
kable(t(df_summ_stats)) %>% kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

stats	n	NAobs	ZEROobs	mean	sd	cv	min	p01	p05	p10	p25	p50	p75	p90	p95	p99	max
Petal.Lengt	h 150	0	0	3.758000	1.7652982	0.4697441	1.0	1.149	1.300	1.4	1.6	4.35	5.1	5.80	6.100	6.700	6.9
Petal.Widt	n 150	0	0	1.199333	0.7622377	0.6355511	0.1	0.100	0.200	0.2	0.3	1.30	1.8	2.20	2.300	2.500	2.5
Sepal.Lengt	h 150	0	0	5.843333	0.8280661	0.1417113	4.3	4.400	4.600	4.8	5.1	5.80	6.4	6.90	7.255	7.700	7.9
Sepal.Widt	h 150	0	0	3.057333	0.4358663	0.1425642	2.0	2.200	2.345	2.5	2.8	3.00	3.3	3.61	3.800	4.151	4.4

1.4.2 Draw Random Rows

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.4.2.1 Draw Random Subset of Sample

• r random discrete

We have a sample of N individuals in some data frame. Draw without replacement a subset M < N of rows.

```
\# parameters, it\_M < it\_N
it_N <- 10
it_M <- 5
# Draw it_m from indexed list of it_N
set.seed(123)
ar_it_rand_idx <- sample(it_N, it_M, replace=FALSE)</pre>
# dataframe
df_full <- as_tibble(matrix(rnorm(4,mean=0,sd=1), nrow=it_N, ncol=4)) %>% rowid_to_column(var = "ID"
# random Subset
df_rand_sub_a <- df_full[ar_it_rand_idx,]</pre>
# Random subset also
df_rand_sub_b <- df_full[sample(dim(df_full)[1], it_M, replace=FALSE),]</pre>
# Print
# Display
kable(df_full) %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
kable(df_rand_sub_a) %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
kable(df_rand_sub_b) %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

1.4.2.2 Random Subset of Panel

There are N individuals, each could be observed M times, but then select a subset of rows only, so each person is randomly observed only a subset of times. Specifically, there there are 3 unique students with student ids, and the second variable shows the random dates in which the student showed up in class, out of the 10 classes available.

```
# Define
it_N <- 3
it_M <- 10
svr_id <- 'student_id'</pre>
```

ID	V1	V2	V3	V4
1	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162
2	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612
3	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877
4	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650
5	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162
6	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612
7	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877
8	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650
9	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162
10	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612
ID	V1	V2	V3	V4
$\frac{1D}{3}$				
	0.4609162	$\frac{0.1292877}{1.0050010}$	0.4609162	0.1292877
10	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612
2	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612
8	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650
6	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612
ID	V1	V2	V3	V4
5	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162
3	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877
9	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162
1	0.1292877	0.4609162	0.1292877	0.4609162
4	-1.2650612	1.7150650	-1.2650612	1.7150650

```
# dataframe
set.seed(123)
df_panel_rand <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
    rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
    uncount(V1) %>%
    group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(date = row_number()) %>%
    ungroup() %>% mutate(in_class = case_when(rnorm(n(), mean=0, sd=1) < 0 ~ 1, TRUE ~ 0)) %>%
    filter(in_class == 1) %>% select(!!sym(svr_id), date) %>%
    rename(date_in_class = date)

# Print
kable(df_panel_rand) %>%
```

kable_styling_fc_wide()

student_id	date_	_in_	class
1			1
1			2
1			8
1			9
1			10
$\overline{2}$			5
2			8
$\overline{2}$			10
3			1
3			2
3			3
3			4
3			5
3			6
3			9

1.4.3 Variable NA Values

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.4.3.1 Find and Replace

Find and Replace in Dataframe.

```
# For dataframe
df.reg <-df.reg %>% na_if(-Inf) %>% na_if(Inf)
# For a specific variable in dataframe
df.reg.use %>% mutate(!!(var.input) := na_if(!!sym(var.input), 0))

# Setting to NA
df.reg.use <- df.reg.guat %>% filter(!!sym(var.mth) != 0)
df.reg.use.log <- df.reg.use
df.reg.use.log[which(is.nan(df.reg.use$prot.imputed.log)),] = NA
df.reg.use.log[which(df.reg.use$prot.imputed.log==Inf),] = NA
df.reg.use.log[which(df.reg.use$prot.imputed.log==-Inf),] = NA
df.reg.use.log <- df.reg.use.log %>% drop_na(prot.imputed.log)
# df.reg.use.log$prot.imputed.log
```

1.4.4 String Values

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

1.4.4.1 Find and Replace

Find and Replace in Dataframe.

```
# if string value is contained in variable
("bridex.B" %in% (df.reg.out.all$vars_var.y))
# if string value is not contained in variable:
# 1. type is variable name
# 2. Toyota/Mazda are strings to be excluded
filter(mtcars, !grepl('Toyota|Mazda', type))
# filter does not contain string
rs_hgt_prot_log_tidy %>% filter(!str_detect(term, 'prot'))
```

Chapter 2

Summarize Data

2.1 Counting Observation

2.1.1 Uncount

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

In some panel, there are N individuals, each observed for Y_i years. Given a dataset with two variables, the individual index, and the Y_i variable, expand the dataframe so that there is a row for each individual index's each unique year in the survey.

Search:

• r duplicate row by variable

Links:

• see: Create duplicate rows based on a variable

Algorithm:

- 1. generate testing frame, the individual attribute dataset with invariant information over panel
- 2. uncount, duplicate rows by years in survey
- 3. group and generate sorted index
- 4. add indiviual specific stat year to index

```
# 1. Array of Years in the Survey
ar_{years_in_survey} \leftarrow c(2,3,1,10,2,5)
ar_start_yaer <- c(1,2,3,1,1,1)
ar_{end\_year} \leftarrow c(2,4,3,10,2,5)
mt_combine <- cbind(ar_years_in_survey, ar_start_yaer, ar_end_year)
# This is the individual attribute dataset, attributes that are invariant acrosss years
tb_indi_attributes <- as_tibble(mt_combine) %>% rowid_to_column(var = "ID")
# 2. Sort and generate variable equal to sorted index
tb_indi_panel <- tb_indi_attributes %>% uncount(ar_years_in_survey)
# 3. Panel now construct exactly which year in survey, note that all needed is sort index
# Note sorting not needed, all rows identical now
tb_indi_panel <- tb_indi_panel %>%
                    group_by(ID) %>%
                    mutate(yr_in_survey = row_number())
tb_indi_panel <- tb_indi_panel %>%
                     mutate(calendar_year = yr_in_survey + ar_start_yaer - 1)
```

```
# Show results Head 10

tb_indi_panel %>% head(10) %>%

kable() %>%

kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

ID	ar_start_yaer	ar_end_year	yr_in_survey	calendar_year
1	1	2	1	1
1	1	2	2	2
2	2	4	1	2
2	2	4	2	3
2	2	4	3	4
3	3	3	1	3
4	1	10	1	1
4	1	10	2	2
4	1	10	3	3
4	1	10	4	4

2.2 Sorting, Indexing, Slicing

2.2.1 Sorting

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

2.2.1.1 Generate Sorted Index within Group with Repeating Values

There is a variable, sort by this variable, then generate index from 1 to N representing sorted values of this index. If there are repeating values, still assign index, different index each value.

- r generate index sort
- dplyr mutate equals index

2.2.1.2 Populate Value from Lowest Index to All other Rows

We would like to calculate for example the ratio of each individual's highest to the person with the lowest height in a dataset. We first need to generated sorted index from lowest to highest, and then populate the lowest height to all rows, and then divide.

Search Terms:

- r spread value to all rows from one row
- r other rows equal to the value of one row
- Conditional assignment of one variable to the value of one of two other variables
- dplyr mutate conditional
- dplyr value from one row to all rows

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Len.Index	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
4.3	1	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa
4.4	2	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.4	3	3.0	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.4	4	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.5	5	2.3	1.3	0.3	setosa
4.6	6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.6	7	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
4.6	8	3.6	1.0	0.2	setosa
4.6	9	3.2	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	10	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa

dplyr mutate equal to value in another cell

Links:

- see: dplyr ranksee: dplyr case_when
- **2.2.1.2.1 Short Method: mutate and min** We just want the lowest value to be in its own column, so that we can compute various statistics using the lowest value variable and the original variable.

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Len.Lowest.all	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
5.1	4.3	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	4.3	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	4.3	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.6	4.3	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5.0	4.3	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5.4	4.3	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
4.6	4.3	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
5.0	4.3	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.4	4.3	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	4.3	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa

2.2.1.2.2 Long Method: row_number and case_when This is the long method, using row_number, and case_when. The benefit of this method is that it generates several intermediate variables that might be useful. And the key final step is to set a new variable (A=Sepal.Len.Lowest.all) equal to another variable's (B=Sepal.Length's) value at the index that satisfies condition based a third variable (C=Sepal.Len.Index).

```
# 1. Sort
# 2. generate index
# 3. value at lowest index (case_when)
# 4. spread value from lowest index to other rows
# Note step 4 does not require step 3
```

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Len.Index	Sepal.Len.Lowest.one	Sepal.Len.Lowest.all
4.3	1	4.3	4.3
4.4	2	NA	4.3
4.4	3	NA	4.3
4.4	4	NA	4.3
4.5	5	NA	4.3
4.6	6	NA	4.3
4.6	7	NA	4.3
4.6	8	NA	4.3
4.6	9	NA	4.3
4.7	10	NA	4.3

2.2.1.3 Generate Sorted Index based on Deviations

Generate Positive and Negative Index based on Ordered Deviation from some Number.

There is a variable that is continuous, substract a number from this variable, and generate index based on deviations. Think of the index as generating intervals indicating where the value lies. 0th index indicates the largest value in sequence that is smaller than or equal to number x, 1st index indicates the smallest value in sequence that is larger than number x.

The solution below is a little bit convoluated and long, there is likely a much quicker way. The process below shows various intermediary outputs that help arrive at deviation index Sepal.Len.Devi.Index from initial sorted index Sepal.Len.Index.

search:

- dplyr arrange ignore na
- dplyr index deviation from order number sequence
- dplyr index below above
- dplyr index order below above value

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Len.Index	Sepal.Len.Devi	Sepal.Len.Devi.Neg	Sepal.Len.Index.Zero	Sepal.Len.Devi.Index
4.3	1	-0.35	0.35	NA	-8
4.4	2	-0.25	0.25	NA	-7
4.4	3	-0.25	0.25	NA	-6
4.4	4	-0.25	0.25	NA	-5
4.5	5	-0.15	0.15	NA	-4
4.6	6	-0.05	0.05	NA	-3
4.6	7	-0.05	0.05	NA	-2
4.6	8	-0.05	0.05	NA	-1
4.6	9	-0.05	0.05	9	0
4.7	10	0.05	NA	NA	1
4.7	11	0.05	NA	NA	2
4.8	12	0.15	NA	NA	3
4.8	13	0.15	NA	NA	4
4.8	14	0.15	NA	NA	5
4.8	15	0.15	NA	NA	6
4.8	16	0.15	NA	NA	7
4.9	17	0.25	NA	NA	8
4.9	18	0.25	NA	NA	9
4.9	19	0.25	NA	NA	10
4.9	20	0.25	NA	NA	11

2.3 Group Statistics

2.3.1 Groups Statistics

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

2.3.1.1 Aggregate Groups only Unique Group and Count

There are two variables that are numeric, we want to find all the unique groups of these two variables in a dataset and count how many times each unique group occurs

- r unique occurrence of numeric groups
- How to add count of unique values by group to R data.frame

hgt0	wgt0	n_obs_group
40	2000	122
45	2000	4586
45	4000	470
50	2000	9691
50	4000	13106
55	2000	126
55	4000	1900
60	6000	18

2.3.1.2 Aggreate Groups only Unique Group Show up With Means

Several variables that are grouping identifiers. Several variables that are values which mean be unique for each group members. For example, a Panel of income for N households over T years with also household education information that is invariant over time. Want to generate a dataset where the unit of observation are households, rather than household years. Take average of all numeric variables that are household and year specific.

A complicating factor potentially is that the number of observations differ within group, for example, income might be observed for all years for some households but not for other households.

- r dplyr aggregate group average
- Aggregating and analyzing data with dplyr
- column can't be modified because it is a grouping variable
- see also: Aggregating and analyzing data with dplyr

```
# In the df_hgt_wgt from R4Econ, there is a country id, village id,
# and individual id, and various other statistics
vars.group <- c('S.country', 'vil.id', 'indi.id')</pre>
vars.values <- c('hgt', 'momEdu')</pre>
# dataset subsetting
df_use <- df_hgt_wgt %>% select(!!!syms(c(vars.group, vars.values)))
# Group, count and generate means for each numeric variables
df.group <- df_use %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
            arrange(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
            summarise_if(is.numeric,
                         funs(mean = mean(., na.rm = TRUE),
                              sd = sd(., na.rm = TRUE),
                              n = sum(is.na(.)==0)))
# Show results Head 10
df.group %>% head(10) %>%
 kable() %>%
 kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

S.country	vil.id	indi.id	hgt_mean	momEdu_mean	hgt_sd	$momEdu_sd$	hgt_n	momEdu_n
Cebu	1	1	61.80000	5.3	9.520504	0	7	18
Cebu	1	2	68.86154	7.1	9.058931	0	13	18
Cebu	1	3	80.45882	9.4	29.894231	0	17	18
Cebu	1	4	88.10000	13.9	35.533166	0	18	18
Cebu	1	5	97.70556	11.3	41.090366	0	18	18
Cebu	1	6	87.49444	7.3	35.586439	0	18	18
Cebu	1	7	90.79412	10.4	38.722385	0	17	18
Cebu	1	8	68.45385	13.5	10.011961	0	13	18
Cebu	1	9	86.21111	10.4	35.126057	0	18	18
Cebu	1	10	87.67222	10.5	36.508127	0	18	18

```
# Show results Head 10
df.group %>% tail(10) %>%
  kable() %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

S.country	vil.id	indi.id	hgt_mean	momEdu_mean	hgt_sd	momEdu_sd	hgt_n	momEdu_n
Guatemala	14	2014	66.97000	NaN	8.967974	NaN	10	0
Guatemala	14	2015	71.71818	NaN	11.399984	NaN	11	0
Guatemala	14	2016	66.33000	NaN	9.490352	NaN	10	0
Guatemala	14	2017	76.40769	NaN	14.827871	NaN	13	0
Guatemala	14	2018	74.55385	NaN	12.707846	NaN	13	0
Guatemala	14	2019	70.47500	NaN	11.797390	NaN	12	0
Guatemala	14	2020	60.28750	NaN	7.060036	NaN	8	0
Guatemala	14	2021	84.96000	NaN	15.446193	NaN	10	0
Guatemala	14	2022	79.38667	NaN	15.824749	NaN	15	0
Guatemala	14	2023	66.50000	NaN	8.613113	NaN	8	0

2.3.2 One Variable Group Summary

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

There is a categorical variable (based on one or the interaction of multiple variables), there is a continuous variable, obtain statistics for the continuous variable conditional on the categorical variable, but also unconditionally.

Store results in a matrix, but also flatten results wide to row with appropriate keys/variable-names for all group statistics.

Pick which statistics to be included in final wide row

2.3.2.1 Build Program

```
# Single Variable Group Statistics (also generate overall statistics)
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one <- function(df, vars.group, var.numeric, str.stats.group = 'main',
                                       str.stats.specify = NULL, boo.overall.stats = TRUE){
    # List of statistics
    # https://rdrr.io/cran/dplyr/man/summarise.html
    strs.center <- c('mean', 'median')</pre>
    strs.spread <- c('sd', 'IQR', 'mad')</pre>
    strs.range <- c('min', 'max')
    strs.pos <- c('first', 'last')</pre>
    strs.count <- c('n_distinct')</pre>
    # Grouping of Statistics
    if (missing(str.stats.specify)) {
        if (str.stats.group == 'main') {
            strs.all <- c('mean', 'min', 'max', 'sd')</pre>
        }
        if (str.stats.group == 'all') {
            strs.all <- c(strs.center, strs.spread, strs.range, strs.pos, strs.count)</pre>
    } else {
        strs.all <- str.stats.specify</pre>
    # Start Transform
    df <- df %>% drop_na() %>% mutate(!!(var.numeric) := as.numeric(!!sym(var.numeric)))
    # Overall Statistics
    if (boo.overall.stats) {
        df.overall.stats <- df %>% summarize_at(vars(var.numeric), funs(!!!strs.all))
        if (length(strs.all) == 1) {
            # give it a name, otherwise if only one stat, name of stat not saved
            df.overall.stats <- df.overall.stats %% rename(!!strs.all := !!sym(var.numeric))</pre>
        names(df.overall.stats) <- paste0(var.numeric, '.', names(df.overall.stats))</pre>
    }
    # Group Sort
    df.select <- df %>%
                  group_by(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
                  arrange(!!!syms(c(vars.group, var.numeric)))
    # Table of Statistics
    df.table.grp.stats <- df.select %>% summarize_at(vars(var.numeric), funs(!!!strs.all))
    # Add Stat Name
    if (length(strs.all) == 1) {
        # give it a name, otherwise if only one stat, name of stat not saved
        df.table.grp.stats <- df.table.grp.stats %>% rename(!!strs.all := !!sym(var.numeric))
    }
    # Row of Statistics
    str.vars.group.combine <- paste0(vars.group, collapse='_')</pre>
    if (length(vars.group) == 1) {
```

```
df.row.grp.stats <- df.table.grp.stats %>%
                mutate(!!(str.vars.group.combine) := paste0(var.numeric, '.',
                                               vars.group, '.g',
                                               gather(variable, value, -one_of(vars.group)) %>%
                unite(str.vars.group.combine, c(str.vars.group.combine, 'variable')) %>%
                spread(str.vars.group.combine, value)
   } else {
        df.row.grp.stats <- df.table.grp.stats %>%
                                mutate(vars.groups.combine := paste0(paste0(vars.group, collapse='.'
                                       !!(str.vars.group.combine) := paste0(interaction(!!!(syms(var
                                mutate(!!(str.vars.group.combine) := paste0(var.numeric, '.', vars.g
                                                                            (!!sym(str.vars.group.com
                                ungroup() %>%
                                select(-vars.groups.combine, -one_of(vars.group)) %>%
                gather(variable, value, -one_of(str.vars.group.combine)) %>%
                unite(str.vars.group.combine, c(str.vars.group.combine, 'variable')) %>%
                spread(str.vars.group.combine, value)
   }
    # Clean up name strings
   names(df.table.grp.stats) <- gsub(x = names(df.table.grp.stats),pattern = "_", replacement = "\\</pre>
   names(df.row.grp.stats) <- gsub(x = names(df.row.grp.stats),pattern = "_", replacement = "\\.")</pre>
    # Return
   list.return <- list(df_table_grp_stats = df.table.grp.stats, df_row_grp_stats = df.row.grp.stats</pre>
    # Overall Statistics, without grouping
    if (boo.overall.stats) {
        df.row.stats.all <- c(df.row.grp.stats, df.overall.stats)</pre>
        list.return <- append(list.return, list(df_overall_stats = df.overall.stats,</pre>
                                                df_row_stats_all = df.row.stats.all))
   }
    # Return
    return(list.return)
}
2.3.2.2 Test
```

Load data and test

```
# Library
library(tidyverse)
# Load Sample Data
setwd('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/_data/')
df <- read_csv('height_weight.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     S.country = col_character(),
     vil.id = col_double(),
##
##
    indi.id = col_double(),
##
    sex = col_character(),
##
     svymthRound = col_double(),
    momEdu = col double(),
##
    wealthIdx = col_double(),
##
```

##

```
##
     hgt = col_double(),
##
     wgt = col_double(),
    hgt0 = col_double(),
##
##
    wgt0 = col_double(),
##
    prot = col_double(),
##
    cal = col_double(),
##
    p.A.prot = col_double(),
##
    p.A.nProt = col_double()
## )
2.3.2.2.1 Function Testing By Gender Groups Need two variables, a group variable that is a
factor, and a numeric
vars.group <- 'sex'</pre>
var.numeric <- 'hgt'</pre>
df.select <- df %>% select(one_of(vars.group, var.numeric)) %>% drop_na()
Main Statistics:
# Single Variable Group Statistics
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric, str.stats.g
## $df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
##
    sex
           mean min
                          max
##
    <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Female 82.8 41.2 171. 29.8
           84.7 41.3 183. 31.8
## 2 Male
##
## $df_row_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 8
##
   hgt.sex.gFemale~ hgt.sex.gFemale~ hgt.sex.gFemale~ hgt.sex.gFemale~ hgt.sex.gMale.m~
##
                <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
## 1
                 171.
                                  82.8
                                                   41.2
                                                                     29.8
                                                                                      183.
## # ... with 3 more variables: hgt.sex.gMale.mean <dbl>, hgt.sex.gMale.min <dbl>,
     hgt.sex.gMale.sd <dbl>
##
## $df_overall_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
## hgt.mean hgt.min hgt.max hgt.sd
       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
##
## 1
        83.8
                41.2 183. 30.9
## $df_row_stats_all
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gFemale.max
## [1] 170.6
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gFemale.mean
## [1] 82.81198
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gFemale.min
## [1] 41.2
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gFemale.sd
## [1] 29.79351
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gMale.max
## [1] 182.9
```

```
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gMale.mean
## [1] 84.68152
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gMale.min
## [1] 41.3
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gMale.sd
## [1] 31.75037
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.mean
## [1] 83.80921
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.min
## [1] 41.2
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.max
## [1] 182.9
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sd
## [1] 30.86631
Specify Two Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric, str.stats.s
## $df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
## sex
           mean
## <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Female 82.8 29.8
## 2 Male
          84.7 31.8
##
## $df_row_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
## hgt.sex.gFemale.mean hgt.sex.gFemale.sd hgt.sex.gMale.mean hgt.sex.gMale.sd
##
                    <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
## 1
                     82.8
                                        29.8
                                                           84.7
                                                                            31.8
##
## $df_overall_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
## hgt.mean hgt.sd
##
      <dbl> <dbl>
       83.8 30.9
## 1
##
## $df_row_stats_all
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gFemale.mean
## [1] 82.81198
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gFemale.sd
## [1] 29.79351
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gMale.mean
## [1] 84.68152
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gMale.sd
## [1] 31.75037
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.mean
## [1] 83.80921
```

```
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sd
## [1] 30.86631
Specify One Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric, str.stats.s
## $df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##
    sex
##
    <chr> <dbl>
## 1 Female 82.8
          84.7
## 2 Male
##
## $df_row_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
   hgt.sex.gFemale.mean hgt.sex.gMale.mean
##
                    <dbl>
## 1
                     82.8
                                        84.7
##
## $df_overall_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
   hgt.mean
##
        <dbl>
## 1
        83.8
##
## $df_row_stats_all
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gFemale.mean
## [1] 82.81198
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sex.gMale.mean
## [1] 84.68152
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.mean
## [1] 83.80921
2.3.2.2.2 Function Testing By Country and Gender Groups Need two variables, a group
variable that is a factor, and a numeric. Now joint grouping variables.
vars.group <- c('S.country', 'sex')</pre>
var.numeric <- 'hgt'</pre>
df.select <- df %>% select(one_of(vars.group, var.numeric)) %>% drop_na()
Main Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric, str.stats.g
## $df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 4 x 6
## # Groups: S.country [2]
##
     S.country sex
                       mean
                             min max
##
               <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
     <chr>
               Female 84.6 41.3 171.
## 1 Cebu
## 2 Cebu
               Male
                       87.0 41.3 183.
## 3 Guatemala Female 76.6 41.2 120.
                                         15.7
## 4 Guatemala Male
                       77.0 41.5 125. 15.1
##
## $df_row_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 16
```

```
##
     hgt.S.country.s~ hgt.S.country.s~ hgt.S.country.s~ hgt.S.country.s~
##
                dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
                                                                                    <dbl>
## 1
                 171.
                                 84.6
                                                  41.3
                                                                    32.5
                                                                                     183.
## # ... with 11 more variables: hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.mean <dbl>,
      hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.min <dbl>, hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.sd <dbl>,
       hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.max <dbl>, hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.mean <dbl>,
       hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.min <dbl>, hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.sd <dbl>,
## #
## #
       hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.max <dbl>, hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.mean <dbl>,
## #
       hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.min <dbl>, hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.sd <dbl>
##
## $df_overall_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
     hgt.mean hgt.min hgt.max hgt.sd
##
              <dbl>
                      <dbl> <dbl>
        <dbl>
## 1
        83.8
                41.2
                        183.
                              30.9
##
## $df_row_stats_all
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Female.max
## [1] 170.6
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Female.mean
## [1] 84.61326
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Female.min
## [1] 41.3
##
## $df row stats all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Female.sd
## [1] 32.53651
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.max
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.mean
## [1] 87.02836
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.min
## [1] 41.3
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.sd
## [1] 34.9909
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.max
## [1] 119.9
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.mean
## [1] 76.58771
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.min
## [1] 41.2
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.sd
## [1] 15.71801
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.max
## [1] 124.7
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.mean
## [1] 77.0471
```

```
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.min
## [1] 41.5
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.sd
## [1] 15.11444
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.mean
## [1] 83.80921
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.min
## [1] 41.2
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.max
## [1] 182.9
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sd
## [1] 30.86631
Specify Two Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric, str.stats.s
## $df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups: S.country [2]
## S.country sex mean
## <chr>
             <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Cebu
              Female 84.6 32.5
           Male
## 2 Cebu
                      87.0 35.0
## 3 Guatemala Female 76.6 15.7
## 4 Guatemala Male
                      77.0 15.1
##
## $df_row_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 8
## hgt.S.country.s~ hgt.S.country.s~ hgt.S.country.s~ hgt.S.country.s~
##
               <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                                  <dbl>
## 1
                84.6
                                 32.5
                                                 87.0
                                                                  35.0
                                                                                   76.6
## # ... with 3 more variables: hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.sd <dbl>,
## # hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.mean <dbl>, hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.sd <dbl>
##
## $df_overall_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
## hgt.mean hgt.sd
##
       <dbl> <dbl>
        83.8 30.9
## 1
##
## $df_row_stats_all
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Female.mean
## [1] 84.61326
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Female.sd
## [1] 32.53651
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.mean
## [1] 87.02836
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.sd
## [1] 34.9909
```

```
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.mean
## [1] 76.58771
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.sd
## [1] 15.71801
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.mean
## [1] 77.0471
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.sd
## [1] 15.11444
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.mean
## [1] 83.80921
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.sd
## [1] 30.86631
Specify One Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric, str.stats.s
## $df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups: S.country [2]
## S.country sex mean
## <chr>
             <chr> <dbl>
## 1 Cebu
             Female 84.6
            Male
## 2 Cebu
                      87.0
## 3 Guatemala Female 76.6
## 4 Guatemala Male
                      77.0
##
## $df_row_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
   hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.~ hgt.S.country.sex.Ceb~ hgt.S.country.sex.Guatem~ hgt.S.country.sex.Gua
##
                        <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
                                                87.0
## 1
                         84.6
                                                                          76.6
##
## $df_overall_stats
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
## hgt.mean
##
       <dbl>
## 1
        83.8
##
## $df_row_stats_all
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Female.mean
## [1] 84.61326
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Cebu.Male.mean
## [1] 87.02836
##
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Female.mean
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.S.country.sex.Guatemala.Male.mean
## [1] 77.0471
## $df_row_stats_all$hgt.mean
```

[1] 83.80921

2.3.3 Nested within Group Stats

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

By Multiple within Individual Groups Variables, Averages for All Numeric Variables within All Groups of All Group Variables (Long to very Wide). Suppose you have an individual level final outcome. The individual is observed for N periods, where each period the inputs differ. What inputs impacted the final outcome?

Suppose we can divide N periods in which the individual is in the data into a number of years, a number of semi-years, a number of quarters, or uneven-staggered lengths. We might want to generate averages across individuals and within each of these different possible groups averages of inputs.

Then we want to version of the data where each row is an individual, one of the variables is the final outcome, and the other variables are these different averages: averages for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd year in which individual is in data, averages for 1st, ..., final quarter in which individual is in data.

2.3.3.1 Build Function

This function takes as inputs:

- 1. vars.not.groups2avg: a list of variables that are not the within-indivdiual or across-individual grouping variables, but the variables we want to average over. Within indivdiual grouping averages will be calculated for these variables using the not-listed variables as within indivdiual groups (excluding vars.indi.grp groups).
- 2. vars.indi.grp: a list or individual variables, and also perhaps villages, province, etc id variables that are higher than individual ID. Note the groups are are ACROSS individual higher level group variables.
- 3. the remaining variables are all within individual grouping variables.

the function output is a dataframe:

- 1. each row is an individual
- 2. initial variables individual ID and across individual groups from vars.indi.grp.
- 3. other variables are all averages for the variables in vars.not.groups2avq
 - if there are 2 within individual group variables, and the first has 3 groups (years), the second has 6 groups (semi-years), then there would be 9 average variables.
 - each average variables has the original variable name from vars.not.groups2avg plus the name of the within individual grouping variable, and at the end 'c_x', where x is a integer representing the category within the group (if 3 years, x=1, 2, 3)

```
# Data Function
# https://fanwangecon.github.io/R4Econ/summarize/summ/ByGroupsSummWide.html
f.by.groups.summ.wide <- function(df.groups.to.average,</pre>
                                vars.not.groups2avg,
                                vars.indi.grp = c('S.country','ID'),
                                display=TRUE) {
# 1. generate categoricals for full year (m.12), half year (m.6), quarter year (m.4)
# 2. generate categoricals also for uneven years (m12t14) using stagger (+2 rather than -1)
# 3. reshape wide to long, so that all categorical date groups appear in var=value,
   # and categories in var=variable
# 4. calculate mean for all numeric variables for all date groups
# 5. combine date categorical variable and value, single var:
   # m.12.c1= first year average from m.12 averaging
# Step 1
####### ###### ###### ###### #######
# 1. generate categoricals for full year (m.12), half year (m.6), quarter year (m.4)
```

```
# 2. qenerate categoricals also for uneven years (m12t14) using stagger (+2 rather than -1)
####### ###### ###### ###### ######
# S2: reshape wide to long, so that all categorical date groups appear in var=value,
    # and categories in var=variable; calculate mean for all numeric variables for all date groups
####### ####### ###### ###### ######
df.avg.long <- df.groups.to.average %>%
      gather(variable, value, -one_of(c(vars.indi.grp,
                                       vars.not.groups2avg))) %>%
      group_by(!!!syms(vars.indi.grp), variable, value) %>%
      summarise_if(is.numeric, funs(mean(., na.rm = TRUE)))
if (display){
 dim(df.avg.long)
 options(repr.matrix.max.rows=10, repr.matrix.max.cols=20)
 print(df.avg.long)
####### ###### ###### ###### ######
# S3 combine date categorical variable and value, single var:
    m.12.c1= first year average from m.12 averaging; to do this make data even longer first
# We already have the averages, but we want them to show up as variables,
    # mean for each group of each variable.
df.avg.allvars.wide <- df.avg.long %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(all_m_cate = paste0(variable, '_c', value)) %>%
  select(all_m_cate, everything(), -variable, -value) %>%
  gather(variable, value, -one_of(vars.indi.grp), -all_m_cate) %>%
  unite('var_mcate', variable, all_m_cate) %>%
  spread(var_mcate, value)
if (display){
 dim(df.avg.allvars.wide)
 options(repr.matrix.max.rows=10, repr.matrix.max.cols=10)
 print(df.avg.allvars.wide)
return(df.avg.allvars.wide)
```

2.3.3.2 Test Program

In our sample dataset, the number of nutrition/height/income etc information observed within each country and month of age group are different. We have a panel dataset for children observed over different months of age.

We have two key grouping variables: 1. country: data are observed for guatemala and cebu 2. month-age (survey month round=svymthRound): different months of age at which each individual child is observed

A child could be observed for many months, or just a few months. A child's height information could be observed for more months-of-age than nutritional intake information. We eventually want to run regressions where the outcome is height/weight and the input is nutrition. The regressions will be at the month-of-age level. We need to know how many times different variables are observed at the month-of-age level.

```
# Library
library(tidyverse)
```

```
# Load Sample Data
setwd('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/_data/')
df <- read_csv('height_weight.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     S.country = col_character(),
##
     vil.id = col_double(),
##
     indi.id = col double(),
##
     sex = col_character(),
##
     svymthRound = col_double(),
##
     momEdu = col_double(),
##
     wealthIdx = col_double(),
##
    hgt = col_double(),
##
     wgt = col_double(),
##
     hgt0 = col_double(),
     wgt0 = col_double(),
##
##
     prot = col_double(),
##
     cal = col_double(),
##
     p.A.prot = col_double(),
     p.A.nProt = col_double()
## )
```

2.3.3.2.1 Generate Within Individual Groups In the data, children are observed for different number of months since birth. We want to calculate quarterly, semi-year, annual, etc average nutritional intakes. First generate these within-individual grouping variables. We can also generate uneven-staggered calendar groups as shown below.

```
mth.var <- 'svymthRound'</pre>
df.groups.to.average<- df %>%
        filter(!!sym(mth.var) >= 0 & !!sym(mth.var) <= 24) %>%
        mutate(m12t24=(floor((!!sym(mth.var) - 12) %/% 14) + 1),
               m8t24=(floor((!!sym(mth.var) - 8) %/% 18) + 1),
               m12 = pmax((floor((!!sym(mth.var)-1) %/% 12) + 1), 1),
               m6 = pmax((floor((!!sym(mth.var)-1) %/% 6) + 1), 1),
               m3 = pmax((floor((!!sym(mth.var)-1) %/% 3) + 1), 1))
# Show Results
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=30, repr.matrix.max.cols=20)
vars.arrange <- c('S.country','indi.id','svymthRound')</pre>
vars.groups.within.indi <- c('m12t24', 'm8t24', 'm12', 'm6', 'm3')</pre>
as.tibble(df.groups.to.average %>%
          group_by(!!!syms(vars.arrange)) %>%
          arrange(!!!syms(vars.arrange)) %>%
          select(!!!syms(vars.arrange), !!!syms(vars.groups.within.indi)))
## # A tibble: 23,603 x 8
##
      S.country indi.id svymthRound m12t24 m8t24
                                                    m12
##
                          <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
```

```
<dbl>
## 1 Cebu
                           0
                                 0
                 1
                                      0
                                           1
                                                 1
                                                      1
## 2 Cebu
                            2
                                  0
                                       0
                  1
                                            1
                                                 1
                                                      1
## 3 Cebu
                                                      2
                  1
                            4
                                  0
                                       0
                                            1
                                                 1
## 4 Cebu
                  1
                            6
                                  0
                                       0
                                                 1
## 5 Cebu
                 1
                           8
                                  0
                                      1
                                            1
                                                 2
                                                      3
## 6 Cebu
                 1
                          10
                                 Ω
                                                 2
                                                      4
                                      1
                                           1
                 1
                         12
                                                2
                                                      4
## 7 Cebu
                                1
                                     1
                                          1
## 8 Cebu
                                                      5
                          14
## 9 Cebu
                          16
                                           2
                                               3
                                                      6
                                 1
                                      1
```

8

5

3

7

1

```
## 10 Cebu
                                  18
                                          1
                                               1
                                                       2
                                                             3
                                                                   6
                       1
## # ... with 23,593 more rows
2.3.3.2.2 Within Group Averages With the within-group averages created, we can generate aver-
ages for all variables within these groups.
vars.not.groups2avg <- c('prot', 'cal')</pre>
vars.indi.grp <- c('S.country', 'indi.id')</pre>
vars.groups.within.indi <- c('m12t24', 'm8t24', 'm12', 'm6', 'm3')</pre>
df.groups.to.average.select <- df.groups.to.average %>%
                         select(one_of(c(vars.indi.grp,
                                         vars.not.groups2avg,
                                         vars.groups.within.indi)))
df.avg.allvars.wide <- f.by.groups.summ.wide(df.groups.to.average.select,</pre>
                                               vars.not.groups2avg,
                                               vars.indi.grp, display=TRUE)
## # A tibble: 36,414 x 6
              S.country, indi.id, variable [10,115]
## # Groups:
##
      S.country indi.id variable value
                                          prot
##
                  <dbl> <chr>
                                  <dbl>
      <chr>
                                         <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Cebu
                      1 m12
                                     1
                                         5.36 132.
## 2 Cebu
                      1 m12
                                      2 NaN
                                               {\tt NaN}
## 3 Cebu
                      1 m12t24
                                      0
                                          4.37 97.1
## 4 Cebu
                      1 m12t24
                                      1 11.3 343.
## 5 Cebu
                      1 m3
                                      1
                                          0.65
                                                 9.1
   6 Cebu
                      1 m3
                                      2
                                          3.65 95.5
## 7 Cebu
                                      3
                                          2.6
                      1 m3
                                                85.3
## 8 Cebu
                      1 m3
                                      4 13.2 315.
## 9 Cebu
                      1 m3
                                      5 NaN
                                               {\tt NaN}
## 10 Cebu
                      1 m3
                                      6 NaN
                                               {\tt NaN}
## # ... with 36,404 more rows
## # A tibble: 2,023 x 38
      S.country indi.id cal_m12_c1 cal_m12_c2 cal_m12t24_c0 cal_m12t24_c1 cal_m3_c1 cal_m3_c2 cal_m3
##
##
      <chr>>
                  <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
                                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                                            <dbl>
                                                                                                      <d
## 1 Cebu
                              132.
                                          \mathtt{NaN}
                                                         97.1
                                                                       343.
                                                                                  9.1
                                                                                            95.5
                      1
## 2 Cebu
                      2
                              90.7
                                          256.
                                                        81.5
                                                                       240.
                                                                                 83.4
                                                                                            12.3
                                                                                                      15
## 3 Cebu
                      3
                               96.8
                                          659.
                                                         31.6
                                                                        634.
                                                                                 0.5
                                                                                            28.8
## 4 Cebu
                       4
                               27.5
                                          372.
                                                         24.6
                                                                        325.
                                                                                  4.5
                                                                                            26.0
## 5 Cebu
                      5
                                                         79.2
                                                                       960.
                              101.
                                         1081.
                                                                                           144.
                                                                                 14.1
## 6 Cebu
                      6
                              185.
                                          522.
                                                        162.
                                                                        493.
                                                                                 23.8
                                                                                           185.
                                                                                                      16
                      7
   7 Cebu
                              157.
                                          571.
                                                        146.
                                                                        514.
                                                                                  8.3
                                                                                           138.
                                                                                                      40
## 8 Cebu
                      8
                              472.
                                          845.
                                                        379.
                                                                        871.
                                                                                159.
                                                                                           423
                                                                                                      41
## 9 Cebu
                      9
                               32.3
                                          415.
                                                         16.6
                                                                        374.
                                                                                  5.05
                                                                                            10.4
## 10 Cebu
                      10
                               67.2
                                          395.
                                                         68.6
                                                                        347.
                                                                                  9.55
                                                                                            26.4
                                                                                                      16
## # ... with 2,013 more rows, and 29 more variables: cal_m3_c4 < dbl>, cal_m3_c5 < dbl>,
       cal_m3_c6 <dbl>, cal_m3_c7 <dbl>, cal_m3_c8 <dbl>, cal_m6_c1 <dbl>, cal_m6_c2 <dbl>,
## #
       cal_m6_c3 <dbl>, cal_m6_c4 <dbl>, cal_m8t24_c0 <dbl>, cal_m8t24_c1 <dbl>, prot_m12_c1 <dbl>,
```

This is the tabular version of results

```
dim(df.avg.allvars.wide)
```

prot_m6_c4 <dbl>, prot_m8t24_c0 <dbl>, prot_m8t24_c1 <dbl>

prot_m12_c2 <dbl>, prot_m12t24_c0 <dbl>, prot_m12t24_c1 <dbl>, prot_m3_c1 <dbl>,

prot_m3_c2 <dbl>, prot_m3_c3 <dbl>, prot_m3_c4 <dbl>, prot_m3_c5 <dbl>, prot_m3_c6 <dbl>,

prot_m3_c7 <dbl>, prot_m3_c8 <dbl>, prot_m6_c1 <dbl>, prot_m6_c2 <dbl>, prot_m6_c3 <dbl>,

```
## [1] 2023
```

#

#

#

"cal m12 c2"

"cal_m3_c3"

"cal_m3_c8"

"cal_m8t24_c0"

"cal m12t24 c0"

 $"cal_m3_c4"$

 $"cal_m6_c1"$

"cal_m8t24_c1"

##

names(df.avg.allvars.wide)

[6] "cal_m12t24_c1"

"indi.id"

"cal_m3_c1"

"cal_m3_c6"

"cal_m6_c3"

[1] "S.country"

[11] "cal_m3_c5"

[16] "cal_m6_c2"

```
## [21] "prot_m12_c1"
                                           "prot_m12t24_c0" "prot_m12t24_c1" "prot_m3_c1"
                          "prot_m12_c2"
## [26] "prot_m3_c2"
                          "prot_m3_c3"
                                           "prot_m3_c4"
                                                             "prot_m3_c5"
                                                                               "prot_m3_c6"
## [31] "prot_m3_c7"
                          "prot_m3_c8"
                                           "prot_m6_c1"
                                                             "prot_m6_c2"
                                                                               "prot_m6_c3"
                                           "prot_m8t24_c1"
## [36] "prot_m6_c4"
                          "prot_m8t24_c0"
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=30, repr.matrix.max.cols=12)
df.avg.allvars.wide
## # A tibble: 2,023 x 38
      S.country indi.id cal_m12_c1 cal_m12_c2 cal_m12t24_c0 cal_m12t24_c1 cal_m3_c1 cal_m3_c2 cal_m3
##
##
                                         <dbl>
                                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                                           <dbl>
      <chr>
                  <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
                                                                                                      <d
##
   1 Cebu
                              132.
                                          {\tt NaN}
                                                         97.1
                                                                       343.
                                                                                  9.1
                                                                                            95.5
                                                                                                       8
## 2 Cebu
                      2
                               90.7
                                          256.
                                                         81.5
                                                                       240.
                                                                                 83.4
                                                                                            12.3
                                                                                                      15
## 3 Cebu
                      3
                               96.8
                                                         31.6
                                                                                            28.8
                                          659.
                                                                       634.
                                                                                  0.5
                                                                                                       5
##
   4 Cebu
                      4
                               27.5
                                          372.
                                                         24.6
                                                                       325.
                                                                                  4.5
                                                                                            26.0
                                                                                                       3
                                                                       960.
##
   5 Cebu
                      5
                              101.
                                         1081.
                                                        79.2
                                                                                 14.1
                                                                                           144.
                                                                                                       7
##
   6 Cebu
                      6
                              185.
                                          522.
                                                        162.
                                                                       493.
                                                                                 23.8
                                                                                           185.
                                                                                                      16
##
                      7
                                                                                                      40
   7 Cebu
                              157.
                                          571.
                                                        146.
                                                                       514.
                                                                                  8.3
                                                                                           138.
## 8 Cebu
                      8
                              472.
                                          845.
                                                        379.
                                                                       871.
                                                                                159.
                                                                                           423
                                                                                                      41
## 9 Cebu
                      9
                               32.3
                                                                       374.
                                                                                  5.05
                                          415.
                                                         16.6
                                                                                            10.4
## 10 Cebu
                     10
                               67.2
                                          395.
                                                         68.6
                                                                       347.
                                                                                  9.55
                                                                                            26.4
                                                                                                      16
## # ... with 2,013 more rows, and 29 more variables: cal_m3_c4 < dbl>, cal_m3_c5 < dbl>,
## #
       cal_m3_c6 <dbl>, cal_m3_c7 <dbl>, cal_m3_c8 <dbl>, cal_m6_c1 <dbl>, cal_m6_c2 <dbl>,
       cal_m6_c3 <dbl>, cal_m6_c4 <dbl>, cal_m8t24_c0 <dbl>, cal_m8t24_c1 <dbl>, prot_m12_c1 <dbl>,
## #
## #
       prot_m12_c2 <dbl>, prot_m12t24_c0 <dbl>, prot_m12t24_c1 <dbl>, prot_m3_c1 <dbl>,
## #
       prot_m3_c2 <dbl>, prot_m3_c3 <dbl>, prot_m3_c4 <dbl>, prot_m3_c5 <dbl>, prot_m3_c6 <dbl>,
## #
       prot_m3_c7 <dbl>, prot_m3_c8 <dbl>, prot_m6_c1 <dbl>, prot_m6_c2 <dbl>, prot_m6_c3 <dbl>,
       prot_m6_c4 <dbl>, prot_m8t24_c0 <dbl>, prot_m8t24_c1 <dbl>
```

"cal m12 c1"

"cal_m3_c2"

"cal_m3_c7"

 $"cal_m6_c4"$

2.4 Distributional Statistics

2.4.1 Histogram

2.4.1.1 Generate Test Score Dataset

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

- r generate text string as csv
- r tibble matrix hand input

First, we will generate a test score dataset, directly from string. Below we type line by line a dataset with four variables in comma separated (csv) format, where the first row includes the variables names. These texts could be stored in a separate file, or they could be directly included in code and read in as csv

```
ar_test_scores_ec3 <- c(107.72,101.28,105.92,109.31,104.27,110.27,91.92846154,81.8,109.0071429,103.0
ar_test_scores_ec1 <- c(101.72,101.28,99.92,103.31,100.27,104.27,90.23615385,77.8,103.4357143,97.07,
mt_test_scores <- cbind(ar_test_scores_ec1, ar_test_scores_ec3)
ar_st_varnames <- c('course_total_ec1p','course_total_ec3p')
tb_final_twovar <- as_tibble(mt_test_scores) %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_varnames))
summary(tb_final_twovar)
```

2.4.1.1.1 A Dataset with only Two Continuous Variable

```
## course_total_ec3p
## Min. : 40.48 Min. : 44.23
## 1st Qu.: 76.46 1st Qu.: 79.91
## Median: 86.35 Median: 89.28
## Mean : 83.88 Mean : 87.90
## 3rd Qu.: 95.89 3rd Qu.:100.75
## Max. :104.27 Max. :112.22
ff_summ_percentiles(df = tb_final_twovar, bl_statsasrows = TRUE, col2varname = FALSE)
## # A tibble: 17 x 3
##
    stats course.total.ec1p course.total.ec3p
##
     <chr> <chr> <chr>
## 1 n 46
                              46
## 2 NAobs 0
## 3 ZEROobs 0
                           87.90239
16.76041
0.1906706
## 4 mean 83.87572
## 5 sd 15.87272

## 6 cv 0.1892409

## 7 min 40.475

## 8 p01 42.14434
                             44.225
                             45.82202
## 9 p05
         56.9650
                             57.1575
          63.05462
## 10 p10
                             66.07500
                             79.90500
           76.45616
## 11 p25
## 12 p50
             86.35236
                             89.27923
## 13 p75
                             100.75250
            " 95.89054"
## 14 p90
            100.8137
                             106.8200
## 15 p95
                             109.2343
            102.9125
## 16 p99 103.8946
                             111.3439
## 17 max 104.2700
                              112.2225
ar final scores <- c(94.28442509,95.68817475,97.25219512,77.89268293,95.08795497,93.27380863,92.3,84
mt_test_scores <- cbind(seq(1,length(ar_final_scores)), ar_final_scores)</pre>
ar_st_varnames <- c('index', 'course_final')</pre>
tb_onevar <- as_tibble(mt_test_scores) %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_varnames))
summary(tb_onevar)
2.4.1.1.2 A Dataset with one Continuous Variable and Histogram
       index
                 course_final
## Min. : 1.0 Min. : 2.293
## 1st Qu.:12.5 1st Qu.: 76.372
## Median :24.0 Median : 86.959
## Mean :24.0 Mean : 82.415
## 3rd Qu.:35.5 3rd Qu.: 94.686
## Max. :47.0 Max. :100.898
ff_summ_percentiles(df = tb_onevar, bl_statsasrows = TRUE, col2varname = FALSE)
## # A tibble: 17 x 3
     stats course.final index
##
      <chr> <chr> <chr>
## 1 n
             47
                         47
## 2 NAobs 0
                         0
## 3 ZEROobs 0
                         0
## 4 mean 82.41501 24.00000
## 5 sd 18.35476 13.71131
## 6 cv 0.2227113 0.5713046
## 7 min 2.292683 1.000000
```

```
## 8 p01
              18.67401
                           " 1.46000"
                           " 3.30000"
## 9 p05
              49.72075
## 10 p10
              66.28051
                           " 5.60000"
## 11 p25
              76.37177
                          12.50000
## 12 p50
              86.95932
                           24.00000
## 13 p75
              94.68619
                           35.50000
## 14 p90
              97.52332
                           42.40000
## 15 p95
              99.47459
                           44.70000
                           " 46.5400"
## 16 p99
              100.5244
                           " 47.000"
## 17 max
              100.898
```

```
#load in data empirically by hand
txt_test_data <- "init_prof, later_prof, class_id, exam_score</pre>
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 102
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 102
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 101
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 100
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 100
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 99
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 98.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 98.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 97
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 95
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 94
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 91
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 91
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 90
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 89
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 88.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 88
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 87
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 87
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 87
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 86
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 86
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 84
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 82
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 78.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 76
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 72
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 70.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 67.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 67.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 67
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 63.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 60
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 59
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 44.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 44
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 42.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 40.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 40.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 36.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 35.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 21.5
 'SW', 'SW', 1, 4
 'MP', 'MP', 2, 105
```

```
'MP', 'MP', 2, 103
'MP', 'MP', 2, 102
'MP', 'MP', 2, 101
'MP', 'MP', 2, 101
'MP', 'MP', 2, 100.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 100
'MP', 'MP', 2, 99
'MP', 'MP', 2, 97
'MP', 'MP', 2, 97
'MP', 'MP', 2, 97
'MP', 'MP', 2, 97
'MP', 'MP', 2, 96
'MP', 'MP', 2, 95
'MP', 'MP', 2, 91
'MP', 'MP', 2, 89
'MP', 'MP', 2, 85
'MP', 'MP', 2, 84
'MP', 'MP', 2, 84
'MP', 'MP', 2, 84
'MP', 'MP', 2, 83.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 82.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 81.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 80.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 80
'MP', 'MP', 2, 77
'MP', 'MP', 2, 77
'MP', 'MP', 2, 75
'MP', 'MP', 2, 75
'MP', 'MP', 2, 71
'MP', 'MP', 2, 70
'MP', 'MP', 2, 68
'MP', 'MP', 2, 63
'MP', 'MP', 2, 56
'MP', 'MP', 2, 56
'MP', 'MP', 2, 55.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 49.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 48.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 47.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 44.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 34.5
'MP', 'MP', 2, 29.5
'CA', 'MP', 3, 103
'CA', 'MP', 3, 103
'CA', 'MP', 3, 101
'CA', 'MP', 3, 96.5
'CA', 'MP', 3, 93.5
'CA', 'MP', 3, 93
'CA', 'MP', 3, 93
'CA', 'MP', 3, 92
'CA', 'MP', 3, 90
'CA', 'MP', 3, 90
'CA', 'MP', 3, 89
'CA', 'MP', 3, 86.5
'CA', 'MP', 3, 84.5
'CA', 'MP', 3, 83
'CA', 'MP', 3, 83
'CA', 'MP', 3, 82
'CA', 'MP', 3, 78
```

```
'CA', 'MP', 3, 75
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 74.5
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 70
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 54.5
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 52
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 50
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 42
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 36.5
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 28
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 26
 'CA', 'MP', 3, 11
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 103
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 103
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 102
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 102
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 101
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 100
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 98
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 98
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 98
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 95
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 95
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 92.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 92
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 91
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 90
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 85.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 84
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 82.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 81
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 77.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 77
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 72
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 71.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 69
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 68.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 68
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 67
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 65.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 62.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 62
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 61.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 61
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 57.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 54
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 52.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 51
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 50.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 50
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 49
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 43
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 39.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 32.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 25.5
 'CA', 'SN', 4, 18"
csv_test_data = read.csv(text=txt_test_data, header=TRUE)
ar_st_varnames <- c('first_half_professor', 'second_half_professor', 'course_id', 'exam_score')</pre>
```

```
tb_test_data <- as_tibble(csv_test_data) %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_varnames))
summary(tb_test_data)
```

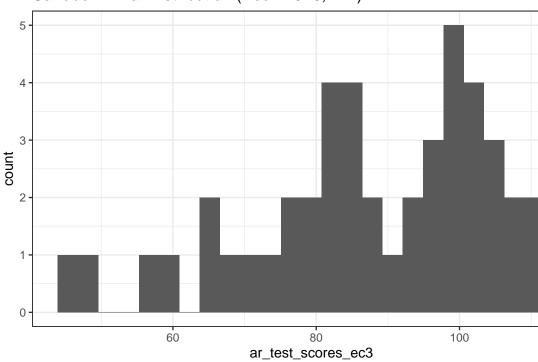
2.4.1.1.3 A Dataset with Multiple Variables

```
first_half_professor second_half_professor
##
                                                course_id
                                                                exam_score
##
     'CA':72
                         'MP':70
                                              Min. :1.000
                                                             Min. : 4.00
     'MP':42
                         'SN':44
##
                                              1st Qu.:1.000
                                                             1st Qu.: 60.00
                         'SW':43
     'SW':43
##
                                              Median :2.000
                                                             Median : 82.00
                                                              Mean : 75.08
##
                                              Mean :2.465
##
                                              3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                              3rd Qu.: 94.00
##
                                              Max. :4.000
                                                             Max. :105.00
```

2.4.1.2 Test Score Distributions

```
ggplot(tb_final_twovar, aes(x=ar_test_scores_ec3)) +
  geom_histogram(bins=25) +
  labs(title = paste0('Sandbox: Final Distribution (Econ 2370, FW)'),
      caption = 'FW Section, formula: 0.3*exam1Perc + 0.3*exam2Perc + 0.42*HWtotalPerc + 0.03*Atten
  theme_bw()
```

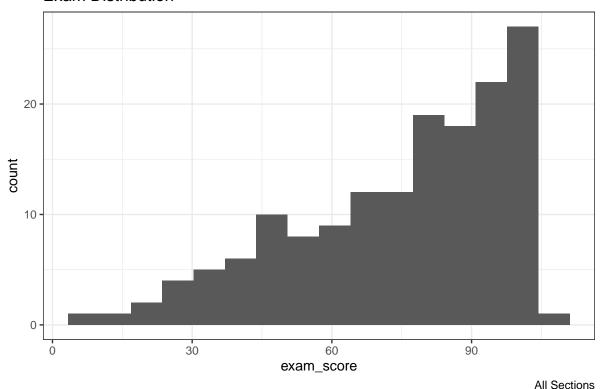
Sandbox: Final Distribution (Econ 2370, FW)



FW Section, formula: 0.3*exam1Perc + 0.3*exam2Perc + 0.42*HWtotalPerc + 0.03*Attendare + perfect attendance + 0.03 per Ex

2.4.1.2.1 Histogram





2.4.2 Joint Quantiles from Continuous

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

There are multiple or a single continuous variables. Find which quantile each observation belongs to for each of the variables. Then also generate a joint/interaction variable of all combinations of quantiles from different variables.

The program has these features:

- 1. Quantiles breaks are generated based on group_by characteristics, meaning quantiles for individual level characteristics when data is panel
- 2. Quantiles variables apply to full panel at within-group observation levels.
- 3. Robust to non-unique breaks for quantiles (non-unique grouped together)
- 4. Quantile categories have detailed labeling (specifying which non-unique groupings belong to quantile)

When joining multiple quantile variables together:

- 1. First check if only calculate quantiles at observations where all quantile base variables are not null
- 2. Calculate Quantiles for each variable, with different quantile levels for sub-groups of variables
- 3. Summary statistics by multiple quantile-categorical variables, summary

2.4.2.1 Build Program

```
'n', (length(seq.quantiles)-1))
# Support Functions for Quantile Labeling
f_Q_label <- function(arr.quantiles,</pre>
                      arr.sort.unique.quantile,
                      seq.quantiles) {
    paste0('(',
           paste0(which(arr.quantiles %in% arr.sort.unique.quantile), collapse=','),
           ') of ', f_Q_suffix(seq.quantiles))
}
# Generate New Variable Names with Quantile Suffix
f_var_rename <- function(name, seq.quantiles) {</pre>
    quantile.suffix <- paste0('_', f_Q_suffix(seq.quantiles))</pre>
    return(sub('_q', quantile.suffix, name))
}
# Check Are Values within Group By Unique? If not, STOP
f_check_distinct_ingroup <- function(df, vars.group_by, vars.values_in_group) {</pre>
    df.uniqus.in.group <- df %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.group_by)) %>%
            mutate(quant_vars_paste = paste(!!!(syms(vars.values_in_group)), sep='-')) %>%
            mutate(unique_in_group = n_distinct(quant_vars_paste)) %>%
            slice(1L) %>%
            ungroup() %>%
            group_by(unique_in_group) %>%
            summarise(n=n())
    if (sum(df.uniqus.in.group$unique_in_group) > 1) {
        print(df.uniqus.in.group)
        print(paste('vars.values_in_group', vars.values_in_group, sep=':'))
        print(paste('vars.group_by', vars.group_by, sep=':'))
        stop("The variables for which quantiles are to be taken are not identical within the group v
}
```

2.4.2.1.1 Support Functions

2.4.2.1.2 Data Slicing and Quantile Generation

• Function 1: generate quantiles based on group-specific characteristics. the groups could be at the panel observation level as well.

}

2.4.2.1.3 Data Cutting

• Function 2: cut groups for full panel dataframe based on group-specific characteristics quantiles.

```
# Cutting Function, Cut Continuous Variables into Quantiles with labeing
f_cut <- function(var, df.sliced.quantiles, seq.quantiles, include.lowest=TRUE, fan.labels=TRUE, pri</pre>
    # unparsed string variable name
    var.str <- substitute(var)</pre>
    # Breaks
    arr.quantiles <- df.sliced.quantiles[[var.str]]</pre>
    arr.sort.unique.quantiles <- sort(unique(arr.quantiles))</pre>
    if (print) {
        print(arr.sort.unique.quantiles)
    }
    # Regular cutting With Standard Labels
    # TRUE, means the lowest group has closed bracket left and right
    var.quantile <- cut(var, breaks=arr.sort.unique.quantiles, include.lowest=include.lowest)</pre>
    # Use my custom labels
    if (fan.labels) {
        levels.suffix <- lapply(arr.sort.unique.quantiles[1:(length(arr.sort.unique.quantiles)-1)],</pre>
                                 f_Q_label,
                                 arr.quantiles=arr.quantiles,
                                 seq.quantiles=seq.quantiles)
        if (print) {
            print(levels.suffix)
        levels(var.quantile) <- paste0(levels(var.quantile), '; ', levels.suffix)</pre>
    }
    # Return
    return(var.quantile)
# Combo Quantile Function
# vars.cts2quantile <- c('wealthIdx', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
\# seq.quantiles \leftarrow c(0, 0.3333, 0.6666, 1.0)
\# vars.group\_by \leftarrow c('indi.id')
# vars.arrange <- c('indi.id', 'svymthRound')</pre>
# vars.continuous <- c('wealthIdx', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles <- function(df, vars.cts2quantile, seq.quantiles,</pre>
                                         vars.group_by, vars.arrange) {
    # Check Are Values within Group By Unique? If not, STOP
    f_check_distinct_ingroup(df, vars.group_by, vars.values_in_group=vars.cts2quantile)
    # First Step Slicing
    df.sliced <- df_sliced_quantiles(df, vars.cts2quantile, seq.quantiles, vars.group_by, vars.arran
    # Second Step Generate Categorical Variables of Quantiles
    df.with.cut.quant <- df %>% mutate_at(vars.cts2quantile,
                                funs(q=f_cut(., df.sliced$df.sliced.quantiles,
                                              seq.quantiles=seq.quantiles,
                                              include.lowest=TRUE, fan.labels=TRUE)))
```

```
if (length(vars.cts2quantile) > 1) {
        df.with.cut.quant <- df.with.cut.quant %>%
                              rename_at(vars(contains('_q')),
                                        funs(f_var_rename(., seq.quantiles=seq.quantiles)))
   } else {
        new.var.name <- pasteO(vars.cts2quantile[1], '_', f_Q_suffix(seq.quantiles))</pre>
        df.with.cut.quant <- df.with.cut.quant %>% rename(!!new.var.name := q)
    # Newly Generated Quantile-Cut Variables
   vars.quantile.cut <- df.with.cut.quant %>%
                select(matches(paste0(vars.cts2quantile, collapse='|'))) %>%
                select(matches(f_Q_suffix(seq.quantiles)))
    # Return
   return(list(df.with.cut.quant = df.with.cut.quant,
                df.sliced.quantiles=df.sliced$df.sliced.quantiles,
                df.grp.L1=df.sliced$df.grp.L1,
                vars.quantile.cut=vars.quantile.cut))
}
```

2.4.2.1.4 Different Vars Different Probabilities Joint Quantiles

- Accomondate multiple continuous variables
- Different percentiles
- list of lists
- generate joint categorical variables
- keep only values that exist for all quantile base vars

```
# Function to handle list inputs with different quantiles vars and probabilities
df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_grps <- function(quantile.grp.list, df, vars.group_by, vars.arrange) {</pre>
   vars.cts2quantile <- quantile.grp.list$vars</pre>
   seq.quantiles <- quantile.grp.list$prob</pre>
   return(df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles(df, vars.cts2quantile, seq.quantiles, vars.group_by, vars.arran
}
# Show Results
df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint_results_grped <- function(df.with.cut.quant.all, vars.cts2quantile,
                                                             vars.quantile.cut.all, var.qjnt.grp.idx)
    # Show ALL
    df.group.panel.cnt.mean <- df.with.cut.quant.all %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.quantile.cut.all), !!
            summarise_at(vars.cts2quantile, funs(mean, n()))
    # Show Based on SLicing first
    df.group.slice1.cnt.mean <- df.with.cut.quant.all %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.group_by)) %>% arran
            group_by(!!!syms(vars.quantile.cut.all), !!sym(var.qjnt.grp.idx)) %>%
            summarise_at(vars.cts2quantile, funs(mean, n()))
    return(list(df.group.panel.cnt.mean=df.group.panel.cnt.mean,
                df.group.slice1.cnt.mean=df.group.slice1.cnt.mean))
}
# # Joint Quantile Group Name
# var.qjnt.grp.idx <- 'group.index'</pre>
# # Generate Categorical Variables of Quantiles
# vars.group_by <- c('indi.id')</pre>
# vars.arrange <- c('indi.id', 'svymthRound')</pre>
# # Quantile Variables and Quantiles
```

```
# vars.cts2quantile.wealth <- c('wealthIdx')</pre>
# seq.quantiles.wealth \leftarrow c(0, .5, 1.0)
# vars.cts2quantile.wgthgt <- c('hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
\# seq.quantiles.wgthgt <- c(0, .3333, 0.6666, 1.0)
# drop.any.quantile.na <- TRUE</pre>
# # collect to list
# list.cts2quantile <- list(list(vars=vars.cts2quantile.wealth,
                                  prob=seq.quantiles.wealth),
#
                             list(vars=vars.cts2quantile.wgthgt,
#
                                  prob=seq.quantiles.wgthgt))
df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint <- function(df, var.qjnt.grp.idx,</pre>
                                              list.cts2quantile,
                                              vars.group_by, vars.arrange,
                                              drop.any.quantile.na = TRUE,
                                              toprint = TRUE) {
  # Original dimensions
 if(toprint) {
  print(dim(df))
  # All Continuous Variables from lists
 vars.cts2quantile <- unlist(lapply(list.cts2quantile, function(elist) elist$vars))</pre>
 vars.cts2quantile
  # Keep only if not NA for all Quantile variables
 if (drop.any.quantile.na) {
  df.select <- df %>% drop_na(c(vars.group_by, vars.arrange, vars.cts2quantile))
 } else {
  df.select <- df
 }
 if(toprint) {
  print(dim(df.select))
  # Apply qunatile function to all elements of list of list
 df.cut.list <- lapply(list.cts2quantile, df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_grps,</pre>
                         df=df.select, vars.group_by=vars.group_by, vars.arrange=vars.arrange)
  # Reduce Resulting Core Panel Matrix Together
 df.with.cut.quant.all <- lapply(df.cut.list, function(elist) elist$df.with.cut.quant) %>% reduce(l
 df.sliced.quantiles.all <- lapply(df.cut.list, function(elist) elist$df.sliced.quantiles)</pre>
 if(toprint) {
    print(dim(df.with.cut.quant.all))
  # Obrain Newly Created Quantile Group Variables
 vars.quantile.cut.all <- unlist(lapply(df.cut.list, function(elist) names(elist$vars.quantile.cut)</pre>
  if(toprint) {
    print(vars.quantile.cut.all)
    print(summary(df.with.cut.quant.all %>% select(one_of(vars.quantile.cut.all))))
  # Generate Joint Quantile Index Variable
```

```
df.with.cut.quant.all <- df.with.cut.quant.all %>% mutate(!!var.qjnt.grp.idx := group_indices(., !
  # Quantile Groups
 arr.group.idx <- t(sort(unique(df.with.cut.quant.all[[var.qjnt.grp.idx]])))</pre>
  # Results Display
  df.group.print <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint_results_grped(df.with.cut.quant.all, vars.cts2q</pre>
                                                  vars.group_by, vars.arrange,
                                                  vars.quantile.cut.all, var.qjnt.grp.idx)
  # list to Return
  # These returns are the same as returns earlier: df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles
  # Except that they are combined together
 return(list(df.with.cut.quant = df.with.cut.quant.all,
              df.sliced.quantiles = df.sliced.quantiles.all,
              df.grp.L1 = (df.cut.list[[1]])$df.grp.L1,
              vars.quantile.cut = vars.quantile.cut.all,
              df.group.panel.cnt.mean = df.group.print$df.group.panel.cnt.mean,
              df.group.slice1.cnt.mean = df.group.print$df.group.slice1.cnt.mean))
}
```

2.4.2.2 Program Testing

Load Data

```
# Library
library(tidyverse)
# Load Sample Data
setwd('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/_data/')
df <- read_csv('height_weight.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
##
    S.country = col_character(),
    vil.id = col_double(),
##
##
    indi.id = col_double(),
##
    sex = col_character(),
##
    svymthRound = col_double(),
##
    momEdu = col_double(),
##
    wealthIdx = col_double(),
##
    hgt = col_double(),
##
    wgt = col_double(),
##
    hgt0 = col_double(),
    wgt0 = col_double(),
##
##
    prot = col_double(),
##
    cal = col_double(),
##
    p.A.prot = col_double(),
    p.A.nProt = col_double()
##
## )
# Joint Quantile Group Name
var.qjnt.grp.idx <- 'group.index'</pre>
list.cts2quantile <- list(list(vars=c('hgt0'), prob=c(0, .3333, 0.6666, 1.0)))
results <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint(df, var.qjnt.grp.idx, list.cts2quantile,
                                             vars.group_by = c('indi.id'), vars.arrange = c('indi.id')
```

```
drop.any.quantile.na = TRUE, toprint = FALSE)
# Show Results
results$df.group.slice1.cnt.mean
2.4.2.2.1 Hgt0 3 Groups
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
## # Groups: hgt0_Qs0e1n3 [3]
## hgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                group.index mean
##
    <fct>
                                    <int> <dbl> <int>
                                       1 47.0
## 1 [40.6,48.5]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                                    580
## 2 (48.5,50.2]; (2) of Qs0e1n3
                                          2 49.4
                                                    561
## 3 (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs0e1n3
                                         3 51.7
                                                    568
# Joint Quantile Group Name
var.qjnt.grp.idx <- 'wltQuintle.index'</pre>
list.cts2quantile <- list(list(vars=c('wealthIdx'), prob=seq(0, 1.0, 0.20)))</pre>
results <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint((df %>% filter(S.country == 'Guatemala')),
                                           var.qjnt.grp.idx, list.cts2quantile,
                                           vars.group_by = c('indi.id'), vars.arrange = c('indi.id')
                                           drop.any.quantile.na = TRUE, toprint = FALSE)
# Show Results
results$df.group.slice1.cnt.mean
2.4.2.2.2 Wealth 5 Groups Guatemala
## # A tibble: 5 x 4
## # Groups: wealthIdx_Qs0e1n5 [5]
## wealthIdx_Qs0e1n5 wltQuintle.index mean
##
    <fct>
                                        <int> <dbl> <int>
## 1 [1,1.6]; (1) of Qs0e1n5
                                            1 1.25
                                                       151
                                             2 1.82
                                                       139
## 2 (1.6,2.1]; (2) of Qs0e1n5
## 3 (2.1,2.3]; (3) of Qs0e1n5
                                           3 2.25
                                                       139
## 4 (2.3,2.9]; (4) of Qs0e1n5
                                           4 2.70
                                                       134
## 5 (2.9,6.6]; (5) of Qs0e1n5
                                           5 3.77
                                                       111
# Joint Quantile Group Name
var.qjnt.grp.idx <- 'group.index'</pre>
list.cts2quantile <- list(list(vars=c('hgt0', 'wgt0'), prob=c(0, .5, 1.0)))</pre>
results <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint(df, var.qjnt.grp.idx, list.cts2quantile,
                                           vars.group_by = c('indi.id'), vars.arrange = c('indi.id')
                                           drop.any.quantile.na = TRUE, toprint = FALSE)
2.4.2.2.3 Hgt0 2 groups, Wgt0 2 groups too
## Joining, by = "quant.perc"
# Show Results
results$df.group.slice1.cnt.mean
## # A tibble: 4 x 7
             hgt0_Qs0e1n2, wgt0_Qs0e1n2 [4]
## # Groups:
   hgt0_Qs0e1n2
                            wgt0_Qs0e1n2
                                                         group.index hgt0_mean wgt0_mean hgt0_n wgt
    <fct>
                            <fct>
                                                              <int>
                                                                         <dbl>
                                                                                 <dbl> <int> <i
## 1 [40.6,49.4]; (1) of Qs~ [1.4e+03,3.01e+03]; (1) of ~
                                                                         47.4
                                                                 1
                                                                                  2650.
                                                                                           652
                                                                  2
## 2 [40.6,49.4]; (1) of Qs~ (3.01e+03,5.49e+03]; (2) of~
                                                                         48.5
                                                                                  3244.
                                                                                           228
## 3 (49.4,58]; (2) of Qs0e~ [1.4e+03,3.01e+03]; (1) of ~
                                                                 3
                                                                        50.4
                                                                                  2829.
                                                                                           202
## 4 (49.4,58]; (2) of Qs0e~ (3.01e+03,5.49e+03]; (2) of~
                                                                 4
                                                                         51.3
                                                                                 3483.
                                                                                           626
```

```
# Joint Quantile Group Name
var.qjnt.grp.idx <- 'group.index'</pre>
list.cts2quantile <- list(list(vars=c('wealthIdx'), prob=c(0, .5, 1.0)), list(vars=c('hgt0'), prob=c</pre>
results <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint((df %>% filter(S.country == 'Cebu')),
                                             var.qjnt.grp.idx, list.cts2quantile,
                                             vars.group_by = c('indi.id'), vars.arrange = c('indi.id')
                                             drop.any.quantile.na = TRUE, toprint = FALSE)
2.4.2.2.4 Hgt0 2 groups, Wealth 2 groups, Cebu Only
## Joining, by = c("S.country", "vil.id", "indi.id", "sex", "svymthRound", "momEdu", "wealthIdx",
## "hgt", "wgt", "hgt0", "wgt0", "prot", "cal", "p.A.prot", "p.A.nProt")
results$df.group.slice1.cnt.mean
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
## # Groups: wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2, hgt0_Qs0e1n3 [6]
## wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2
                            hgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                                group.index wealthIdx_mean hgt0_mean wealthIdx_n hgt
##
   <fct>
                            <fct>
                                                      <int>
                                                                    <dbl>
                                                                               <dbl>
                                                                                           <int>
## 1 [5.2,8.3]; (1) of Qs0~ [41.1,48.4]; (1) o~
                                                          1
                                                                      7.15
                                                                                46.9
                                                                                              270
## 2 [5.2,8.3]; (1) of Qs0~ (48.4,50.1]; (2) o~
                                                          2
                                                                      7.18
                                                                                49.2
                                                                                             269
## 3 [5.2,8.3]; (1) of Qs0~ (50.1,58]; (3) of ~
                                                                      7.13
                                                                                             236
                                                          3
                                                                                51.3
## 4 (8.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ [41.1,48.4]; (1) o~
                                                        4
                                                                    11.1
                                                                                47.2
                                                                                             179
## 5 (8.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (48.4,50.1]; (2) o~
                                                        5
                                                                     11.2
                                                                                49.3
                                                                                             185
## 6 (8.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (50.1,58]; (3) of ~
                                                        6
                                                                                              207
                                                                     11.6
                                                                                51.7
2.4.2.2.5 Results of income + Wgt0 + Hgt0 joint Gruops in Cebu Weight at month 0 below
and above median, height at month zero into three terciles.
# Joint Quantile Group Name
var.qjnt.grp.idx <- 'wltHgt0Wgt0.index'</pre>
list.cts2quantile <- list(list(vars=c('wealthIdx'), prob=c(0, .5, 1.0)), list(vars=c('hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
results <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_joint((df %>% filter(S.country == 'Cebu')),
                                            var.qjnt.grp.idx, list.cts2quantile,
                                            vars.group_by = c('indi.id'), vars.arrange = c('indi.id')
                                            drop.any.quantile.na = TRUE, toprint = FALSE)
## Joining, by = "quant.perc"Joining, by = c("S.country", "vil.id", "indi.id", "sex", "svymthRound",
## "momEdu", "wealthIdx", "hgt", "wgt", "hgt0", "wgt0", "prot", "cal", "p.A.prot", "p.A.nProt")
# Show Results
results$df.group.slice1.cnt.mean
## # A tibble: 8 x 10
## # Groups: wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2, hgt0_Qs0e1n2, wgt0_Qs0e1n2 [8]
     wealthIdx_Qs0e1~ hgt0_Qs0e1n2 wgt0_Qs0e1n2 wltHgt0Wgt0.ind~ wealthIdx_mean hgt0_mean wgt0_mean
##
     <fct>
                      <fct>
                                   <fct>
                                                           <int>
                                                                          <dbl>
                                                                                    <dbl>
                                                                                               <dbl>
## 1 [5.2,8.3]; (1) ~ [41.1,49.2] ~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                                           7.16
                                                                                     47.3
                                                                                              2607.
                                                               1
## 2 [5.2,8.3]; (1) ~ [41.1,49.2]~ (2.98e+03,5~
                                                               2
                                                                           7.27
                                                                                     48.4
                                                                                              3156.
## 3 [5.2,8.3]; (1) ~ (49.2,58]; ~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                               3
                                                                           7.00
                                                                                     50.2
                                                                                              2781.
## 4 [5.2,8.3]; (1) ~ (49.2,58]; ~ (2.98e+03,5~
                                                              4
                                                                           7.16
                                                                                     51.0
                                                                                              3328.
## 5 (8.3,19.3]; (2)~ [41.1,49.2]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                              5
                                                                                     47.4
                                                                          10.9
                                                                                              2632.
## 6 (8.3,19.3]; (2)~ [41.1,49.2]~ (2.98e+03,5~
                                                               6
                                                                          11.3
                                                                                     48.5
                                                                                              3196.
## 7 (8.3,19.3]; (2)~ (49.2,58]; ~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                               7
                                                                          11.3
                                                                                     50.2
                                                                                              2779.
## 8 (8.3,19.3]; (2)~ (49.2,58]; ~ (2.98e+03,5~
                                                               8
                                                                          11.7
                                                                                     51.4
                                                                                              3431.
## # ... with 3 more variables: wealthIdx_n <int>, hgt0_n <int>, wgt0_n <int>
```

2.4.2.3 Line by Line-Quantiles Var by Var

The idea of the function is to generate quantiles levels first, and then use those to generate the categories based on quantiles. Rather than doing this in one step. These are done in two steps, to increase clarity in the quantiles used for quantile category generation. And a dataframe with these quantiles are saved as a separate output of the function.

2.4.2.3.1 Dataframe of Variables' Group-by Level Quantiles Quantiles from Different Variables. Note that these variables are specific to the individual, not individual/month. So we need to first slick the data, so that we only get the first rows.

Do this in several steps to clarify group by level. No speed loss.

```
# Selected Variables, many Percentiles
vars.group_by <- c('indi.id')</pre>
vars.arrange <- c('indi.id', 'svymthRound')</pre>
vars.cts2quantile <- c('wealthIdx', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
seq.quantiles <-c(0, 0.3333, 0.6666, 1.0)
df.sliced <- df_sliced_quantiles(df, vars.cts2quantile, seq.quantiles, vars.group_by, vars.arrange)</pre>
## Joining, by = "quant.perc"Joining, by = "quant.perc"
df.sliced.quantiles <- df.sliced$df.sliced.quantiles</pre>
df.grp.L1 <- df.sliced$df.grp.L1
df.sliced.quantiles
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
##
     quant.perc wealthIdx hgt0 wgt0
##
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
     <chr>
## 1 0%
                       1
                            40.6 1402.
## 2 33.33%
                       5.2 48.5 2843.
## 3 66.66%
                       8.3 50.2 3209.
## 4 100%
                      19.3
                           58
                                 5494.
# Quantiles all Variables
suppressMessages(lapply(names(df), gen_quantiles, df=df.grp.L1, prob=seq(0.1,0.9,0.10)) %>% reduce(f
## Warning in quantile(as.numeric(df[[var]]), prob, na.rm = TRUE): NAs introduced by coercion
## Warning in quantile(as.numeric(df[[var]]), prob, na.rm = TRUE): NAs introduced by coercion
## # A tibble: 9 x 16
     quant.perc S.country vil.id indi.id
                                             sex svymthRound momEdu wealthIdx
                                                                                 hgt
                                                                                        wgt hgt0 wgt0
##
                     <dbl>
                            <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
     <chr>
                                    <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
## 1 10%
                                3
                                     203.
                                                           0
                                                                 5.7
                                                                                46.3 1397.
                                                                                             46.6 2500.
                        NA
                                              NΑ
                                                                           1.7
## 2 20%
                                4
                                     405.
                                                           0
                                                                 6.9
                                                                           2.3
                                                                                47.3 1840.
                                                                                             47.7 2686.
                        NA
                                              NΑ
## 3 30%
                        NA
                                6
                                     608.
                                              NA
                                                           0
                                                                 7.7
                                                                           3.3
                                                                                48
                                                                                      2272.
                                                                                             48.3 2804.
## 4 40%
                                8
                                              NA
                                                           Ω
                                                                 8.6
                                                                           6.3
                                                                                48.7 2669.
                                                                                             48.8 2910.
                        NA
                                     810.
                                                           0
## 5 50%
                        NA
                                9
                                    1012
                                              NA
                                                                 9.3
                                                                           7.3
                                                                                49.4 3050.
                                                                                             49.4 3013
## 6 60%
                        NA
                               13
                                    1214.
                                              NA
                                                           0
                                                                10.4
                                                                           8.3 49.9 3440.
                                                                                             49.9 3126.
## 7 70%
                        NA
                               14
                                    1416.
                                              NA
                                                           0
                                                                11.4
                                                                           8.3
                                                                                50.5 3857.
                                                                                             50.4 3250.
## 8 80%
                               17
                                              NΑ
                                                           0
                                                                12.7
                                                                           9.3
                                                                                51.2 4258.
                                                                                             51.0 3418.
                        NΑ
                                    1619.
## 9 90%
                        NA
                               26
                                    1821.
                                              NA
                                                           0
                                                                14.6
                                                                          11.3
                                                                                52.3 4704.
                                                                                             52
                                                                                                  3683.
```

2.4.2.3.2 Cut Quantile Categorical Variables Using the Quantiles we have generate, cut the continuous variables to generate categorical quantile variables in the full dataframe.

... with 4 more variables: prot <dbl>, cal <dbl>, p.A.prot <dbl>, p.A.nProt <dbl>

Note that we can only cut based on unique breaks, but sometimes quantile break-points are the same if some values are often observed, and also if there are too few observations with respect to quantile groups.

To resolve this issue, we only look at unique quantiles.

We need several support Functions: 1. support functions to generate suffix for quantile variables based on quantile cuts 2. support for labeling variables of resulting quantiles beyond bracketing

```
# Function Testing
arr.quantiles <- df.sliced.quantiles[[substitute('wealthIdx')]]</pre>
arr.quantiles
## [1] 1.0 5.2 8.3 19.3
arr.sort.unique.quantiles <- sort(unique(df.sliced.quantiles[[substitute('wealthIdx')]]))
arr.sort.unique.quantiles
## [1] 1.0 5.2 8.3 19.3
f_Q_label(arr.quantiles, arr.sort.unique.quantiles[1], seq.quantiles)
## [1] "(1) of Qs0e1n3"
f_Q_label(arr.quantiles, arr.sort.unique.quantiles[2], seq.quantiles)
## [1] "(2) of Qs0e1n3"
lapply(arr.sort.unique.quantiles[1:(length(arr.sort.unique.quantiles)-1)],
       f_Q_label,
       arr.quantiles=arr.quantiles,
       seq.quantiles=seq.quantiles)
## [[1]]
## [1] "(1) of Qs0e1n3"
## [[2]]
## [1] "(2) of Qs0e1n3"
## [[3]]
## [1] "(3) of Qs0e1n3"
# Generate Categorical Variables of Quantiles
vars.group_by <- c('indi.id')</pre>
vars.arrange <- c('indi.id', 'svymthRound')</pre>
vars.cts2quantile <- c('wealthIdx', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
seq.quantiles <-c(0, 0.3333, 0.6666, 1.0)
df.cut <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles(df, vars.cts2quantile, seq.quantiles, vars.group_by, vars.arran
## Joining, by = "quant.perc" Joining, by = "quant.perc"
vars.quantile.cut <- df.cut$vars.quantile.cut</pre>
df.with.cut.quant <- df.cut$df.with.cut.quant</pre>
df.grp.L1 <- df.cut$df.grp.L1</pre>
# Cut Variables Generated
names(vars.quantile.cut)
## [1] "wealthIdx_Qs0e1n3" "hgt0_Qs0e1n3"
                                                "wgt0_Qs0e1n3"
summary(vars.quantile.cut)
##
                     wealthIdx_Qs0e1n3
                                                              hgt0_Qs0e1n3
##
    [1,5.2]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                        [40.6,48.5]; (1) of Qs0e1n3:10232
                              :10958
##
    (5.2,8.3]; (2) of Qs0e1n3 :13812
                                        (48.5,50.2]; (2) of Qs0e1n3: 9895
                                        (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs0e1n3 : 9908
##
    (8.3,19.3]; (3) of Qs0e1n3:10295
##
                                        NA's
                                                                    : 5030
                                  wgt0_Qs0e1n3
   [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1) of Qs0e1n3 :10105
```

A tibble: 3 x 5

```
(2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2) of Qs0e1n3:10056
##
   (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3) of Qs0e1n3: 9858
## NA's
# options(repr.matrix.max.rows=50, repr.matrix.max.cols=20)
# df.with.cut.quant
# Group By Results
f.count <- function(df, var.cts, seq.quantiles) {</pre>
    df %>% select(S.country, indi.id, svymthRound, matches(paste0(var.cts, collapse='|'))) %>%
        group_by(!!sym(f_var_rename(paste0(var.cts,'_q'), seq.quantiles))) %>%
        summarise_all(funs(n=n()))
}
# Full Panel Results
lapply(vars.cts2quantile, f.count, df=df.with.cut.quant, seq.quantiles=seq.quantiles)
2.4.2.3.3 Individual Variables' Quantile Cuts Review Results
## Warning: Factor `hgt0_Qs0e1n3` contains implicit NA, consider using `forcats::fct_explicit_na`
## Warning: Factor `wgt0_Qs0e1n3` contains implicit NA, consider using `forcats::fct_explicit_na`
## [[1]]
## # A tibble: 3 x 5
    wealthIdx_Qs0e1n3
                                S.country_n indi.id_n svymthRound_n wealthIdx_n
##
     <fct>
                                                <int>
                                                              <int>
                                                                           <int>
                                      <int>
## 1 [1,5.2]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                      10958
                                                10958
                                                              10958
                                                                           10958
## 2 (5.2,8.3]; (2) of Qs0e1n3
                                      13812
                                                13812
                                                              13812
                                                                           13812
## 3 (8.3,19.3]; (3) of Qs0e1n3
                                      10295
                                                10295
                                                              10295
                                                                           10295
##
## [[2]]
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
## hgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                 S.country_n indi.id_n svymthRound_n hgtO_n
                                                               <int> <int>
##
    <fct>
                                       <int>
                                                 <int>
## 1 [40.6,48.5]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                                               10232 10232
                                       10232
                                                 10232
## 2 (48.5,50.2]; (2) of Qs0e1n3
                                        9895
                                                  9895
                                                                9895
                                                                        9895
## 3 (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs0e1n3
                                        9908
                                                  9908
                                                                9908
                                                                       9908
## 4 <NA>
                                        5030
                                                  5030
                                                                5030
                                                                       5030
##
## [[3]]
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
##
    wgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                         S.country_n indi.id_n svymthRound_n wgt0_n
##
     <fct>
                                               <int>
                                                         <int>
                                                                       <int>
                                                                              <int>
## 1 [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                               10105
                                                         10105
                                                                        10105 10105
## 2 (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2) of Qs0e1n3
                                               10056
                                                         10056
                                                                       10056 10056
## 3 (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3) of Qs0e1n3
                                                9858
                                                          9858
                                                                        9858
                                                                              9858
## 4 <NA>
                                                5046
                                                          5046
                                                                         5046
                                                                                5046
# Results Individual Slice
lapply(vars.cts2quantile, f.count,
       df=(df.with.cut.quant %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.group_by)) %>% arrange(!!!syms(vars.arrange))
       seq.quantiles = seq.quantiles)
## Warning: Factor `hgt0_Qs0e1n3` contains implicit NA, consider using `forcats::fct_explicit_na`
## Warning: Factor `wgt0_Qs0e1n3` contains implicit NA, consider using `forcats::fct_explicit_na`
## [[1]]
```

```
##
    wealthIdx_Qs0e1n3
                               S.country_n indi.id_n svymthRound_n wealthIdx_n
##
    <fct>
                                    <int>
                                           <int> <int> <int>
## 1 [1,5.2]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                      683
                                                683
                                                             683
                                                                          683
## 2 (5.2,8.3]; (2) of Qs0e1n3
                                       768
                                                 768
                                                              768
                                                                          768
## 3 (8.3,19.3]; (3) of Qs0e1n3
                                       572
                                                 572
                                                              572
                                                                          572
##
## [[2]]
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
                                S.country_n indi.id_n svymthRound_n hgtO_n
    hgt0_Qs0e1n3
##
##
    <fct>
                                      <int>
                                                <int>
                                                        <int>
                                                                    <int>
## 1 [40.6,48.5]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                        580
                                                  580
                                                               580
                                                                      580
## 2 (48.5,50.2]; (2) of Qs0e1n3
                                        561
                                                  561
                                                               561
                                                                      561
## 3 (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs0e1n3
                                        568
                                                  568
                                                               568
                                                                      568
## 4 <NA>
                                        314
                                                  314
                                                               314
                                                                      314
##
## [[3]]
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
##
   wgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                        S.country_n indi.id_n svymthRound_n wgt0_n
##
    <fct>
                                              <int>
                                                       <int>
                                                                     <int>
## 1 [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1) of Qs0e1n3
                                                569
                                                         569
                                                                       569
                                                                              569
## 2 (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2) of Qs0e1n3
                                                569
                                                                              569
                                                         569
                                                                       569
## 3 (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3) of Qs0e1n3
                                                570
                                                         570
                                                                       570
                                                                              570
## 4 <NA>
                                                315
                                                          315
                                                                       315
                                                                              315
```

2.4.2.4 Differential Quantiles for Different Variables Then Combine to Form New Groups

Collect together different quantile base variables and their percentile cuttings quantile rules. Input Parameters.

2.4.2.5 Check if Within Group Variables Are The Same

Need to make sure quantile variables are unique within groups

```
vars.cts2quantile <- unlist(lapply(list.cts2quantile, function(elist) elist$vars))
f_check_distinct_ingroup(df, vars.group_by, vars.values_in_group=vars.cts2quantile)</pre>
```

```
# Original dimensions
dim(df)
```

2.4.2.5.1 Keep only non-NA for all Quantile Variables

```
## [1] 35065 15
```

```
# All Continuous Variables from lists
vars.cts2quantile <- unlist(lapply(list.cts2quantile, function(elist) elist$vars))</pre>
vars.cts2quantile
## [1] "wealthIdx" "hgt0"
                               "wgt0"
# Keep only if not NA for all Quantile variables
if (drop.any.quantile.na) {
   df.select <- df %>% drop_na(c(vars.group_by, vars.arrange, vars.cts2quantile))
dim(df.select)
## [1] 30019
                15
# Dealing with a list of quantile variables
df.cut.wealth <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles(df.select, vars.cts2quantile.wealth, seq.quantiles.wealt
summary(df.cut.wealth$vars.quantile.cut)
2.4.2.5.2 Apply Quantiles for Each Quantile Variable
##
                     wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2
## [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1n2
## (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs0e1n2:15083
# summary((df.cut.wealth$df.with.cut.quant)[['wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2']])
# df.cut.wealth$df.with.cut.quant %>% filter(is.na(wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2))
# df.cut.wealth$df.with.cut.quant %>% filter(indi.id == 500)
df.cut.wgthgt <- df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles(df.select, vars.cts2quantile.wgthgt, seq.quantiles.wgthg
## Joining, by = "quant.perc"
summary(df.cut.wgthgt$vars.quantile.cut)
##
                         hgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                                                      wgt0_Qs0e1n3
## [40.6,48.5]; (1) of Qs0e1n3:10216
                                        [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1) of Qs0e1n3 :10105
## (48.5,50.2]; (2) of Qs0e1n3: 9895
                                        (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2) of Qs0e1n3:10056
## (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs0e1n3 : 9908 (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3) of Qs0e1n3: 9858
# Function to handle list inputs with different quantiles vars and probabilities
df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_grps <- function(quantile.grp.list, df, vars.group_by, vars.arrange) {</pre>
    vars.cts2quantile <- quantile.grp.list$vars</pre>
    seq.quantiles <- quantile.grp.list$prob</pre>
   return(df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles(df, vars.cts2quantile, seq.quantiles, vars.group_by, vars.arra
}
# Apply function
df.cut.list <- lapply(list.cts2quantile, df_cut_by_sliced_quantiles_grps,</pre>
                      df=df.select, vars.group_by=vars.group_by, vars.arrange=vars.arrange)
2.4.2.5.3 Apply Quantiles Functionally
## Joining, by = "quant.perc"
# Reduce Resulting Matrixes Together
df.with.cut.quant.all <- lapply(df.cut.list, function(elist) elist$df.with.cut.quant) %>% reduce(lef
## Joining, by = c("S.country", "vil.id", "indi.id", "sex", "svymthRound", "momEdu", "wealthIdx",
## "hgt", "wgt", "hgt0", "wgt0", "prot", "cal", "p.A.prot", "p.A.nProt")
```

```
dim(df.with.cut.quant.all)
## [1] 30019
# Obrain Newly Created Quantile Group Variables
vars.quantile.cut.all <- unlist(lapply(df.cut.list, function(elist) names(elist$vars.quantile.cut)))</pre>
vars.quantile.cut.all
## [1] "wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2" "hgt0_Qs0e1n3"
                                               "wgt0_Qs0e1n3"
2.4.2.5.4 Summarize by Groups Summarize by all groups.
summary(df.with.cut.quant.all %% select(one_of(vars.quantile.cut.all)))
##
                     wealthIdx Qs0e1n2
                                                            hgt0_Qs0e1n3
## [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1n2
                                       [40.6,48.5]; (1) of Qs0e1n3:10216
                             :14936
## (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs0e1n2:15083
                                       (48.5,50.2]; (2) of Qs0e1n3: 9895
##
                                       (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs0e1n3 : 9908
##
                                 wgt0_Qs0e1n3
## [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1) of Qs0e1n3 :10105
    (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2) of Qs0e1n3:10056
##
## (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3) of Qs0e1n3: 9858
# df.with.cut.quant.all %>%
      group_by(!!!syms(vars.quantile.cut.all)) %>%
      summarise\_at(vars.cts2quantile, funs(mean, n()))
# Generate Joint Quantile Index Variable
var.qjnt.grp.idx <- 'group.index'</pre>
df.with.cut.quant.all <- df.with.cut.quant.all %>% mutate(!!var.qjnt.grp.idx := group_indices(., !!!
arr.group.idx <- t(sort(unique(df.with.cut.quant.all[[var.qjnt.grp.idx]])))</pre>
arr.group.idx
2.4.2.5.5 Generate Joint Quantile Vars Unique Groups
        [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12] [,13] [,14] [,15] [,16] [,17]
##
## [1,]
          1
                2
                     3
                          4
                               5
                                    6
                                        7
                                              8
                                                   9
                                                        10
                                                              11
                                                                    12
                                                                           13
                                                                                 14
                                                                                       15
                                                                                             16
        [,18]
## [1,]
           18
df.with.cut.quant.all %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.quantile.cut.all), !!sym(var.qjnt.grp.idx)) %>%
        summarise at(vars.cts2quantile, funs(mean, n()))
## # A tibble: 18 x 10
              wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2, hgt0_Qs0e1n3, wgt0_Qs0e1n3 [18]
##
      wealthIdx_Qs0e1~ hgt0_Qs0e1n3 wgt0_Qs0e1n3 group.index wealthIdx_mean hgt0_mean wgt0_mean
                                                                       <dbl>
##
      <fct>
                       <fct>
                                    <fct>
                                                       <int>
                                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                                           <dbl>
## 1 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ [40.6,48.5]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           1
                                                                       5.31
                                                                                  46.6
                                                                                           2498.
## 2 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ [40.6,48.5]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                           2
                                                                       5.08
                                                                                  47.6
                                                                                           2993.
## 3 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ [40.6,48.5]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           3
                                                                        3.64
                                                                                  47.7
                                                                                           3429.
## 4 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (48.5,50.2]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           4
                                                                        6.04
                                                                                  49.2
                                                                                           2671.
## 5 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (48.5,50.2]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                           5
                                                                       5.36
                                                                                  49.3
                                                                                           3030.
## 6 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (48.5,50.2]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           6
                                                                       4.36
                                                                                  49.6
                                                                                           3481.
## 7 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (50.2,58]; ~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           7
                                                                       6.25
                                                                                 51.2
                                                                                           2666.
## 8 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (50.2,58]; ~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                           8
                                                                                 51.0
                                                                                           3048.
                                                                       5.45
## 9 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (50.2,58]; ~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           9
                                                                       4.06
                                                                                 51.8
                                                                                           3660.
## 10 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ [40.6,48.5]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                          10
                                                                       9.86
                                                                                  46.8
                                                                                           2540.
## 11 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ [40.6,48.5]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                                                  47.8
                                                                                           2980.
                                                          11
                                                                      10.5
```

```
## 12 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ [40.6,48.5]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           12
                                                                       11.2
                                                                                   48.0
                                                                                            3403.
## 13 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (48.5,50.2]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           13
                                                                       10.2
                                                                                   49.4
                                                                                            2679.
## 14 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (48.5,50.2]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                                       10.3
                                                                                   49.3
                                                                                            3024.
                                                           14
## 15 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (48.5,50.2]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           15
                                                                       10.3
                                                                                   49.4
                                                                                            3387.
## 16 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (50.2,58]; ~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           16
                                                                       10.5
                                                                                   50.9
                                                                                            2677.
## 17 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (50.2,58]; ~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                           17
                                                                       10.3
                                                                                   51.3
                                                                                            3060.
## 18 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (50.2,58]; ~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           18
                                                                       11.0
                                                                                   52.1
                                                                                            3623.
## # ... with 3 more variables: wealthIdx_n <int>, hgt0_n <int>, wgt0_n <int>
df.with.cut.quant.all %>% group_by(!!!syms(vars.group_by)) %>% arrange(!!!syms(vars.arrange)) %>% s
        group_by(!!!syms(vars.quantile.cut.all), !!sym(var.qjnt.grp.idx)) %>%
        summarise_at(vars.cts2quantile, funs(mean, n()))
## # A tibble: 18 x 10
               wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2, hgt0_Qs0e1n3, wgt0_Qs0e1n3 [18]
## # Groups:
##
      wealthIdx_Qs0e1~ hgt0_Qs0e1n3 wgt0_Qs0e1n3 group.index wealthIdx_mean hgt0_mean wgt0_mean
##
                       <fct>
                                     <fct>
                                                        <int>
                                                                       <dbl>
                                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                                            <dbl>
## 1 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ [40.6,48.5]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                                        5.20
                                                                                   46.6
                                                                                            2499.
                                                            1
## 2 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ [40.6,48.5]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                            2
                                                                        4.96
                                                                                   47.6
                                                                                            2993.
## 3 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ [40.6,48.5]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                            3
                                                                        3.56
                                                                                   47.7
                                                                                            3431.
## 4 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (48.5,50.2]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                            4
                                                                        5.99
                                                                                   49.2
                                                                                            2671.
                                                                                   49.3
## 5 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (48.5,50.2]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                            5
                                                                        5.25
                                                                                            3031.
## 6 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (48.5,50.2]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                            6
                                                                        4.24
                                                                                   49.6
                                                                                            3485.
                                                            7
## 7 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (50.2,58]; ~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                                        6.22
                                                                                   51.2
                                                                                            2666.
## 8 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (50.2,58]; ~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                            8
                                                                        5.36
                                                                                   51.0
                                                                                            3048.
## 9 [1,7.3]; (1) of~ (50.2,58]; ~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                            9
                                                                        3.94
                                                                                   51.8
                                                                                            3667.
## 10 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ [40.6,48.5]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           10
                                                                        9.86
                                                                                   46.8
                                                                                            2540.
## 11 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ [40.6,48.5]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                                       10.5
                                                                                   47.8
                                                                                            2980.
                                                           11
                                                                                            3403.
## 12 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ [40.6,48.5]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           12
                                                                       11.2
                                                                                   48.0
## 13 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (48.5,50.2]~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           13
                                                                       10.2
                                                                                   49.4
                                                                                            2678.
## 14 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (48.5,50.2]~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                                                   49.3
                                                           14
                                                                       10.3
                                                                                            3024.
## 15 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (48.5,50.2]~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           15
                                                                       10.3
                                                                                   49.4
                                                                                            3387.
## 16 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (50.2,58]; ~ [1.4e+03,2.~
                                                           16
                                                                       10.5
                                                                                   50.9
                                                                                            2677.
                                                                       10.3
## 17 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (50.2,58]; ~ (2.84e+03,3~
                                                           17
                                                                                   51.3
                                                                                            3060.
## 18 (7.3,19.3]; (2)~ (50.2,58]; ~ (3.21e+03,5~
                                                           18
                                                                       11.0
                                                                                   52.1
                                                                                            3623.
## # ... with 3 more variables: wealthIdx_n <int>, hgt0_n <int>, wgt0_n <int>
2.4.2.5.6 Change values Based on Index Index from 1 to 18, change input values based on index
```

```
# arr.group.idx.subsidy <- arr.group.idx*2 - ((arr.group.idx)^2)*0.01
arr.group.idx.subsidy <- arr.group.idx*2
df.with.cut.quant.all %>%
    mutate(more_prot = prot + arr.group.idx.subsidy[!!sym(var.qjnt.grp.idx)]) %>%
    group_by(!!!syms(vars.quantile.cut.all), !!sym(var.qjnt.grp.idx)) %>%
    summarise_at(c('more_prot', 'prot'), funs(mean(., na.rm=TRUE)))
```

```
## # A tibble: 18 x 6
               wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2, hgt0_Qs0e1n3, wgt0_Qs0e1n3 [18]
## # Groups:
##
      wealthIdx_Qs0e1n2
                             hgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                                   wgt0_Qs0e1n3
                                                                            group.index more_prot p
##
      <fct>
                             <fct>
                                                   <fct>
                                                                                            <dbl> <d
                                                                                  <int>
## 1 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ [40.6,48.5]; (1) of ~ [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1)~
                                                                                             14.1 1
                                                                                      1
## 2 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ [40.6,48.5]; (1) of ~ (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2~
                                                                                             15.9
                                                                                      2
                                                                                                   1
## 3 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ [40.6,48.5]; (1) of ~ (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3~
                                                                                             27.2
                                                                                      3
                                                                                                   2
## 4 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ (48.5,50.2]; (2) of ~ [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1)~
                                                                                      4
                                                                                             18.9
                                                                                                   1
## 5 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ (48.5,50.2]; (2) of ~ (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2~
                                                                                      5
                                                                                             22.3
                                                                                                   1
## 6 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ (48.5,50.2]; (2) of ~ (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3~
                                                                                      6
                                                                                             28.6 1
## 7 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs~ [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1)~
                                                                                      7
                                                                                             25.5 1
## 8 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs~ (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2~
                                                                                      8
                                                                                             28.0 1
## 9 [1,7.3]; (1) of Qs0e1~ (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs~ (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3~
                                                                                             34.7 1
                                                                                      9
```

```
## 10 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ [40.6,48.5]; (1) of ~ [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1)~
                                                                                             30.7 1
                                                                                     10
                                                                                             34.8 1
## 11 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ [40.6,48.5]; (1) of ~ (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2~
                                                                                     11
## 12 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ [40.6,48.5]; (1) of ~ (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3~
                                                                                     12
                                                                                             37.4 1
## 13 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (48.5,50.2]; (2) of ~ [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1)~
                                                                                     13
                                                                                             37.4 1
## 14 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (48.5,50.2]; (2) of ~ (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2~
                                                                                     14
                                                                                             41.5 1
## 15 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (48.5,50.2]; (2) of ~ (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3~
                                                                                             43.9 1
                                                                                     15
## 16 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs~ [1.4e+03,2.84e+03]; (1)~
                                                                                             43.8 1
                                                                                     16
## 17 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs~ (2.84e+03,3.21e+03]; (2~
                                                                                     17
                                                                                             47.9
                                                                                                   1
## 18 (7.3,19.3]; (2) of Qs~ (50.2,58]; (3) of Qs~ (3.21e+03,5.49e+03]; (3~
                                                                                     18
                                                                                             50.3 1
```

2.5 Summarize Multiple Variables

2.5.1 Generate Replace Variables

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

2.5.1.1 Replace NA for Multiple Variables

Replace some variables NA by some values, and other variables' NAs by other values.

date	var1	var2	var3	var4	var5
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

```
# Replace NA
df_NA_replace <- df_NA %>%
  mutate_at(vars(one_of(c('var1', 'var2'))), list(~replace_na(., 0))) %>%
  mutate_at(vars(one_of(c('var3', 'var5'))), list(~replace_na(., 99)))
kable(df_NA_replace) %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

2.5.1.2 Cumulative Sum Multiple Variables

Each row is a different date, each column is the profit a firms earns on a date, we want to compute cumulatively how much a person is earning. Also renames variable names below jointly.

```
# Define
it_N <- 3
it_M <- 5
```

date	var1	var2	var3	var4	var5
1	0	0	99	NA	99
$\overline{2}$	0	0	99	NA	99
3	0	0	99	NA	99

date	dp_f1	dp_f2	dp_f3	dp_f4	dp_f5
1	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715
2	-0.2301775	0.1292877	-1.2650612	1.2240818	0.1106827
3	1.5587083	1.7150650	-0.6868529	0.3598138	-0.5558411

```
# cumulative sum with suffix

df_cumu_profit_suffix <- df_daily_profit %>%
  mutate_at(vars(contains('dp_f')), .funs = list(cumu = ~cumsum(.)))
kable(df_cumu_profit_suffix) %>%
  kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

date	dp_f1	dp_f2	dp_f3	dp_f4	dp_f5	dp_f1_cumu	dp_f2_cumu	dp_f3_cumu	dp_f4_cumu	dp_f5_cumu
1	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715
2	-0.2301775	0.1292877	-1.2650612	1.2240818	0.1106827	-0.7906531	0.1997961	-0.8041450	0.7784198	0.5114542
3	1.5587083	1.7150650	-0.6868529	0.3598138	-0.5558411	0.7680552	1.9148611	-1.4909979	1.1382337	-0.0443870

```
# cumulative sum variables naming to prefix

df_cumu_profit <- df_cumu_profit_suffix %>%
    rename_at(vars(contains( "_cumu") ), list(~paste("cp_f", gsub("_cumu", "", .), sep = ""))) %>%
    rename_at(vars(contains( "cp_f") ), list(~gsub("dp_f", "", .)))
kable(df_cumu_profit) %>%
    kable_styling_fc_wide()
```

$_{ m date}$	dp_f1	dp_f2	dp_f3	dp_f4	dp_f5	cp_f1	cp_f2	cp_f3	cp_f4	cp_f5
1	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715	-0.5604756	0.0705084	0.4609162	-0.4456620	0.4007715
2	-0.2301775	0.1292877	-1.2650612	1.2240818	0.1106827	-0.7906531	0.1997961	-0.8041450	0.7784198	0.5114542
3	1.5587083	1.7150650	-0.6868529	0.3598138	-0.5558411	0.7680552	1.9148611	-1.4909979	1.1382337	-0.0443870

Chapter 3

Functions

3.1 Dataframe Mutate

3.1.1 Row Input Functions

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

We want evaluate nonlinear function $f(Q_i, y_i, a_x, a_y, c, d)$, where c and d are constants, and ar_x and ar_y are arrays, both fixed. x_i and y_i vary over each row of matrix. We would like to evaluate this nonlinear function concurrently across N individuals. The eventual goal is to find the i specific Q that solves the nonlinear equations.

This is a continuation of R use Apply, Sapply and dplyr Mutate to Evaluate one Function Across Rows of a Matrix

3.1.1.1 Set up Input Arrays

There is a function that takes M = Q + P inputs, we want to evaluate this function N times. Each time, there are M inputs, where all but Q of the M inputs, meaning P of the M inputs, are the same. In particular, P = Q * N.

$$M = Q + P = Q + Q * N$$

```
# it_child_count = N, the number of children
it_N_child_cnt = 5
# it_heter_param = Q, number of parameters that are heterogeneous across children
it_Q_hetpa_cnt = 2

# P fixed parameters, nN is N dimensional, nP is P dimensional
ar_nN_A = seq(-2, 2, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
ar_nN_alpha = seq(0.1, 0.9, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
ar_nP_A_alpha = c(ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha)
ar_nN_N_choice = seq(1,it_N_child_cnt)/sum(seq(1,it_N_child_cnt))

# N by Q varying parameters
mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha = cbind(ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha, ar_nN_N_choice)
# Show
kable(mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

3.1.1.2 Testing Function

Test non-linear Equation.

ar_nN_A	ar_nN_alpha	ar_nN_N_choice
-2	0.1	0.0666667
-1	0.3	0.1333333
0	0.5	0.2000000
1	0.7	0.266667
2	0.9	0.3333333

```
# Test Parameters
fl_N_agg = 100
fl_rho = -1
fl_N_q = ar_nN_N_choice[4]*fl_N_agg
ar_A_alpha = mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha[4,]
# Apply Function
ar_p1_s1 = exp((ar_A_alpha[1] - ar_nN_A)*fl_rho)
ar_p1_s2 = (ar_A_alpha[2]/ar_nN_alpha)
ar_p1_s3 = (1/(ar_nN_alpha*fl_rho - 1))
ar_p1 = (ar_p1_s1*ar_p1_s2)^ar_p1_s3
ar_p2 = fl_N_q^((ar_A_alpha[2]*fl_rho-1)/(ar_nN_alpha*fl_rho-1))
ar_overall = ar_p1*ar_p2
fl_overall = fl_N_agg - sum(ar_overall)
print(fl_overall)
```

[1] -598.2559

Implement the non-linear problem's evaluation using apply over all N individuals.

```
# Define Implicit Function
ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo <- function(fl_A, fl_alpha, fl_N, ar_A, ar_alpha, fl_N_agg, fl_rho){
  \# ar_A_alpha[1] is A
  \# ar_A_alpha[2] is alpha
  # # Test Parameters
  # fl_N = 100
  # fl_rho = -1
  # fl_N_q = 10
 # Apply Function
 ar_p1_s1 = exp((fl_A - ar_A)*fl_rho)
 ar_p1_s2 = (fl_alpha/ar_alpha)
 ar_p1_s3 = (1/(ar_alpha*fl_rho - 1))
 ar_p1 = (ar_p1_s1*ar_p1_s2)^ar_p1_s3
 ar_p2 = fl_N^((fl_alpha*fl_rho-1)/(ar_alpha*fl_rho-1))
 ar_overall = ar_p1*ar_p2
 fl_overall = fl_N_agg - sum(ar_overall)
 return(fl_overall)
}
# Parameters
fl_rho = -1
# Evaluate Function
print(ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo(mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha[1,1],
                         mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha[1,2],
                         mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha[1,3]*fl_N_agg,
                         ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha, fl_N_agg, fl_rho))
```

3.1.1.3 Evaluate Nonlinear Function using dplyr mutate

```
# Convert Matrix to Tibble
ar_st_col_names = c('fl_A', 'fl_alpha', 'fl_N')
tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha <- as_tibble(mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha) %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_col_names))
# Define Implicit Function
ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo <- function(fl_A, fl_alpha, fl_N, ar_A, ar_alpha, fl_N_agg, fl_rho){
  # Test Parameters
  \# ar_A = ar_nN_A
  \# ar\_alpha = ar\_nN\_alpha
  # fl_N = 100
  # fl_rho = -1
  # fl_N_q = 10
  # Apply Function
  ar_p1_s1 = exp((fl_A - ar_A)*fl_rho)
  ar_p1_s2 = (fl_alpha/ar_alpha)
  ar_p1_s3 = (1/(ar_alpha*fl_rho - 1))
  ar_p1 = (ar_p1_s1*ar_p1_s2)^ar_p1_s3
  ar_p2 = (fl_N*fl_N_agg)^((fl_alpha*fl_rho-1)/(ar_alpha*fl_rho-1))
  ar_overall = ar_p1*ar_p2
  fl_overall = fl_N_agg - sum(ar_overall)
  return(fl_overall)
}
\# fl_A, fl_alpha are from columns of tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha
tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha = tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha %>% rowwise() %>%
                        mutate(dplyr_eval = ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo(fl_A, fl_alpha, fl_N,
                                                                ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha,
                                                                fl_N_agg, fl_rho))
# Show
kable(tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

fl_A	fl_alpha	fl_N	dplyr_eval
-2	0.1	0.0666667	81.86645
-1	0.3	0.1333333	54.48885
0	0.5	0.2000000	-65.56190
1	0.7	0.2666667	-598.25595
2	0.9	0.3333333	-3154.07226

3.1.2 Evaluate Choices Across States

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

See the ff_opti_bisect_pmap_multi function from Fan's REconTools Package, which provides a resuable function based on the algorithm worked out here.

We want evaluate linear function $0 = f(z_{ij}, x_i, y_i, \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y}, c, d)$. There are i functions that have i specific x and y. For each i function, we evaluate along a grid of feasible values for z, over $j \in J$ grid points, potentially looking for the j that is closest to the root. \mathbf{X} and \mathbf{Y} are arrays common across the i equations, and c and d are constants.

The evaluation strategy is the following, given min and max for z that are specific for each j, and given common number of grid points, generate a matrix of z_{ij} . Suppose there the number of i is I, and the number of grid points for j is J.

- 1. Generate a $J \cdot I$ by 3 matrix where the columns are z, x, y as tibble
- 2. Follow this Mutate to evaluate the $f(\cdot)$ function.
- 3. Add two categorical columns for grid levels and wich i, i and j index. Plot Mutate output evaluated column categorized by i as color and j as x-axis.

3.1.2.1 Set up Input Arrays

There is a function that takes M = Q + P inputs, we want to evaluate this function N times. Each time, there are M inputs, where all but Q of the M inputs, meaning P of the M inputs, are the same. In particular, P = Q * N.

$$M = Q + P = Q + Q * N$$

Now we need to expand this by the number of choice grid. Each row, representing one equation, is expanded by the number of choice grids. We are graphically searching, or rather brute force searching, which means if we have 100 individuals, we want to plot out the nonlinear equation for each of these lines, and show graphically where each line crosses zero. We achieve this, by evaluating the equation for each of the 100 individuals along a grid of feasible choices.

In this problem here, the feasible choices are shared across individuals.

```
# Parameters
fl rho = 0.20
svr id var = 'INDI ID'
# it_child_count = N, the number of children
it N child cnt = 4
# it_heter_param = Q, number of parameters that are heterogeneous across children
it_Q_hetpa_cnt = 2
# P fixed parameters, nN is N dimensional, nP is P dimensional
ar_nN_A = seq(-2, 2, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
ar_nN_alpha = seq(0.1, 0.9, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
ar_nP_A_alpha = c(ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha)
# N by Q varying parameters
mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha = cbind(ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha)
# Choice Grid for nutritional feasible choices for each
fl_N_agg = 100
fl_N_min = 0
it_N_choice_cnt_ttest = 3
it_N_choice_cnt_dense = 100
ar_N_choices_ttest = seq(fl_N_min, fl_N_agg, length.out = it_N_choice_cnt_ttest)
ar_N_choices_dense = seq(fl_N_min, fl_N_agg, length.out = it_N_choice_cnt_dense)
```

```
# Mesh Expand
tb_states_choices <- as_tibble(mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha) %>% rowid_to_column(var=svr_id_var)
tb_states_choices_ttest <- tb_states_choices %>% expand_grid(choices = ar_N_choices_ttest)
tb_states_choices_dense <- tb_states_choices %>% expand_grid(choices = ar_N_choices_dense)
# display
summary(tb states choices dense)
##
       INDI_ID
                                ar_nN_alpha
                     ar_nN_A
                                                choices
##
   Min. :1.00
                  Min. :-2
                               Min. :0.1
                                             Min. : 0
##
   1st Qu.:1.75
                  1st Qu.:-1
                               1st Qu.:0.3
                                             1st Qu.: 25
                  Median : 0
##
   Median :2.50
                               Median:0.5
                                            Median: 50
                               Mean :0.5
                  Mean : 0
                                                  : 50
## Mean
         :2.50
                                             Mean
## 3rd Qu.:3.25
                  3rd Qu.: 1
                               3rd Qu.:0.7
                                             3rd Qu.: 75
## Max.
          :4.00
                  Max. : 2
                               Max.
                                     :0.9
                                             Max.
                                                    :100
kable(tb_states_choices_ttest) %>%
 kable_styling_fc()
```

INDI_ID	ar_nN_A	ar_nN_alpha	choices
1	-2.0000000	0.1000000	0
1	-2.0000000	0.1000000	50
1	-2.0000000	0.1000000	100
2	-0.6666667	0.3666667	0
2	-0.6666667	0.3666667	50
2	-0.6666667	0.3666667	100
3	0.6666667	0.6333333	0
3	0.6666667	0.6333333	50
3	0.6666667	0.6333333	100
4	2.0000000	0.9000000	0
4	2.0000000	0.9000000	50
4	2.0000000	0.9000000	100

3.1.2.2 Apply Same Function all Rows, Some Inputs Row-specific, other Shared

There are two types of inputs, row-specific inputs, and inputs that should be applied for each row. The Function just requires all of these inputs, it does not know what is row-specific and what is common for all row. Dplyr recognizes which parameter inputs already existing in the piped dataframe/tibble, given rowwise, those will be row-specific inputs. Additional function parameters that do not exist in dataframe as variable names, but that are pre-defined scalars or arrays will be applied to all rows.

- ? string variable name of input where functions are evaluated, these are already contained in the dataframe, existing variable names, row specific, rowwise computation over these, each rowwise calculation using different rows: fl_A, fl_alpha, fl_N
- ? scalar and array values that are applied to every rowwise calculation, all rowwise calculations using the same scalars and arrays: ar_A, ar_alpha, fl_N_agg, fl_rho
- ? string output variable name

The function looks within group, finds min/max etc that are relevant.

```
# Convert Matrix to Tibble
ar_st_col_names = c(svr_id_var,'fl_A', 'fl_alpha')
tb_states_choices <- tb_states_choices %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_col_names))
ar_st_col_names = c(svr_id_var,'fl_A', 'fl_alpha', 'fl_N')
tb_states_choices_ttest <- tb_states_choices_ttest %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_col_names))
tb_states_choices_dense <- tb_states_choices_dense %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_col_names))
```

```
# Define Implicit Function
ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo <- function(fl_A, fl_alpha, fl_N, ar_A, ar_alpha, fl_N_agg, fl_rho){
  # scalar value that are row-specific, in dataframe already: *fl_A*, *fl_alpha*, *fl_N*
  # array and scalars not in dataframe, common all rows: *ar_A*, *ar_alpha*, *fl_N_agg*, *fl_rho*
  # Test Parameters
  \# ar_A = ar_nN_A
  \# ar_alpha = ar_nN_alpha
  # fl_N = 100
  # fl_rho = -1
  # fl_N_q = 10
  # Apply Function
 ar_p1_s1 = exp((fl_A - ar_A)*fl_rho)
 ar p1 s2 = (fl alpha/ar alpha)
 ar_p1_s3 = (1/(ar_alpha*fl_rho - 1))
 ar_p1 = (ar_p1_s1*ar_p1_s2)^ar_p1_s3
 ar_p2 = fl_N^((fl_alpha*fl_rho-1)/(ar_alpha*fl_rho-1))
 ar_overall = ar_p1*ar_p2
 fl_overall = fl_N_agg - sum(ar_overall)
 return(fl_overall)
}
```

3.1.2.2.1 3 Points and Denser Dataframs and Define Function

3.1.2.2.2 Evaluate at Three Choice Points and Show Table In the example below, just show results evaluating over three choice points and show table.

INDI_ID	fl_A	fl_alpha	fl_N	dplyr_eval
1	-2.0000000	0.1000000	0	100.00000
1	-2.0000000	0.1000000	50	-5666.95576
1	-2.0000000	0.1000000	100	-12880.28392
2	-0.6666667	0.3666667	0	100.00000
2	-0.6666667	0.3666667	50	-595.73454
2	-0.6666667	0.3666667	100	-1394.70698
3	0.6666667	0.6333333	0	100.00000
3	0.6666667	0.6333333	50	-106.51058
3	0.6666667	0.6333333	100	-323.94216
4	2.0000000	0.9000000	0	100.00000
4	2.0000000	0.9000000	50	22.55577
4	2.0000000	0.9000000	100	-51.97161

3.1.2.2.3 Evaluate at Many Choice Points and Show Graphically Same as above, but now we evaluate the function over the individuals at many choice points so that we can graph things out.

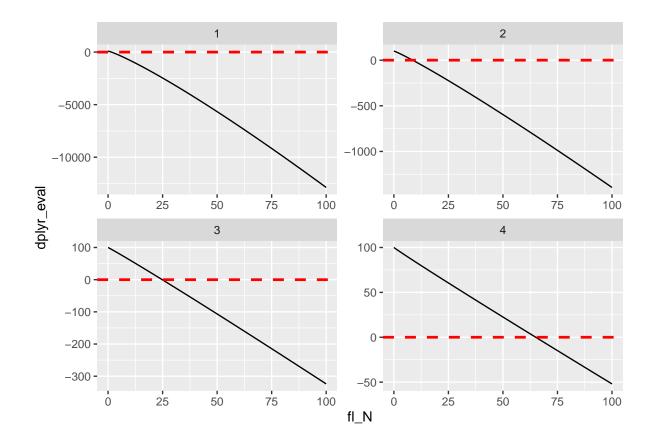
```
ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha,
fl_N_agg, fl_rho))

# Show
dim(tb_states_choices_dense_eval)
```

```
## [1] 400 5
summary(tb_states_choices_dense_eval)
```

```
##
      INDI_ID
                     fl_A
                               fl_alpha
                                             fl_N
                                                        dplyr_eval
## Min. :1.00 Min. :-2 Min. :0.1 Min. : 0 Min. :-12880.28
## 1st Qu.:1.75 1st Qu.:-1
                            1st Qu.:0.3 1st Qu.: 25 1st Qu.: -1167.29
               Median: 0 Median: 0.5 Median: 50 Median: -202.42
## Median :2.50
## Mean :2.50
                Mean : 0
                            Mean :0.5 Mean : 50
                                                      Mean : -1645.65
## 3rd Qu.:3.25
                 3rd Qu.: 1
                             3rd Qu.:0.7
                                         3rd Qu.: 75
                                                      3rd Qu.:
                                                               0.96
## Max.
         :4.00
               Max. : 2
                           Max.
                                  :0.9 Max. :100
                                                      Max. : 100.00
lineplot <- tb_states_choices_dense_eval %>%
   ggplot(aes(x=fl_N, y=dplyr_eval)) +
       geom_line() +
       facet_wrap( . ~ INDI_ID, scales = "free") +
       geom_hline(yintercept=0, linetype="dashed",
             color = "red", size=1)
       labs(title = 'Evaluate Non-Linear Functions to Search for Roots',
           x = 'X \text{ values'},
           y = 'f(x)',
           caption = 'Evaluating the Function')
```

```
## $x
## [1] "X values"
##
## $y
## [1] "f(x)"
##
## $title
## [1] "Evaluate Non-Linear Functions to Search for Roots"
##
## $caption
## [1] "Evaluating the Function"
##
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "labels"
print(lineplot)
```



3.2 Dataframe Do Anything

3.2.1 MxQ to MxP Rows

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

3.2.1.1 MxQ to Mx1 Rows: Within Group Gini

There is a Panel with M individuals and each individual has Q records/rows. A function generate an individual specific outcome given the Q individual specific inputs, along with shared parameters and arrays across the M individuals.

For example, suppose we have a dataframe of individual wage information from different countries, each row is an individual from one country. We want to generate country specific gini based on the individual data for each country in the dataframe. But additionally, perhaps the gini formula requires not just individual income but some additional parameters or shared dataframes as inputs.

Given the within m income observations, we can compute gini statistics that are individual specific based on the observed distribution of incomes. For this, we will use the ff_dist_gini_vector_pos.html function from REconTools.

To make this more interesting, we will generate large dataframe with more M and more Q each m.

3.2.1.1.1 Large Dataframe There are up to ten thousand income observation per person. And there are ten people.

```
# Parameter Setups
it_M <- 10
it_Q_max <- 10000
fl_rnorm_mu <- 1
ar_rnorm_sd <- seq(0.01, 0.2, length.out=it_M)
ar_it_q <- sample.int(it_Q_max, it_M, replace=TRUE)</pre>
```

```
\# N by Q varying parameters
mt_data = cbind(ar_it_q, ar_rnorm_sd)
tb_M <- as_tibble(mt_data) %>% rowid_to_column(var = "ID") %>%
                rename(sd = ar_rnorm_sd, Q = ar_it_q) %>%
                mutate(mean = fl_rnorm_mu)
```

3.2.1.1.2 Compute Group specific gini, NORMAL There is only one input for the gini function ar pos. Note that the gini are not very large even with large SD, because these are normal distributions. By Construction, most peple are in the middle. So with almost zero standard deviation, we have perfect equality, as standard deviation increases, inequality increases, but still pretty equal overall, there is no fat upper tail.

Note that there are three ways of referring to variable names with dot, which are all shown below:

- 1. We can explicitly refer to names
- 2. We can use the dollar dot structure to use string variable names in do anything.
- 3. We can use dot bracket, this is the only option that works with string variable names

```
# A. Normal Draw Expansion, Explicitly Name
set.seed('123')
tb_income_norm_dot_dollar <- tb_M %>% group_by(ID) %>%
  do(income = rnorm(.$Q,
                    mean=. $mean,
                    sd=.$sd)) %>%
  unnest(c(income)) %>%
  left_join(tb_M, by="ID")
# Normal Draw Expansion again, dot dollar differently with string variable name
set.seed('123')
tb_income_norm_dollar_dot <- tb_M %>% group_by(ID) %>%
  do(income = rnorm(`\$`(., 'Q'),
                    mean = `$`(., 'mean'),
                    sd = `$`(., 'sd'))) %>%
  unnest(c(income)) %>%
  left_join(tb_M, by="ID")
# Normal Draw Expansion again, dot double bracket
set.seed('123')
svr_mean <- 'mean'</pre>
svr_sd <- 'sd'
svr_Q <- 'Q'
tb_income_norm_dot_bracket_db <- tb_M %>% group_by(ID) %>%
  do(income = rnorm(.[[svr_Q]],
                    mean = .[[svr_mean]],
                    sd = .[[svr_sd]])) %>%
  unnest(c(income)) %>%
  left_join(tb_M, by="ID")
sum(sum(tb_income_norm_dollar_dot - tb_income_norm_dot_dollar - tb_income_norm_dot_bracket_db))
## [1] -463785175
# display
head(tb_income_norm_dot_dollar, 20)
## # A tibble: 20 x 5
##
        ID income Q sd mean
      <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
        1 0.994 9982 0.01
```

```
##
   2
         1 0.998 9982 0.01
                                   1
##
   3
         1 1.02
                    9982 0.01
                                   1
##
                    9982 0.01
   4
         1 1.00
                                   1
   5
         1 1.00
                    9982 0.01
   6
         1 1.02
                    9982 0.01
                                   1
##
   7
         1 1.00
                    9982 0.01
## 8
         1
            0.987
                   9982
                         0.01
                                   1
            0.993
                   9982
##
   9
         1
                         0.01
## 10
         1 0.996
                   9982 0.01
                                   1
## 11
         1 1.01
                    9982 0.01
## 12
         1 1.00
                    9982 0.01
         1 1.00
## 13
                    9982
                         0.01
## 14
            1.00
                    9982
                         0.01
         1
## 15
            0.994
                   9982
                         0.01
         1
                                   1
## 16
         1
            1.02
                    9982
                         0.01
## 17
         1
            1.00
                    9982
                         0.01
                                   1
## 18
         1 0.980
                   9982
                         0.01
                                   1
## 19
         1 1.01
                    9982 0.01
                                   1
## 20
          1
            0.995
                   9982 0.01
# Gini by Group
tb_gini_norm <- tb_income_norm_dollar_dot %>% group_by(ID) %>%
  do(inc_gini_norm = ff_dist_gini_vector_pos(.$income)) %>%
 unnest(c(inc_gini_norm)) %>%
 left_join(tb_M, by="ID")
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
## see REconTools for formula: DIST GINI--Compute Gini Inequality Coefficient Given Data Vector (One
# display
kable(tb_gini_norm) %>%
 kable_styling_fc()
```

ID	inc_gini_norm	Q	sd	mean
1	0.0056337	9982	0.0100000	1
2	0.0175280	2980	0.0311111	1
3	0.0293986	1614	0.0522222	1
4	0.0422304	555	0.0733333	1
5	0.0535146	4469	0.0944444	1
6	0.0653938	9359	0.1155556	1
7	0.0769135	7789	0.1366667	1
8	0.0894165	9991	0.1577778	1
9	0.1010982	9097	0.1788889	1
10	0.1124019	1047	0.2000000	1

3.2.2 Mx1 to MxQ Rows

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

Case One: There is a dataframe with M rows, based on these m specific information, generate dataframes for each m. Stack these individual dataframes together and merge original m specific in-

formation in as well. The number of rows for each m is Q_m , each m could have different number of expansion rows.

Generate a panel with M individuals, each individual is observed for different spans of times (uncount). Before expanding, generate individual specific normal distribution standard deviation. All individuals share the same mean, but have increasing standard deviations.

3.2.2.1 Generate Dataframe with M Rows.

This is the first step, generate M rows of data, to be expanded. Each row contains the number of normal draws to make and the mean and the standard deviation for normal daraws that are m specific.

ID	Q	sd	mean
1	3	0.010	1000
2	3	100.005	1000
3	1	200.000	1000

3.2.2.2 Random Normal Draw Expansion

The steps are:

- 1. do anything
- 2. use ".\$" sign to refer to variable names, or [['name']]
- 3. unnest
- 4. left_join expanded and original

Note these all give the same results

Use dot dollar to get variables

```
# Generate $Q_m$ individual specific incomes, expanded different number of times for each m
tb_income <- tb_M %>% group_by(ID) %>%
    do(income = rnorm(.$Q, mean=.$mean, sd=.$sd)) %>%
    unnest(c(income))

# Merge back with tb_M
tb_income_full_dd <- tb_income %>%
    left_join(tb_M)

## Joining, by = "ID"
# display
kable(tb_income) %>%
    kable_styling_fc()
```

ID	income
1	1000.0183
1	999.9943
1	999.9822
2	1033.7465
2	1093.1374
2	862.1896
3	988.7742

```
kable(tb_income_full_dd) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

ID	income	Q	sd	mean
1	1000.0183	3	0.010	1000
1	999.9943	3	0.010	1000
1	999.9822	3	0.010	1000
2	1033.7465	3	100.005	1000
2	1093.1374	3	100.005	1000
2	862.1896	3	100.005	1000
3	988.7742	1	200.000	1000

3.3 Apply and pmap

3.3.1 Apply, Sapply, Mutate

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

- r apply matrix to function row by row
- r evaluate function on grid
- Apply a function to every row of a matrix or a data frame
- rapply
- r sapply
- sapply over matrix row by row
- apply dplyr vectorize
- function as parameters using formulas
- do

We want evaluate linear function $f(x_i, y_i, ar_x, ar_y, c, d)$, where c and d are constants, and ar_x and ar_y are arrays, both fixed. x_i and y_i vary over each row of matrix. More specifically, we have a functions, this function takes inputs that are individual specific. We would like to evaluate this function concurrently across N individuals.

The function is such that across the N individuals, some of the function parameter inputs are the same, but others are different. If we are looking at demand for a particular product, the prices of all products enter the demand equation for each product, but the product's own price enters also in a different way.

The objective is either to just evaluate this function across N individuals, or this is a part of a nonlinear solution system.

What is the relationship between apply, lapply and vectorization? see Is the "*apply" family really not vectorized?.

3.3.1.1 Set up Input Arrays

There is a function that takes M = Q + P inputs, we want to evaluate this function N times. Each time, there are M inputs, where all but Q of the M inputs, meaning P of the M inputs, are the same. In particular, P = Q * N.

$$M = Q + P = Q + Q * N$$

```
# it_child_count = N, the number of children
it_N_child_cnt = 5
# it_heter_param = Q, number of parameters that are heterogeneous across children
it_Q_hetpa_cnt = 2

# P fixed parameters, nN is N dimensional, nP is P dimensional
ar_nN_A = seq(-2, 2, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
ar_nN_alpha = seq(0.1, 0.9, length.out = it_N_child_cnt)
ar_nP_A_alpha = c(ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha)

# N by Q varying parameters
mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha = cbind(ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha)

# display
kable(mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

ar_nN_alpha
0.1
0.3
0.5
0.7
0.9

3.3.1.2 Using apply

3.3.1.2.1 Apply with Named Function First we use the apply function, we have to hard-code the arrays that are fixed for each of the N individuals. Then apply allows us to loop over the matrix that is N by Q, each row one at a time, from 1 to N.

```
# Define Implicit Function
ffi_linear_hardcode <- function(ar_A_alpha){
    # ar_A_alpha[1] is A
    # ar_A_alpha[2] is alpha

fl_out = sum(ar_A_alpha[1]*ar_nN_A + 1/(ar_A_alpha[2] + 1/ar_nN_alpha))
    return(fl_out)
}

# Evaluate function row by row
ar_func_apply = apply(mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha, 1, ffi_linear_hardcode)</pre>
```

3.3.1.2.2 Apply using Anonymous Function

· apply over matrix

Apply with anonymous function generating a list of arrays of different lengths. In the example below, we want to drawn N sets of random uniform numbers, but for each set the number of draws we want to have is Q_i . Furthermore, we want to rescale the random uniform draws so that they all become proportions that sum u pto one for each i, but then we multiply each row's values by the row specific aggregates.

The anonymous function has hard coded parameters. Using an anonymous function here allows for parameters to be provided inside the function that are shared across each looped evaluation. This is perhaps more convenient than sapply with additional parameters.

```
set.seed(1039)
# Define the number of draws each row and total amount
it_N <- 4
fl_unif_min <- 1
fl_unif_max <- 2
mt_draw_define <- cbind(seq(it_N),runif(it_N, min=1,max=10))</pre>
print(mt_draw_define)
       [,1]
## [1,]
          1 2.131008
## [2,]
          2 7.016820
## [3,]
         3 4.774441
## [4,]
           4 5.023006
# apply row by row, anonymous function has hard coded min and max
ls_ar_draws_shares_lvls = apply(cbind(seq(it_N),runif(it_N, min=1,max=10)),
                                 function(row, min, max) {
                                  it_draw <- row[1]</pre>
                                  fl_sum <- row[2]
                                  ar_unif <- runif(it_draw,</pre>
                                                    min=fl_unif_min,
                                                    max=fl_unif_max)
                                  ar_share <- ar_unif/sum(ar_unif)</pre>
                                  ar_levels <- ar_share*fl_sum
                                  return(list(ar_share=ar_share,
                                               ar_levels=ar_levels))
                                 })
# Show Results
print(ls_ar_draws_shares_lvls)
## [[1]]
## [[1]]$ar_share
## [1] 1
##
## [[1]]$ar_levels
## [1] 5.361378
##
##
## [[2]]
## [[2]]$ar share
## [1] 0.4428811 0.5571189
## [[2]]$ar_levels
## [1] 3.388957 4.263112
##
##
## [[3]]
## [[3]]$ar_share
## [1] 0.4233740 0.2913644 0.2852616
##
## [[3]]$ar levels
## [1] 4.052625 2.789002 2.730584
##
##
## [[4]]
## [[4]]$ar_share
```

```
## [1] 0.3082076 0.2913433 0.2012986 0.1991505
##
## [[4]]$ar_levels
## [1] 2.965381 2.803123 1.936769 1.916102
```

3.3.1.3 Using sapply

3.3.1.3.1 sapply with named function

- r convert matrix to list
- Convert a matrix to a list of vectors in R

Sapply allows us to not have to hard code in the A and alpha arrays. But Sapply works over List or Vector, not Matrix. So we have to convert the N by Q matrix to a N element list Now update the function with sapply.

3.3.1.3.2 sapply using anonymous function

- sapply anonymous function
- r anoymous function multiple lines

Sapply with anonymous function generating a list of arrays of different lengths. In the example below, we want to drawn N sets of random uniform numbers, but for each set the number of draws we want to have is Q_i . Furthermore, we want to rescale the random uniform draws so that they all become proportions that sum u pto one for each i.

```
it_N <- 4
fl_unif_min <- 1
fl_unif_max <- 2
# Generate using runif without anonymous function
set.seed(1039)
ls_ar_draws = sapply(seq(it_N),
                     runif,
                     min=fl_unif_min, max=fl_unif_max)
print(ls_ar_draws)
## [[1]]
## [1] 1.125668
## [[2]]
## [1] 1.668536 1.419382
##
## [[3]]
## [1] 1.447001 1.484598 1.739119
```

```
##
## [[4]]
## [1] 1.952468 1.957931 1.926995 1.539678
# Generate Using Anonymous Function
set.seed(1039)
ls_ar_draws_shares = sapply(seq(it_N),
                             function(n, min, max) {
                              ar_unif <- runif(n,min,max)</pre>
                              ar_share <- ar_unif/sum(ar_unif)</pre>
                              return(ar_share)
                             min=fl_unif_min, max=fl_unif_max)
# Print Share
print(ls_ar_draws_shares)
## [[1]]
## [1] 1
##
## [[2]]
## [1] 0.5403432 0.4596568
##
## [[3]]
## [1] 0.3098027 0.3178522 0.3723451
##
## [[4]]
## [1] 0.2646671 0.2654076 0.2612141 0.2087113
# Sapply with anonymous function to check sums
sapply(seq(it_N), function(x) {sum(ls_ar_draws[[x]])})
## [1] 1.125668 3.087918 4.670717 7.377071
sapply(seq(it_N), function(x) {sum(ls_ar_draws_shares[[x]])})
## [1] 1 1 1 1
```

3.3.1.4 Using dplyr mutate rowwise

- dplyr mutate own function
- dplyr all row function
- dplyr do function
- $\bullet\,$ apply function each row dplyr
- applying a function to every row of a table using dplyr
- dplyr rowwise

```
# Convert Matrix to Tibble
ar_st_col_names = c('fl_A', 'fl_alpha')
tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha <- as_tibble(mt_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha) %>% rename_all(~c(ar_st_col_names))
# Show
kable(tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

fl_A	fl_alpha
-2	0.1
-1	0.3
0	0.5
1	0.7
2	0.9

```
# Define Implicit Function
ffi_linear_dplyrdo <- function(fl_A, fl_alpha, ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha){</pre>
  \# ar_A_alpha[1] is A
  # ar_A_alpha[2] is alpha
  print(paste0('cur row, fl_A=', fl_A, ', fl_alpha=', fl_alpha))
  fl_out = sum(fl_A*ar_nN_A + 1/(fl_alpha + 1/ar_nN_alpha))
  return(fl_out)
}
# Evaluate function row by row of tibble
# fl_A, fl_alpha are from columns of tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha
tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha_show <- tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha %>% rowwise() %>%
                    mutate(dplyr_eval = ffi_linear_dplyrdo(fl_A, fl_alpha, ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha))
## [1] "cur row, fl_A=-2, fl_alpha=0.1"
## [1] "cur row, fl_A=-1, fl_alpha=0.3"
## [1] "cur row, fl_A=0, fl_alpha=0.5"
## [1] "cur row, fl_A=1, fl_alpha=0.7"
## [1] "cur row, fl_A=2, fl_alpha=0.9"
# Show
kable(tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha_show) %>%
 kable_styling_fc()
```

fl_A	fl_alpha	dplyr_eval
-2	0.1	2.346356
-1	0.3	2.094273
0	0.5	1.895316
1	0.7	1.733708
2	0.9	1.599477

same as before, still rowwise, but hard code some inputs:

fl_A	fl_alpha	dplyr_eval
-2	0.1	2.346356
-1	0.3	2.094273
0	0.5	1.895316
1	0.7	1.733708
2	0.9	1.599477

3.3.1.5 Using Dplyr Mutate with Pmap

Apparantly rowwise() is not a good idea, and pmap should be used, below is the pmap solution to the problem. Which does seem nicer. Crucially, don't have to define input parameter names, automatically I think they are matching up to the names in the function

- dplyr mutate pass function
- r function quosure string multiple
- r function multiple parameters as one string
- dplyr mutate anonymous function
- quosure style lambda
- pmap tibble rows
- dplyr pwalk

```
# Define function, fixed inputs are not parameters, but defined earlier as a part of the function
# Rorate fl_alpha and fl_A name compared to before to make sure pmap tracks by names
ffi_linear_dplyrdo_func <- function(fl_alpha, fl_A){</pre>
 fl_out <- sum(fl_A*ar_nN_A + 1/(fl_alpha + 1/ar_nN_alpha))
 return(fl_out)
}
# Evaluate a function row by row of dataframe, generate list, then to vecotr
tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha %>% pmap(ffi_linear_dplyrdo_func) %>% unlist()
## [1] 2.346356 2.094273 1.895316 1.733708 1.599477
# Same as above, but in line line and save output as new column in dataframe
# note this ONLY works if the tibble only has variables that are inputs for the function
# if tibble contains additional variables, those should be droppd, or only the ones needed
# selected, inside the pmap call below.
tbfunc_A_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha_pmap <- tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha %>%
          mutate(dplyr_eval_pmap =
                   unlist(
                     pmap(tb_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha, ffi_linear_dplyrdo_func)
                 )
# Show
kable(tbfunc_A_nN_by_nQ_A_alpha_pmap) %>%
 kable_styling_fc()
```

fl_A	fl_alpha	dplyr_eval_pmap
-2	0.1	2.346356
-1	0.3	2.094273
0	0.5	1.895316
1	0.7	1.733708
2	0.9	1.599477

3.3.1.6 DPLYR Three Types of Inputs ROWWISE

Now, we have three types of parameters, for something like a bisection type calculation. We will supply the program with a function with some hard-coded value inside, and as parameters, we will have one parameter which is a row in the current matrix, and another parameter which is a sclar values. The three types of parameters are dealt with sparately:

- 1. parameters that are fixed for all bisection iterations, but differ for each row
 - these are hard-coded into the function
- 2. parameters that are fixed for all bisection iterations, but are shared across rows
 - these are the first parameter of the function, a list
- 3. parameters that differ for each iteration, but differ acoss iterations

- second scalar value parameter for the function
- dplyr mutate function applow to each row dot notation
- note rowwise might be bad according to Hadley, should use pmap?

fl_A	fl_alpha	dplyr_eval_flex
-2	0.1	2.346356
-1	0.3	2.094273
0	0.5	1.895316
1	0.7	1.733708
2	0.9	1.599477

3.3.1.7 Compare Apply and Mutate Results

	eval_lin_apply	eval_lin_sapply	eval_dplyr_mutate	eval_dplyr_mutate_hcode	eval_dplyr_mutate_pmap	eval_dplyr_mutate_flex	A_child	alpha_child
X1	2.346356	2.346356	2.346356	2.346356	2.346356	2.346356	-2	0.1
X2	2.094273	2.094273	2.094273	2.094273	2.094273	2.094273	-1	0.3
Х3	1.895316	1.895316	1.895316	1.895316	1.895316	1.895316	0	0.5
X4	1.733708	1.733708	1.733708	1.733708	1.733708	1.733708	1	0.7
X5	1.599477	1.599477	1.599477	1.599477	1.599477	1.599477	2	0.9

Chapter 4

Panel

4.1 Generate and Join

4.1.1 Generate Panel Structure

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

4.1.1.1 Balanced Panel Skeleton

There are N individuals, each could be observed M times. In the example below, there are 3 students, each observed over 4 dates. This just uses the uncount function from tidyr.

```
# Define
it_N <- 3
it_M <- 5
svr_id <- 'student_id'
svr_date <- 'class_day'

# dataframe

df_panel_skeleton <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
    rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
    uncount(V1) %>%
    group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number()) %>%
    ungroup()

# Print
kable(df_panel_skeleton) %>%
    kable_styling_fc()
```

4.1.2 Join Datasets

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

4.1.2.1 Join Panel with Multiple Keys

We have two datasets, one for student enrollment, panel over time, but some students do not show up on some dates. The other is a skeleton panel with all student ID and all dates. Often we need to join dataframes together, and we need to join by the student ID and the panel time Key at the same time. When students show up, there is a quiz score for that day, so the joined panel should have as data column quiz score

Student count is N, total dates are M. First we generate two panels below, then we join by both keys using $left_join$. First, define dataframes:

90 CHAPTER 4. PANEL

$student_id$	class_day
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4
2	5
3	1
3	2
3	3
3	4
3	5

```
# Define
it_N <- 4
it_M <- 3
svr_id <- 'sid'
svr_date <- 'classday'
svr_attend <- 'date_in_class'

# Panel Skeleton
df_panel_balanced_skeleton <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
    rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
    uncount(V1) %>%
    group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number()) %>%
    ungroup()
# Print
kable(df_panel_balanced_skeleton) %>%
    kable_styling_fc()
```

sid	classday
1	1
1	2
1	3
2	1
2	2
2	3
3	1
3	2
3	3
4	1
4	2
4	3

```
# Smaller Panel of Random Days in School
set.seed(456)
df_panel_attend <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
    rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
    uncount(V1) %>%
    group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number()) %>%
    ungroup() %>% mutate(in_class = case_when(rnorm(n(), mean=0, sd=1) < 0 ~ 1, TRUE ~ 0)) %>%
    filter(in_class == 1) %>% select(!!sym(svr_id), !!sym(svr_date)) %>%
```

```
rename(!!sym(svr_attend) := !!sym(svr_date)) %>%
mutate(dayquizscore = rnorm(n(),mean=80,sd=10))
# Print
kable(df_panel_attend) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

sid	date_in_class	dayquizscore
1	1	89.88726
2	1	96.53929
2	2	65.59195
2	3	99.47356
4	2	97.36936

Second, now join dataframes:

sid	classday	dayquizscore
1	1	89.88726
1	2	NA
1	3	NA
2	1	96.53929
2	2	65.59195
2	3	99.47356
3	1	NA
3	2	NA
3	3	NA
4	1	NA
4	2	97.36936
4	3	NA

```
kable(df_quiz_joined_multikey_setnames) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

${\bf 4.1.2.2}\quad {\bf Stack\ Panel\ Frames\ Together}$

There are multiple panel dataframe, each for different subsets of dates. All variable names and units of observations are identical. Use DPLYR bind_rows.

```
# Define
it_N <- 2 # Number of individuals
it_M <- 3 # Number of Months
svr_id <- 'sid'
svr_date <- 'date'

# Panel First Half of Year
df_panel_m1tom3 <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
```

92 CHAPTER 4. PANEL

sid	classday	dayquizscore
1	1	89.88726
1	2	NA
1	3	NA
2	1	96.53929
2	2	65.59195
2	3	99.47356
3	1	NA
3	2	NA
3	3	NA
4	1	NA
4	2	97.36936
4	3	NA

```
rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
uncount(V1) %>%
group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number()) %>%
ungroup()

# Panel Second Half of Year

df_panel_m4tom6 <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
    rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
    uncount(V1) %>%
    group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_date) := row_number() + 3) %>%
    ungroup()

# Bind Rows

df_panel_m1tm6 <- bind_rows(df_panel_m1tom3, df_panel_m4tom6) %>% arrange(!!!syms(c(svr_id, svr_date) # Print
kable(df_panel_m1tom3) %>%
    kable_styling_fc()
```

sid	date
1	1
1	2
1	3
2	1
2	2
2	3

```
kable(df_panel_m4tom6) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

sid	date
1	4
1	5
1	6
2	4
2	5
2	6

```
kable(df_panel_m1tm6) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

4.2. WIDE AND LONG 93

sid	date
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4
2	5
2	6

4.2 Wide and Long

4.2.1 Long to Wide

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

Using the pivot wider function in tidyr to reshape panel or other data structures

4.2.1.1 Panel Long Attendance Roster to Wide

There are N students in class, but only a subset of them attend class each day. If student id_i is in class on day Q, the teacher records on a sheet the date and the student ID. So if the student has been in class 10 times, the teacher has ten rows of recorded data for the student with two columns: column one is the student ID, and column two is the date on which the student was in class. Suppose there were 50 students, who on average attended exactly 10 classes each during the semester, this means we have $10 \cdot 50$ rows of data, with differing numbers of rows for each student. This is shown as $df_panel_attend_date$ generated below.

Now we want to generate a new data frame, where each row is a date, and each column is a student. The values in the new data frame shows, at the Q^{th} day, how many classes student i has attended so far. The following results is also in a RE conTools Function. This is shown as $d\underline{f}$ _attend_cumu_by_day generated below.

First, generate the raw data structure, <u>df_panel_attend_date</u>:

```
# Define
it_N <- 3
it_M <- 5
svr_id <- 'student_id'</pre>
# from : support/rand/fs_rand_draws.Rmd
set.seed(222)
df_panel_attend_date <- as_tibble(matrix(it_M, nrow=it_N, ncol=1)) %>%
 rowid_to_column(var = svr_id) %>%
 uncount(V1) %>%
 group_by(!!sym(svr_id)) %>% mutate(date = row_number()) %>%
  ungroup() %>% mutate(in_class = case_when(rnorm(n(), mean=0, sd=1) < 0 ~ 1, TRUE ~ 0)) %>%
  filter(in_class == 1) %>% select(!!sym(svr_id), date) %>%
 rename(date_in_class = date)
# Print
kable(df_panel_attend_date) %>%
 kable_styling_fc()
```

Second, generate wider data structure, df_attend_cumu_by_day:

94 CHAPTER 4. PANEL

student_id	date_in_class
1	2
1	4
2	1
2	2
2	5
3	2
3	3
3	5

```
# Define
svr_id <- 'student_id'
svr_date <- 'date_in_class'
st_idcol_prefix <- 'sid_'

# Generate cumulative enrollment counts by date
df_panel_attend_date_addone <- df_panel_attend_date %>% mutate(attended = 1)
kable(df_panel_attend_date_addone) %>%
kable_styling_fc()
```

student_id	date_in_class	attended
1	2	1
1	4	1
2	1	1
2	2	1
2	5	1
3	2	1
3	3	1
3	5	1

date_in_class	1	2	3
2	1	1	1
4	1	NA	NA
1	NA	1	NA
5	NA	1	1
3	NA	NA	1

date_in_class	sid_1	sid_2	sid_3
1	NA	1	NA
2	1	1	1
3	NA	NA	1
4	1	NA	NA
5	NA	1	1

```
# replace NA and cumusum again
# see: R4Econ/support/function/fs_func_multivar for renaming and replacing
df_attend_cumu_by_day <- df_panel_attend_date_wider_sort %>%
   mutate_at(vars(contains(st_idcol_prefix)), list(~replace_na(., 0))) %>%
   mutate_at(vars(contains(st_idcol_prefix)), list(~cumsum(.)))

kable(df_attend_cumu_by_day) %>%
   kable_styling_fc()
```

$date_in_class$	sid_1	sid_2	sid_3
1	0	1	0
2	1	2	1
3	1	2	2
4	2	2	2
5	2	3	3

The structure above is also a function in Fan's REconTools Package, here the function is tested:

```
# Parameters
df <- df_panel_attend_date</pre>
svr_id_i <- 'student_id'</pre>
svr_id_t <- 'date_in_class'</pre>
st_idcol_prefix <- 'sid_'
# Invoke Function
ls_df_rosterwide <- ff_panel_expand_longrosterwide(df, svr_id_t, svr_id_i, st_idcol_prefix)</pre>
df_roster_wide_func <- ls_df_rosterwide$df_roster_wide</pre>
df_roster_wide_cumu_func <- ls_df_rosterwide$df_roster_wide_cumu
# Print
print(df_roster_wide_func)
## # A tibble: 5 x 4
     date_in_class sid_1 sid_2 sid_3
##
            <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
                 1
                      NA
                            1
                                   NA
## 2
                 2
                       1
                             1
                                   1
## 3
                 3
                            NA
                      NA
                                   1
## 4
                 4
                      1
                            NA
                                   NA
## 5
                 5
                      NA
                             1
                                    1
print(df_roster_wide_cumu_func)
## # A tibble: 5 x 4
     date_in_class sid_1 sid_2 sid_3
##
            <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
                 1
                       0
                             1
## 2
                             2
                 2
                       1
                                    1
## 3
                3
                             2
                                    2
                       1
## 4
                 4
                       2
                              2
                                    2
```

5

5

2

3

3

Chapter 5

Linear Regression

5.1 OLS and IV

Back to Fan's R4Econ Homepage Table of Content

5.1.1 OLS and IV Regression

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

IV regression using AER package. Option to store all results in dataframe row for combining results from other estimations together. Produce Row Statistics.

5.1.1.1 Construct Program

```
# IV regression function
# The code below uses the AER library's regresison function
# All results are stored in a single row as data_frame
# This function could work with dplyr do
# var.y is single outcome, vars.x, vars.c and vars.z are vectors of endogenous variables, controls a
regf.iv <- function(var.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, df, transpose=TRUE) {</pre>
      print(length(vars.z))
    # A. Set-Up Equation
    str.vars.x <- paste(vars.x, collapse='+')</pre>
    str.vars.c <- paste(vars.c, collapse='+')</pre>
    df <- df %>% select(one_of(var.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z)) %>% drop_na() %>% filter_all(all_vars
    if (length(vars.z) >= 1) {
              library(AER)
            str.vars.z <- paste(vars.z, collapse='+')</pre>
            equa.iv <- paste(var.y,
                              paste(paste(str.vars.x, str.vars.c, sep='+'),
                                    paste(str.vars.z, str.vars.c, sep='+'),
                                    sep='|'),
                              sep='~')
              print(equa.iv)
        # B. IV Regression
        ivreg.summ <- summary(ivreg(as.formula(equa.iv), data=df),</pre>
                               vcov = sandwich, df = Inf, diagnostics = TRUE)
```

```
# C. Statistics from IV Regression
      ivreq.summ$coef
      ivreq.summ$diaqnostics
    # D. Combine Regression Results into a Matrix
    df.results <- suppressMessages(as_tibble(ivreg.summ$coef, rownames='rownames') %>%
        full_join(as_tibble(ivreg.summ$diagnostics, rownames='rownames')) %>%
        full_join(tibble(rownames=c('vars'),
                         var.y=var.y,
                         vars.x=str.vars.x,
                         vars.z=str.vars.z,
                         vars.c=str.vars.c)))
} else {
    # OLS regression
    equa.ols <- paste(var.y,
                      paste(paste(vars.x, collapse='+'),
                            paste(vars.c, collapse='+'), sep='+'),
                      sep='~')
    lmreg.summ <- summary(lm(as.formula(equa.ols), data=df))</pre>
    lm.diagnostics <- as_tibble(list(df1=lmreg.summ$df[[1]],</pre>
                                     df2=lmreg.summ$df[[2]],
                                      df3=lmreg.summ$df[[3]],
                                      sigma=lmreg.summ$sigma,
                                      r.squared=lmreg.summ$r.squared,
                                      adj.r.squared=lmreg.summ$adj.r.squared)) %>%
                                      gather(variable, value) %>%
                                      rename(rownames = variable) %>%
                                     rename(v = value)
    df.results <- suppressMessages(as_tibble(lmreg.summ$coef, rownames='rownames') %>%
        full join(lm.diagnostics) %>%
        full_join(tibble(rownames=c('vars'),
                         var.y=var.y,
                         vars.x=str.vars.x,
                         vars.c=str.vars.c)))
}
# E. Flatten Matrix, All IV results as a single tibble row to be combined with other IV results
df.row.results <- df.results %>%
    gather(variable, value, -rownames) %>%
    drop_na() %>%
    unite(esti.val, rownames, variable) %>%
    mutate(esti.val = gsub(' ', '', esti.val))
if (transpose) {
  df.row.results <- df.row.results %>% spread(esti.val, value)
# F. Return
return(data.frame(df.row.results))
```

5.1.1.2 Program Testing

Load Data

5.1. OLS AND IV 99

```
# Library
library(tidyverse)
library(AER)
# Load Sample Data
setwd('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/_data/')
df <- read_csv('height_weight.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     S.country = col_character(),
##
     vil.id = col_double(),
##
     indi.id = col_double(),
##
     sex = col_character(),
     svymthRound = col double(),
##
     momEdu = col_double(),
     wealthIdx = col_double(),
##
##
     hgt = col_double(),
     wgt = col_double(),
##
##
     hgt0 = col_double(),
##
     wgt0 = col_double(),
##
     prot = col_double(),
##
     cal = col_double(),
     p.A.prot = col_double(),
##
##
     p.A.nProt = col_double()
## )
# Setting
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=50, repr.matrix.max.cols=50)
```

```
# One Instrucments
var.y <- c('hgt')
vars.x <- c('prot')
vars.z <- NULL
vars.c <- c('sex', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')
# Regression
regf.iv(var.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, df, transpose=FALSE)</pre>
```

5.1.1.2.1 Example No Instrument, OLS

```
##
                   esti.val
                                             value
## 1
       (Intercept)_Estimate
                                 52.1186286658651
## 2
              prot_Estimate
                                0.374472386357917
## 3
           sexMale_Estimate
                                0.611043720578292
## 4
              hgt0_Estimate
                                0.148513781160842
## 5
              wgt0_Estimate
                              0.00150560230505631
## 6
      (Intercept)_Std.Error
                                 1.57770483608693
## 7
             prot_Std.Error
                              0.00418121191133815
## 8
                               0.118396259120659
          sexMale_Std.Error
## 9
             {\tt hgt0\_Std.Error}
                               0.0393807494783186
## 10
             wgt0_Std.Error 0.000187123663624397
## 11
         (Intercept)_tvalue
                                 33.0344608660332
## 12
                                 89.5607288744356
                prot_tvalue
## 13
             sexMale_tvalue
                                 5.16100529794248
## 14
               hgt0_tvalue
                                 3.77122790013449
## 15
                wgt0_tvalue
                                 8.04602836377991
## 16 (Intercept)_Pr(>|t|) 9.92126150975783e-233
## 17
              prot_Pr(>|t|)
```

```
## 18
           sexMale_Pr(>|t|) 2.48105505495642e-07
## 19
              hgt0_Pr(>|t|) 0.000162939618371183
## 20
              wgt0_Pr(>|t|) 9.05257561534111e-16
## 21
                      df1_v
                                                 5
## 22
                                             18958
                      df2_v
## 23
                      df3_v
                                                 5
## 24
                    sigma_v
                                 8.06197784622979
## 25
                                0.319078711001325
                r.squared v
## 26
                                0.318935041565942
            adj.r.squared_v
## 27
                vars_var.y
                                               hgt
## 28
                vars_vars.x
                                              prot
## 29
                                    sex+hgt0+wgt0
                vars_vars.c
```

```
# One Instrucments
var.y <- c('hgt')
vars.x <- c('prot')
vars.z <- c('momEdu')
vars.c <- c('sex', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')
# Regression
regf.iv(var.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, df, transpose=FALSE)</pre>
```

5.1.1.2.2 Example 1 Insturment

Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables; ## they will be dropped

```
esti.val
                                                  value
## 1
           (Intercept)_Estimate
                                      43.4301969117558
## 2
                  prot_Estimate
                                     0.130833343849446
## 3
                                     0.868121847262411
               sexMale_Estimate
## 4
                                     0.412093881817148
                  hgt0_Estimate
## 5
                  wgt0_Estimate 0.000858630042617921
## 6
          (Intercept)_Std.Error
                                     1.82489550971182
## 7
                                    0.0192036220809189
                 prot_Std.Error
## 8
                                     0.13373016700542
              sexMale_Std.Error
## 9
                 hgt0_Std.Error
                                    0.0459431912927002
## 10
                 wgt0_Std.Error
                                   0.00022691057702563
## 11
             (Intercept)_zvalue
                                       23.798730766023
## 12
                                      6.81295139521853
                    prot_zvalue
## 13
                                      6.49159323361366
                 sexMale_zvalue
## 14
                    hgt0_zvalue
                                      8.96963990141069
## 15
                    wgt0_zvalue
                                       3.7840018472164
## 16
           (Intercept)_Pr(>|z|)
                                  3.4423766196876e-125
## 17
                  prot_Pr(>|z|)
                                  9.56164541643828e-12
## 18
               sexMale_Pr(>|z|)
                                  8.49333228172763e-11
## 19
                  hgt0_Pr(>|z|)
                                  2.97485394526792e-19
## 20
                                  0.000154326676608523
                  wgt0_Pr(>|z|)
## 21
            Weakinstruments_df1
                                                      1
## 22
                 Wu-Hausman_df1
                                                      1
## 23
                                                      0
                     Sargan_df1
## 24
            Weakinstruments_df2
                                                  16394
## 25
                 Wu-Hausman_df2
                                                  16393
## 26 Weakinstruments statistic
                                      935.817456612075
           Wu-Hausman_statistic
## 27
                                      123.595856606729
## 28
        Weakinstruments_p-value 6.39714929178024e-200
## 29
             Wu-Hausman_p-value 1.30703637796748e-28
                     vars_var.y
## 30
                                                   hgt
## 31
                    vars_vars.x
                                                  prot
```

5.1. OLS AND IV 101

```
# Multiple Instrucments
var.y <- c('hgt')
vars.x <- c('prot')
vars.z <- c('momEdu', 'wealthIdx', 'p.A.prot', 'p.A.nProt')
vars.c <- c('sex', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')
# Regression
regf.iv(var.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, df, transpose=FALSE)</pre>
```

5.1.1.2.3 Example Multiple Instrucments

```
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
```

```
##
                        esti.val
                                                                value
## 1
           (Intercept)_Estimate
                                                    42.2437613555242
## 2
                  prot_Estimate
                                                    0.26699945194704
## 3
                                                   0.695548488812932
               sexMale_Estimate
## 4
                  hgt0_Estimate
                                                   0.424954881263031
## 5
                  wgt0_Estimate
                                                0.000486951420329484
## 6
          (Intercept)_Std.Error
                                                    1.85356686789642
## 7
                 prot_Std.Error
                                                  0.0154939347964083
## 8
              sexMale Std.Error
                                                   0.133157977814374
## 9
                 hgt0_Std.Error
                                                  0.0463195803786233
## 10
                                               0.000224867994873235
                 wgt0_Std.Error
## 11
             (Intercept)_zvalue
                                                    22.7905246296649
## 12
                    prot_zvalue
                                                    17.2325142357597
## 13
                 sexMale_zvalue
                                                    5.22348341593581
## 14
                                                    9.17441129192849
                    hgt0_zvalue
## 15
                    wgt0_zvalue
                                                    2.16549901022595
## 16
           (Intercept)_Pr(>|z|)
                                               5.69294074735747e-115
## 17
                                                1.51424021931607e-66
                  prot_Pr(>|z|)
## 18
               sexMale_Pr(>|z|)
                                                1.75588197502565e-07
## 19
                  hgt0_Pr(>|z|)
                                                4.54048595587756e-20
## 20
                  wgt0_Pr(>|z|)
                                                   0.030349491114332
## 21
            Weakinstruments_df1
                                                                    4
## 22
                 Wu-Hausman_df1
                                                                    1
## 23
                     Sargan_df1
                                                                    3
## 24
            Weakinstruments df2
                                                                14914
## 25
                 Wu-Hausman_df2
                                                                14916
## 26 Weakinstruments_statistic
                                                    274.147084958343
## 27
           Wu-Hausman_statistic
                                                    17.7562545747101
## 28
               Sargan_statistic
                                                    463.729664547249
## 29
                                               8.61731956233366e-228
        Weakinstruments_p-value
                                                2.52567249124181e-05
## 30
             Wu-Hausman_p-value
## 31
                 Sargan_p-value
                                               3.45452874915475e-100
## 32
                     vars_var.y
                                                                  hgt
## 33
                    vars_vars.x
                                                                 prot
## 34
                    vars_vars.z momEdu+wealthIdx+p.A.prot+p.A.nProt
## 35
                    vars_vars.c
                                                        sex+hgt0+wgt0
```

```
# Multiple Instrucments
var.y <- c('hgt')
vars.x <- c('prot', 'cal')
vars.z <- c('momEdu', 'wealthIdx', 'p.A.prot', 'p.A.nProt')</pre>
```

```
vars.c <- c('sex', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')
# Regression
regf.iv(var.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, df, transpose=FALSE)</pre>
```

5.1.1.2.4 Example Multiple Endogenous Variables

Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables; ## they will be dropped

```
##
                              esti.val
                                                                      value
## 1
                                                           44.0243196254297
                  (Intercept) Estimate
## 2
                         prot Estimate
                                                           -1.4025623247106
## 3
                          cal_Estimate
                                                          0.065104895750151
## 4
                     sexMale_Estimate
                                                          0.120832787571818
## 5
                         hgt0_Estimate
                                                          0.286525437984517
## 6
                         wgt0_Estimate
                                                      0.000850481389651033
## 7
                 (Intercept)_Std.Error
                                                           2.75354847244082
## 8
                       prot_Std.Error
                                                          0.198640060273635
## 9
                        cal_Std.Error
                                                        0.00758881298880996
                                                          0.209984580636303
## 10
                    sexMale_Std.Error
## 11
                                                         0.0707828182888255
                       hgt0_Std.Error
## 12
                                                        0.00033711210444429
                        wgt0_Std.Error
## 13
                   (Intercept)_zvalue
                                                           15.9882130516502
## 14
                           prot_zvalue
                                                          -7.06082309267581
## 15
                                                           8.57906181719737
                            cal_zvalue
## 16
                        sexMale_zvalue
                                                          0.575436478267434
## 17
                          hgt0_zvalue
                                                           4.04795181812859
## 18
                           wgt0_zvalue
                                                           2.52284441418383
## 19
                 (Intercept)_Pr(>|z|)
                                                      1.54396598126854e-57
## 20
                         prot_Pr(>|z|)
                                                       1.65519210848649e-12
## 21
                          cal_Pr(>|z|)
                                                       9.56500648203187e-18
## 22
                     sexMale_Pr(>|z|)
                                                          0.564996139463599
## 23
                        hgt0_Pr(>|z|)
                                                       5.16677787108928e-05
## 24
                         wgt0_Pr(>|z|)
                                                         0.0116409892837831
## 25
            Weakinstruments(prot)_df1
                                                                           4
## 26
             Weakinstruments(cal)_df1
## 27
                                                                           2
                        Wu-Hausman_df1
                                                                           2
## 28
                            Sargan_df1
            Weakinstruments(prot)_df2
## 29
                                                                       14914
## 30
             Weakinstruments(cal)_df2
                                                                       14914
## 31
                       Wu-Hausman_df2
                                                                       14914
## 32 Weakinstruments(prot)_statistic
                                                           274.147084958343
## 33
       Weakinstruments(cal) statistic
                                                           315.036848606231
## 34
                 Wu-Hausman statistic
                                                           94.7020085425169
## 35
                     Sargan_statistic
                                                           122.081979628898
## 36
        Weakinstruments(prot)_p-value
                                                     8.61731956233366e-228
## 37
         Weakinstruments(cal)_p-value
                                                      1.18918641220866e-260
## 38
                   Wu-Hausman_p-value
                                                       1.35024050408262e-41
## 39
                        Sargan_p-value
                                                       3.09196773720398e-27
## 40
                            vars_var.y
                                                                        hgt
## 41
                           vars_vars.x
                                                                   prot+cal
## 42
                           vars_vars.z momEdu+wealthIdx+p.A.prot+p.A.nProt
## 43
                           vars_vars.c
                                                              sex+hgt0+wgt0
```

5.1.1.2.5 Examples Line by Line The examples are just to test the code with different types of variables.

```
# Selecting Variables
var.y <- c('hgt')</pre>
```

5.1. OLS AND IV 103

```
vars.x <- c('prot', 'cal')</pre>
vars.z <- c('momEdu', 'wealthIdx', 'p.A.prot', 'p.A.nProt')</pre>
vars.c <- c('sex', 'hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
# A. create Equation
str.vars.x <- paste(vars.x, collapse='+')</pre>
str.vars.c <- paste(vars.c, collapse='+')</pre>
str.vars.z <- paste(vars.z, collapse='+')</pre>
print(str.vars.x)
## [1] "prot+cal"
print(str.vars.c)
## [1] "sex+hgt0+wgt0"
print(str.vars.z)
## [1] "momEdu+wealthIdx+p.A.prot+p.A.nProt"
equa.iv <- paste(var.y,
                 paste(paste(str.vars.x, str.vars.c, sep='+'),
                       paste(str.vars.z, str.vars.c, sep='+'),
                       sep='|'),
                 sep='~')
print(equa.iv)
## [1] "hgt~prot+cal+sex+hgt0+wgt0|momEdu+wealthIdx+p.A.prot+p.A.nProt+sex+hgt0+wgt0"
# B. regression
res.ivreg <- ivreg(as.formula(equa.iv), data=df)</pre>
coef(res.ivreg)
     (Intercept)
                          prot
                                         cal
                                                    sexMale
                                                                     hgt0
## 44.0243196254 -1.4025623247 0.0651048958 0.1208327876 0.2865254380 0.0008504814
# C. Regression Summary
ivreg.summ <- summary(res.ivreg, vcov = sandwich, df = Inf, diagnostics = TRUE)
ivreg.summ$coef
                    Estimate Std. Error
                                             z value
                                                          Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 44.0243196254 2.7535484724 15.9882131 1.543966e-57
             -1.4025623247 0.1986400603 -7.0608231 1.655192e-12
## prot
## cal
               0.0651048958 0.0075888130 8.5790618 9.565006e-18
               0.1208327876 0.2099845806 0.5754365 5.649961e-01
## sexMale
                0.2865254380 0.0707828183 4.0479518 5.166778e-05
## hgt0
                0.0008504814 0.0003371121 2.5228444 1.164099e-02
## wgt0
## attr(,"df")
## [1] 0
ivreg.summ$diagnostics
                           df1 df2 statistic
                                                     p-value
## Weak instruments (prot) 4 14914 274.14708 8.617320e-228
                             4 14914 315.03685 1.189186e-260
## Weak instruments (cal)
## Wu-Hausman
                             2 14914 94.70201 1.350241e-41
                             2
                                  NA 122.08198 3.091968e-27
## Sargan
# D. Combine Regression Results into a Matrix
df.results <- suppressMessages(as_tibble(ivreg.summ$coef, rownames='rownames') %>%
   full_join(as_tibble(ivreg.summ$diagnostics, rownames='rownames')) %>%
 full_join(tibble(rownames=c('vars'),
```

```
var.y=var.y,
                    vars.x=str.vars.x,
                    vars.z=str.vars.z,
                    vars.c=str.vars.c)))
# E. Flatten Matrix, All IV results as a single tibble row to be combined with other IV results
df.row.results <- df.results %>%
    gather(variable, value, -rownames) %>%
    drop_na() %>%
    unite(esti.val, rownames, variable) %>%
    mutate(esti.val = gsub(' ', '', esti.val))
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
# F. Results as Single Colum
df.row.results
## # A tibble: 43 x 2
##
     esti.val
                           value
##
      <chr>>
                           <chr>
## 1 (Intercept)_Estimate 44.0243196254297
## 2 prot_Estimate -1.4025623247106
## 3 cal_Estimate
                          0.065104895750151
## 4 sexMale_Estimate
                         0.120832787571818
## 5 hgt0_Estimate
                         0.286525437984517
## 6 wgt0_Estimate
                           0.000850481389651033
## 7 (Intercept)_Std.Error 2.75354847244082
## 8 prot_Std.Error
                          0.198640060273635
## 9 cal_Std.Error
                           0.00758881298880996
## 10 sexMale_Std.Error
                           0.209984580636303
## # ... with 33 more rows
# G. Results as Single Row
df.row.results
## # A tibble: 43 x 2
##
     esti.val
                           value
##
      <chr>>
                           <chr>
## 1 (Intercept)_Estimate 44.0243196254297
## 2 prot_Estimate -1.4025623247106
## 3 cal Estimate
                          0.065104895750151
## 4 sexMale_Estimate
                          0.120832787571818
## 5 hgt0_Estimate
                           0.286525437984517
## 6 wgt0_Estimate
                           0.000850481389651033
## 7 (Intercept)_Std.Error 2.75354847244082
## 8 prot_Std.Error
                          0.198640060273635
## 9 cal Std.Error
                           0.00758881298880996
## 10 sexMale_Std.Error
                           0.209984580636303
## # ... with 33 more rows
df.row.results %>% spread(esti.val, value)
## # A tibble: 1 x 43
     `(Intercept)_Es~ `(Intercept)_Pr~ `(Intercept)_St~ `(Intercept)_zv~ cal_Estimate `cal_Pr(>|z|)`
                     <chr>
                                      <chr>
                                                       <chr>>
                                                                        <chr>
                                                                                    <chr>>
## 1 44.0243196254297 1.5439659812685~ 2.75354847244082 15.9882130516502 0.065104895~ 9.56500648203~
## # ... with 37 more variables: cal_Std.Error <chr>, cal_zvalue <chr>, hgt0_Estimate <chr>,
      `hgt0_Pr(>|z|)` <chr>, hgt0_Std.Error <chr>, hgt0_zvalue <chr>, prot_Estimate <chr>,
## #
## #
     `prot_Pr(>|z|)` <chr>, prot_Std.Error <chr>, prot_zvalue <chr>, Sargan_df1 <chr>,
## # `Sargan_p-value` <chr>, Sargan_statistic <chr>, sexMale_Estimate <chr>,
```

`sexMale_Pr(>|z|)` <chr>, sexMale_Std.Error <chr>, sexMale_zvalue <chr>, vars_var.y <chr>,

5.1. OLS AND IV 105

5.1.2 IV Loop over RHS

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

Regression with a Variety of Outcome Variables and Right Hand Side Variables. There are M outcome variables, and there are N alternative right hand side variables. Regress each M outcome variable and each N alternative right hand side variable, with some common sets of controls and perhaps shared instruments. The output file is a M by N matrix of coefficients, with proper variable names and row names. The matrix stores coefficients for this key endogenous variable.

• Dependency: R4Econ/linreg/ivreg/ivregdfrow.R

5.1.2.1 Construct Program

The program relies on double lapply. lapply is used for convenience, not speed.

```
ff_reg_mbyn <- function(list.vars.y, list.vars.x,</pre>
                         vars.c, vars.z, df,
                         return_all = FALSE,
                         stats_ends = 'value', time = FALSE) {
    \# regf.iv()  function is from C:\Users\fan\R4Econ\linreg\ivreg\fiveR
    if (time) {
        start_time <- Sys.time()</pre>
    if (return_all) {
        df.reg.out.all <- bind_rows(lapply(list.vars.x,</pre>
                               function(x) (
                                    bind_rows(lapply(list.vars.y, regf.iv, vars.x=x, vars.c=vars.c, va
                               )))
    } else {
        df.reg.out.all <- (lapply(list.vars.x,</pre>
                               function(x) (
                                   bind_rows(lapply(list.vars.y, regf.iv, vars.x=x, vars.c=vars.c, va
                                        select(vars_var.y, starts_with(x)) %>%
                                        select(vars_var.y, ends_with(stats_ends))
                               ))) %>% reduce(full_join)
    }
    if (time) {
        end_time <- Sys.time()</pre>
        print(paste0('Estimation for all ys and xs took (seconds):', end_time - start_time))
    return(df.reg.out.all)
}
```

5.1.2.2 Prepare Data

```
# Library
library(tidyverse)
library(AER)
# Load Sample Data
setwd('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/_data/')
df <- read_csv('height_weight.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
    S.country = col_character(),
##
    vil.id = col_double(),
##
    indi.id = col_double(),
## sex = col_character(),
## svymthRound = col_double(),
##
    momEdu = col_double(),
    wealthIdx = col_double(),
##
##
    hgt = col_double(),
##
    wgt = col_double(),
## hgt0 = col_double(),
## wgt0 = col_double(),
## prot = col_double(),
## cal = col_double(),
## p.A.prot = col_double(),
##
    p.A.nProt = col_double()
## )
# Source Dependency
source('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/linreg/ivreg/ivregdfrow.R')
# Setting
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=50, repr.matrix.max.cols=50)
Parameters.
```

```
var.y1 <- c('hgt')
var.y2 <- c('wgt')
var.y3 <- c('vil.id')
list.vars.y <- c(var.y1, var.y2, var.y3)

var.x1 <- c('prot')
var.x2 <- c('cal')
var.x3 <- c('wealthIdx')
var.x4 <- c('p.A.prot')
var.x5 <- c('p.A.nProt')
list.vars.x <- c(var.x1, var.x2, var.x3, var.x4, var.x5)

vars.c <- c('sex', 'wgt0', 'hgt0', 'svymthRound')</pre>
```

5.1.2.3 Program Testing

5.1. OLS AND IV 107

5.1.2.3.1 Test Program OLS Z-Stat

```
cal_tvalue wealthIdx_tvalue p.A.prot_tvalue p.A.nProt_tval
## vars_var.y
                     prot_tvalue
           hgt 18.8756010031786 23.4421863484661 13.508899618216 3.83682180045518 32.54482575548
## 1
## 2
           wgt 16.3591125056062 17.3686031309332 14.1390521528113 1.36958319982295 12.09615579114
        vil.id -14.9385580468907 -19.6150110809452 34.0972558327347 8.45943342783186 17.78014224214
## 3
vars.z <- c('indi.id')</pre>
suppressMessages(ff_reg_mbyn(list.vars.y, list.vars.x,
                             vars.c, vars.z, df,
                             return_all = FALSE,
                             stats_ends = 'value'))
5.1.2.3.2 Test Program IV T-stat
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
```

Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;

Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;

they will be dropped

```
## they will be dropped
                    prot_zvalue
## vars_var.y
                                     cal_zvalue wealthIdx_zvalue p.A.prot_zvalue
           hgt 8.87674929300964 12.0739764947235 4.62589553677969 26.6373587567312
           wgt 5.60385871756365 6.1225187008946 5.17869536991717 11.9295584469998
## 2
## 3
       vil.id -9.22106223347162 -13.0586007975839 -51.5866689219593 -29.9627476577329
     p.A.nProt_zvalue
## 1 32.1162192385744
## 2 12.3509307017263
## 3 -38.3528894620707
vars.z <- NULL</pre>
suppressMessages(ff_reg_mbyn(list.vars.y, list.vars.x,
                           vars.c, vars.z, df,
                           return_all = FALSE,
                           stats_ends = 'Estimate'))
5.1.2.3.3 Test Program OLS Coefficient
## vars_var.y
                    prot_Estimate
                                          cal_Estimate wealthIdx_Estimate
                                                                         p.A.prot_Estimate
         hgt 0.049431093806755 0.00243408846205622 0.21045655488185 3.86952250259526e-05
## 1
                                  ## 2
                16.5557424523585
           wgt
       vil.id -0.0758835879205584 -0.00395676177098486 0.451733304543324 0.000149388430455142
## p.A.nProt_Estimate
## 1 0.00542428867316449
## 2 0.779514232050632
## 3 0.00526237555581024
vars.z <- c('indi.id')</pre>
suppressMessages(ff_reg_mbyn(list.vars.y, list.vars.x,
                           vars.c, vars.z, df,
                           return_all = FALSE,
                           stats_ends = 'Estimate'))
5.1.2.3.4 Test Program IV coefficient
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
```

5.1. OLS AND IV

```
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
    vars_var.y
                   prot_Estimate
                                        cal_Estimate wealthIdx_Estimate
                                                                           p.A.prot_Estimate
           hgt 0.859205733632614 0.0238724384575419 0.144503490136948 0.00148073028434642
## 2
            wgt 98.9428234201406
                                   2.71948246216953 69.1816142883022
                                                                           0.221916473012486
        vil.id -6.02451379136132 -0.168054407187466 -1.91414470908345 -0.00520794333267238
## 3
##
     p.A.nProt_Estimate
## 1 0.0141317656200726
       2.11856940494335
## 3 -0.0494468877742109
vars.z <- NULL</pre>
ff_reg_mbyn(list.vars.y, list.vars.x,
            vars.c, vars.z, df,
            return_all = TRUE,
            stats_ends = 'Estimate')
```

5.1.2.3.5 Test Program OLS Return All

```
X.Intercept._Estimate X.Intercept._Pr...t.. X.Intercept._Std.Error X.Intercept._tvalue
## 1
          27.3528514188608 5.68247182214952e-231
                                                     0.831272666092284
                                                                          32.9047886867776
## 2
           99.873884728925
                                0.75529705553815
                                                      320.450650378664
                                                                          0.31166697465244
## 3
          31.4646660224049 6.78164655340399e-84
                                                       1.61328519718754
                                                                           19.503474077155
## 4
          27.9038445914729 8.24252673989353e-242
                                                     0.828072565159449
                                                                          33.6973421962119
## 5
          219.626705179399
                               0.493216914827181
                                                      320.522532223672
                                                                         0.685214557790078
## 6
          30.5103987898551 1.62608789535248e-79
                                                      1.60831193651104
                                                                        18.9704485163756
## 7
          35.7840188807906 2.26726906489443e-145
                                                       1.38461348429899
                                                                          25.8440491058106
         -2662.74787734003 7.13318862990131e-05
## 8
                                                      670.301542938561
                                                                        -3.97246270039407
## 9
          29.2381039651127 1.53578035267873e-124
                                                      1.22602177264147
                                                                          23.8479483950102
          23.9948407749744 2.11912344053336e-165
## 10
                                                                          27.6890903532576
                                                      0.86658104216672
## 11
         -547.959546430028
                            0.0941551350855875
                                                      327.343126852912
                                                                          -1.6739607509042
## 12
          22.3367814226238 3.04337266226599e-49
                                                       1.5098937308759
                                                                          14.7936116071335
## 13
          24.4904444950827 2.34941965806705e-181
                                                     0.843371070670838
                                                                          29.0387533397398
## 14
         -476.703973630552
                              0.143844033032183
                                                      326.132837036936
                                                                        -1.46168652614567
## 15
          22.7781908464511 9.58029450711211e-52
                                                       1.5004526558957
                                                                         15.1808794212527
##
        adj.r.squared_v df1_v df2_v df3_v hgt0_Estimate
                                                                    hgt0_Pr...t..
                                                                                      hgt0_Std.Err
                          6 18957 6 0.60391817340617 1.14533314566771e-183 0.02066575386337
## 1
      0.814249026159781
```

```
6 18962
## 2
        0.60716936506893
                                              56.3852027199184 1.52417506966835e-12
                                                                                       7.967352240005
## 3
     0.0373247512680971
                             6 18999
                                         6 -0.296844389234445 1.40290395213743e-13 0.04010609137995
                             6 18957
                                            0.589847843438394 7.79174951119325e-177 0.02058363982784
## 4
        0.81608922805658
       0.607863678511207
                             6 18962
                                             52.9707041800704 3.05720143843395e-11
                                                                                       7.968221457971
## 6
     0.0453498711076042
                             6 18999
                                         6 -0.273219210757899
                                                               8.49149153665126e-12 0.03997773635116
## 7
       0.935014931990565
                             6 25092
                                            0.439374451256039 2.71000479249152e-36 0.03487018966107
                                         6
                                                                                       16.88234893757
## 8
        0.92193683733695
                             6 25102
                                         6
                                               47.176969664749
                                                                0.00520266507060071
                             6 30013
                                            -0.35908163982046 2.41020063623865e-31 0.03079846355538
## 9
       0.059543122812776
## 10
       0.814690803458616
                             6 18587
                                         6
                                            0.687269209411865 1.31914432912869e-220 0.02138418493242
## 11
       0.617300597776144
                             6 18591
                                         6
                                              72.105560623359
                                                               4.78613024244006e-19
                                                                                       8.077449064006
## 12 0.0261131074199838
                             6 18845
                                         6 -0.108789161111504
                                                                  0.0034801146146182 0.03722885948913
                             6 18587
                                            0.622395388389206 1.11511327164938e-190 0.02088464375702
       0.824542352656376
  14
       0.620250730454724
                             6 18591
                                              62.7336220289257
                                                               8.38546282719268e-15
                                                                                       8.075891929782
   15 0.0385437355117917
##
                             6 18845
                                         6 -0.157811627494693 2.13723119924676e-05 0.03712232371834
##
            hgt0_tvalue
                              prot_Estimate
                                                    prot_Pr...t..
                                                                       prot_Std.Error
                                                                                            prot_tval
##
  1
       29.2231378249683
                          0.049431093806755 \ 9.54769322304645e-79 \ 0.00261878251179557
                                                                                       18.87560100317
## 2
                           16.5557424523585 9.61203373222183e-60
                                                                     1.01201959743751
                                                                                       16.35911250560
        7.0770314931977
     ## 3
## 4
       28.6561486875877
                                        <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 5
       6.64774497790599
                                        <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
      -6.83428417151858
                                        <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 6
## 7
       12.6002885423502
                                        <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 8
       2.79445531182864
                                        <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 9
       -11.659076407325
                                       <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 10
       32.1391351404584
                                       <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 11
      8.92677379355593
                                       <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 12 -2.92217281443323
                                       <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
## 13
       29.8015803204665
                                        <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    <N
      7.76801157994423
                                        <NA>
## 14
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
##
  15 -4.25112470577158
                                        <NA>
                                                             <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                                    < N
##
             r.squared_v
                           sexMale_Estimate
                                                sexMale_Pr...t..
                                                                   sexMale_Std.Error
                                                                                        sexMale_tvalu
##
       0.814298005954592
                          0.935177182449406 \ \ 2.36432111724607e-51 \ \ 0.0618482294097262
                                                                                      15.120516648166
  1
## 2
                           415.163616765357 2.48252880290814e-67
                                                                    23.8518341439675
       0.607272921412825
                                                                                      17.405940954455
## 3
      0.0375780335372857 -0.254089999175318
                                              0.0343768259467621
                                                                   0.120093045309631 -2.1157761344148
                          0.893484662055608 2.08765935335877e-47 0.0616078355613525
       0.816137722617266
                                                                                     14.502776374375
                           405.534891838028 2.51355675686752e-64
                                                                                      16.998747899315
## 5
        0.60796705182314
                                                                    23.8567507583516
      0.0456010419476623 -0.181389489610951
                                                0.129768754080748
                                                                    0.11972270545355 -1.5150801088547
## 6
##
  7
        0.93502787877066
                           1.80682463132073 1.26527362032354e-66
                                                                   0.104475287357902
                                                                                      17.294277690101
       0.921952383432195
                           999.926876716707 2.64630894140004e-86
                                                                    50.5879876531386
                                                                                      19.766093159759
                          -0.33436777751525 \ 0.000311174554787706 \ 0.0927193334338799 \ -3.6062357777161
## 9
      0.0596997716363463
## 10
                          0.932686930233136 7.90489020586094e-47 0.0647209948973267
      0.814740639193486
                                                                                      14.410886787397
       0.617403496088206
                           397.141948675354 6.19449742677662e-59
                                                                    24.4473730956481
                                                                                      16.244769821345
  12 0.0263714328556815 -0.445232370681998 7.93666802281971e-05
                                                                  0.112797805327952 -3.9471722821868
## 13
       0.824589538985803
                           0.96466980500711 1.24556615236597e-52 0.0629827627260302
                                                                                       15.31640981205
       0.620352835549783
                            401.59056368102 1.18469030741261e-60
                                                                    24.3549086073387 16.489101649102
   15 0.0387987636986586 -0.423829627017582 0.00015644693636154
                                                                   0.112083516545945 -3.7813733908308
##
##
               sigma_v svymthRound_Estimate svymthRound_Pr...t.. svymthRound_Std.Error
## 1
                           0.87166589100565
                                                                0
                                                                    0.00387681209575621
     4.21029844914315
                                                                0
## 2
     1623.77111076428
                            189.04290688382
                                                                        1.4955473831309
     8.18491760066961
                        -0.0154759587993917
                                               0.0397984032097113
                                                                    0.00752730297891317
      4.18939119979502
                          0.851989049736817
                                                                0
                                                                    0.00411253488213795
## 5
      1622.33549880859
                           185.318286001897
                                                                0
                                                                       1.59266949679221
## 6
      8.15073036560541
                         0.0201471237605442
                                               0.0117151185126433
                                                                    0.00799217807522278
## 7
      8.18607049768594
                          0.432815253441723
                                                                0
                                                                   0.000728323735328998
## 8
                                                                0
      3964.45339913597
                           189.877994795061
                                                                      0.352701518968252
## 9
     7.93450742809862
                        0.00215144302579706 0.000447277200167272
                                                                   0.000612792699568233
## 10 4.35662621773428
                           0.91961467696139
                                                                0
                                                                    0.00331108017589107
## 11 1645.77655955938
                           205.597385664745
                                                                0
                                                                       1.25083486490652
```

5.1. OLS AND IV 111

```
7.6435668370875
                         -0.0509574460702806 1.37139389802397e-18
                                                                       0.00578476859618168
   12
                                                                   0
                                                                       0.00317113547025635
   13 4.23923961592693
                           0.921894094780682
                                                                   0
   14 1639.42085007515
                            205.945143306004
                                                                          1.22639878616071
   15 7.59462918474114
                        -0.0557204455206461 7.79141497751766e-23
                                                                       0.00565696328562864
      svvmthRound_tvalue vars_var.y
                                                                                       wgt0_Estimate
                                                     vars_vars.c vars_vars.x
##
        224.840892330022
                                 hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                         prot -0.000146104685986986
   1
##
   2
        126.403823119306
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                         prot
                                                                                  0.637023553461055
                                                                         prot -0.000903390591533867
##
   3
       -2.05597660181154
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                 hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
##
        207.168832400006
                                                                              -0.000116898230009949
                                                                          cal
##
   5
        116.357025971267
                                 wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                          cal
                                                                                   0.649394003614758
## 6
        2.52085521254888
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                              -0.000941137072743919
##
   7
                                 hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                                 0.00122231975126219
        594.262183761197
                                                                    wealthIdx
##
  8
        538.353209678558
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    wealthIdx
                                                                                    1.32870822160235
##
  9
        3.51088227277012
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    wealthIdx -0.000845938526704796
##
   10
        277.738571133786
                                 hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                     p.A.prot
                                                                              -0.000489534836079617
##
        164.368128386085
                                 wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                     p.A.prot
                                                                                   0.580023505722658
##
   12
       -8.80889965139067
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                               -0.00156196911156061
                                                                     p.A.prot
##
   13
        290.714194782148
                                 hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                               3.23596154259101e-05
                                                                    p.A.nProt
##
   14
        167.926734460268
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    p.A.nProt
                                                                                    0.65551206304675
                                                                   p.A.nProt
   15
       -9.84988636256528
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                               -0.00115432723977403
##
                                   wgt0_Std.Error
                                                         wgt0_tvalue
                                                                              cal_Estimate
             wgt0_Pr...t..
         0.136011583497549 9.79994437486573e-05 -1.49087260496811
##
                                                                                       <NA>
   1
##
   2
      2.96480083692757e-63
                              0.0378027371614794
                                                   16.8512547316329
                                                                                       <NA>
   3
      2.05763549729273e-06 0.000190221503167431 -4.74915073475531
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   4
         0.230228828649018 9.74307633896921e-05 -1.19980821193398
                                                                       0.00243408846205622
## 5
      7.43034302413852e-66
                               0.037739875283113
                                                   17.2071051836606
                                                                         0.699072500364623
      6.66901196231733e-07 0.000189270503626621 -4.97244448929308
                                                                      -0.00395676177098486
      1.22269348058816e-13 0.000164767846917989
                                                    7.41843614592224
                                                                                       <NA>
##
      6.75367630221077e-62
                              0.0798131859486402
                                                    16.6477281392748
                                                                                       < N A >
      4.32675510884621e-09 0.000144040382619518
                                                     -5.872926128913
                                                                                       <NA>
      7.77000489086602e-07 9.90410500454311e-05
                                                   -4.94274682926991
                                                                                       <NA>
   11 7.42419220783427e-54
                              0.0374185042114355
                                                    15.5009805428138
                                                                                       <NA>
                                                    -9.0619777654873
      1.40362012201826e-19 0.000172365145002826
                                                                                       <NA>
   13
         0.740027016459552 9.75208524392668e-05 0.331822524275644
##
                                                                                       <NA>
   14 4.09082062947785e-67
                              0.0377202854835204
                                                    17.3782370584956
                                                                                       <NA>
   15 2.75472781728448e-11 0.000173241059789276 -6.66312732777158
                                                                                       <NA>
##
                cal_Pr...t..
                                     cal_Std.Error
                                                           cal_tvalue wealthIdx_Estimate
##
   1
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
   2
                        <NA>
##
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
   3
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
      8.01672708877986e-120 0.000103833679413418
   4
                                                     23.4421863484661
                                                                                      <NA>
##
   5
       4.71331900885298e-67
                               0.0402492068645167
                                                     17.3686031309332
                                                                                      <NA>
       7.94646124029527e-85 0.000201721108117477
##
   6
                                                    -19.6150110809452
                                                                                      <NA>
##
   7
                                              <NA>
                                                                         0.21045655488185
                        <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
## 8
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                         106.678721085969
## 9
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                        0.451733304543324
##
  10
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 11
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 12
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 13
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 14
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 15
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
         wealthIdx_Pr...t..
                             wealthIdx_Std.Error wealthIdx_tvalue
                                                                        p.A.prot_Estimate
##
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
   2
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 3
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 4
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 5
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
```

```
## 6
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 7
       1.93494257274268e-41 0.0155791042075745 13.508899618216
                                                                                      <NA>
## 8
        3.2548345535026e-45
                              7.54496977117083 14.1390521528113
                                                                                      <NA>
## 9 4.82890644822007e-250 0.0132483771350785 34.0972558327347
                                                                                      <NA>
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA> 3.86952250259526e-05
## 11
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA> 0.00521731297924587
## 12
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA> 0.000149388430455142
## 13
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
## 14
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 15
                        <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
         p.A.prot_Pr...t..
                              p.A.prot_Std.Error p.A.prot_tvalue p.A.nProt_Estimate
## 1
                       <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
## 2
                       <NA>
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 3
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 4
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 5
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 6
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 7
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 8
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 9
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                                     <NA>
## 10 0.000125048896903791 1.00852286184785e-05 3.83682180045518
                                                                                     <NA>
         0.170833589209346 0.00380941660201464 1.36958319982295
                                                                                     <NA>
## 12 2.88060045451681e-17 1.76593895713687e-05 8.45943342783186
                                                                                     <NA>
## 13
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA> 0.00542428867316449
## 14
                       <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                               <NA>
                                                                       0.779514232050632
                       <NA>
## 15
                                             <NA>
                                                               <NA> 0.00526237555581024
##
         p.A.nProt_Pr...t.. p.A.nProt_Std.Error p.A.nProt_tvalue
## 1
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
## 2
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                 < N A >
## 3
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
## 4
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
## 5
                        < NA >
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
## 6
                        < NA >
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
## 7
                        < NA >
                                              < NA >
                                                                 <NA>
## 8
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
## 9
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
## 10
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
## 11
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                 <NA>
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
## 13 5.25341325077391e-226 0.000166671307872964 32.5448257554855
## 14 1.47950939943836e-33
                                 0.06444313759758 12.0961557911467
        3.7685780281174e-70 0.000295969260771016 17.7801422421419
vars.z <- c('indi.id')</pre>
ff_reg_mbyn(list.vars.y, list.vars.x,
            vars.c, vars.z, df,
            return_all = TRUE,
            stats_ends = 'Estimate')
```

5.1.2.3.6 Test Program IV Return All

```
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped

## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped

## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
```

5.1. OLS AND IV

```
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
##
     X.Intercept._Estimate X.Intercept._Pr...z.. X.Intercept._Std.Error X.Intercept._zvalue
## 1
         40.2173991882938 3.69748206920405e-59
                                                    2.47963650430699 16.2190704639323
## 2
          1408.1626637032 0.00217397545504963
                                                    459.377029874119 3.06537456626657
## 3
          -64.490636067872 0.000109756271656929
                                                    16.673099250727 -3.86794531107106
## 4
          39.6732302990235 1.30030240177373e-103
                                                   1.83545587849039 21.6149190857443
## 5
         1325.54736576331 0.00138952700443324
                                                    414.645900526211 3.19681772828602
         -59.8304089440729 3.75547414421179e-07
## 6
                                                    11.7754321198995 -5.08095230263053
## 7
          35.5561817357046 2.01357089467444e-142
                                                    1.39936229104453
                                                                       25.4088465605032
                                                    653.605248808641
## 8
          -2791.221534909 1.95034793045284e-05
                                                                      -4.27050048939585
          21.8005242861645 1.17899313785408e-34
## 9
                                                    1.77547715237629
                                                                     12.2786847788984
## 10
         24.3009261707644 1.97968607369592e-84
                                                     1.2481331128579
                                                                     19.4698193008609
## 11
         -499.067024090554
                              0.155922992163314
                                                    351.723712333143
                                                                     -1.41891776582254
## 12
         21.4632286881661 1.84405333738942e-09
                                                    3.57067054655531 6.01097984491234
           25.299209739617 1.29388565624566e-157
## 13
                                                   0.945826571474308
                                                                        26.748254386829
## 14
         -352.278518334717
                             0.287184942021997
                                                    330.990098562619
                                                                       -1.0643173915611
                                                                       7.11262590993832
## 15
          17.9359211844992 1.13855583530306e-12
                                                    2.52170174723203
##
         hgt0 Estimate
                             hgt0_Pr...z.. hgt0_Std.Error
                                                                 hgt0_zvalue
                                                                                prot_Estimate
## 1 0.403139725681418 1.25009876641748e-13 0.0543948312973965 7.41136089709158 0.859205733632614
## 2 35.5765914326678 0.000445802636381424 10.1318250572006 3.51137048180512 98.9428234201406
     ## 4 0.357976348180876 2.82141265004339e-17 0.0423453726223874 8.45373003027063
                                                                                         <NA>
```

<NA>

```
##
   5
       31.0172706497394
                            0.0013100303315764
                                                  9.65135595900306 3.21377335801252
                          3.70002169470828e-08
##
   6
        1.5037447089682
                                                0.273179527952317 5.50460248701607
##
   7
      0.460434521499963
                          2.98739737280869e-37 0.0361031059207763 12.7533216258548
## 8
       59.1545587745268
                          0.000542570320022534
                                                  17.1025823111635 3.45880859967647
  9
      0.412512139031067
                          3.02226357947691e-20 0.0447499166716409 9.21816552325528
   10 0.515794899569023
                          8.57492956381676e-59 0.0319035514861838 16.1673191711084
                           2.8561488738123e-07
                                                  9.01263684093548 5.13270005180026
       46.2591615803265
                          1.10039023747789e-08 0.0911390672920558 5.71448149208973
   12 0.520812513246773
   13 0.510868687340428 3.24936430168307e-102 0.0237991645877977 21.4658243761363
##
       45.5654716961559
                           6.3454545304127e-08
                                                  8.42434865398195 5.40878275196011
   15 0.534362107844268
                         3.42500501176006e-17
                                                 0.063380058773461 8.4310762436216
##
             prot_Pr...z..
                                prot_Std.Error
                                                      prot_zvalue Sargan_df1
                                                                                 sexMale_Estimate
##
   1
      6.88427338202428e-19 0.0967928354481331
                                                 8.87674929300964
                                                                            0
                                                                                0.154043421788007
##
   2
      2.09631602352917e-08
                              17.6561952052848
                                                 5.60385871756365
                                                                            0
                                                                                 333.799680049259
##
   3
      2.94171378745816e-20
                             0.653342710289155
                                                -9.22106223347162
                                                                            0
                                                                                 5.41175429817609
##
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                0.106307556057668
##
   5
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                 330.452608866758
                                                                             0
                                                                                 5.83118942788808
##
  6
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                             0
##
  7
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                             0
                                                                                 1.80283907885782
## 8
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                 997.747599807148
## 9
                                           <NA>
                                                                              -0.452827875182598
                       <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                             0
## 10
                                                                            0
                       < NA >
                                           < NA >
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                 1.02741625216018
## 11
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                            0
                                                                                 411.365911332896
##
   12
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                             0 -0.789122421167432
                       <NA>
##
  13
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                            0
                                                                                 1.02009164592608
## 14
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                            0
                                                                                 409.820707458838
## 15
                       <NA>
                                           <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                             0 -0.746032636368145
                             sexMale_Std.Error
##
          sexMale_Pr...z..
                                                   sexMale zvalue svymthRound Estimate
##
          0.38807812932888
                             0.178475271469781
                                                 0.86310792817082
                                                                       0.20990165085783
   1
##
   2
      5.06413216642981e-24
                              33.0216035385405
                                                 10.1085242471545
                                                                        121.78985943172
##
   3
      5.80077629932476e-06
                              1.19371921154418
                                                 4.53352366774387
                                                                       4.84745570027424
##
   4
         0.423490075745117
                             0.132821186086547 0.800381017440976
                                                                      0.322893837128574
##
   5
      2.52735690930834e-27
                              30.5174257711927
                                                 10.8283251459136
                                                                       135.494858749214
##
   6
      6.12283824664132e-12
                             0.847955715223327
                                                 6.87676174970095
                                                                       4.07024693316581
##
   7
       1.1689328480129e-65
                             0.105343525210948
                                                  17.113904962338
                                                                      0.433164820953121
##
  8
      2.02347084785411e-89
                              49.7632792630648
                                                 20.0498764266063
                                                                        190.07735139541
##
  9
      0.000647195788038449
                             0.132754263303719 -3.41102322376347
                                                                     0.0137438264666969
   10
      1.69796551008584e-27 0.0945646985181925
                                                 10.8646912458831
                                                                       1.00582859923509
      2.05327249429949e-54
                              26.4822313532216
                                                 15.5336574870174
                                                                       218.549980922774
       0.00428270841484855
   12
                             0.276250047248363 -2.85655126226267
                                                                     -0.369567838754916
   13 1.70848440093529e-51 0.0675715533063635
                                                 15.0964658352764
                                                                      0.929266902426869
   14 2.36314216739034e-62
                              24.5920104216267
                                                 16.6647907361992
                                                                       207.078222946319
   15 6.57521045473888e-05
                              0.18692145837209 -3.99115565898846
                                                                    -0.0985678389223824
##
                            svymthRound_Std.Error svymthRound_zvalue vars_var.y
       svymthRound_Pr...z..
##
   1
        0.00846239710392287
                                0.0797183179471441
                                                      2.63304164291327
                                                                               hgt
##
   2
       5.96047652813855e-17
                                  14.5577085129475
                                                      8.36600480930094
                                                                                wgt
##
   3
       2.07373887977152e-19
                                 0.538050140685815
                                                      9.00930105527994
                                                                            vil.id
##
  4
       9.66146445882893e-11
                                0.0498896912188091
                                                      6.47215545416802
                                                                               hgt
## 5
       4.48931446042076e-34
                                   11.133488331472
                                                      12.1700274626596
                                                                                wgt
##
   6
       5.64723572160763e-36
                                 0.325043349284718
                                                      12.5221664806331
                                                                            vil.id
##
   7
                           0
                               0.00120472816008751
                                                      359.553993426746
                                                                               hgt
## 8
                           0
                                 0.739269879490032
                                                       257.11496798237
                                                                                wgt
##
   9
       1.57416908709431e-66
                              0.000797655931686456
                                                      17.2302692435808
                                                                             vil.id
##
   10
                           0
                                                      134.672925279848
                               0.00746867714609297
                                                                               hgt
##
   11
                           0
                                                      113.146221785884
                                   1.9315711781906
                                                                                wgt
##
   12
      2.42696379701225e-102
                                0.0172056989832505
                                                     -21.4793853545086
                                                                            vil.id
                           0
## 13
                               0.00539330635998817
                                                      172.300040161061
                                                                               hgt
## 14
                           0
                                  1.46167854745858
                                                      141.671520941705
                                                                                wgt
```

5.1. OLS AND IV

##	15	1.84569897952709e-27	7 0 00	090786748811	8012 - 10 9	357073329799	96 vil.i	d
##	13							eakinstruments_df2
##	1	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		prot	indi.id	wearingerun	1	18957
	2	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		prot	indi.id		1	18962
	3	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		prot	indi.id		1	18999
	4	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		cal	indi.id		1	18957
##	5	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		cal	indi.id		1	18962
##	6	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth	Round	cal	indi.id		1	18999
##	7	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth	Round	wealthIdx	indi.id		1	25092
##	8	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth	Round	wealthIdx	indi.id		1	25102
##	9	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth	Round	wealthIdx	indi.id		1	30013
##		sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		p.A.prot	indi.id		1	18587
##		sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		p.A.prot	indi.id		1	18591
##		sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		p.A.prot	indi.id		1	18845
##		sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthI		p.A.nProt	indi.id		1	18587
##		sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymth		p.A.nProt	indi.id		1	18591
	15	sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthI		p.A.nProt	indi.id		1	18845
##	,	Weakinstruments_p.val			_		t0_Estimate	wgt0_Prz
##	_	1.42153759923994e-			1934821266		74724538111	4.88365163639597e-08
##	2	4.45734829676713e- 5.72345606957941e-			1182827386 9817367586		32112313709 98623641602	2.33136555228405e-20 7.95432753711715e-07
##		1.77770827184424e				-0.00065893		0.00032843149807424
##		4.03760292920738e-			7072038429		58436431587	2.0921134733036e-48
##		5.47447735093002e			5260665498		74237566435	0.00667886646012294
##		0.414411000300020	0		7383089383		35055604169	2.26123807446765e-11
##			0		8467113128		32038539707	6.67525280062144e-56
##			0		6315513372			6.51923753120087e-127
##			0		8122418591		28918444932	2.43477572076212e-06
##	11		0		5052113399		04518610475	8.2201479288098e-69
##	12		0	1725.7	1954882902	-0.0060134	15031606092	5.19751747217521e-44
##	13		0	5097.8	8462603711	0.00092210	00117259348	1.68237436753105e-15
##	14		0	5110.	7741807338	0.79270	00893714085	4.81415543564975e-82
##	15		0		5662964887			2.54848840100353e-105
##		wgt0_Std.Error		wgt0_zvalue	Wu.Hausman	_df1 Wu.Haus	_	Wu.Hausman_p.value
##	1	0.00029928487659495		49532591606		1		53929570343279e-118
	2	0.0532753838702833		96082710666		1		13415891402799e-08
	3	0.00202532507408065		48469787221		1	18998	0
##		0.000183457551985601				1		88592507054107e-108
##		0.0411255751282477		00614716414		1		7.6495944085204e-07
## ##	6 7	0.00120214094164169 0.000168187467853553		44598924594 07593334564		1 1	18998	0.0221987672063003
##		0.08080475140115		18012657231		1	25091 25101	0.0099360023036833
	9	0.00000473140113				1	30012	0.0099300023030833
		0.000213713312363076		51685756907		1		30909125272768e-238
##		0.0434474820359048		31614789115		1		14946499922491e-35
##		0.00043218241369976				1	18844	0
	13	0.00011580150512068		76452796019		1		.5182965429765e-108
##	14	0.0413159097814445		63351892132		1	18590 1	7681125741529e-17
##	15	0.000306609919182859	-21.79	57030675165		1	18844	0
##		Wu.Hausman_statistic		cal_Estimate	C	al_Prz		Std.Error
##	1	543.467268879953		<na></na>		<na></na>	_	<na></na>
##	2	30.6481856102772		<na></na>		<na></na>		<na></na>
##		5652.51924792859		<na></na>		<na></na>		<na></na>
##		494.955883488045						
##		24.4605456760994		948246216953			0.4441770	
##		5583.56513052781	-0.168		5.6761450		0.01286925	
##		5.23078768861684		<na></na>		<na></na>		<na></na>
##	8	6.6473469952822		<na></na>		<na></na>		<na></na>

##	0	25040 7119056025	∠M A >	ZMAN	<na></na>	
## ##		25949.7118056025 <na> 1119.87022468742 <na></na></na>		<na> <na></na></na>	<na></na>	
				<na></na>	<na></na>	
##			154.793296861581 <na></na>			
##		4826.92242730041	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	
##		494.903094649183	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na:< th=""><th></th></na:<>	
##		72.530787010352	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na:< th=""><th></th></na:<>	
##	15	7607.83405438193	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	
##				lthIdx_Prz weal		wealthIdx_zvalu
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##		12.0739764947235	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##		6.1225187008946	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##	6	-13.0586007975839	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##			144503490136948 3.729		312379492766376	1.6258955367796
##	8	<na> 6</na>	39.1816142883022 2.234	42991281176e-07	13.358888551386	5.1786953699171
##	9	<na> -1</na>	1.91414470908345	0 0.0	371054140359243 -	51.586668921959
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##	12	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##	13	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##	14	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##	15	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>	<na< th=""></na<>
##		${ t p.A.prot_Estimate}$	p.A.prot_Prz	p.A.prot_Std.Erro	r p.A.prot_zvalı	1e
##	1	<na></na>	<na></na>			<i>I></i>
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			<i>A></i>
##	3	<na></na>	<na></na>			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##			2.50759287066563e-156			
##			8.30126393398654e-33			
			3.00201194005694e-197			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##		<na></na>	<na></na>			
##	15	<na></na>	<na></na>			
##	4	p.A.nProt_Estimate	p.A.nProt_Prz	p.A.nProt_Std.Error	-	
## ##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na> <na></na></na>		
## ##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na> <na></na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##		<na></na>	<na></na>	<na></na>		
##			2.61782083774363e-226			
##			4.81511329043196e-35	0.17153115470458		
		-0.0494468877742109	4.01311329043190e 33	0.00128926108222202		
"			Ŭ			

5.1. OLS AND IV 117

5.1.2.4 Program Line by Line

```
Set Up Parameters
vars.z <- c('indi.id')</pre>
vars.z <- NULL</pre>
vars.c <- c('sex', 'wgt0', 'hgt0', 'svymthRound')</pre>
df.reg.out <- as_tibble(bind_rows(lapply(list.vars.y, regf.iv, vars.x=var.x1, vars.c=vars.c, vars.z=</pre>
5.1.2.4.1 Lapply
lapply(list.vars.y, function(y) (mean(df[[var.x1]], na.rm=TRUE) + mean(df[[y]], na.rm=TRUE)))
5.1.2.4.2 Nested Lapply Test
## [[1]]
## [1] 98.3272
##
## [[2]]
## [1] 13626.51
##
## [[3]]
## [1] 26.11226
lapplytwice <- lapply(list.vars.x, function(x) (lapply(list.vars.y, function(y) (mean(df[[x]], na.rm
lapplytwice
## [[1]]
## [[1]][[1]]
## [1] 98.3272
##
## [[1]][[2]]
## [1] 13626.51
##
## [[1]][[3]]
## [1] 26.11226
##
##
## [[2]]
## [[2]][[1]]
## [1] 525.4708
##
## [[2]][[2]]
## [1] 14053.65
##
## [[2]][[3]]
## [1] 453.2558
##
##
## [[3]]
## [[3]][[1]]
## [1] 90.69287
##
## [[3]][[2]]
## [1] 13618.87
## [[3]][[3]]
```

```
## [1] 18.47793
##
##
## [[4]]
## [[4]][[1]]
## [1] 2095.3
## [[4]][[2]]
## [1] 15623.48
##
## [[4]][[3]]
## [1] 2023.085
##
##
## [[5]]
## [[5]][[1]]
## [1] 271.2886
##
## [[5]][[2]]
## [1] 13799.47
##
## [[5]][[3]]
## [1] 199.0737
```

5.1.2.4.3 Nested Lapply All

0.607863678511207

0.935014931990565

6 0.0453498711076042

6 18962

6 18999

6 25092

5

7

```
##
     X.Intercept._Estimate X.Intercept._Pr...t.. X.Intercept._Std.Error X.Intercept._tvalue
          27.3528514188608 5.68247182214952e-231
                                                  0.831272666092284
## 1
                                                                         32.9047886867776
## 2
           99.873884728925
                               0.75529705553815
                                                      320.450650378664
                                                                         0.31166697465244
## 3
          31.4646660224049 6.78164655340399e-84
                                                      1.61328519718754
                                                                          19.503474077155
## 4
          27.9038445914729 8.24252673989353e-242
                                                   0.828072565159449
                                                                         33.6973421962119
## 5
          219.626705179399
                             0.493216914827181
                                                      18.9704485163756
## 6
          30.5103987898551 1.62608789535248e-79
                                                      1.60831193651104
## 7
          35.7840188807906 2.26726906489443e-145
                                                      1.38461348429899
                                                                         25.8440491058106
         -2662.74787734003 7.13318862990131e-05
## 8
                                                      670.301542938561
                                                                       -3.97246270039407
          29.2381039651127 1.53578035267873e-124
## 9
                                                      1.22602177264147
                                                                         23.8479483950102
## 10
          23.9948407749744 2.11912344053336e-165
                                                                         27.6890903532576
                                                      0.86658104216672
## 11
         -547.959546430028
                             0.0941551350855875
                                                      327.343126852912
                                                                         -1.6739607509042
## 12
          22.3367814226238 3.04337266226599e-49
                                                       1.5098937308759
                                                                         14.7936116071335
## 13
          24.4904444950827 2.34941965806705e-181
                                                     0.843371070670838
                                                                         29.0387533397398
## 14
         -476.703973630552
                              0.143844033032183
                                                      326.132837036936
                                                                        -1.46168652614567
## 15
          22.7781908464511 9.58029450711211e-52
                                                       1.5004526558957
                                                                         15.1808794212527
##
        adj.r.squared_v df1_v df2_v df3_v
                                              hgt0_Estimate
                                                                   hgt0_Pr...t..
                                                                                     hgt0_Std.Err
## 1
      0.814249026159781
                           6 18957
                                          0.60391817340617 1.14533314566771e-183 0.02066575386337
                                       6
                           6 18962
## 2
       0.60716936506893
                                       6
                                          56.3852027199184 1.52417506966835e-12 7.967352240005
## 3 0.0373247512680971
                           6 18999
                                      6 -0.296844389234445 1.40290395213743e-13 0.04010609137995
                                      6 0.589847843438394 7.79174951119325e-177 0.02058363982784
## 4
       0.81608922805658
                           6 18957
```

6 52.9707041800704 3.05720143843395e-11

6 -0.273219210757899 8.49149153665126e-12 0.03997773635116 6 0.439374451256039 2.71000479249152e-36 0.03487018966107

7.968221457971

5.1. OLS AND IV 119

```
## 8
        0.92193683733695
                              6 25102
                                          6
                                               47.176969664749
                                                                  0.00520266507060071
                                                                                         16.88234893757
       0.059543122812776
                              6 30013
                                          6
                                             -0.35908163982046 2.41020063623865e-31 0.03079846355538
      0.814690803458616
                              6 18587
                                             0.687269209411865 1.31914432912869e-220 0.02138418493242
      0.617300597776144
                              6 18591
                                          6
                                               72.105560623359
                                                                4.78613024244006e-19
                                                                                         8.077449064006
## 12 0.0261131074199838
                              6 18845
                                          6 -0.108789161111504
                                                                   0.0034801146146182 0.03722885948913
## 13
      0.824542352656376
                              6 18587
                                             0.622395388389206 1.11511327164938e-190 0.02088464375702
                                          6
                                                                                         8.075891929782
## 14
      0.620250730454724
                              6 18591
                                          6
                                              62.7336220289257 8.38546282719268e-15
   15 0.0385437355117917
                                          6 -0.157811627494693 2.13723119924676e-05 0.03712232371834
                              6 18845
##
                                                                         prot_Std.Error
            hgt0_tvalue
                               prot_Estimate
                                                     prot_Pr...t..
                                                                                               prot_tval
## 1
       29.2231378249683
                           0.049431093806755 \ \ 9.54769322304645e-79 \ \ 0.00261878251179557
                                                                                         18.87560100317
## 2
        7.0770314931977
                            16.5557424523585 9.61203373222183e-60
                                                                      1.01201959743751
                                                                                         16.35911250560
                        -0.0758835879205584 \ \ 3.56396093562335 \\ e-50 \ \ 0.00507971302734622 \ \ -14.93855804689
## 3
      -7.40147890309685
## 4
       28.6561486875877
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
                                        <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
## 5
       6.64774497790599
                                                              <NA>
##
  6
      -6.83428417151858
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
##
       12.6002885423502
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
##
  8
       2.79445531182864
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
## 9
       -11.659076407325
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
## 10
       32.1391351404584
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
  11
       8.92677379355593
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
  12 -2.92217281443323
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
       29.8015803204665
## 13
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
## 14
       7.76801157994423
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
##
  15 -4.25112470577158
                                        <NA>
                                                              <NA>
                                                                                   <NA>
##
                            sexMale_Estimate
             r.squared_v
                                                 sexMale_Pr...t..
                                                                    sexMale_Std.Error
                                                                                          sexMale_tvalu
       0.814298005954592
## 1
                          0.935177182449406 2.36432111724607e-51 0.0618482294097262
                                                                                        15.120516648166
## 2
       0.607272921412825
                            415.163616765357 2.48252880290814e-67
                                                                     23.8518341439675
                                                                                       17.405940954455
      0.0375780335372857 -0.254089999175318
                                               0.0343768259467621
                                                                    0.120093045309631 -2.1157761344148
                           0.893484662055608 2.08765935335877e-47 0.0616078355613525
                                                                                       14.502776374375
## 4
       0.816137722617266
## 5
        0.60796705182314
                            405.534891838028 2.51355675686752e-64
                                                                     23.8567507583516
                                                                                        16.998747899315
##
  6
      0.0456010419476623 -0.181389489610951
                                                 0.129768754080748
                                                                     0.11972270545355 -1.5150801088547
##
  7
        0.93502787877066
                            1.80682463132073 1.26527362032354e-66
                                                                    0.104475287357902
                                                                                        17.294277690101
##
                            999.926876716707 2.64630894140004e-86
                                                                     50.5879876531386
                                                                                       19.766093159759
  8
       0.921952383432195
                           -0.33436777751525 \ 0.000311174554787706 \ 0.0927193334338799 \ -3.6062357777161
  9
      0.0596997716363463
                           0.932686930233136 7.90489020586094e-47 0.0647209948973267
                                                                                        14.410886787397
      0.814740639193486
                            397.141948675354 6.19449742677662e-59
                                                                     24.4473730956481
                                                                                        16.244769821345
       0.617403496088206
## 12 0.0263714328556815 -0.445232370681998 7.93666802281971e-05
                                                                    0.112797805327952 -3.9471722821868
## 13
       0.824589538985803
                            0.96466980500711 1.24556615236597e-52 0.0629827627260302
                                                                                         15.31640981205
       0.620352835549783
                             401.59056368102 1.18469030741261e-60
                                                                      24.3549086073387
                                                                                        16.489101649102
##
  15 0.0387987636986586 -0.423829627017582 0.00015644693636154
                                                                    0.112083516545945 -3.7813733908308
##
               sigma_v svymthRound_Estimate svymthRound_Pr...t.. svymthRound_Std.Error
## 1
      4.21029844914315
                            0.87166589100565
                                                                 0
                                                                      0.00387681209575621
      1623.77111076428
                             189.04290688382
                                                                 0
                                                                          1.4955473831309
## 3
     8.18491760066961
                         -0.0154759587993917
                                               0.0397984032097113
                                                                      0.00752730297891317
## 4
      4.18939119979502
                          0.851989049736817
                                                                 0
                                                                      0.00411253488213795
                            185.318286001897
                                                                 0
                                                                         1.59266949679221
## 5
      1622.33549880859
##
  6
      8.15073036560541
                          0.0201471237605442
                                               0.0117151185126433
                                                                      0.00799217807522278
##
  7
      8.18607049768594
                           0.432815253441723
                                                                    0.000728323735328998
                                                                 0
                                                                 0
## 8
      3964.45339913597
                           189.877994795061
                                                                       0.352701518968252
      7.93450742809862
                        0.00215144302579706 0.000447277200167272
                                                                    0.000612792699568233
## 10 4.35662621773428
                            0.91961467696139
                                                                 0
                                                                      0.00331108017589107
## 11 1645.77655955938
                            205.597385664745
                                                                 0
                                                                         1.25083486490652
      7.6435668370875
                         -0.0509574460702806 1.37139389802397e-18
                                                                      0.00578476859618168
  13 4.23923961592693
                                                                 0
                                                                      0.00317113547025635
                           0.921894094780682
  14 1639.42085007515
                            205.945143306004
                                                                 0
                                                                         1.22639878616071
##
  15 7.59462918474114
                        -0.0557204455206461 7.79141497751766e-23
                                                                      0.00565696328562864
##
      svymthRound_tvalue vars_var.y
                                                    vars_vars.c vars_vars.x
                                                                                     wgt0_Estimate
        224.840892330022
                                 hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                       prot -0.000146104685986986
```

< N

< N

< N

<N

< N

< N

< N

< N

< N

< N

< N

<N

11

<NA>

```
##
   2
        126.403823119306
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                         prot
                                                                                   0.637023553461055
                                                                         prot -0.000903390591533867
##
   3
       -2.05597660181154
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
##
   4
        207.168832400006
                                  hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                           cal -0.000116898230009949
## 5
        116.357025971267
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                                   0.649394003614758
##
   6
        2.52085521254888
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                           cal -0.000941137072743919
##
   7
        594.262183761197
                                  hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    wealthIdx
                                                                                 0.00122231975126219
## 8
        538.353209678558
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    wealthIdx
                                                                                    1.32870822160235
## 9
        3.51088227277012
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    wealthIdx -0.000845938526704796
                                                                     p.A.prot -0.000489534836079617
##
   10
        277.738571133786
                                  hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
##
   11
        164.368128386085
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                                   0.580023505722658
                                                                     p.A.prot
   12
##
       -8.80889965139067
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                     p.A.prot
                                                                                -0.00156196911156061
##
   13
        290.714194782148
                                  hgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    p.A.nProt
                                                                                3.23596154259101e-05
##
   14
        167.926734460268
                                  wgt sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
                                                                    p.A.nProt
                                                                                    0.65551206304675
##
       -9.84988636256528
                                                                    p.A.nProt
                                                                                -0.00115432723977403
   15
                              vil.id sex+wgt0+hgt0+svymthRound
##
             wgt0_Pr...t..
                                   wgt0_Std.Error
                                                         wgt0_tvalue
                                                                               cal_Estimate
##
         0.136011583497549 9.79994437486573e-05 -1.49087260496811
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   2
      2.96480083692757e-63
                               0.0378027371614794
                                                   16.8512547316329
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   3
      2.05763549729273e-06 0.000190221503167431 -4.74915073475531
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   4
         0.230228828649018 9.74307633896921e-05 -1.19980821193398
                                                                       0.00243408846205622
      7.43034302413852e-66
                                0.037739875283113
                                                    17.2071051836606
                                                                         0.699072500364623
##
   6
      6.66901196231733e-07 0.000189270503626621 -4.97244448929308
                                                                      -0.00395676177098486
      1.22269348058816e-13 0.000164767846917989
                                                    7.41843614592224
##
                                                                                       <NA>
## 8
      6.75367630221077e-62
                               0.0798131859486402
                                                    16.6477281392748
                                                                                       <NA>
      4.32675510884621e-09 0.000144040382619518
                                                     -5.872926128913
                                                                                       <NA>
     7.77000489086602e-07 9.90410500454311e-05 -4.94274682926991
                                                                                       <NA>
   11 7.42419220783427e-54
                               0.0374185042114355
                                                    15.5009805428138
                                                                                       <NA>
   12 1.40362012201826e-19 0.000172365145002826
                                                    -9.0619777654873
                                                                                       <NA>
         0.740027016459552 9.75208524392668e-05 0.331822524275644
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   14 4.09082062947785e-67
                               0.0377202854835204
                                                    17.3782370584956
                                                                                       < N A >
   15 2.75472781728448e-11 0.000173241059789276 -6.66312732777158
##
                                                                                       <NA>
                cal_Pr...t..
##
                                     cal_Std.Error
                                                           cal_tvalue wealthIdx_Estimate
##
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                       <NA>
   1
##
   2
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   3
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
   4
      8.01672708877986e-120 0.000103833679413418
##
                                                     23.4421863484661
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   5
       4.71331900885298e-67
                                0.0402492068645167
                                                     17.3686031309332
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   6
       7.94646124029527e-85 0.000201721108117477 -19.6150110809452
                                                                                       <NA>
   7
                                                                         0.21045655488185
##
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
##
  8
                        <NA>
                                                                         106.678721085969
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
##
   9
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                        0.451733304543324
                                                                  <NA>
## 10
                                                                  <NA>
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 11
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
  12
##
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                       <NA>
##
  13
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   14
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   15
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                       <NA>
##
         wealthIdx_Pr...t.. wealthIdx_Std.Error wealthIdx_tvalue
                                                                        p.A.prot_Estimate
## 1
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
                        <NA>
## 2
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 3
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
   4
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
## 5
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
   6
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA>
                                                                                      <NA>
##
   7
       1.93494257274268e-41
                               0.0155791042075745
                                                    13.508899618216
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   8
        3.2548345535026e-45
                                 7.54496977117083 14.1390521528113
                                                                                       <NA>
##
   9
      4.82890644822007e-250
                               0.0132483771350785 34.0972558327347
                                                                                       <NA>
## 10
                        <NA>
                                              <NA>
                                                                <NA> 3.86952250259526e-05
```

<NA>

0.00521731297924587

5.1. OLS AND IV 121

```
## 12
                         <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA> 0.000149388430455142
## 13
                         <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                         <NA>
## 14
                         <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                         <NA>
## 15
                         <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                         <NA>
##
         p.A.prot_Pr...t..
                               p.A.prot_Std.Error
                                                    p.A.prot_tvalue    p.A.nProt_Estimate
## 1
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
## 2
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
## 3
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
## 4
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
## 5
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
## 6
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
## 7
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
## 8
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
## 9
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                                        <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
## 10 0.000125048896903791 1.00852286184785e-05 3.83682180045518
                                                                                        <NA>
         0.170833589209346 \quad 0.00380941660201464 \ 1.36958319982295
                                                                                        <NA>
## 12 2.88060045451681e-17 1.76593895713687e-05 8.45943342783186
                                                                                        <NA>
## 13
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA> 0.00542428867316449
                        <NA>
## 14
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                          0.779514232050632
## 15
                        <NA>
                                               <NA>
                                                                  <NA> 0.00526237555581024
##
         p.A.nProt_Pr...t..
                               p.A.nProt_Std.Error p.A.nProt_tvalue
## 1
                         < NA >
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 2
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 3
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 4
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
## 5
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 6
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 7
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 8
                         <NA>
                                                < NA >
                                                                   <NA>
## 9
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 10
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 11
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 12
                         <NA>
                                                <NA>
                                                                   <NA>
## 13 5.25341325077391e-226 0.000166671307872964 32.5448257554855
                                   0.06444313759758 12.0961557911467
      1.47950939943836e-33
        3.7685780281174e-70 0.000295969260771016 17.7801422421419
```

5.1.2.4.4 Nested Lapply Select

```
## Joining, by = "vars_var.y"Joining, by = "vars_var.y"Joining, by = "vars_var.y"Joining, by =
## "vars_var.y"
df.reg.out.all
```

```
## vars_var.y prot_tvalue cal_tvalue wealthIdx_tvalue p.A.prot_tvalue p.A.nProt_tval
## 1 hgt 18.8756010031786 23.4421863484661 13.508899618216 3.83682180045518 32.54482575548
## 2 wgt 16.3591125056062 17.3686031309332 14.1390521528113 1.36958319982295 12.09615579114
## 3 vil.id -14.9385580468907 -19.6150110809452 34.0972558327347 8.45943342783186 17.78014224214
```

5.2 Decomposition

5.2.1 Decompose RHS

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

One runs a number of regressions. With different outcomes, and various right hand side variables.

What is the remaining variation in the left hand side variable if right hand side variable one by one is set to the average of the observed values.

• Dependency: R4Econ/linreg/ivreg/ivregdfrow.R

The code below does not work with categorical variables (except for dummies). Dummy variable inputs need to be converted to zero/one first.

5.2.1.1 Decomposition Program

```
ff_lr_decompose <- function(df, vars.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, vars.other.keep,
                             list.vars.tomean, list.vars.tomean.name.suffix,
                             df.reg.out = NULL,
                             graph=FALSE, graph.nrow=2) {
    vars.xc <- c(vars.x, vars.c)</pre>
    # Regressions
    # regf.iv from C: \Users \fan \R4Econ \lineg \ivreg \ivreg \frow . R
    if(is.null(df.reg.out)) {
      df.reg.out <- as_tibble(bind_rows(lapply(vars.y, regf.iv,</pre>
                                                 vars.x=vars.x, vars.c=vars.c, vars.z=vars.z, df=df)))
    }
    # Select Variables
    str.esti.suffix <- '_Estimate'</pre>
    arr.esti.name <- paste0(vars.xc, str.esti.suffix)</pre>
    str.outcome.name <- 'vars_var.y'</pre>
    arr.columns2select <- c(arr.esti.name, str.outcome.name)</pre>
    # arr.columns2select
    # Generate dataframe for coefficients
    df.coef <- df.reg.out[,c(arr.columns2select)] %>% mutate_at(vars(arr.esti.name), as.numeric) %>%
    # df.coef
    # str(df.coef)
    # Decomposition Step 1: gather
    df.decompose <- df %>%
                             filter(svymthRound %in% c(12, 18, 24)) %>%
                             select(one_of(c(vars.other.keep, vars.xc, vars.y))) %>%
                             drop_na() %>%
                             gather(variable, value, -one_of(c(vars.other.keep, vars.xc)))
    # Decomposition Step 2: mutate_at(vars, funs(mean = mean(.)))
    # the xc averaging could have taken place earlier, no difference in mean across variables
    df.decompose <- df.decompose %>%
                           group_by(variable) %>%
                           mutate_at(vars(c(vars.xc, 'value')), funs(mean = mean(.))) %>%
    # Decomposition Step 3 With Loop
    for (i in 1:length(list.vars.tomean)) {
```

5.2. DECOMPOSITION 123

```
var.decomp.cur <- (paste0('value', list.vars.tomean.name.suffix[[i]]))</pre>
        vars.tomean <- list.vars.tomean[[i]]</pre>
        var.decomp.cur
        df.decompose <- df.decompose %>% mutate((!!var.decomp.cur) := ff_lr_decompose_valadj(., df.c
    }
    # Additional Statistics
    df.decompose.var.frac <- df.decompose %>%
            select(variable, contains('value')) %>%
            group_by(variable) %>%
            summarize_all(funs(mean = mean, var = var)) %>%
            select(variable, matches('value')) %>% select(variable, ends_with("_var")) %>%
            mutate_if(is.numeric, funs( frac = (./value_var))) %>%
            mutate_if(is.numeric, round, 3)
    # Graph
    g.graph.dist <- NULL
    if (graph) {
      g.graph.dist <- df.decompose %>%
          select(variable, contains('value'), -value_mean) %>%
          rename(outcome = variable) %>%
          gather(variable, value, -outcome) %>%
          ggplot(aes(x=value, color = variable, fill = variable)) +
              geom_line(stat = "density") +
              facet_wrap(~ outcome, scales='free', nrow=graph.nrow)
    }
    # Return
    return(list(dfmain = df.decompose,
                dfsumm = df.decompose.var.frac,
                graph = g.graph.dist))
}
# Support Function
ff_lr_decompose_valadj <- function(df, df.coef, vars.tomean, str.esti.suffix) {
    new_value <- (df$value +</pre>
                  rowSums((df[paste0(vars.tomean, '_mean')] - df[vars.tomean])
                           *df.coef[df$variable, paste0(vars.tomean, str.esti.suffix)]))
    return(new_value)
}
```

5.2.1.2 Prepare Decomposition Data

```
# Library
library(tidyverse)
library(AER)
# Load Sample Data
setwd('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/_data/')
df <- read_csv('height_weight.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
    S.country = col_character(),
##
    vil.id = col_double(),
    indi.id = col double(),
##
    sex = col_character(),
##
```

```
##
     svymthRound = col_double(),
##
     momEdu = col_double(),
##
    wealthIdx = col_double(),
## hgt = col_double(),
    wgt = col_double(),
##
    hgt0 = col_double(),
##
    wgt0 = col_double(),
     prot = col_double(),
##
##
    cal = col_double(),
## p.A.prot = col_double(),
## p.A.nProt = col_double()
## )
# Source Dependency
source('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/linreg/ivreg/ivregdfrow.R')
# Settina
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=50, repr.matrix.max.cols=50)
Data Cleaning.
{\it \# Convert \ Variable \ for \ Sex \ which \ is \ categorical \ to \ Numeric}
df <- df
df$male <- (as.numeric(factor(df$sex)) - 1)</pre>
summary(factor(df$sex))
## Female
           Male
## 16446 18619
summary(df$male)
      Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                 Max.
                     1.000 0.531 1.000
##
     0.000 0.000
                                                1.000
Parameters.
var.y1 <- c('hgt')</pre>
var.y2 <- c('wgt')</pre>
vars.y <- c(var.y1, var.y2)</pre>
vars.x <- c('prot')</pre>
vars.c <- c('male', 'wgt0', 'hgt0', 'svymthRound')</pre>
vars.other.keep <- c('S.country', 'vil.id', 'indi.id', 'svymthRound')</pre>
# Decompose sequence
vars.tomean.first <- c('male', 'hgt0')</pre>
var.tomean.first.name.suffix <- '_A'</pre>
vars.tomean.third <- c(vars.tomean.first, 'prot')</pre>
var.tomean.third.name.suffix <- '_B'</pre>
vars.tomean.fourth <- c(vars.tomean.third, 'svymthRound')</pre>
var.tomean.fourth.name.suffix <- '_C'</pre>
list.vars.tomean = list(vars.tomean.first,
                         vars.tomean.third,
                         vars.tomean.fourth)
list.vars.tomean.name.suffix <- list(var.tomean.first.name.suffix,</pre>
                                       var.tomean.third.name.suffix,
                                        var.tomean.fourth.name.suffix)
```

5.2.1.3 Example Guatemala OLS

```
df.use <- df %>% filter(S.country == 'Guatemala') %>% filter(svymthRound %in% c(12, 18, 24))
vars.z <- NULL</pre>
```

<dbl

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

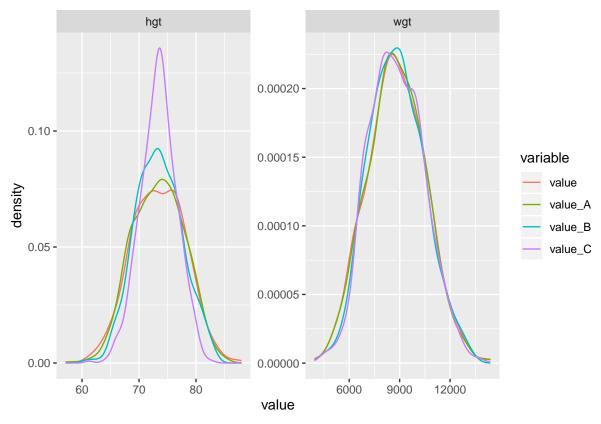
0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

```
list.out <- ff_lr_decompose(df=df.use, vars.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, vars.other.keep,
                           list.vars.tomean, list.vars.tomean.name.suffix,
                           graph=TRUE, graph.nrow=1)
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=10, repr.matrix.max.cols=50)
list.out$dfmain
## # A tibble: 1,382 x 19
     S.country vil.id indi.id svymthRound prot male wgt0 hgt0 variable value prot_mean male_mea
     <chr>
                <dbl>
                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dr>
                                                                         <dbl>
                                                                                   <dbl>
## 1 Guatemala
                    3
                         1352
                                      18 13.3
                                                   1 2545. 47.4 hgt
                                                                          70.2
                                                                                    20.6
## 2 Guatemala
                                                                                    20.6
                    3
                       1352
                                      24 46.3
                                                   1 2545. 47.4 hgt
                                                                          75.8
## 3 Guatemala
                                                                          66.3
                                                                                    20.6
                    3 1354
                                     12 1
                                                  1 3634. 51.2 hgt
## 4 Guatemala
                  3 1354
                                          9.8
                                                  1 3634. 51.2 hgt
                                                                           69.2
                                                                                    20.6
                                     18
                                                  1 3634. 51.2 hgt
## 5 Guatemala
                  3 1354
                                      24 15.4
                                                                          75.3
                                                                                    20.6
## 6 Guatemala
                  3 1356
                                          8.6
                                                   1 3912. 51.9 hgt
                                                                                    20.6
                                     12
                                                                          68.1
                  3
                                                   1 3912. 51.9 hgt
## 7 Guatemala
                       1356
                                      18 17.8
                                                                          74.1
                                                                                    20.6
## 8 Guatemala
                   3
                         1356
                                      24 30.5
                                                                          77.1
                                                                                    20.6
                                                   1 3912.
                                                           51.9 hgt
## 9 Guatemala
                    3
                         1357
                                      12
                                          1
                                                   1 3791. 52.6 hgt
                                                                          71.5
                                                                                    20.6
                                      18 12.7
## 10 Guatemala
                    3
                         1357
                                                   1 3791. 52.6 hgt
                                                                          77.8
                                                                                    20.6
## # ... with 1,372 more rows, and 7 more variables: wgt0_mean <dbl>, hgt0_mean <dbl>,
## # svymthRound_mean <dbl>, value_mean <dbl>, value_A <dbl>, value_B <dbl>, value_C <dbl>
options(repr.plot.width = 10, repr.plot.height = 4)
list.out$dfsumm
## # A tibble: 2 x 11
    variable\ value\_var\ value\_mean\_var\ value\_A\_var\ value\_B\_var\ value\_C\_var\ value\_var\_frac
##
                 <dbl>
                               <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
    <chr>
                                            20.3
                                                        18.4
                                                                    8.40
## 1 hgt
                  21.9
                                  NA
                                                                                     1
             2965693.
                                  NA
                                       2863501.
                                                   2659434.
                                                              2346297.
                                                                                     1
## # ... with 4 more variables: value_mean_var_frac <dbl>, value_A_var_frac <dbl>,
## # value_B_var_frac <dbl>, value_C_var_frac <dbl>
5.2.1.4 Example Guatemala IV = vil.id
df.use <- df %>% filter(S.country == 'Guatemala') %>% filter(svymthRound %in% c(12, 18, 24))
vars.z <- c('vil.id')</pre>
list.out <- ff_lr_decompose(df=df.use, vars.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, vars.other.keep,
                           list.vars.tomean, list.vars.tomean.name.suffix,
                           graph=TRUE, graph.nrow=1)
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
list.out$dfsumm
## # A tibble: 2 x 11
    variable value_var value_mean_var value_A_var value_B_var value_C_var value_var_frac
##
                                                                                 <dbl>
    <chr>
                 <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
                  21.9
                                            20.2
                                                        16.3
                                                                   10.0
## 1 hgt
                                  NA
                                                                                     1
             2965693.
                                       2876683.
                                                   2676220.
## 2 wgt
                                  NA
## # ... with 4 more variables: value_mean_var_frac <dbl>, value_A_var_frac <dbl>,
## # value_B_var_frac <dbl>, value_C_var_frac <dbl>
options(repr.plot.width = 10, repr.plot.height = 2)
list.out$graph
```



<dbl>

##

<chr>>

<dbl>

```
5.2.1.5 Example Cebu OLS
df.use <- df %>% filter(S.country == 'Cebu') %>% filter(svymthRound %in% c(12, 18, 24))
vars.z <- NULL</pre>
list.out <- ff_lr_decompose(df=df.use, vars.y, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, vars.other.keep,</pre>
                            list.vars.tomean, list.vars.tomean.name.suffix,
                            graph=TRUE, graph.nrow=1)
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=10, repr.matrix.max.cols=50)
list.out$dfmain
## # A tibble: 7,262 x 19
##
      S.country vil.id indi.id svymthRound prot male wgt0 hgt0 variable value prot_mean male_mea
##
                 <dbl>
                         <dbl>
                                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                                                             <dbl>
                                                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                                  <dbl
##
   1 Cebu
                     1
                             1
                                        12
                                           11.3
                                                      1 2044.
                                                               44.2 hgt
                                                                              70.8
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                  0.52
##
  2 Cebu
                     1
                             2
                                        12
                                             5.9
                                                      0 2840.
                                                               49.7 hgt
                                                                              72.2
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                 0.52
##
  3 Cebu
                                             0.5
                                                     0 2840.
                                                                              76.5
                                                                                                 0.52
                     1
                             2
                                        18
                                                               49.7 hgt
                                                                                        17.0
                             2
                                                                              79.2
## 4 Cebu
                     1
                                        24 14.1
                                                      0 2840.
                                                               49.7 hgt
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                 0.52
## 5 Cebu
                     1
                             3
                                        12 21.4
                                                     0 3446.
                                                               51.7 hgt
                                                                              68
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                 0.52
## 6 Cebu
                     1
                             3
                                        18 23.6
                                                     0 3446.
                                                              51.7 hgt
                                                                              71.6
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                 0.52
   7 Cebu
##
                     1
                             3
                                        24
                                            20.6
                                                     0 3446.
                                                               51.7 hgt
                                                                              76.7
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                 0.52
## 8 Cebu
                                             0.7
                                                                                                 0.52
                     1
                             4
                                        12
                                                      0 3091.
                                                               50.2 hgt
                                                                              69.1
                                                                                        17.0
                                                              50.2 hgt
## 9 Cebu
                             4
                                        18
                                             7.2
                                                      0 3091.
                                                                              74.3
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                 0.52
## 10 Cebu
                             4
                                        24 10.3
                                                      0 3091.
                                                              50.2 hgt
                                                                              78.1
                                                                                        17.0
                                                                                                 0.52
                     1
## # ... with 7,252 more rows, and 7 more variables: wgt0_mean <dbl>, hgt0_mean <dbl>,
       svymthRound_mean <dbl>, value_mean <dbl>, value_A <dbl>, value_B <dbl>, value_C <dbl>
options(repr.plot.width = 10, repr.plot.height = 4)
list.out$dfsumm
## # A tibble: 2 x 11
     variable value_var value_mean_var value_A_var value_B_var value_C_var value_var_frac
```

<dbl>

<dbl>

<dbl>

<dbl>

5.2. DECOMPOSITION 127

```
22.6
## 1 hgt
                   24.4
                                    NA
                                                          21.3
                                                                      10.0
                                                                                         1
                                                     3039514.
                                         3218987.
                                                                 2558514.
## 2 wgt
              3337461.
                                    NA
                                                                                         1
## # ... with 4 more variables: value_mean_var_frac <dbl>, value_A_var_frac <dbl>,
## # value_B_var_frac <dbl>, value_C_var_frac <dbl>
```

5.2.1.6 Example Cebu IV

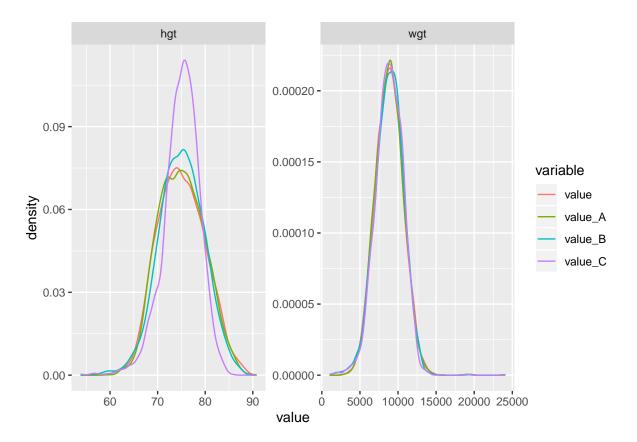
list.out\$dfsumm

```
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped

## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 11
    variable value_var value_mean_var value_A_var value_B_var value_C_var value_var_frac
                  <dbl>
##
    <chr>
                                <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                     <dbl>
                                                                                    <dbl>
## 1 hgt
                                              22.6
                                                          22.2
                                                                      14.4
                                    NA
                                                                 3158659.
## 2 wgt
              3337461.
                                    NA
                                         3237415.
                                                     3385815.
                                                                                        1
## # ... with 4 more variables: value_mean_var_frac <dbl>, value_A_var_frac <dbl>,
## # value_B_var_frac <dbl>, value_C_var_frac <dbl>
```

```
options(repr.plot.width = 10, repr.plot.height = 2)
list.out$graph
```



5.2.1.7 Examples Line by Line

The examples are just to test the code with different types of variables.

```
df.use <- df %>% filter(S.country == 'Guatemala') %>% filter(svymthRound %in% c(12, 18, 24))
dim(df.use)
```

[1] 2022 16

Setting Up Parameters.

```
# Define Left Hand Side Variables
var.y1 <- c('hgt')</pre>
var.y2 <- c('wgt')</pre>
vars.y <- c(var.y1, var.y2)</pre>
# Define Right Hand Side Variables
vars.x <- c('prot')</pre>
vars.c <- c('male', 'wgt0', 'hgt0', 'svymthRound')</pre>
# vars.z <- c('p.A.prot')
vars.z <- c('vil.id')</pre>
# vars.z <- NULL
vars.xc <- c(vars.x, vars.c)</pre>
# Other variables to keep
vars.other.keep <- c('S.country', 'vil.id', 'indi.id', 'svymthRound')</pre>
# Decompose sequence
vars.tomean.first <- c('male', 'hgt0')</pre>
var.tomean.first.name.suffix <- '_mh02m'</pre>
vars.tomean.second <- c(vars.tomean.first, 'hgt0', 'wgt0')</pre>
var.tomean.second.name.suffix <- '_mh0me2m'</pre>
vars.tomean.third <- c(vars.tomean.second, 'prot')</pre>
var.tomean.third.name.suffix <- '_mh0mep2m'</pre>
vars.tomean.fourth <- c(vars.tomean.third, 'svymthRound')</pre>
var.tomean.fourth.name.suffix <- '_mh0mepm2m'</pre>
list.vars.tomean = list(
                             vars.tomean.first,
                          vars.tomean.second,
                          vars.tomean.third,
                           vars.tomean.fourth
                           )
list.vars.tomean.name.suffix <- list(</pre>
                                          var.tomean.first.name.suffix,
                                         var.tomean.second.name.suffix,
                                         var.tomean.third.name.suffix,
                                         var.tomean.fourth.name.suffix
```

5.2.1.7.1 Obtain Regression Coefficients from somewhere

```
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables;
## they will be dropped
```

5.2. DECOMPOSITION 129

```
# Regressions
# reg1 <- regf.iv(var.y = var.y1, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, df.use)</pre>
\# req2 \leftarrow reqf.iv(var.y = var.y2, vars.x, vars.c, vars.z, df.use)
# df.reg.out <- as_tibble(bind_rows(reg1, reg2))</pre>
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=50, repr.matrix.max.cols=50)
df.reg.out
## # A tibble: 2 x 37
## X.Intercept._Es~ X.Intercept._Pr~ X.Intercept._St~ X.Intercept._zv~ hgt0_Estimate hgt0_Pr...z..
                                                        <chr>
                                       <chr>
                                                                         <chr>
## 1 22.2547168993562 8.9088080511633~ 1.21637209166939 18.2959778934199 0.6834853337~ 4.5575874740~
## 2 -1101.090058068~ 0.0051062029326~ 393.210441213089 -2.800256408938~ 75.486789661~ 3.0043362381~
## # ... with 31 more variables: hgt0_Std.Error <chr>, hgt0_zvalue <chr>, male_Estimate <chr>,
      male_Pr...z.. <chr>, male_Std.Error <chr>, male_zvalue <chr>, prot_Estimate <chr>,
## #
      prot_Pr...z.. <chr>, prot_Std.Error <chr>, prot_zvalue <chr>, Sargan_df1 <chr>,
## #
      svymthRound_Estimate <chr>, svymthRound_Pr...z.. <chr>, svymthRound_Std.Error <chr>,
## # svymthRound_zvalue <chr>, vars_var.y <chr>, vars_vars.c <chr>, vars_vars.x <chr>,
## # vars_vars.z <chr>, Weakinstruments_df1 <chr>, Weakinstruments_df2 <chr>,
## # Weakinstruments_p.value <chr>, Weakinstruments_statistic <chr>, wgt0_Estimate <chr>,
      wgt0_Pr...z.. <chr>, wgt0_Std.Error <chr>, wgt0_zvalue <chr>, Wu.Hausman_df1 <chr>,
## #
## # Wu.Hausman_df2 <chr>, Wu.Hausman_p.value <chr>, Wu.Hausman_statistic <chr>
# Select Variables
str.esti.suffix <- '_Estimate'</pre>
arr.esti.name <- paste0(vars.xc, str.esti.suffix)</pre>
str.outcome.name <- 'vars_var.y'</pre>
arr.columns2select <- c(arr.esti.name, str.outcome.name)</pre>
arr.columns2select
## [1] "prot_Estimate"
                              "male_Estimate"
                                                     "wgt0_Estimate"
                                                                            "hgt0_Estimate"
## [5] "svymthRound_Estimate" "vars_var.y"
# Generate dataframe for coefficients
df.coef <- df.reg.out[,c(arr.columns2select)] %>% mutate_at(vars(arr.esti.name), as.numeric) %>% col
df.coef
       prot_Estimate male_Estimate wgt0_Estimate hgt0_Estimate svymthRound_Estimate
##
        -0.2714772 1.244735 0.0004430418 0.6834853
## hgt
                                                                           1.133919
        -59.0727542
                        489.852902 0.7696158110
                                                    75.4867897
                                                                         250.778883
## wgt
str(df.coef)
## 'data.frame': 2 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ prot_Estimate : num -0.271 -59.073
## $ male_Estimate
                        : num 1.24 489.85
## $ wgt0_Estimate
                         : num 0.000443 0.769616
## $ hgt0_Estimate : num 0.683 75.487
## $ svymthRound_Estimate: num 1.13 250.78
# Decomposition Step 1: gather
df.decompose_step1 <- df.use %>%
                        filter(svymthRound %in% c(12, 18, 24)) %>%
                        select(one_of(c(vars.other.keep, vars.xc, vars.y))) %>%
                        drop na() %>%
                        gather(variable, value, -one_of(c(vars.other.keep, vars.xc)))
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=20, repr.matrix.max.cols=20)
dim(df.decompose_step1)
```

<dbl

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

0.55

```
## [1] 1382
             10
df.decompose_step1
## # A tibble: 1,382 x 10
##
     S.country vil.id indi.id svymthRound prot male wgt0 hgt0 variable value
##
     <chr>
               <dbl>
                       <dbl>
                              <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                                  1 2545.
## 1 Guatemala
                   3
                        1352
                                     18 13.3
                                                          47.4 hgt
## 2 Guatemala
                        1352
                                     24 46.3
                                                  1 2545.
                   3
                                                          47.4 hgt
                                                                         75.8
## 3 Guatemala
                      1354
                                                  1 3634.
                  3
                                     12
                                         1
                                                          51.2 hgt
                                                                         66.3
                                         9.8
                                                  1 3634.
## 4 Guatemala
                  3
                       1354
                                     18
                                                          51.2 hgt
                                                                         69.2
##
   5 Guatemala
                   3
                       1354
                                     24 15.4
                                                 1 3634. 51.2 hgt
                                                                         75.3
                  3
## 6 Guatemala
                      1356
                                    12
                                         8.6
                                                 1 3912. 51.9 hgt
                                                                         68.1
## 7 Guatemala
                  3 1356
                                    18 17.8
                                               1 3912. 51.9 hgt
                                                                         74.1
                  3 1356
## 8 Guatemala
                                    24 30.5
                                              1 3912. 51.9 hgt
                                                                         77.1
## 9 Guatemala
                                    12 1
                      1357
                                                 1 3791. 52.6 hgt
                                                                         71.5
## 10 Guatemala
                  3
                        1357
                                    18 12.7
                                                 1 3791. 52.6 hgt
                                                                         77.8
## # ... with 1,372 more rows
\# Decomposition Step 2: mutate_at(vars, funs(mean = mean(.)))
# the xc averaging could have taken place earlier, no difference in mean across variables
df.decompose_step2 <- df.decompose_step1 %>%
                      group_by(variable) %>%
                      mutate_at(vars(c(vars.xc, 'value')), funs(mean = mean(.))) %>%
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=20, repr.matrix.max.cols=20)
dim(df.decompose_step2)
5.2.1.7.3 Decomposition Step 2
## [1] 1382
df.decompose_step2
## # A tibble: 1,382 x 16
##
     S.country vil.id indi.id svymthRound prot male wgt0 hgt0 variable value prot_mean male_mea
##
     <chr>>
               <dbl>
                       <dbl>
                                   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                 <dbl>
## 1 Guatemala
                  3
                        1352
                                     18 13.3
                                                  1 2545.
                                                          47.4 hgt
                                                                         70.2
                                                                                  20.6
## 2 Guatemala
                   3
                        1352
                                     24 46.3
                                                  1 2545.
                                                          47.4 hgt
                                                                         75.8
                                                                                  20.6
                                                                                  20.6
## 3 Guatemala
                   3
                        1354
                                                  1 3634.
                                     12
                                         1
                                                          51.2 hgt
                                                                         66.3
                                                  1 3634.
## 4 Guatemala
                   3
                        1354
                                     18
                                         9.8
                                                          51.2 hgt
                                                                         69.2
                                                                                  20.6
## 5 Guatemala
                   3
                       1354
                                     24 15.4
                                                 1 3634. 51.2 hgt
                                                                         75.3
                                                                                  20.6
## 6 Guatemala
                  3
                      1356
                                    12
                                         8.6
                                                 1 3912.
                                                          51.9 hgt
                                                                         68.1
                                                                                  20.6
## 7 Guatemala
                  3
                      1356
                                    18 17.8
                                                 1 3912. 51.9 hgt
                                                                         74.1
                                                                                  20.6
## 8 Guatemala
                  3 1356
                                     24 30.5
                                                                         77.1
                                                                                  20.6
                                                 1 3912. 51.9 hgt
## 9 Guatemala
                  3
                      1357
                                     12
                                         1
                                                  1 3791. 52.6 hgt
                                                                         71.5
                                                                                  20.6
                                                  1 3791. 52.6 hgt
## 10 Guatemala
                  3
                        1357
                                     18 12.7
                                                                         77.8
                                                                                  20.6
## # ... with 1,372 more rows, and 4 more variables: wgt0_mean <dbl>, hgt0_mean <dbl>,
      svymthRound_mean <dbl>, value_mean <dbl>
ff_lr_decompose_valadj <- function(df, df.coef, vars.tomean, str.esti.suffix) {
   new_value <- (df$value +</pre>
                 rowSums((df[paste0(vars.tomean, '_mean')] - df[vars.tomean])
                        *df.coef[df$variable, paste0(vars.tomean, str.esti.suffix)]))
   return(new_value)
}
```

```
5.2. DECOMPOSITION
                                                                                     131
# # Decomposition Step 3: mutate_at(vars, funs(mean = mean(.)))
# var.decomp.one <- (pasteO('value', list.vars.tomean.name.suffix[[1]]))</pre>
 \textit{\# var.decomp.two } \textit{\leftarrow (paste0('value', list.vars.tomean.name.suffix[[2]])) } 
# var.decomp.thr <- (pasteO('value', list.vars.tomean.name.suffix[[3]]))</pre>
# df.decompose_step3 <- df.decompose_step2 %>%
                          mutate((!!var.decomp.one) := f_decompose_here(., df.coef, list.vars.tomean)
                                  (!!var.decomp.two) := f_decompose_here(., df.coef, list.vars.tomean)
#
                                  (!!var.decomp.thr) := f_decompose_here(., df.coef, list.vars.tomean)
# options(repr.matrix.max.rows=10, repr.matrix.max.cols=20)
# dim(df.decompose_step3)
# df.decompose_step3
5.2.1.7.4 Decomposition Step 3 Non-Loop
df.decompose step3 <- df.decompose step2</pre>
for (i in 1:length(list.vars.tomean)) {
    var.decomp.cur <- (paste0('value', list.vars.tomean.name.suffix[[i]]))</pre>
    vars.tomean <- list.vars.tomean[[i]]</pre>
    var.decomp.cur
    df.decompose_step3 <- df.decompose_step3 %>% mutate((!!var.decomp.cur) := ff_lr_decompose_valadj
options(repr.matrix.max.rows=10, repr.matrix.max.cols=20)
dim(df.decompose_step3)
5.2.1.7.5 Decomposition Step 3 With Loop
## [1] 1382
df.decompose_step3
## # A tibble: 1,382 x 19
##
##
      <chr>
             <dbl>
                        <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dr>
                                                                             <dbl>
                                                                                       <dbl>
## 1 Guatemala
                  3
                        1352
                                                                              70.2
                                                                                        20.6
                                       18 13.3
                                                  1 2545. 47.4 hgt
## 2 Guatemala
                   3 1352
                                        24 46.3 1 2545. 47.4 hgt
                                                                              75.8
                                                                                        20.6
```

```
S.country vil.id indi.id svymthRound prot male wgt0 hgt0 variable value prot_mean male_mea
                                                                                                        <dbl
                                                                                                        0.55
                                                                                                        0.55
                     3 1354
## 3 Guatemala
                                          12 1
                                                        1 3634. 51.2 hgt
                                                                                   66.3
                                                                                              20.6
                                                                                                        0.55
## 4 Guatemala 3 1354
## 6 Guatemala 3 1356
## 7 Guatemala 3 1356
" O Guatemala 3 1357
                     3 1354
                                          18 9.8 1 3634. 51.2 hgt
                                                                                   69.2
                                                                                              20.6
                                                                                                       0.55
                                          24 15.4
                                                        1 3634. 51.2 hgt
                                                                                   75.3
                                                                                             20.6
                                                                                                       0.55
                                          12 8.6
                                                         1 3912. 51.9 hgt
                                                                                   68.1
                                                                                             20.6
                                                                                                       0.55
                                           18 17.8
                                                         1 3912.
                                                                  51.9 hgt
                                                                                   74.1
                                                                                              20.6
                                                                                                       0.55
                                           24 30.5
                                                         1 3912. 51.9 hgt
                                                                                   77.1
                                                                                              20.6
                                                                                                        0.55
## 9 Guatemala 3 ## 10 Guatemala 3
                                                                                              20.6
                            1357
                                          12
                                               1
                                                                                   71.5
                                                                                                        0.55
                                                         1 3791. 52.6 hgt
## 10 Guatemala
                     3
                            1357
                                          18 12.7
                                                         1 3791. 52.6 hgt
                                                                                   77.8
                                                                                              20.6
                                                                                                        0.55
## # ... with 1,372 more rows, and 7 more variables: wgt0_mean <dbl>, hgt0_mean <dbl>,
        svymthRound_mean <dbl>, value_mean <dbl>, value_mhOme2m <dbl>, value_mhOmep2m <dbl>,
```

5.2.1.7.6 Decomposition Step 4 Variance

value_mh0mepm2m <dbl>

#

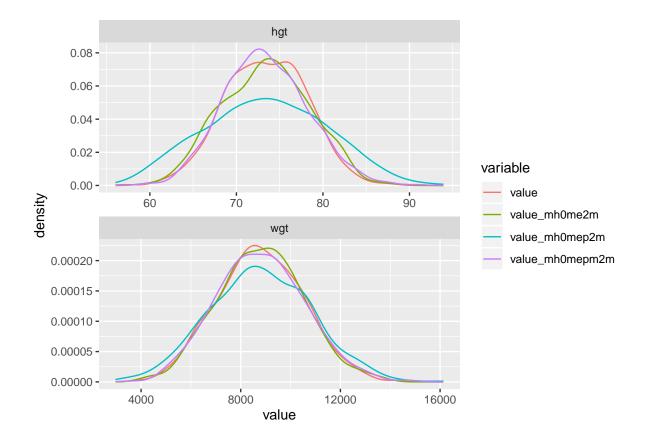
```
## # A tibble: 2 x 10
##
    value_var value_mean_var value_mh0me2m_v~ value_mh0mep2m_~ value_mh0mepm2m~ value_var_frac
##
                       <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
                                                                            23.1
## 1
         21.9
                          NA
                                          25.4
                                                           49.0
## 2 2965693.
                                     2949188.
                                                     4192770.
                                                                       3147507.
                          NA
                                                                                              1
## # ... with 4 more variables: value_mean_var_frac <dbl>, value_mhOme2m_var_frac <dbl>,
    value_mh0mep2m_var_frac <dbl>, value_mh0mepm2m_var_frac <dbl>
```

5.2.1.7.7 Graphical Results Graphically, difficult to pick up exact differences in variance, a 50 percent reduction in variance visually does not look like 50 percent. Intuitively, we are kind of seeing standard deviation, not variance on the graph if we think about he x-scale.

```
df.decompose_step3 %>%
    select(variable, contains('value'), -value_mean)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,382 x 5
##
     variable value value_mh0me2m value_mh0mep2m value_mh0mepm2m
##
      <chr>
              <dbl>
                            <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                            <dbl>
                                             71.2
## 1 hgt
               70.2
                             73.2
                                                             71.7
## 2 hgt
               75.8
                             78.8
                                             85.8
                                                             79.4
## 3 hgt
                66.3
                              63.6
                                             58.3
                                                             65.6
                69.2
## 4 hgt
                              66.5
                                             63.6
                                                             64.1
               75.3
## 5 hgt
                             72.6
                                             71.2
                                                             64.9
## 6 hgt
                68.1
                              64.3
                                             61.1
                                                             68.4
## 7 hgt
                74.1
                              70.3
                                             69.6
                                                             70.0
## 8 hgt
                77.1
                              73.3
                                             76.0
                                                             69.7
## 9 hgt
                71.5
                                             61.5
                                                             68.8
                              66.8
                77.8
## 10 hgt
                              73.1
                                             71.0
                                                             71.5
## # ... with 1,372 more rows
options(repr.plot.width = 10, repr.plot.height = 4)
df.decompose_step3 %>%
    select(variable, contains('value'), -value_mean) %>%
   rename(outcome = variable) %>%
    gather(variable, value, -outcome) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x=value, color = variable, fill = variable)) +
        geom_line(stat = "density") +
        facet_wrap(~ outcome, scales='free', nrow=2)
```

5.2. DECOMPOSITION 133



5.2.1.8 Additional Decomposition Testings

```
head(df.decompose_step2[vars.tomean.first],3)
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##
      male hgt0
##
     <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
         1 47.4
         1 47.4
## 2
         1 51.2
head(df.decompose_step2[paste0(vars.tomean.first, '_mean')], 3)
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##
     male_mean hgt0_mean
##
         <dbl>
                   <dbl>
## 1
         0.550
                    49.8
## 2
         0.550
                    49.8
## 3
         0.550
                    49.8
head(df.coef[df.decompose_step2$variable, paste0(vars.tomean.first, str.esti.suffix)], 3)
##
         male_Estimate hgt0_Estimate
## hgt
              1.244735
                           0.6834853
## hgt.1
              1.244735
                           0.6834853
## hgt.2
              1.244735
                           0.6834853
df.decompose.tomean.first <- df.decompose_step2 %>%
    mutate(pred_new = df.decompose_step2$value +
        rowSums((df.decompose_step2[paste0(vars.tomean.first, '_mean')] - df.decompose_step2[vars.to
            *df.coef[df.decompose_step2$variable, paste0(vars.tomean.first, str.esti.suffix)])) %>%
        select(variable, value, pred_new)
head(df.decompose.tomean.first, 10)
```

1 hgt

2 wgt

73.4

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
##
    variable value pred_new
     <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
##
## 1 hgt 70.2 71.2
## 2 hgt 75.8 76.8
## 2 hgt
         75.8 70.0 66.3 64.7 69.2 67.6 75.3 73.7 68.1 66.1
## 3 hgt
## 4 hgt
## 5 hgt
## 6 hgt
## 7 hgt
               74.1 72.1
## 8 hgt
               77.1
                      75.1
## 9 hgt
               71.5
                       69.0
## 10 hgt
               77.8
                       75.3
df.decompose.tomean.first %>%
       group_by(variable) %>%
       summarize_all(funs(mean = mean, sd = sd))
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
## variable value_mean pred_new_mean value_sd pred_new_sd
##
    <chr>
                 <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
                               73.4
                                                     4.53
## 1 hgt
                   73.4
                                         4.68
                 8808.
                               8808. 1722.
                                                  1695.
## 2 wgt
```

Note the r-square from regression above matches up with the 1 - ratio below. This is the proper decomposition method that is equivalent to r2.

73.4

25.4 1.16

21.9

8808. 8808. 2965693. 2949188. 0.994

Chapter 6

Nonlinear Regression

6.1 Logit Regression

6.1.1 Binary Logit

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

Data Preparation

```
df_mtcars <- mtcars</pre>
# X-variables to use on RHS
ls_st_xs <- c('mpg', 'qsec')</pre>
ls_st_xs <- c('mpg')</pre>
ls_st_xs <- c('qsec')</pre>
ls_st_xs <- c('wt')</pre>
ls_st_xs <- c('mpg', 'wt', 'vs')</pre>
svr_binary <- 'hpLowHigh'</pre>
svr_binary_lb0 <- 'LowHP'</pre>
svr_binary_lb1 <- 'HighHP'</pre>
svr_outcome <- 'am'</pre>
sdt_name <- 'mtcars'</pre>
# Discretize hp
df_mtcars <- df_mtcars %>%
    mutate(!!sym(svr_binary) := cut(hp,
                               breaks=c(-Inf, 210, Inf),
                               labels=c(svr_binary_lb0, svr_binary_lb1)))
```

6.1.1.1 Logit Regresion and Prediction

logit regression with glm, and predict using estimation data. Prediction and estimation with one variable.

- LOGIT REGRESSION R DATA ANALYSIS EXAMPLES
- Generalized Linear Models

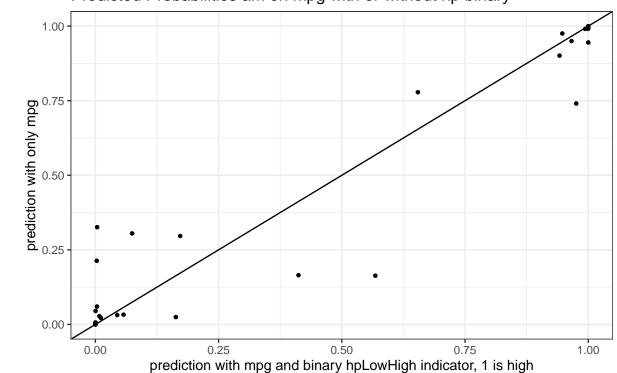
```
##
      collapse = "+"))), family = "binomial", data = df_mtcars)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                        Median
                                               Max
       Min
            10
## -1.73603 -0.25477 -0.04891 0.13402
                                           1.90321
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept) 22.69008 13.95112
                                  1.626
                                           0.1039
             -0.01786
                        0.33957 -0.053
                                           0.9581
## mpg
## wt
              -6.73804
                          3.01400 -2.236
                                           0.0254 *
## vs
              -4.44046
                          2.84247 -1.562
                                           0.1182
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 43.230 on 31 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 13.092 on 28 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 21.092
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
# Predcit Using Regression Data
df_mtcars$p_mpg <- predict(rs_logit, newdata = df_mtcars, type = "response")</pre>
```

6.1.1.1.1 Prediction with Observed Binary Input Logit regression with a continuous variable and a binary variable. Predict outcome with observed continuous variable as well as observed binary input variable.

```
# Regress
rs_logit_bi <- glm(as.formula(paste(svr_outcome,</pre>
                                    "~ factor(", svr_binary,") + ",
                                    paste(ls_st_xs, collapse="+")))
                    data = df_mtcars, family = "binomial")
summary(rs_logit_bi)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = as.formula(paste(svr_outcome, "~ factor(", svr_binary,
      ") + ", paste(ls_st_xs, collapse = "+"))), family = "binomial",
##
      data = df_mtcars)
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
              1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
## -1.45771 -0.09563 -0.00875
                                  0.00555
                                            1.87612
##
## Coefficients:
##
                           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                      18.0390 0.212
                                                        0.8319
                             3.8285
## factor(hpLowHigh)HighHP
                             6.9907
                                        5.5176
                                                 1.267
                                                         0.2052
                             0.8985
                                        0.8906
                                                 1.009
                                                         0.3131
## mpg
## wt
                            -6.7291
                                        3.3166
                                               -2.029
                                                         0.0425 *
## vs
                            -5.9206
                                        4.1908 -1.413
                                                         0.1577
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
```

```
Null deviance: 43.2297 on 31 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 8.9777 on 27 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 18.978
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
# Predcit Using Regresion Data
df_mtcars$p_mpg_hp <- predict(rs_logit_bi, newdata = df_mtcars, type = "response")</pre>
# Predicted Probabilities am on mgp with or without hp binary
scatter <- ggplot(df_mtcars, aes(x=p_mpg_hp, y=p_mpg)) +</pre>
      geom_point(size=1) +
      # geom_smooth(method=lm) + # Trend line
      geom_abline(intercept = 0, slope = 1) + # 45 degree line
      labs(title = paste0('Predicted Probabilities ', svr_outcome, ' on ', ls_st_xs, ' with or witho
           x = paste0('prediction with ', ls_st_xs, ' and binary ', svr_binary, ' indicator, 1 is hi
           y = paste0('prediction with only ', ls_st_xs),
           caption = 'mtcars; prediction based on observed data') +
      theme_bw()
print(scatter)
```

Predicted Probabilities am on mpg with or without hp binary



6.1.1.1.2 Prediction with Binary set to 0 and 1 Now generate two predictions. One set where binary input is equal to 0, and another where the binary inputs are equal to 1. Ignore whether in data binary input is equal to 0 or 1. Use the same regression results as what was just derived.

mtcars; prediction based on observed data

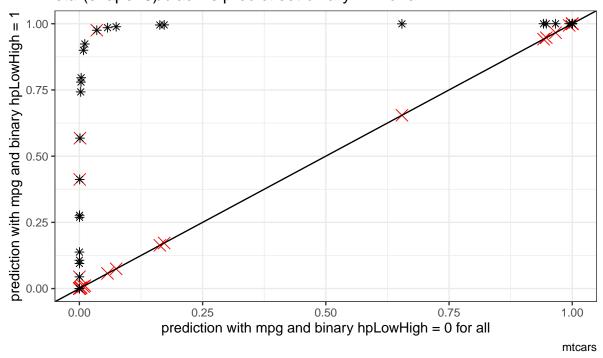
Note that given the example here, the probability changes a lot when we

```
# Previous regression results
summary(rs_logit_bi)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = as.formula(paste(svr_outcome, "~ factor(", svr_binary,
```

```
") + ", paste(ls_st_xs, collapse = "+"))), family = "binomial",
##
##
      data = df_mtcars)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
       Min 1Q
                       Median
                                               Max
## -1.45771 -0.09563 -0.00875 0.00555
                                           1.87612
##
## Coefficients:
##
                          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                            3.8285 18.0390 0.212 0.8319
                           6.9907
                                      5.5176 1.267 0.2052
## factor(hpLowHigh)HighHP
                            0.8985
                                       0.8906 1.009 0.3131
## wt
                           -6.7291
                                       3.3166 -2.029 0.0425 *
## vs
                           -5.9206
                                       4.1908 -1.413 0.1577
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 43.2297 on 31 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 8.9777 on 27 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 18.978
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
# Two different dataframes, mutate the binary regressor
df_mtcars_bi0 <- df_mtcars %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_binary) := svr_binary_lb0)
df_mtcars_bi1 <- df_mtcars %>% mutate(!!sym(svr_binary) := svr_binary_lb1)
# Predcit Using Regresion Data
df_mtcars$p_mpg_hp_bi0 <- predict(rs_logit_bi, newdata = df_mtcars_bi0, type = "response")</pre>
df_mtcars$p_mpg_hp_bi1 <- predict(rs_logit_bi, newdata = df_mtcars_bi1, type = "response")</pre>
# Predicted Probabilities and Binary Input
scatter <- ggplot(df mtcars, aes(x=p mpg hp bi0)) +</pre>
      geom_point(aes(y=p_mpg_hp), size=4, shape=4, color="red") +
      geom_point(aes(y=p_mpg_hp_bi1), size=2, shape=8) +
      # geom_smooth(method=lm) + # Trend line
      geom_abline(intercept = 0, slope = 1) + # 45 degree line
      labs(title = paste0('Predicted Probabilities and Binary Input',
                          '\ncross(shape=4)/red is predict actual binary data',
                         '\nstar(shape=8)/black is predict set binary = 1 for all'),
            x = pasteO('prediction with ', ls_st_xs, ' and binary ', svr_binary, ' = 0 for all'),
           y = paste0('prediction with ', ls_st_xs, ' and binary ', svr_binary, ' = 1'),
           caption = paste0(sdt_name)) +
      theme bw()
print(scatter)
```

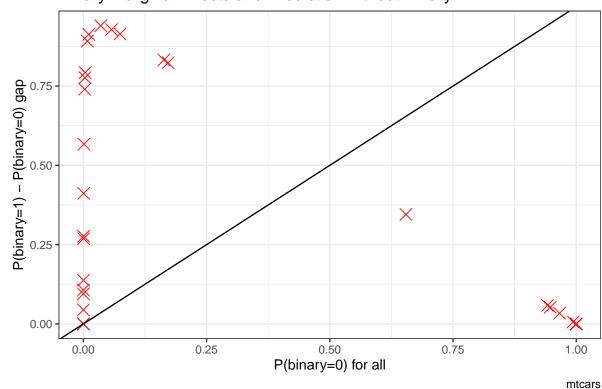
Predicted Probabilities and Binary Input cross(shape=4)/red is predict actual binary data star(shape=8)/black is predict set binary = 1 for all



6.1.1.1.3 Prediction with Binary set to 0 and 1 Difference What is the difference in probability between binary = 0 vs binary = 1. How does that relate to the probability of outcome of interest when binary = 0 for all.

In the binary logit case, the relationship will be hump–shaped by construction between A_i and α_i . In the exponential wage cases, the relationship is convex upwards.

Binary Marginal Effects and Prediction without Binary

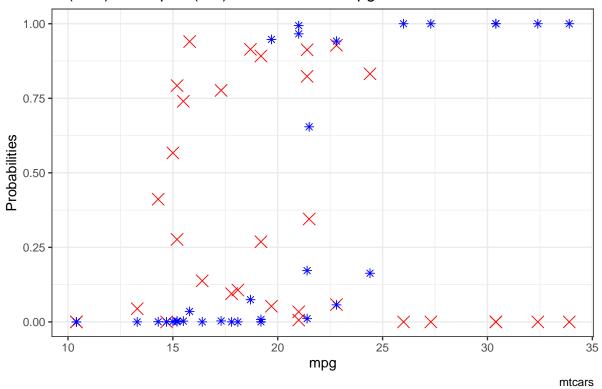


6.1.1.1.4 X variables and A and alpha Given the x-variables included in the logit regression, how do they relate to A_i and alpha_i

```
# Generate Gap Variable
df_mtcars <- df_mtcars %>% mutate(alpha_i = p_mpg_hp_bi1 - p_mpg_hp_bi0) %>%
                mutate(A_i = p_mpg_hp_bi0)
# Binary Marginal Effects and Prediction without Binary
ggplot.A.alpha.x <- function(svr_x, df,</pre>
                              svr_alpha = 'alpha_i', svr_A = "A_i"){
  scatter <- ggplot(df, aes(x=!!sym(svr_x))) +</pre>
        geom_point(aes(y=alpha_i), size=4, shape=4, color="red") +
        geom_point(aes(y=A_i), size=2, shape=8, color="blue") +
        geom_abline(intercept = 0, slope = 1) + # 45 degree line
        labs(title = paste0('A (blue) and alpha (red) vs x variables=', svr_x),
             x = svr_x,
             y = 'Probabilities',
             caption = paste0(sdt_name)) +
        theme_bw()
return(scatter)
}
# Plot over multiple
lapply(ls_st_xs,
       ggplot.A.alpha.x,
       df = df_mtcars)
```

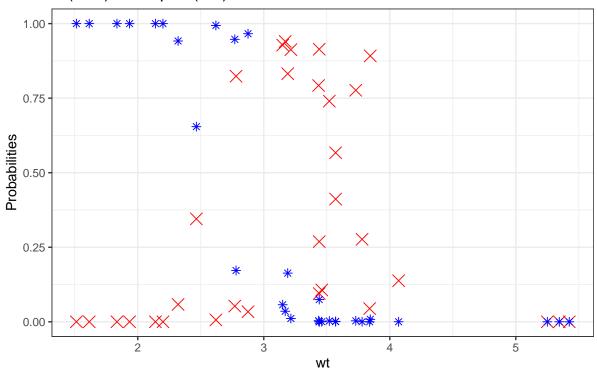
6.1. LOGIT REGRESSION





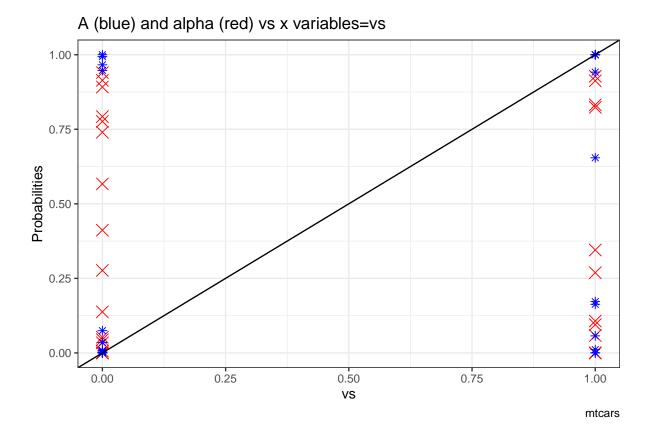
[[2]]

A (blue) and alpha (red) vs x variables=wt



mtcars

[[3]]



Chapter 7

Optimization

7.1 **Bisection**

Bisection 7.1.1

Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository, or Intro Stats with R Repository.

See the ff opti bisect pmap multi function from Fan's REconTools Package, which provides a resuable function based on the algorithm worked out here.

The bisection specific code does not need to do much.

- list variables in file for grouping, each group is an individual for whom we want to calculate optimal choice for using bisection.
- string variable name of input where functions are evaluated, these are already contained in the dataframe, existing variable names, row specific, rowwise computation over these, each rowwise calculation using different rows.
- scalar and array values that are applied to every rowwise calculation, all rowwise calculations using the same scalars and arrays.
- string output variable name

This is how I implement the bisection algorithm, when we know the bounding minimum and maximum to be below and above zero already.

- $\begin{array}{l} \text{1. Evaluate } f_a^0 = f(a^0) \text{ and } f_b^0 = f(b^0), \text{ min and max points.} \\ \text{2. Evaluate at } f_p^0 = f(p^0), \text{ where } p_0 = \frac{a^0 + b^0}{2}. \\ \text{3. if } f_a^i \cdot f_p^i < 0, \text{ then } b_{i+1} = p_i, \text{ else, } a_{i+1} = p_i \text{ and } f_a^{i+1} = p_i. \end{array}$
- 4. iteratre until convergence.

Generate New columns of a and b as we iteratre, do not need to store p, p is temporary. Evaluate the function below which we have already tested, but now, in the dataframe before generating all permutations, tb_states_choices, now the fl_N element will be changing with each iteration, it will be row specific. $f_{-}N$ are first min and max, then each subsequent ps.

7.1.1.1 Initialize Matrix

First, initialize the matrix with a_0 and b_0 , the initial min and max points:

```
# common prefix to make reshaping easier
st_bisec_prefix <- 'bisec_'
svr_a_lst <- paste0(st_bisec_prefix, 'a_0')</pre>
svr_b_lst <- paste0(st_bisec_prefix, 'b_0')</pre>
svr_fa_lst <- paste0(st_bisec_prefix, 'fa_0')</pre>
svr_fb_lst <- paste0(st_bisec_prefix, 'fb_0')</pre>
# Add initial a and b
```

```
tb_states_choices_bisec <- tb_states_choices %>%
                          mutate(!!sym(svr_a_lst) := fl_N_min, !!sym(svr_b_lst) := fl_N_agg)
# Evaluate function f(a_0) and f(b_0)
tb_states_choices_bisec <- tb_states_choices_bisec %>% rowwise() %>%
                          mutate(!!sym(svr_fa_lst) := ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo(fl_A, fl_alpha, !!sym(svr
                                                                     ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha,
                                                                     fl_N_agg, fl_rho),
                                 !!sym(svr_fb_lst) := ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo(fl_A, fl_alpha, !!sym(svr
                                                                     ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha,
                                                                     fl_N_agg, fl_rho))
# Summarize
dim(tb_states_choices_bisec)
## [1] 4 7
summary(tb_states_choices_bisec)
##
      INDI_ID
                      {	t fl}_{	t A}
                                fl_alpha
                                            bisec_a_0
                                                      bisec_b_0
                                                                     bisec_fa_0
## Min.
          :1.00
                 Min.
                      :-2
                            Min. :0.1 Min. :0 Min. :100
                                                                   Min. :100
                1st Qu.:-1
                             1st Qu.:0.3
                                         1st Qu.:0
                                                                   1st Qu.:100
## 1st Qu.:1.75
                                                     1st Qu.:100
                Median : 0
                             Median :0.5 Median :0 Median :100
## Median :2.50
                                                                   Median:100
## Mean :2.50
                Mean : 0
                             Mean :0.5 Mean :0 Mean :100
                                                                   Mean :100
## 3rd Qu.:3.25
                 3rd Qu.: 1
                             3rd Qu.:0.7
                                           3rd Qu.:0 3rd Qu.:100
                                                                   3rd Qu.:100
## Max. :4.00
                Max. : 2
                             Max. :0.9 Max. :0 Max.
                                                            :100
                                                                   Max. :100
##
     bisec_fb_0
## Min. :-15057.61
## 1st Qu.: -5011.84
## Median : -1033.19
## Mean : -4301.31
## 3rd Qu.: -322.66
## Max. : -81.25
```

7.1.1.2 Iterate and Solve for f(p), update f(a) and f(b)

Implement the DPLYR based Concurrent bisection algorithm.

```
# fl_tol = float tolerance criteria
# it_tol = number of interations to allow at most
fl_tol <- 10^-2
it_tol <- 100
# fl_p_dist2zr = distance to zero to initalize
fl_p_dist2zr <- 1000
it_cur <- 0
while (it_cur <= it_tol && fl_p_dist2zr >= fl_tol ) {
 it_cur <- it_cur + 1</pre>
  # New Variables
 svr_a_cur <- pasteO(st_bisec_prefix, 'a_', it_cur)</pre>
 svr_b_cur <- paste0(st_bisec_prefix, 'b_', it_cur)</pre>
  svr_fa_cur <- paste0(st_bisec_prefix, 'fa_', it_cur)</pre>
 svr_fb_cur <- paste0(st_bisec_prefix, 'fb_', it_cur)</pre>
  # Evaluate function f(a_0) and f(b_0)
  # 1. generate p
  # 2. generate f_p
 # 3. generate f_p*f_a
```

7.1. BISECTION 145

```
tb_states_choices_bisec <- tb_states_choices_bisec %>% rowwise() %>%
                             mutate(p = ((!!sym(svr_a_lst) + !!sym(svr_b_lst))/2)) %>%
                             mutate(f_p = ffi_nonlin_dplyrdo(fl_A, fl_alpha, p,
                                                               ar_nN_A, ar_nN_alpha,
                                                               fl_N_agg, fl_rho)) %>%
                             mutate(f_p_t_f_a = f_p*!!sym(svr_fa_lst))
# fl p dist2zr = sum(abs(p))
fl_p_dist2zr <- mean(abs(tb_states_choices_bisec %>% pull(f_p)))
# Update a and b
tb_states_choices_bisec <- tb_states_choices_bisec %>%
                             mutate(!!sym(svr_a_cur) :=
                                       case_when(f_p_t_f_a < 0 ~ !!sym(svr_a_lst),</pre>
                                                 TRUE ~ p)) %>%
                             mutate(!!sym(svr_b_cur) :=
                                       case\_when(f_p_t_f_a < 0 \sim p,
                                                 TRUE ~ !!sym(svr_b_lst)))
# Update f(a) and f(b)
tb_states_choices_bisec <- tb_states_choices_bisec %>%
                             mutate(!!sym(svr_fa_cur) :=
                                       case_when(f_p_t_f_a < 0 ~ !!sym(svr_fa_lst),</pre>
                                                 TRUE ~ f_p)) %>%
                             mutate(!!sym(svr_fb_cur) :=
                                       case\_when(f_p_t_f_a < 0 ~ f_p,
                                                 TRUE ~ !!sym(svr_fb_lst)))
# Save from last
svr_a_lst <- svr_a_cur</pre>
svr_b_lst <- svr_b_cur</pre>
svr_fa_lst <- svr_fa_cur</pre>
svr_fb_lst <- svr_fb_cur</pre>
# Summar current round
print(paste0('it_cur:', it_cur, ', fl_p_dist2zr:', fl_p_dist2zr))
summary(tb_states_choices_bisec %% select(one_of(svr_a_cur, svr_b_cur, svr_fa_cur, svr_fb_cur)))
```

```
## [1] "it_cur:1, fl_p_dist2zr:1884.20860322127"
## [1] "it_cur:2, fl_p_dist2zr:815.07213515036"
## [1] "it_cur:3, fl_p_dist2zr:346.193951089409"
## [1] "it cur:4, fl p dist2zr:133.268318242343"
## [1] "it_cur:5, fl_p_dist2zr:52.0759336601643"
## [1] "it_cur:6, fl_p_dist2zr:8.2057326579422"
## [1] "it_cur:7, fl_p_dist2zr:12.7240911320081"
## [1] "it_cur:8, fl_p_dist2zr:4.10100732130902"
## [1] "it_cur:9, fl_p_dist2zr:1.19915237247596"
## [1] "it_cur:10, fl_p_dist2zr:1.46089191924225"
## [1] "it_cur:11, fl_p_dist2zr:0.261965457555881"
## [1] "it_cur:12, fl_p_dist2zr:0.462901483859291"
## [1] "it_cur:13, fl_p_dist2zr:0.166336071560483"
## [1] "it_cur:14, fl_p_dist2zr:0.011649263648799"
## [1] "it_cur:15, fl_p_dist2zr:0.0715183716517558"
## [1] "it_cur:16, fl_p_dist2zr:0.0299376539319738"
## [1] "it_cur:17, fl_p_dist2zr:0.0132655999120672"
## [1] "it_cur:18, fl_p_dist2zr:0.00317751042553027"
```

<dbl>

4.45e-4

1.54e-6

7.1.1.3 Reshape Wide to long to Wide

To view results easily, how iterations improved to help us find the roots, convert table from wide to long. Pivot twice. This allows us to easily graph out how bisection is working out iteration by iteration.

Here, we will first show what the raw table looks like, the wide only table, and then show the long version, and finally the version that is medium wide.

7.1.1.3.1 Table One-Very Wide Show what the *tb_states_choices_bisec* looks like.

Variables are formatted like: bisec_xx_yy, where yy is the iteration indicator, and xx is either a, b, fa,

```
head(tb_states_choices_bisec, 10)
## Source: local data frame [4 x 82]
## Groups: <by row>
##
## # A tibble: 4 x 82
##
     INDI_ID
               fl_A fl_alpha bisec_a_0 bisec_b_0 bisec_fa_0 bisec_fb_0
                                                                                    f_p f_p_t_f_a
                                                                            р
                       <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                  <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                                  <dbl>
##
       <int>
             <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                                               1.02e-2
## 1
                       0.1
                                     0
                                                         100
                                                               -15058.
           1 -2
                                              100
                                                                         1.32
                                     0
                                              100
                                                                -1663.
## 2
           2 - 0.667
                       0.367
                                                         100
                                                                         7.29 -1.26e-3
                                                                                         -5.61e-6
## 3
           3 0.667
                       0.633
                                     0
                                              100
                                                         100
                                                                 -403.
                                                                        20.9
                                                                                6.18e-4
                                      0
## 4
           4 2
                       0.9
                                              100
                                                         100
                                                                  -81.3 54.1
                                                                              -6.09e-4
                                                                                        -4.46e-8
     ... with 72 more variables: bisec_a_1 <dbl>, bisec_b_1 <dbl>, bisec_fa_1 <dbl>, bisec_fb_1 <dbl
## #
       bisec_a_2 <dbl>, bisec_b_2 <dbl>, bisec_fa_2 <dbl>, bisec_fb_2 <dbl>, bisec_a_3 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_b_3 <dbl>, bisec_fa_3 <dbl>, bisec_fb_3 <dbl>, bisec_a_4 <dbl>, bisec_b_4 <dbl>,
## #
## #
       bisec_fa_4 <dbl>, bisec_fb_4 <dbl>, bisec_a_5 <dbl>, bisec_b_5 <dbl>, bisec_fa_5 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_fb_5 <dbl>, bisec_a_6 <dbl>, bisec_b_6 <dbl>, bisec_fa_6 <dbl>, bisec_fb_6 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_a_7 <dbl>, bisec_b_7 <dbl>, bisec_fa_7 <dbl>, bisec_fb_7 <dbl>, bisec_a_8 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_b_8 <dbl>, bisec_fa_8 <dbl>, bisec_fb_8 <dbl>, bisec_a_9 <dbl>, bisec_b_9 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_fa_9 <dbl>, bisec_fb_9 <dbl>, bisec_a_10 <dbl>, bisec_b_10 <dbl>, bisec_fa_10 <dbl>,
       bisec_fb_10 <dbl>, bisec_a_11 <dbl>, bisec_b_11 <dbl>, bisec_fa_11 <dbl>, bisec_fb_11 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_a_12 < dbl>, \ bisec_b_12 < dbl>, \ bisec_fa_12 < dbl>, \ bisec_fb_12 < dbl>, \ bisec_a_13 < dbl>,
## #
## #
       bisec_b_13 <dbl>, bisec_fa_13 <dbl>, bisec_fb_13 <dbl>, bisec_a_14 <dbl>, bisec_b_14 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_fa_14 <dbl>, bisec_fb_14 <dbl>, bisec_a_15 <dbl>, bisec_b_15 <dbl>, bisec_fa_15 <dbl>,
       bisec_fb_15 <dbl>, bisec_a_16 <dbl>, bisec_b_16 <dbl>, bisec_fa_16 <dbl>, bisec_fb_16 <dbl>,
## #
## #
       bisec_a_17 <dbl>, bisec_b_17 <dbl>, bisec_fa_17 <dbl>, bisec_fb_17 <dbl>, bisec_a_18 <dbl>,
## #
       bisec_b_18 <dbl>, bisec_fa_18 <dbl>, bisec_fb_18 <dbl>
str(tb_states_choices_bisec)
## Classes 'rowwise_df', 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 4 obs. of 82 variables:
   $ INDI ID
                 : int 1234
##
    $ fl A
                 : num
                        -2 -0.667 0.667 2
                        0.1 0.367 0.633 0.9
##
    $ fl_alpha
                 : num
                        0 0 0 0
    $ bisec_a_0
                 : num
##
    $ bisec_b_0
                        100 100 100 100
                 : num
##
                        100 100 100 100
    $ bisec_fa_0 : num
##
    $ bisec_fb_0 : num
                        -15057.6 -1663.3 -403.1 -81.3
##
    $ p
                 : num
                        1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
##
                        0.010225 -0.001259 0.000618 -0.000609
   $ f_p
                 : num
                        4.45e-04 -5.61e-06 1.54e-06 -4.46e-08
##
    f_p_t_a : num
##
    $ bisec_a_1
                        0 0 0 50
                 : num
    $ bisec b 1
                 : num
                        50 50 50 100
    $ bisec_fa_1 : num
##
                        100 100 100 7.33
##
   $ bisec_fb_1 : num
                        -6659.8 -723.7 -145.9 -81.3
## $ bisec_a_2 : num
                        0 0 0 50
   $ bisec b 2 : num
                        25 25 25 75
   $ bisec_fa_2 : num 100 100 100 7.33
```

7.1. BISECTION 147

```
## $ bisec_fb_2 : num -2917.6 -285.2 -20.3 -37.2
## $ bisec_a_3 : num 0 0 12.5 50
## $ bisec_b_3 : num 12.5 12.5 25 62.5
## $ bisec_fa_3 : num 100 100 41.08 7.33
## $ bisec_fb_3 : num -1248.4 -80.3 -20.3 -15
## $ bisec_a_4 : num 0 6.25 18.75 50
## $ bisec_b_4 : num 6.25 12.5 25 56.25
## $ bisec_fa_4 : num 100 15.52 10.54 7.33
## $ bisec_fb_4 : num -503.16 -80.3 -20.32 -3.85
## $ bisec_a_5 : num 0 6.25 18.75 53.12
## $ bisec_b_5 : num 3.12 9.38 21.88 56.25
## $ bisec_fa_5 : num 100 15.52 10.54 1.74
## $ bisec_fb_5 : num -170.1 -31.61 -4.86 -3.85
## $ bisec_a_6 : num 0 6.25 20.31 53.12
## $ bisec_b_6 : num 1.56 7.81 21.88 54.69
## $ bisec_fa_6 : num 100 15.52 2.85 1.74
## $ bisec_fb_6 : num -21.09 -7.82 -4.86 -1.06
## $ bisec_a_7 : num 0.781 7.031 20.312 53.906
## $ bisec_b_7 : num 1.56 7.81 21.09 54.69
## $ bisec_fa_7 : num 45.65 3.909 2.853 0.338
## $ bisec_fb_7 : num -21.089 -7.822 -0.999 -1.059
## $ bisec_a_8 : num 1.17 7.03 20.7 53.91
## $ bisec_b_8 : num 1.56 7.42 21.09 54.3
## $ bisec_fa_8 : num 13.174 3.909 0.928 0.338
## $ bisec_fb_8 : num -21.089 -1.942 -0.999 -0.36
## $ bisec_a_9 : num 1.17 7.23 20.7 53.91
## $ bisec b 9 : num 1.37 7.42 20.9 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_9 : num 13.174 0.988 0.928 0.338
## $ bisec_fb_9 : num -3.763 -1.9416 -0.0351 -0.0108
## $ bisec_a_10 : num 1.27 7.23 20.8 54
## $ bisec_b_10 : num 1.37 7.32 20.9 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_10: num 4.757 0.988 0.446 0.164
## $ bisec_fb_10: num -3.763 -0.476 -0.0351 -0.0108
## $ bisec_a_11 : num 1.32 7.28 20.85 54.05
## $ bisec_b_11 : num 1.37 7.32 20.9 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_11: num 0.5096 0.2561 0.2057 0.0765
## $ bisec_fb_11: num -3.763 -0.476 -0.0351 -0.0108
## $ bisec_a_12 : num 1.32 7.28 20.87 54.08
## $ bisec_b_12 : num 1.34 7.3 20.9 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_12: num  0.5096 0.2561 0.0853 0.0328
## $ bisec_fb_12: num -1.6236 -0.1099 -0.0351 -0.0108
## $ bisec_a_13 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.09
## $ bisec b 13 : num 1.33 7.3 20.9 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_13: num  0.5096 0.0731 0.0251 0.011
## $ bisec_fb_13: num -0.5562 -0.1099 -0.0351 -0.0108
## $ bisec_a_14 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_b_14 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_14: num 5.10e-01 7.31e-02 2.51e-02 7.33e-05
## $ bisec fb 14: num -0.02308 -0.01842 -0.00503 -0.01084
## $ bisec_a_15 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_b_15 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_15: num 2.43e-01 2.73e-02 1.00e-02 7.33e-05
## $ bisec_fb_15: num -0.02308 -0.01842 -0.00503 -0.00538
## $ bisec_a_16 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_b_16 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_16: num 1.10e-01 4.46e-03 2.50e-03 7.33e-05
## $ bisec_fb_16: num -0.02308 -0.01842 -0.00503 -0.00266
## $ bisec_a_17 : num 1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
```

```
## $ bisec_b_17 : num    1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_17: num    4.35e-02 4.46e-03 2.50e-03 7.33e-05
## $ bisec_fb_17: num    -0.02308 -0.00698 -0.00126 -0.00129
## $ bisec_a_18 : num    1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_b_18 : num    1.32 7.29 20.89 54.1
## $ bisec_fa_18: num    1.02e-02 4.46e-03 6.18e-04 7.33e-05
## $ bisec_fb_18: num    -0.023082 -0.001259 -0.001264 -0.000609
```

7.1.1.3.2 Table Two-Very Wide to Very Long We want to treat the iteration count information that is the suffix of variable names as a variable by itself. Additionally, we want to treat the a,b,fa,fb as a variable. Structuring the data very long like this allows for easy graphing and other types of analysis. Rather than dealing with many many variables, we have only 3 core variables that store bisection iteration information.

Here we use the very nice *pivot_longer* function. Note that to achieve this, we put a common prefix in front of the variables we wanted to convert to long. This is helpful, because we can easily identify which variables need to be reshaped.

```
# New variables
svr_bisect_iter <- 'biseciter'</pre>
svr_abfafb_long_name <- 'varname'</pre>
svr_number_col <- 'value'</pre>
svr_id_bisect_iter <- paste0(svr_id_var, '_bisect_ier')</pre>
# Pivot wide to very long
tb_states_choices_bisec_long <- tb_states_choices_bisec %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = starts_with(st_bisec_prefix),
    names_to = c(svr_abfafb_long_name, svr_bisect_iter),
    names_pattern = paste0(st_bisec_prefix, "(.*)_(.*)"),
    values_to = svr_number_col
  )
# Print
summary(tb_states_choices_bisec_long)
##
       INDI_ID
                        {\tt fl}_{\tt A}
                                    fl_alpha
                                                                     f_p
                                                     р
                                                     : 1.324
                                                                Min. :-1.259e-03
                   Min. :-2
##
                                Min. :0.1
                                               Min.
   Min.
           :1.00
##
   1st Qu.:1.75
                   1st Qu.:-1
                                1st Qu.:0.3
                                               1st Qu.: 5.800
                                                                1st Qu.:-7.714e-04
## Median :2.50
                   Median : 0
                                Median:0.5
                                               Median :14.092
                                                                Median: 4.364e-06
## Mean
          :2.50
                         : 0
                                Mean
                                       :0.5
                                                     :20.901
                                                                      : 2.244e-03
                   Mean
                                               Mean
                                                                Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:3.25
                   3rd Qu.: 1
                                3rd Qu.:0.7
                                               3rd Qu.:29.192
                                                                3rd Qu.: 3.019e-03
##
   {\tt Max.}
          :4.00
                   Max.
                         : 2
                                Max.
                                      :0.9
                                               Max.
                                                    :54.096
                                                                Max.
                                                                      : 1.022e-02
      f_p_t_f_a
                                                                    value
##
                           varname
                                              biseciter
## Min.
           :-5.614e-06
                        Length:304
                                             Length:304
                                                                Min.
                                                                       :-15057.608
## 1st Qu.:-1.437e-06
                        Class :character
                                                                1st Qu.:
                                                                              0.000
                                             Class :character
## Median : 7.495e-07
                         Mode :character
                                             Mode :character
                                                                Median:
                                                                              1.367
## Mean : 1.102e-04
                                                                Mean
                                                                            -82.350
## 3rd Qu.: 1.124e-04
                                                                3rd Qu.:
                                                                             20.892
## Max.
           : 4.451e-04
                                                                            100.000
                                                                Max.
head(tb_states_choices_bisec_long %>% select(-one_of('p','f_p','f_pt_f_a')), 30)
## # A tibble: 30 x 6
      INDI ID fl A fl alpha varname biseciter
##
                                                  value
##
        <int> <dbl>
                       <dbl> <chr>
                                     <chr>>
                                                  <dbl>
## 1
                 -2
                         0.1 a
            1
                                     Ω
                                                     0
                 -2
                                     0
## 2
            1
                         0.1 b
                                                   100
                 -2
## 3
            1
                         0.1 fa
                                     0
                                                   100
## 4
                 -2
                                     0
                                                -15058.
            1
                         0.1 fb
```

7.1. BISECTION 149

```
##
    5
             1
                   -2
                            0.1 a
                                                          0
                                         1
##
    6
             1
                   -2
                            0.1 b
                                                         50
                                         1
##
                   -2
                                                        100
    7
             1
                            0.1 fa
                                         1
##
    8
             1
                   -2
                            0.1 fb
                                          1
                                                      -6660.
##
    9
             1
                   -2
                            0.1 a
                                          2
                                                          0
## 10
             1
                   -2
                                         2
                                                         25
                            0.1 b
## # ... with 20 more rows
tail(tb_states_choices_bisec_long %% select(-one_of('p','f_p','f_pt_f_a')), 30)
## # A tibble: 30 x 6
##
      INDI_ID
               fl_A fl_alpha varname biseciter
                                                       value
##
         <int> <dbl>
                          <dbl> <chr>
                                          <chr>
                                                       <dbl>
##
             4
                    2
                            0.9 fa
                                                      0.0765
    1
                                          11
    2
                    2
##
             4
                            0.9 fb
                                          11
                                                     -0.0108
    3
             4
                    2
                            0.9 a
                                          12
                                                     54.1
##
##
    4
             4
                    2
                            0.9 b
                                          12
                                                     54.1
##
    5
             4
                    2
                            0.9 fa
                                          12
                                                      0.0328
##
    6
             4
                    2
                            0.9 fb
                                         12
                                                     -0.0108
##
    7
             4
                    2
                            0.9 a
                                                     54.1
                                         13
##
    8
             4
                    2
                            0.9 b
                                         13
                                                     54.1
##
             4
                    2
    9
                            0.9 fa
                                                      0.0110
                                          13
## 10
             4
                    2
                            0.9 fb
                                          13
                                                     -0.0108
```

7.1.1.3.3 Table Two-Very Very Long to Wider Again But the previous results are too long, with the a, b, fa, and fb all in one column as different categories, they are really not different categories, they are in fact different types of variables. So we want to spread those four categories of this variable into four columns, each one representing the a, b, fa, and fb values. The rows would then be uniquely identified by the iteration counter and individual ID.

... with 20 more rows

Median:

-1.029

```
# Pivot wide to very long to a little wide
tb_states_choices_bisec_wider <- tb_states_choices_bisec_long %>%
pivot_wider(
   names_from = !!sym(svr_abfafb_long_name),
   values_from = svr_number_col
)

# Print
summary(tb_states_choices_bisec_wider)
```

```
##
       INDI_ID
                                     fl_alpha
                         fl_A
                                                                        f_p
##
           :1.00
                           :-2
                                         :0.1
                                                        : 1.324
                                                                          :-1.259e-03
   Min.
                    Min.
                                 Min.
                                                Min.
                                                                  Min.
##
    1st Qu.:1.75
                    1st Qu.:-1
                                  1st Qu.:0.3
                                                1st Qu.: 5.800
                                                                  1st Qu.:-7.714e-04
##
    Median:2.50
                    Median: 0
                                 Median:0.5
                                                Median :14.092
                                                                  Median: 4.364e-06
           :2.50
                                         :0.5
                                                        :20.901
                                                                        : 2.244e-03
##
    Mean
                    Mean
                           : 0
                                 Mean
                                                Mean
                                                                  Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:3.25
                    3rd Qu.: 1
                                  3rd Qu.:0.7
                                                3rd Qu.:29.192
                                                                  3rd Qu.: 3.019e-03
    Max.
                           : 2
                                                                          : 1.022e-02
##
           :4.00
                    Max.
                                 Max.
                                         :0.9
                                                Max.
                                                        :54.096
                                                                  Max.
##
      f_p_t_f_a
                           biseciter
                                                                                          fa
                                                     a
##
    Min.
           :-5.614e-06
                          Length:76
                                              Min.
                                                      : 0.000
                                                                Min.
                                                                        :
                                                                          1.324
                                                                                   Min.
                                                                                              0.00007
                                                                1st Qu.: 7.294
##
    1st Qu.:-1.437e-06
                          Class : character
                                              1st Qu.: 1.306
                                                                                   1st Qu.:
                                                                                              0.06570
##
    Median: 7.495e-07
                                              Median: 7.289
                                                                Median : 20.898
                          Mode
                                :character
                                                                                   Median:
                                                                                              0.92799
                                                                        : 28.883
##
           : 1.102e-04
                                                      :18.356
                                                                                           : 22.90627
    Mean
                                              Mean
                                                                Mean
                                                                                   Mean
    3rd Qu.: 1.124e-04
                                                                3rd Qu.: 54.097
##
                                              3rd Qu.:20.891
                                                                                   3rd Qu.: 15.51699
           : 4.451e-04
##
    Max.
                                              Max.
                                                      :54.095
                                                                Max.
                                                                        :100.000
                                                                                   Max.
                                                                                           :100.00000
##
          fb
##
  Min.
           :-15057.608
    1st Qu.:
               -21.089
```

```
## Mean
           : -399.547
## 3rd Qu.:
                -0.018
                -0.001
## Max.
head(tb_states_choices_bisec_wider %>% select(-one_of('p','f_p','f_p_t_f_a')), 30)
## # A tibble: 30 x 8
##
      INDI_ID fl_A fl_alpha biseciter
                                                                fb
                                                 h
                                                      fa
                                          a
##
                      <dbl> <chr>
        <int> <dbl>
                                       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                              <dbl>
## 1
           1
                -2
                        0.1 0
                                       0
                                             100
                                                    100
                                                        -15058.
                 -2
## 2
            1
                        0.1 1
                                      0
                                             50
                                                    100
                                                          -6660.
                        0.1 2
                                             25
## 3
            1
                 -2
                                      0
                                                    100
                                                           -2918.
                -2
                                             12.5 100
## 4
                        0.1 3
                                      0
                                                          -1248.
            1
##
   5
            1
                 -2
                         0.1 4
                                      0
                                               6.25 100
                                                           -503.
                 -2
##
   6
            1
                        0.1 5
                                      0
                                               3.12 100
                                                           -170.
                -2
##
  7
            1
                        0.1 6
                                      Ω
                                               1.56 100
                                                            -21.1
                -2
## 8
            1
                        0.1 7
                                      0.781
                                               1.56 45.7
                                                            -21.1
## 9
                -2
                                               1.56 13.2
                                                            -21.1
            1
                         0.18
                                      1.17
## 10
           1
                -2
                         0.1 9
                                      1.17
                                               1.37 13.2
                                                             -3.76
## # ... with 20 more rows
tail(tb_states_choices_bisec_wider %>% select(-one_of('p','f_p','f_p_t_f_a')), 30)
## # A tibble: 30 x 8
      INDI_ID fl_A fl_alpha biseciter
                                                b
                                                       fa
                                                                fb
                                          a
##
                      <dbl> <chr>
                                                              <dbl>
        <int> <dbl>
                                       <dbl> <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
                                       20.7
##
            3 0.667
                       0.633 8
                                             21.1 0.928
                                                          -0.999
   1
                                       20.7
##
   2
            3 0.667
                       0.633 9
                                             20.9 0.928
                                                           -0.0351
##
   3
           3 0.667
                      0.633 10
                                       20.8 20.9 0.446
                                                          -0.0351
## 4
           3 0.667
                      0.633 11
                                       20.8 20.9 0.206
                                                          -0.0351
## 5
           3 0.667
                      0.633 12
                                       20.9 20.9 0.0853 -0.0351
                                                          -0.0351
## 6
           3 0.667
                       0.633 13
                                       20.9 20.9 0.0251
## 7
           3 0.667
                       0.633 14
                                       20.9 20.9 0.0251 -0.00503
                                       20.9 20.9 0.0100 -0.00503
## 8
           3 0.667
                       0.633 15
                                       20.9 20.9 0.00250 -0.00503
## 9
           3 0.667
                       0.633 16
                                       20.9 20.9 0.00250 -0.00126
## 10
           3 0.667
                       0.633 17
## # ... with 20 more rows
```

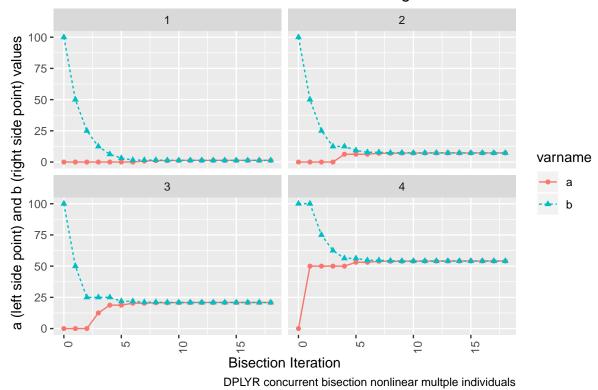
7.1.1.4 Graph Bisection Iteration Results

Actually we want to graph based on the long results, not the wider. Wider easier to view in table.

```
# Graph results
lineplot <- tb_states_choices_bisec_long %>%
    mutate(!!sym(svr_bisect_iter)) := as.numeric(!!sym(svr_bisect_iter))) %>%
    filter(!!sym(svr_abfafb_long_name) %in% c('a', 'b')) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x=!!sym(svr_bisect_iter), y=!!sym(svr_number_col),
               colour=!!sym(svr_abfafb_long_name),
               linetype=!!sym(svr_abfafb_long_name),
               shape=!!sym(svr_abfafb_long_name))) +
        facet_wrap( ~ INDI_ID) +
        geom_line() +
        geom_point() +
        labs(title = 'Bisection Iteration over individuals Until Convergence',
             x = 'Bisection Iteration',
             y = 'a (left side point) and b (right side point) values',
             caption = 'DPLYR concurrent bisection nonlinear multple individuals') +
      theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
print(lineplot)
```

7.1. BISECTION 151

Bisection Iteration over individuals Until Convergence



Bibliography