R Summary By Groups, One Variable All Statistics

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Contents

One Variable Group Summary

Go to the RMD, R, PDF, or HTML version of this file. Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R4Econ Repository (bookdown site), or Intro Stats with R Repository.

There is a categorical variable (based on one or the interaction of multiple variables), there is a continuous variable, obtain statistics for the continuous variable conditional on the categorical variable, but also unconditionally.

Store results in a matrix, but also flatten results wide to row with appropriate keys/variable-names for all group statistics.

Pick which statistics to be included in final wide row

```
# Single Variable Group Statistics (also generate overall statistics)
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one <- function(</pre>
  df, vars.group, var.numeric, str.stats.group = 'main',
  str.stats.specify = NULL, boo.overall.stats = TRUE){
  # List of statistics
  # https://rdrr.io/cran/dplyr/man/summarise.html
  strs.center <- c('mean', 'median')</pre>
  strs.spread <- c('sd', 'IQR', 'mad')
  strs.range <- c('min', 'max')</pre>
  strs.pos <- c('first', 'last')</pre>
  strs.count <- c('n_distinct')</pre>
  # Grouping of Statistics
  if (missing(str.stats.specify)) {
    if (str.stats.group == 'main') {
      strs.all <- c('mean', 'min', 'max', 'sd')</pre>
    if (str.stats.group == 'all') {
      strs.all <- c(strs.center, strs.spread, strs.range, strs.pos, strs.count)</pre>
    }
  } else {
    strs.all <- str.stats.specify</pre>
```

```
# Start Transform
df <- df %>% drop_na() %>%
  mutate(!!(var.numeric) := as.numeric(!!sym(var.numeric)))
# Overall Statistics
if (boo.overall.stats) {
  df.overall.stats <- df %>%
    summarize_at(vars(var.numeric), funs(!!!strs.all))
  if (length(strs.all) == 1) {
    # qive it a name, otherwise if only one stat, name of stat not saved
    df.overall.stats <- df.overall.stats %>%
      rename(!!strs.all := !!sym(var.numeric))
  names(df.overall.stats) <-</pre>
    paste0(var.numeric, '.', names(df.overall.stats))
# Group Sort
df.select <- df %>%
  group_by(!!!syms(vars.group)) %>%
  arrange(!!!syms(c(vars.group, var.numeric)))
# Table of Statistics
df.table.grp.stats <- df.select %>%
  summarize_at(vars(var.numeric), funs(!!!strs.all))
# Add Stat Name
if (length(strs.all) == 1) {
  # qive it a name, otherwise if only one stat, name of stat not saved
  df.table.grp.stats <- df.table.grp.stats %>%
    rename(!!strs.all := !!sym(var.numeric))
}
# Row of Statistics
str.vars.group.combine <- paste0(vars.group, collapse='_')</pre>
if (length(vars.group) == 1) {
  df.row.grp.stats <- df.table.grp.stats %>%
    mutate(!!(str.vars.group.combine) :=
             pasteO(var.numeric, '.',
                    vars.group, '.g',
                    (!!!syms(vars.group)))) %>%
    gather(variable, value, -one_of(vars.group)) %>%
    unite(str.vars.group.combine, c(str.vars.group.combine, 'variable')) %>%
    spread(str.vars.group.combine, value)
} else {
  df.row.grp.stats <- df.table.grp.stats %>%
    mutate(vars.groups.combine :=
             paste0(paste0(vars.group, collapse='.')),
           !!(str.vars.group.combine) :=
             paste0(interaction(!!!(syms(vars.group))))) %>%
    mutate(!!(str.vars.group.combine) :=
             pasteO(var.numeric, '.', vars.groups.combine, '.',
```

```
(!!sym(str.vars.group.combine)))) %>%
    ungroup() %>%
    select(-vars.groups.combine, -one_of(vars.group)) %>%
    gather(variable, value, -one_of(str.vars.group.combine)) %>%
    unite(str.vars.group.combine, c(str.vars.group.combine, 'variable')) %>%
    spread(str.vars.group.combine, value)
}
# Clean up name strings
names(df.table.grp.stats) <-</pre>
  gsub(x = names(df.table.grp.stats),pattern = "_", replacement = "\\.")
names(df.row.grp.stats) <-</pre>
  gsub(x = names(df.row.grp.stats),pattern = " ", replacement = "\\.")
# Return
list.return <-
  list(df_table_grp_stats = df.table.grp.stats,
       df_row_grp_stats = df.row.grp.stats)
# Overall Statistics, without grouping
if (boo.overall.stats) {
  df.row.stats.all <- c(df.row.grp.stats, df.overall.stats)</pre>
  list.return <- append(list.return,</pre>
                         list(df_overall_stats = df.overall.stats,
                              df row stats all = df.row.stats.all))
}
# Return
return(list.return)
```

Build Program

Test Load data and test

```
# Library
library(tidyverse)
# Load Sample Data
setwd('C:/Users/fan/R4Econ/ data/')
df <- read_csv('height_weight.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     S.country = col_character(),
##
     vil.id = col_double(),
     indi.id = col_double(),
##
##
     sex = col_character(),
##
     svymthRound = col_double(),
##
    momEdu = col_double(),
##
    wealthIdx = col_double(),
##
    hgt = col double(),
     wgt = col_double(),
##
```

```
##
     hgt0 = col_double(),
##
     wgt0 = col_double(),
##
     prot = col_double(),
##
     cal = col_double(),
##
     p.A.prot = col_double(),
     p.A.nProt = col_double()
##
## )
Function Testing By Gender Groups Need two variables, a group variable that is a factor, and a
numeric
vars.group <- 'sex'</pre>
var.numeric <- 'hgt'</pre>
df.select <- df %>% select(one_of(vars.group, var.numeric)) %>% drop_na()
Main Statistics:
# Single Variable Group Statistics
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(
  df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric,
  str.stats.group = 'main')$df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
##
     sex
            mean min max
     <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Female 82.8 41.2 171. 29.8
## 2 Male
             84.7 41.3 183. 31.8
Specify Two Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(
  df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric,
  str.stats.specify = c('mean', 'sd'))$df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
     sex
            mean
     <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Female 82.8 29.8
## 2 Male
             84.7 31.8
Specify One Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(
  df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric,
  str.stats.specify = c('mean'))$df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##
     sex
             mean
```

Function Testing By Country and Gender Groups Need two variables, a group variable that is a factor, and a numeric. Now joint grouping variables.

<chr> <dbl> ## 1 Female 82.8

84.7

2 Male

```
vars.group <- c('S.country', 'sex')
var.numeric <- 'hgt'</pre>
```

```
df.select <- df %>% select(one_of(vars.group, var.numeric)) %>% drop_na()
Main Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(
  df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric,
  str.stats.group = 'main')$df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 4 x 6
## # Groups: S.country [2]
     S.country sex
                     mean
                             min
                                   max
              <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
     <chr>
## 1 Cebu
              Female 84.6 41.3 171. 32.5
## 2 Cebu
             Male 87.0 41.3 183. 35.0
## 3 Guatemala Female 76.6 41.2 120. 15.7
## 4 Guatemala Male
                      77.0 41.5 125. 15.1
Specify Two Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(
  df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric,
  str.stats.specify = c('mean', 'sd'))$df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups:
              S.country [2]
##
     S.country sex
                      mean
##
     <chr>
              <chr>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Cebu
              Female 84.6 32.5
## 2 Cebu
              Male
                      87.0 35.0
## 3 Guatemala Female 76.6 15.7
## 4 Guatemala Male
                      77.0 15.1
Specify One Specific Statistics:
ff_summ_by_group_summ_one(
  df.select, vars.group = vars.group, var.numeric = var.numeric,
  str.stats.specify = c('mean'))$df_table_grp_stats
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups:
              S.country [2]
##
     S.country sex
                      mean
##
     <chr>
              <chr> <dbl>
## 1 Cebu
              Female 84.6
## 2 Cebu
              Male
                      87.0
## 3 Guatemala Female 76.6
## 4 Guatemala Male
                      77.0
```