Productivity and Efficiency Analysis

7) Productivity growth

d) Case: Green TFP growth

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Backgroung and motivation

- Measurement of Green TFP growth is a challenging topic: bad outputs do not have market prices
- The following industry-level study explores alternative approaches to measuring green TFP growth in the agricultural sector
- 13 OECD countries: AUT, DEN, FIN, FRA, GER, GRE, ITA, NED, NOR, POR, SPA, SWE, UK
- Years 1990 2004
- Reference: Kuosmanen (2013)



Variables

Economic inputs

- Labor
- Capital stock
- Land area

Economic outputs

Value added

- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
- Green-house gases (GHG)



Conceptual setting: ECON model

Economic inputs

- Labor
- Capital stock
- Land area

Economic outputs

Value added

- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
- Green-house gases (GHG)



Conceptual setting: ENV model

Economic inputs

- Labor
- Capital stock
- Land area

Economic outputs

Value added

- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
- Green-house gases (GHG)
- Land area



Conceptual setting: MIX model

Economic inputs

- Labor
- Capital stock
- Land area

Economic outputs

Value added

- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
- Green-house gases (GHG)

Semi-nonparametric StoNED models

ECON

$$\ln y_{it} = \ln f(K_{it}, L_{it}, LA_{it}) + Trend \cdot t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

ENV

$$\ln y_{it} = \ln g(GHG_{it}, N_{it}, P_{it}, LA_{it}) + Trend \cdot t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

MIX

$$\ln y_{it} = \ln h(K_{it}, L_{it}, LA_{it}, GHG_{it}, N_{it}, P_{it}) + Trend \cdot t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

Level of efficiency

Analogous to Schmidt & Sickles (1984) panel data SFA approach:

$$Eff_{i} = \frac{\sqrt[T]{\prod_{t=1}^{T} \exp(\varepsilon_{it})}}{\max_{h} \sqrt[T]{\prod_{t=1}^{T} \exp(\varepsilon_{ht})}}$$

Malmquist index and its components

 $TFP = \Delta Eff \times Tech$

$$\Delta Eff_i(t, t+1) = \frac{\exp(\varepsilon_{i,t+1})}{\exp(\varepsilon_{i,t})}$$

Tech = *Trend*

Note: technical change assumed Hicks neutral, and constant across all countries and years

Parametric Cobb-Douglas models (SFA)

ECON

$$\ln(y_{it} / LA_{it}) = \beta_0 + \beta_K \ln(K_{it} / LA_{it}) + \beta_L \ln(L_{it} / LA_{it}) + Trend \cdot t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

ENV

$$\ln(y_{it} / LA_{it}) = \beta_0 + \beta_{GHG} \ln(GHG_{it} / LA_{it}) + \beta_N \ln(N_{it} / LA_{it})$$
$$+ \beta_P \ln(P_{it} / LA_{it}) + Trend \cdot t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

MIX

$$\ln(y_{it} / LA_{it}) = \beta_0 + \beta_K \ln(K_{it} / LA_{it}) + \beta_L \ln(L_{it} / LA_{it})
+ \beta_{GHG} \ln(GHG_{it} / LA_{it}) + \beta_N \ln(N_{it} / LA_{it}) + \beta_P \ln(P_{it} / LA_{it}) + Trend \cdot t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

Panel-data DEA (Ruggiero, 2004)

Apply DEA to average inputs and output

Output:
$$\overline{y}_i = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} y_{it}$$

Inputs (ECON):
$$\overline{LA}_i, \overline{K}_i, \overline{L}_i$$

Rationale: random noise is averaged out ("stochastic DEA")

However, TECH and EFF cannot be separated.

StoNED: Shadow prices and R²

| ECON | Mean | St. Dev. | Min | Max |
|----------------|----------|----------|--------|-----------|
| K | 0.1045 | 0.1429 | 0.0000 | 0.3190 |
| L (\$/pers.) | 7 540.32 | 5 199.47 | 0.0000 | 34 546.00 |
| LA (\$/ha) | 394.48 | 312.12 | 0.0000 | 2 249.34 |
| R^2 | 0.855 | | | |
| ENV | Mean | St. Dev. | Min | Max |
| GHG (\$/ton) | 194.54 | 167.39 | 0.00 | 348.71 |
| N (\$/ton) | 1 364.99 | 1 746.38 | 0.00 | 5 838.43 |
| P (\$/ton) | 1 785.50 | 4 572.35 | 0.00 | 34 941.61 |
| LA (\$/ha) | 249.08 | 101.91 | 0.00 | 525.76 |
| R^2 | 0.942 | | | |
| MIX | Mean | St. Dev. | Min | Max |
| K | 0.01936 | 0.03611 | 0.00 | 0.1957 |
| L (\$/pers.) | 3 930.84 | 5 502.72 | 0.00 | 36 216.77 |
| LA (€/ha) | 103.60 | 135.04 | 0.00 | 563.97 |
| GHG (\$/ton) | 148.64 | 127.20 | 0.00 | 362.78 |
| N (\$/ton) | 1 101.25 | 1 132.41 | 0.00 | 5 394.99 |
| P (\$/ton) | 2 133.24 | 4 242.54 | 0.00 | 35 401.12 |
| \mathbb{R}^2 | 0.948 | | | |

StoNED: Time trend

| Model | Coefficient | St. error | t stat | <i>p-</i> value | lower 95% | upper 95% |
|-------------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| ECON | 0.0160 | 0.0070 | 2.2871 | 0.0233 | 0.0022 | 0.0299 |
| ENV | 0.0119 | 0.0044 | 2.6828 | 0.0079 | 0.0032 | 0.0206 |
| MIX | 0.0162 | 0.0042 | 3.8614 | 0.0002 | 0.0079 | 0.0244 |

StoNED: Efficiency and TFP: ECON model

| | Eff level | Rank | Eff change | Rank | TFP change |
|-----|-----------|------|------------|------|------------|
| AUT | 31 % | 9 | 1.060 % | 1 | 2.695 % |
| DEN | 64 % | 2 | 0.852 % | 3 | 2.484 % |
| FIN | 20 % | 13 | 0.396 % | 6 | 2.021 % |
| FRA | 45 % | 3 | 0.440 % | 5 | 2.065 % |
| GER | 44 % | 4 | 0.674 % | 4 | 2.302 % |
| GRE | 42 % | 5 | -1.279 % | 12 | 0.318 % |
| ITA | 41 % | 6 | 0.915 % | 2 | 2.548 % |
| NED | 100_% | _1 | -0.138 % | 7 | 1.477_% |
| NOR | 23 % | 12 | -0.733 % | 10 | 0.873 % |
| POR | 26 % | 10 | -0.460 % | 9 | 1.150 % |
| SPA | 36 % | 8 | -0.927 % | 11 | 0.676 % |
| SWE | 25 % | 11 | -0.340 % | 8 | 1.272 % |
| UK | 37 % | 7 | -1.391 % | 13 | 0.204 % |

Note: Global technical change (TECH) is estimated as 1.618 % for all countries and years



StoNED: Efficiency and TFP: ENV model

| | Eff level | Rank | Eff change | Rank | TFP change |
|-----|-----------|------|------------|------|------------|
| AUT | 72 % | 4 | 0.750 % | 4 | 1.955 % |
| DEN | 70 % | 5 | 1.130 % | 2 | 2.341 % |
| FIN | 43 % | 12 | 0.637 % | 6 | 1.841 % |
| FRA | 64 % | 7 | 0.787 % | 3 | 1.994 % |
| GER | 64 % | 6 | 0.016 % | 7 | 1.213 % |
| GRE | 75 % | 3 | 0.638 % | 5 | 1.842 % |
| ITA | 100 % | 1 | 1.511 % | _1 | 2.726 % |
| NED | 88 % | 2 | -0.139 % | 8 | 1.056 % |
| NOR | 41 % | 13 | -1.676 % | 13 | -0.499 % |
| POR | 61 % | 9 | -1.108 % | 12 | 0.075 % |
| SPA | 62 % | 8 | -0.668 % | 11 | 0.521 % |
| SWE | 50 % | 10 | -0.402 % | 9 | 0.790 % |
| UK | 45 % | 11 | -0.632 % | 10 | 0.558 % |

Note: Global technical change (TECH) is estimated as 1.197 % for all countries and years



StoNED: Efficiency and TFP: MIX model

| | Eff level | Rank | Eff change | Rank | TFP change |
|------|-----------|------|------------|------|------------|
| AUT | 73 % | 4 | 1.080 % | 3 | 2.727 % |
| DEN | 78 % | 3 | 1.367 % | 2 | 3.018 % |
| FIN | 46 % | 12 | 0.536 % | 6 | 2.174 % |
| FRA | 71 % | 6 | 0.752 % | 4 | 2.394 % |
| GER | 68 % | 7 | 0.134 % | 7 | 1.765 % |
| GRE | 72 % | 5 | 0.635 % | 5 | 2.274 % |
| _ITA | 100 % | _1 | 1.475_% | _1 | 3.129 % |
| NED | 90 % | 2 | -0.369 % | 9 | 1.255 % |
| NOR | 41 % | 13 | -1.890 % | 13 | -0.291 % |
| POR | 58 % | 9 | -1.457 % | 12 | 0.148 % |
| SPA | 65 % | 8 | -0.616 % | 10 | 1.003 % |
| SWE | 54 % | 11 | -0.141 % | 8 | 1.486 % |
| UK | 54 % | 10 | -0.943 % | 11 | 0.671 % |

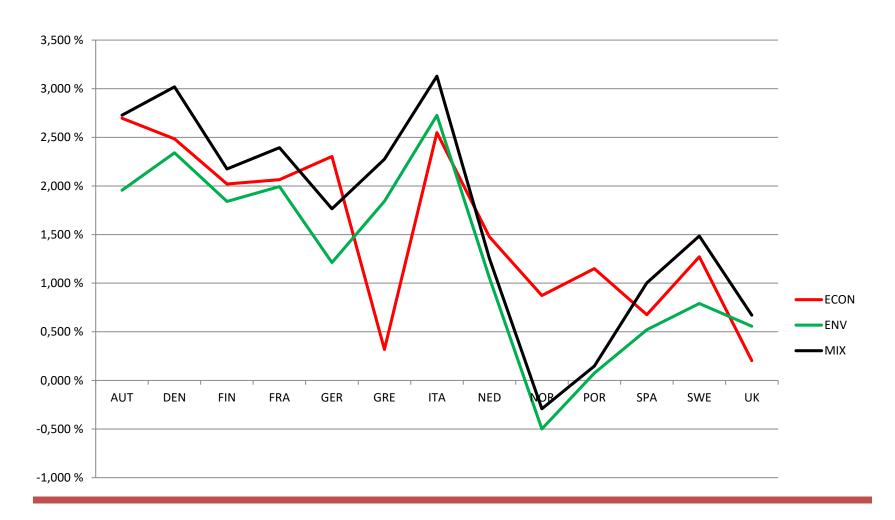
Note: Global technical change (TECH) is estimated as 1.629 % for all countries and year



StoNED: Mean efficiency LEVELS



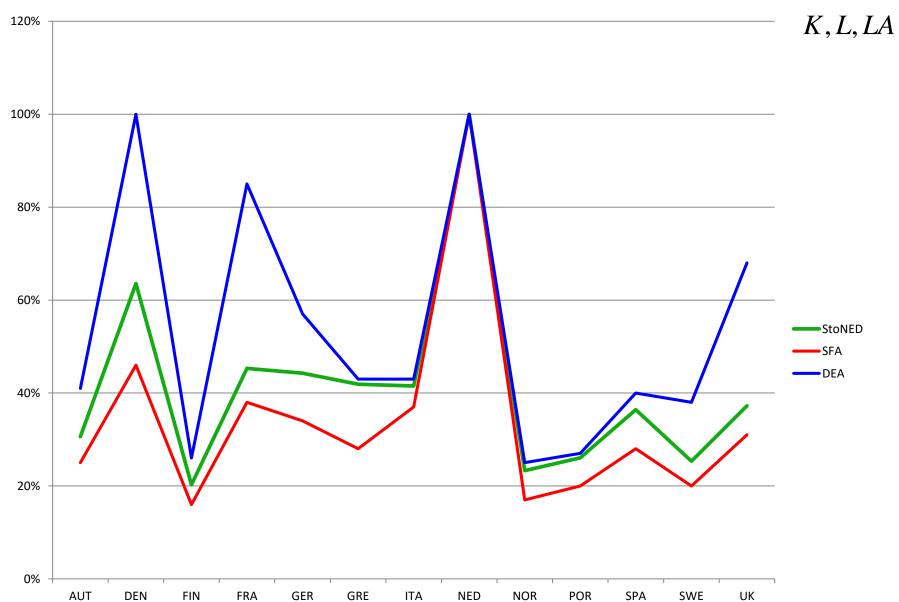
StoNED: Mean TFP change





Mean efficiency levels - ECON model

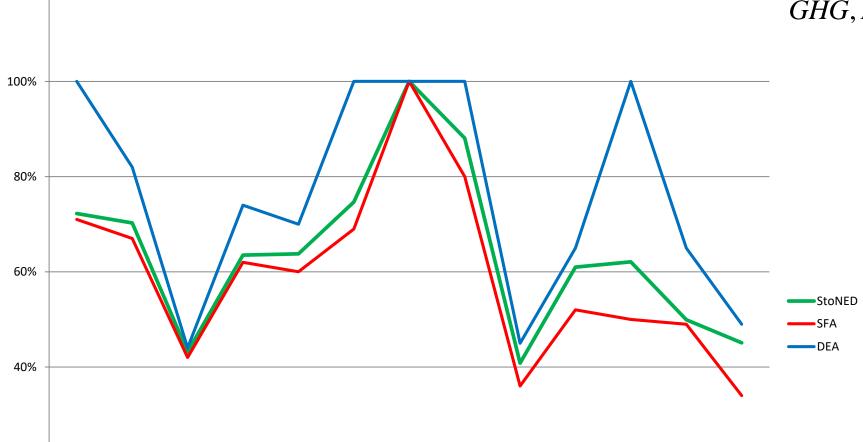
Inputs:

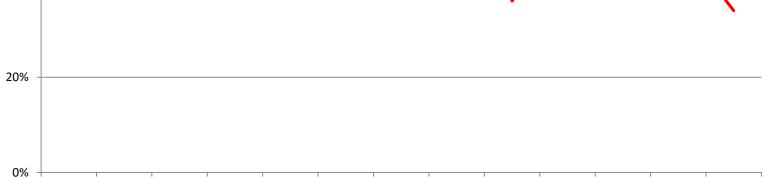


Mean efficiency levels - ENV model

Inputs:







ITA

NED

NOR

POR

SPA

SWE

UK

AUT

DEN

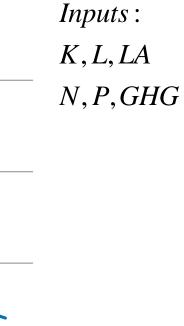
FIN

FRA

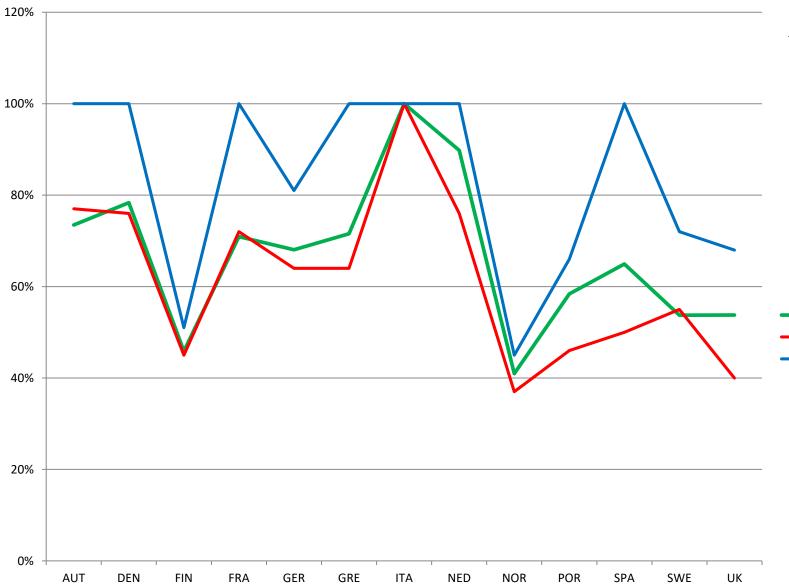
GER

GRE

Mean efficiency levels - MIX model



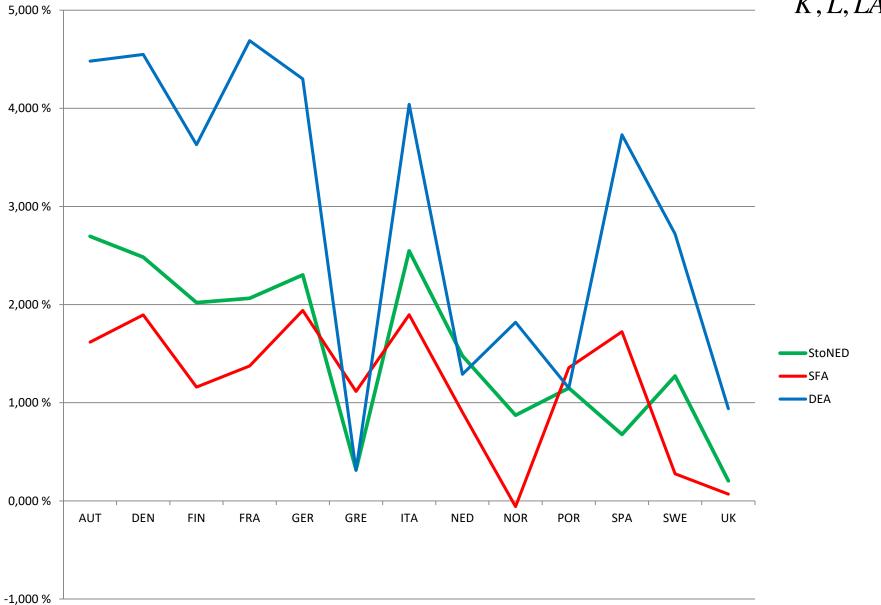
StoNED
SFA
DEA



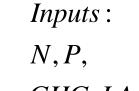
Mean TFP change - ECON model

Inputs:

K, L, LA

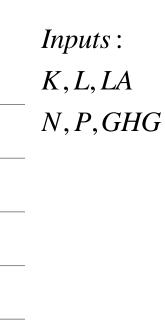


Mean TFP change - ENV model





Mean TFP change - MIX model





Next lesson

8) Structural change

