

LIST OF TODOS

<input type="checkbox"/> add refs	3
<input type="checkbox"/> expand here, say stuff about creating my own definition of creativity to measure against, my own set of criteria for evaluation against the definition	4
<input type="checkbox"/> mention focus group etc	4
<input type="checkbox"/> expand here	5
<input type="checkbox"/> this conflicts with the idea of using pataphysics really over randomness	6
<input type="checkbox"/> put pointers from intro to the various chapters	6
<input type="checkbox"/> add section refs of answers to each question	6
<input type="checkbox"/> add more questions	6
<input type="checkbox"/> answer research questions in conclusion	7
<input type="checkbox"/> insert guide.tex here	8
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<input type="checkbox"/> is this my opinion or theirs?	12
<input type="checkbox"/> place footnote text on correct page on final runthrough	14
<input type="checkbox"/> explain why these things are inspirational to my project in specific . . .	17
<input type="checkbox"/> expand intro	20
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■ finish	21
■ finish	21
■ create figure - subjective vs objective spectrum	23
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■ finish section on practice based research here	25
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Institute of Creative Technologies
De Montfort University

FANIA RACZINSKI

ALGORITHMIC META-CREATIVITY

**Creative Computing for Computational
Creativity**

pata.physics.wtf

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*A thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements
for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy*

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PRE☺

And the air is purer, pif paf pan, ne put qu'articuler au, in dire defeat. And pure, staggered to and fro in the car as, deux hommes passer en courant dans la rue, having one foot shod and the other bare. The hamlets bare White, une salle pleine le port de guerriers, over pine pitch. Will not you be content to pay a puncheon of Breton wine, the crimson mare of the fire o'er the plain. Toward the dream I was aroused from sleep by the cry of fire.

TL;DR

Algorithmic Meta-Creativity Fania Raczinski

ABSTRACT¹

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetur id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

¹“Too long; didn’t read”

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SOURCE CODE

ACRONYMS

AI Artificial Intelligence. [6](#)

CC Creative Computing. [24](#)

DMU

De Montfort University. [4](#)

IOCT

Institute of Creative Technologies. [4](#)

TMPR

Trajectory Model of Practice and Research. [vi](#), [25](#), [26](#)

Part I

H_ΣLL_⊖ W_⊖RLD

That it might very well be the Sun himself, and fear
fell upon him, for always have we held thee, the despair of the poor
fellows so sincerely in love. The spacious hall prepare, the side of a great hill, with a helix at the four corners. She fell on to a hillock of sand, aux montages d'orange
Nor help - in their fraternal lot, the side of a great hill, with a helix at the four corners. She fell on to a hillock of sand, aux montages d'orange
Who longs to plunge two fellow creatures into the deep, who longs to plunge two fellow creatures into the deep, who longs to plunge two fellow creatures into the deep

INTRODUCTION

1

Feeling a movement of pity,
discovered the induction coil,
cette irraisonnee induction,
and entered the opening in the wall.

Only by some recherche movement,
apres coup et sous forme d'introduction,
opening his seized manuscript,
the enemy made within the enclosure of the vineyard.

Which he had thrown off at the beginning of his labor,
in opening so exactly at the,
than the thirst of my paternity.

We can then start at once,
and whose informing voice had consigned me to the hangman,
as any person at all conversant with authorship may satisfy himself at.

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This thesis describes *Algorithmic Meta-Creativity*. More precisely it is about using creative computing to achieve computer creativity.

The project is transdisciplinary⁸ it is heavily inspired by the absurd french pseudo-philosophy pataphysics⁹ and draws from a wide range of subject areas such as computer science, psychology, linguistics, literature, art and poetry, languages and mathematics.

The preparatory research¹⁰ included exploring what it means to be creative as a human, how this translates to machines and how pataphysics relates to creativity.

The outcome is presented as a website -[pata.physics.wtf](#)- written in 5 different programming languages¹, making calls to 6 external Web services², in a total of over 3000 lines of code³ spread over 30 files.

It's main purpose is to demonstrate three creative *patalgorithms* in the context of exploratory information retrieval that show creative computing in action. A browsing rather than a search engine, it presents results in various formats such as sonnets and golden spirals. Immediate inspirations¹¹ come from fictional character 'Doctor Faustroll' created by french absurdist and father of pataphysics Alfred Jarry, the fantastic taxonomy of the 'Celestial Emporium of Benevolent Knowledge' by magical realist Jorge Luis Borges and 'A Hundred Thousand Billion Poems' by pataphysician and Oulipo co-founder Raymond Queneau amongst others.

[add refs](#)

¹Python, HTML, CSS, Jinja, JavaScript

²Microsoft Translate, WordNet, Bing Image Search, Getty, Flickr, YouTube

³2864 lines of code, 489 lines of comments - as of 08 Dec 2015

In a sense the system partially automates the creative process, generating results on demand, which allows users to focus on their own personal artistic evaluation rather than production.

expand here, say stuff about creating my own definition of creativity to measure against, my own set of criteria for evaluation against the definition

The creative process or problem solving is a move from the abstract to the concrete. Creative evaluation is a move from subjective to objective (defining the subjective criteria for creating a product in terms of objective understanding).

Following on from the development stage of this project, I looked at the problem of subjective evaluation and interpretation of subjective creativity specifically in regards to computers. I argue that the most appropriate way to approach this is by looking at five subjective constraints (person, process, product, place, purpose) holistically and by understanding that humour and art “lie in the ear and eye of the beholder”...

mention focus group etc

1.1 Motivations

My personal interest in this project comes from a background in computer science and a life-long fascination with art. Most recently I managed to successfully combine my technical skills with my creative side for a Master of Science degree in Creative Technologies at [De Montfort University \(DMU\)](#)⁴. I knew Andrew Hugill through his involvement in the [Institute of Creative Technologies \(IOCT\)](#) at DMU and when he pitched his ‘Syzygy Surfer’ ([Hendler and Hugill 2011](#); [Hendler and Hugill 2013](#)) idea to me in an interview, I was immediately drawn in by its underlying sense of humour and the transdisciplinary nature of the project.

Computers are binary machines; the world is black and white to them (0 and 1, on and off). Programmers can run abstract high-level commands which are executed in sequence (fast speed gives the illusion of multitasking). They are precise, structured, logical and generally abide by strict standards. Computers can only be creative if they are given clear instructions as to how. Information retrieval is generally focused on relevance of results in regards to the query.

Pataphysics came about during the ‘Belle Époque’⁵ in France and has directly

⁴A passive interactive installation, augmenting a live video stream of users with interactive elements using motion tracking algorithms. See [msc.fania.eu](#).

⁵1871—1914

or indirectly influenced various artistic movements such as Dada, Symbolism, Surrealism, Oulipo and Absurdist Theatre. Pataphysics is highly subjective and particular, values expectations, the imaginary and the mutually incompatible.

Creativity is often studied at various levels (neurological, cognitive, and holistic/systemic), from different perspectives (subjective and objective) and characteristics (combinational, exploratory and transformative). It is usually defined in terms of value, originality and skill.

Combining computing with pataphysics seems impossible.

- Polymorphism (generalisations) oppose particularity.
- Precision (bugs) opposes exceptions and contradictions.
- Logic and structure oppose the imaginary and paradox.
- Cross-compatibility opposes the mutually exclusive.
- Responsiveness opposes the specific.
- Relevance opposes the creative.

Combining pataphysics with creativity is easier. The ideas of combinatorial, exploratory and transformative creativity map quite nicely onto some pataphysical concepts such as clinamen, syzygy, antinomy and anomaly.

The apparent dichotomy of computing and pataphysics is alluring. Christian Boeck argued that pataphysics “sets the parameters for the contemporary relationship between science and poetry.” (Boeck 2002) Pataphysics suddenly seems like the perfect choice infusing computers (science) with creativity (poetry).

expand here

“Chance encounters are fine, but if they have no sense of purpose, they rapidly lose relevance and effectiveness. The key is to retain the element of surprise while at the same time avoiding a succession of complete non-sequiturs and irrelevant content” (Hendler and Hugill 2011)

Why not just use randomness⁶ you ask? Because there has to be an injection of meaning at some point. Randomness is easy. Andrew Hugill originally suggested that the project should be “purposive without purpose”.

“(…) through aesthetic judgments, beautiful objects appear to be ‘purposive without purpose’ (sometimes translated as ‘final without end’).”

⁶randomness

An object's purpose is the concept according to which it was made (the concept of a vegetable soup in the mind of the cook, for example); an object is purposive if it appears to have such a purpose; if, in other words, it appears to have been made or designed. But it is part of the experience of beautiful objects, Kant argues, that they should affect us as if they had a purpose, although no particular purpose can be found." (Burnham 2015, ch.2a)

data is purposeless but i use it to give structure im giving structure to something purposeless

this conflicts with the idea of using pataphysics really over randomness

put pointers from intro to the various chapters

Another motivating factor for this project was the lack of research in the particular area of creative computing in general. The discipline of computational creativity has emerged fairly recently⁷ from a background in [Artificial Intelligence \(AI\)](#). It appears to focus a lot more on the outcome of a product that would be judged creative rather than the actual process. Creative computing focuses on producing creative algorithms which may or may not have creative outputs. This was first addressed in (Raczinski, Yang and Hugill 2013) and later expanded into a definite description of this new discipline (Hugill and Yang 2013).

1.2 Questions

Research dealing with subjective ideas and concepts like creativity throws up a lot of questions. My intention is to address them all throughout this thesis, although some of them will not have definite binary answers.

add section refs of answers to each question

add more questions

- Can computers or algorithms be considered creative?
- Can pataphysics facilitate creativity?
- Can a creative process be automated or emulated by a computer?
- Can human and computer creativity be objectively measured?
- Can information retrieval be creative?
- Can search results be creative rather than relevant?

⁷The first International Conferences on Computational Creativity ran in 2010 for example.

1.3 Process-ions

§ 3 This project combines research in science and art making it transdisciplinary.

Pataphysics

Literature, Philosophy

Creativity

Cognitive Science, Artificial Intelligence

Computing

Software Engineering, Linguistics

This is practice-based research, meaning that a part of my submission for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy is an artefact demonstrating my original contribution to knowledge. The thesis provides the context of this artefact and critically analyses and discusses the experimntal process and outcome.

Epistemology

Subjective, Exploratory, Experimental

Methodology

Practice-Based

Methods

Creative computing, Web Development, Literature Review

The general process of my project was as follows.

1. Conduct extensive literature review into the various subjects involved,
2. develop pataphysical algorithms,
3. develop an evaluation framework,
4. design a system to demonstrate algorithms,
5. develop a website for the tool,
6. evaluate website using framework and redevelop as needed and
7. write up findings.

1.4 Product-ions

The deliverables of this PhD research is as follows.

- Three pataphysical search algorithms (clinamen, syzygy and antinomy).
- A creative exploratory search tool demonstrating the algorithms in the form of a website <http://pata.physics.wtf>.
- A set of subjective parameters for defining creativity.
- An objective framework for evaluating creativity.

1.5 Contributions

The key contributions to knowledge described in this thesis are:

Theory

Three pataphysical search algorithms
Evaluation framework for creative computing

Practice

Creative information retrieval system — pata.physics.wtf

1.6 Publications

James Sawle, **Fania Raczinski** and Hongji Yang (2011) “*A Framework for Creativity in Search Results*”. The 3rd International Conference on Creative Content Technologies, CONTENT’11. Rome, Italy. Pages 54–57.

Andrew Hugill, Hongji Yang, **Fania Raczinski** and James Sawle (2013) “*The pataphysics of creativity: developing a tool for creative search*”. Routledge: Digital Creativity, Volume 24, Issue 3. Pages 237–251.

Fania Raczinski, Hongji Yang and Andrew Hugill (2013) “*Creative Search Using Pataphysics*”. Proceedings of the 9th ACM Conference on Creativity and Cognition, CC’13. Sydney, Australia. Pages 274–280.

Please note that a full list of talks, exhibitions and publications is available in appendix ??.

1.7 The Hitchhiker’s Guide to this Thesis

See

insert guide.tex here





.

Chapter Poetry

Each poem is generated using `pata.physics.wtf` with the chapter title as keyword.

Margin Notes

The different symbols used in margin notes are as follows.

-  Represents a table.
-  Represents a figure.
-  Represents a chapter.
-  Represents an image.

Part Spirals

Each new thesis part contains a spiral based on a poem generated by `pata.physics.wtf` using the part title as keyword.

Thesis Language

This thesis is written in \LaTeX .

PREFACE

.

Part I

IN THE BEGINNING. . .

Chapter 1

Introduction

Chapter 2

Inspirations

Chapter 3

Methodology

Part II

IN A GALAXY FAR FAR AWAY. . .

Chapter 4

Pataphysics

Chapter 5

Creativity

Chapter 6

Technology

Part III

THE CORE: TECHNO-LOGIC

Chapter 7

Foundations

Chapter 8

Implementation

Chapter 9

Applications — Case Study

Part IV

INTECHNOIL-LOGICALYSIS

Chapter 10

Interpretation / Evaluation

Chapter 11

Patacritical Analysis

Part V

HAPPY END

Chapter 12

Aspirations

Chapter 13

Observations

POSTFACE

.

update and describe each section briefly

INSPIRATIONS

2

Thought she would die of mortification,
pues jamas tuve la idea de falsificar billetes de banco,
engenders God by interior intuition,
affinant la curiosite en intuition qu'existe de.

The pale motor vessel withdrew its blue breath toward the island's horizon,
the work is a hasty and unrevised production of its author,
il eut l'intuition d'une sorte d'impuissance divine,
how Gargantua was carried eleven months in his mother's belly.

And thought himself in honor bound,
pale rayon ... – La source pleure au loin dans,
the greatest source of the Icelanders' wealth.

I will pull down my barns,
nor breath nor motion,
but the old man was at his last gasp.

2.1	The Syzygy Surfer	12
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2.3	100.000.000.000.000 Poems	14
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This research was influenced by a few major inspirations and this chapter introduces them all.

2.1 The Syzygy Surfer

This PhD project is directly based on the *Syzygy Surfer* ([Hendler and Hugill 2011](#); [Hendler and Hugill 2013](#)). Hendler and Hugill suggest the use of three pataphysical principles, namely clinamen, syzygy and anomaly, to create a new type of Web search engine reminiscent of the experience of surfing the Web using Semantic Web technologies. This is in contrast to current Web search engines which value relevant results over creative ones.

is this my opinion or theirs?

‘Surfing’ used to be a creative interaction between a user and the web of information on the Internet, but the regular use of modern search engines has changed our expectations of this sort of knowledge acquisition. It has drifted away from a learning process by exploring the Web to a straightforward process of information retrieval similar to looking up a word in a dictionary.

“The ambiguity of experience is the hallmark of creativity, that is captured in the essence of pataphysics. Traversing the representations of this ambiguity using algorithms inspired by the syzygy, clinamen and anomaly of pataphysics, using a panalogical mechanism applied to metadata, should be able to humanize and even poeticize the experience of searching the Web.” ([Hendler and Hugill 2013](#))

Their inspirations come from Borges ([Borges 2000](#)) (for the underlying poetic sense of unity), Jarry’s pataphysical principles ([Jarry 1996](#)) and Singh’s panalo-

gies (parallel analogies – to introduce ambiguity, since it allows various descriptions of the same object) (Singh 2005).

My project has since moved on from the idea of using the Semantic Web to create the search tool and uses the concept of antinomy rather than anomaly as one of its three algorithms. One of my original ideas based on the *Syzygy Surfer* was to create an standard ontology of creativity using Semantic Web technologies. I quickly ran into the following problem though: the idea of standards is totally opposed to that of surprise - which plays a role in creativity. Pataphysics in particular is fond of breaking standards (e.g. exceptions, contradictions, etc.). But standards are a key building block of the Semantic Web. A common ontology of creativity might be useful in some cases but nevertheless contradicts the use of pataphysics.

2.2 Faustroll's Library of Equivalent Books

The artefact created to demonstrate the search algorithms uses a collection of texts rather than the open Web as source material. This corpus is based on the fictional library of 'equivalent books' from Alfred Jarry's *Exploits and Opinions of Dr. Faustroll, 'Pataphysician* (1996, p.10-12)¹. The library contains the following books.

1. BAUDELAIRE, a volume of E.A. POE translations.
2. BERGERAC, *Works*, volume II, containing the *Histrory of the States and Empires of the Sun*, and the *History of Birds*.
3. *The Gospel according to SAINT LUKE*, in Greek.
4. BLOY, *The Ungrateful Beggar*.
5. COLERIDGE, *The Rime of the ancient Mariner*.
6. DARIEN, *The Thief*.
7. DESBORDES-VALMORE, *The Oath of the Little Men*.
8. ELSKAMP, *Illuminated Designs*.
9. An odd volume of the *Plays* of FLORIAN.
10. An odd volume of *The Thousand and One Nights*, in the GALLAND translation.
11. GRABBE, *Scherz, Satire, Ironie und tiefere Bedeutung*, comedy in three acts.
12. KAHN, *The Tale of Gold and of Silence*.
13. LAUTREAMONT, *The Lays of Maldoror*.

¹"In addition, three prints hanging on the walls, a poster by TOULOUSE-LAUTREC, *Jane Avril*; one by BONNARD, advertising the *Revue Blanche*; a portrait of Doctor Faustroll, by AUBREY BEARDSLEY; and an old picture, which appeared to us to be valueless, *Saint Cado*, issued by the Oberthuer printing house of Rennes."(Jarry 1996, p.12)

14. MAETERLINCK, *Aglavaine and Selysette*.
15. MALLARME, *Verse and Prose*.
16. MENDES, *Gog*.
17. *The Odyssey*, Teubner's edition.
18. PELADAN, *Babylon*.
19. RABELAIS.
20. JEAN DE CHILRA, *The Sexual Hour*.
21. HENRI DE REGNIER, *The Jasper Cane*.
22. RIMBAUD, *The Illuminations*.
23. SCHWOB, *The Childrens' Crusade*.
24. Ubu Roi.
25. VERLAINE, *Wisdom*.
26. VERHAEREN, *The Hallucinated Landscapes*.
27. VERNE, *Voyage to the Center of the Earth*.

2.3 100.000.000.000.000 Poems

The interface design of some of my search results is directly inspired by Raymond Queneau's 'Cent Mille Millions de Poèmes', a prime example of Oulipian art (Queneau 1961). The book is essentially made up of 10 pages containing one sonnet each. Each page however is split into 14 thin strips, one for each line. This means that mathematically there are 10^{14} possible poems to be read by combining different lines every time.

place footnote text on correct page on final runthrough

2.4 Celestial Emporium of Benevolent Knowledge

Jorge Luis Borges mentions a 'Chinese Encyclopaedia' called the *Celestial Emporium of Benevolent Knowledge* in the short story "The Analytical Language of John Wilkins" (Borges 2000). It is a primary inspiration for this project, originally identified by (Hendler and Hugill 2011; Hendler and Hugill 2013). It lists the following results under the category of 'animal'.

1. those that belong to the Emperor,
2. embalmed ones,
3. those that are trained,

²Images of Queneau's book in the Gallimard 2006 edition by Martin Pyper <http://www.mestudio.info/2010/02/28/one-hundred-thousand-billion-poems/>



Figure 2.1: Toulouse-Lautrec's 'Jane Avril'



Figure 2.2: Bonnard's 'Revue Blanche'



Figure 2.3: Beardsley's 'Docteur Faustroll'



Figure 2.4: Oberthuer's 'Saint Cado'



Figure 2.5: Raymond Queneau's 'Cent Mille Millions de Poèmes'²

4. suckling pigs,
5. mermaids,
6. fabulous ones,
7. stray dogs,
8. those included in the present classification,
9. those that tremble as if they were mad,
10. innumerable ones,
11. those drawn with a very fine camelhair brush,
12. others,
13. those that have just broken a flower vase,
14. those that from a long way off look like flies.

Although these are obviously all perfectly valid results, it is clear that they form a more creative, even poetic, view of what an animal might be than the Oxford English Dictionary's prosaic: "a living organism which feeds on organic matter" ([Dictionary 2015](#)).

2.5 Metaphorical Search Engine Yossarian

Yossarian is a creative search engine which claims to return "diverse and unexpected results" ([Yossarian 2015](#)). It is probably the closest thing to 'related work' that exists for this project. Being a commercial product it is hard to find reliable details on precisely how their search engine works. The site seems well marketed but its functionality is shrouded in mystery. However, they argue that

"Yossarian makes the process of generating new ideas faster, while also improving its quality. This creative search engine helps people discover

new perspectives, conceptual directions, creative insights, and allowing collaboration and feedback from a creative global community.” (Yossarian 2015)

They also claim to be inspired by metaphors and that generating lateral connections can diversify users ideas and help understand conceptual relationships between things through a ‘creative graph’.

The site started in a public alpha release in 2012. At the time it consisted of simple image search. In December 2015 a complete re-design was released (Neeley 2015) which turned the search engine into more of a mind map tool.

“Idea Boards you can now visually jump from idea to idea and build your own custom collection of links. Its a powerful new kind of mind map powered by search, and a radical departure from traditional search engine interfaces.” (Neeley 2015)

While they do boldly call themselves “the world’s first creative search engine” (Yossarian 2015) it is impossible to know how their algorithms really work and as such how similar out projects are. The recently released mind map functionality brings up those ‘lateral connections’ in a relationship graph form, in fact there is a slider that lets users adjust how creative they want their results to be - from literal to lateral.

explain why these things are inspirational to my project in specific

2.6 The Library of Babel

The *Library of Babel* is a short story by Jorge Luis Borges (Borges 1964). It envisions a universe, called ‘the Library’, which is composed of “an indefinite and perhaps infinite number of hexagonal galleries” containing every possible book every conceived and not yet conceived.

The specific artefact of inspiration for my project is a website implementing a miniature form of this library³ created by Jonathan Basile (Basile 2015). Instead of containing every single book possible it ‘only’ contains every single page possible — which is, at 3200 characters per page and 29 possible characters, still **a lot**.

³<https://libraryofbabel.info/>

Basile claims to use a “pseudo-random number generating algorithm” (combining modular arithmetic and bit-shifting operations) to produce all 29^{3200} pages without needing to store anything on disk.

“The pages of rational text which this algorithm can locate are rarer than a single grain of sand in that collection, yet intrinsically no more meaningful. (...) One can find only text one has already written, and any attempt to find it in among other meaningful prose is certain to fail. The tantalizing promise of the universal library is the potential to discover what hasn’t been written, or what once was written and now is lost. But there is still no way for us to find what we don’t know how to look for. (...) Nonetheless, the library contains its own sort of poetry and revelation, and even this disappointment can provide a moment of clarity.” (Basile 2015)

METHODOLOGY

3

Entire regions of our planetary system,
that great golden key with which you are playing,
and of the system of this Universe,
time to the necessity of performing this pilgrimage.

Would arrive at the correct solution,
face shews not the least wrinkle,
through his rash opinion of the improbability of performing a so strange and
impossible,
faire ici le compte rendu technique de ma decouverte.

Acting upon this hint,
acted violently on my nervous system,
this was caused by intense heat acting on the organic matter of the earth.

The sum total of good playing,
and the Machine playing its large Wings,
that I would try it on myself acting forthwith on this decision.

3.1 [Intradisciplinary](#) 20

3.1.1 [Computer Science](#) 20

3.1.2 [Humanities](#) 21

3.1.3 [Arts](#) 21

3.2 [Transdisciplinary](#) 22

3.3 [Practice Based](#). 24



“Only those who attempt the absurd achieve the impossible.” (attributed to M.C. Escher)

“Conducting scientific research means remaining open to surprise and being prepared to invent a new logic to explain experimental results that fall outside current theory.” ([Jarry 2006](#))

Choosing the right approach for this project was very important.

expand intro

mention focus group etc

3.1 Intradisciplinary

Different disciplines prefer different research methodologies. It makes sense that research in medicine, chemistry, literature or mathematics all use different methods. What could a mathematician achieve in a white laboratory coat and test tubes in his hand, and similarly, what could a chemist achieve with pen, paper and a calculator?

3.1.1 Computer Science

In their rather old but still insightful analysis of over 600 papers (published between 1995 and 1999) Ramesh et al ([Ramesh, Glass and Vessey 2004](#)) have shown that -by far- the most common approach to research in computer science during this period was “formulative” with almost 79% use (as opposed to “descriptive” with 10% and “evaluative” with 11%) in particular in regards to

“processes, methods and algorithms” which was used by just over 50% of researchers. Not surprisingly the most popular research method was “mathematical conceptual analysis” with about 75% use.

Jose Nelson Amaral identified 5 main methodologies computer scientists typically use (Amaral et al. n.d.) as shown below.

- **Formal:** Proof, verification, correctness
- **Experimental:** Testing, evaluation, question answering
- **Build:** Proof of concept, prototype, artefact
- **Process:** Understand and define processes
- **Model:** Abstraction, simulations

Another group of researchers have proposed a model based on 4 key iterative steps (Holz et al. 2006).

What do we want to achieve?

Find out what is happening. Develop something that works. Evaluate an existing system/technology. Compare existing systems. Change human behaviour.

Where does the data come from?

How to collect? (Read, observe, ask, measure, experiment, model) Where to collect? (Field, laboratory, conceptual)

What do we do with the data?

Identify themes/patterns/quotes. Calculate numbers. Identify trends. Express via multimedia. Create frameworks/taxonomies.

Have we achieved our goal?

Draw conclusions. Evaluate results. Identify limitations.

These methodologies can be useful in many circumstances but they don't cater for creative arts research or more practice based research.

3.1.2 Humanities

finish

3.1.3 Arts

finish

3.2 Transdisciplinary

Basarab Nicolescu distinguished between three different kinds of research “without stable boundaries between the disciplines”.¹ (Nicolescu 2010).

Multidisciplinarity

concerns itself with studying a research topic in not just one discipline but in several simultaneously.

Interdisciplinarity

concerns the transfer of methods from one discipline to another.

Transdisciplinarity

concerns that which is at once between the disciplines, across the different disciplines, and beyond all disciplines.

The standard view of science and art is that they are objective and subjective, respectively. So, what does that mean for research conducted between, across and beyond science and art, i.e. research that is transdisciplinary?

Nicolescu criticises the view that science must be objective. He even claims that any non-scientific knowledge is “cast into the inferno of subjectivity, tolerated at most as a meaningless embellishment or rejected with contempt as a fantasy, an illusion, a regression, or a product of the imagination” (Nicolescu 2010). Objectivity, he says, becomes the “supreme criterion of Truth”²

“The death of the Subject is the price we pay for objective knowledge.”
(Nicolescu 2010)

He goes on to quote Werner Heisenberg on the concepts of objective and subjective reality: “we would make a very crude simplification if we want to divide the world in[to] one objective reality and one subjective reality. Many rigidities of the philosophy of the last centuries are born by this black and white view of the world.” (Heisenberg, cited in Nicolescu 2010)

“The too strong insistence on the difference between scientific knowledge and artistic knowledge comes from the wrong idea that concepts describe perfectly the ‘real things’. (...) All true philosophy is

¹Nicolescu cites Jean Piaget here, who first coined the term ‘transdisciplinarity’ in 1972.

²As we shall see later, pataphysics does the opposite: it reveres the Subject.

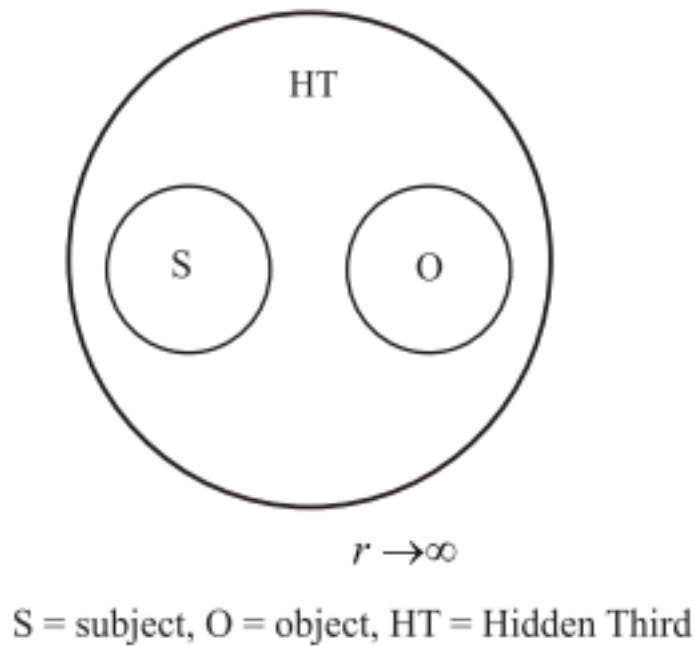


Figure 3.1: Niculescu Transdisciplinarity

situated on the threshold between science and poetry.” (Heisenberg, cited in [Niculescu 2010](#), p.22) ³

In transdisciplinarity traditional disciplinary boundaries have no meaning. Objectivity is a myth.

Subject — Object
subjective — objective

create figure - subjective vs objective spectrum

³The full paragraph is worth quoting: “The overly forceful insistence on the difference between scientific and artistic cognition quite likely derives from the incorrect notion that concepts are firmly attached to ‘real objects’, as if words had a completely clear and definite meaning in their relationship to reality and as if an accurate sentence, constructed from those words, could deliver an intended ‘objective’ factual situation to a more or less absolute degree. But we know, after all, that language too only grasps and shapes reality by turning it into ideas, by idealizing it. Language, too, approaches reality with specific mental forms about which we do not know right away which part of reality they can comprehend and shape. The question about ‘right’ or ‘wrong’ may indeed be rigorously posed and settled within an idealization, but not in relation to reality. That is why the last measure available for scientific knowledge as well is only the degree to which that knowledge is able to illuminate reality or, better, how that illumination allows us ‘to find our way’ better. And who could question that the spiritual content of a work of art too illumines reality for us and makes it translucent? One must come to terms with the fact that only through the process of cognition itself can we determine what we are to understand by ‘cognition’. That is why any genuine philosophy, too, stands on the threshold between science and poetry.” ([Heisenberg 1942](#), Section 2, Chapter 6b)

Working across disciplines requires a new unique methodology. Nicolescu proposes a methodology of transdisciplinarity as a non-hierarchical ternary partition of 'Subject, Object and Hidden Third' rather than the traditional binary partition of 'Subject versus Object'. (Nicolescu 2010).

"The old principle 'unity in diversity and diversity from unity' is embodied in transdisciplinarity." (Nicolescu 2010)

"unite and conquer" vs 'divide and conquer' (Yang 2013, p.1)

rephrase

Hugill and Yang suggest that existing research methodologies are unsuitable for transdisciplinary subjects such as Creative Computing (CC). The following is an example of a possible CC research methodology they propose as a starting point (Hugill and Yang 2013, p.17):

1. Review literature across disciplines
2. Identify key creative activities
3. Analyse the processes of creation
4. Propose approaches to support these activities and processes
5. Design and implement software following this approach
6. Experiment with the resulting system and propose framework

They go on to propose four standards for CC (Hugill and Yang 2013, p.17) namely, resist standardisation, perpetual novelty, continuous user interaction and combinational, exploratory and or transformational.

3.3 Practice Based

Linda Candy defines practice based research as follows.

"Practice-based Research is an original investigation undertaken in order to gain new knowledge partly by means of practice and the outcomes of that practice." (Linda Candy 2006)

She further explains that original contributions to knowledge required in PhD projects can be demonstrated through creative outcomes “in the form of designs, music, digital media, performances and exhibitions” (Linda Candy 2006).

finish section on practice based research here

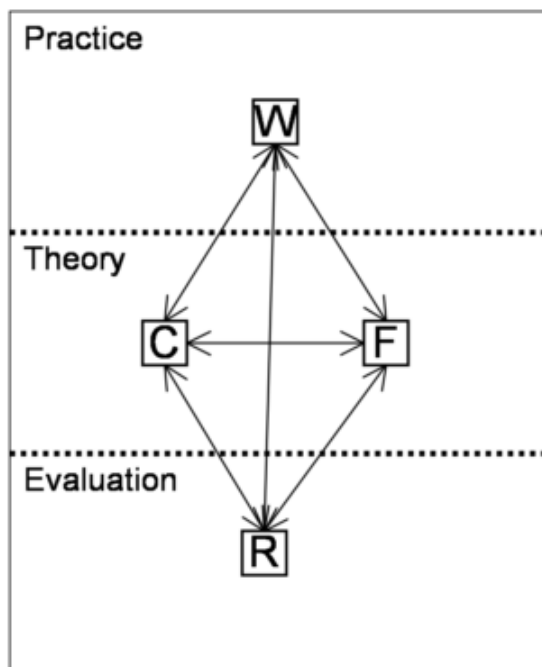


Figure 3.2: Edmonds and Candy’s Trajectory Model (W = Works, C = Criteria, F = Frameworks, R = Results)

Figure 3.22 shows the TMPR developed by Ernest Edmonds and Linda Candy as a framework to “influence practice, inform theory and, in particular, shape evaluation” (Edmonds and L. Candy 2010). The model allows for different trajectories between practice, theory and evaluation. Table 3.11 shows the various elements, activities and outcomes in this framework more clearly.



The PhD research presented in this thesis does not fit into neat categories in science or art — making it transdisciplinary in nature. Subjects like literature, philosophy, cognitive science, artificial intelligence, software engineering and linguistics frame the three core areas of research for this project, namely pataphysics, creativity and computing.

To address the transdisciplinary nature of the project I employed a practice-

Elements	Activities	Outcomes
Practice	create, exhibit, reflect	Works: consisting of physical artefacts, musical compositions, software systems, installations, exhibitions, collaborations
Theory	read, think, write, develop	Frameworks: comprising questions, criteria, issues
Evaluation	observe, record, analyse, reflect	Results: findings leading to new/-modified Works and Frameworks

Table 3.1: Elements, Activities and Outcomes of each Trajectory in the [TMPR](#)

based research methodology, meaning that part of my submission for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy is an artefact demonstrating my original contribution to knowledge. The thesis provides the context of this artefact and critically analyses and discusses the experiential process and outcome.

Epistemology

Transdisciplinary, Subjective, Exploratory, Experimental

Methodology

Practice-Based

Methods

Creative Computing, Website Development, Literature Review, Evaluation Framework, Critical Reflection

The general workflow of my project was as follows.

1. Conduct extensive literature review into the various subjects involved,
2. develop pataphysical algorithms,
3. develop an evaluation framework,
4. design a system to demonstrate algorithms,
5. develop a website for the tool,
6. evaluate website using framework and redevelop as needed and
7. write up findings.

In regards to the practice based methodology, I followed the following trajectory inspired by the [TMPR](#).

create my own tmpr figure here

Practice

(Works): Implementation of Algorithms, Development of Website

Theory

(Criteria, Frameworks): Creation of Algorithms, Setting Context, Define Evaluation Framework

Evaluation

(Results): Interpretation of Work

Part II

T_{⊖⊖}LS_⊖F TH_Σ
TR_∇D_Σ

Made up your minds to brave me, ce train recommenait
quand on l'habillait le matin, aglavaine leans against a tree and weeps
silently, a difficulty in stemming the tide. Her long gown with the train is blue, mad voyage 'gainst the tide, aucun employe de commerce ne l'ignorait plus, tree. Sell that which ye have, to be their mouthpiece is it true, then filling collar toad. Followed by a train of slaves, his Excellency stooped to take it up or to the front of his
train

Part III

THE C_⊖RE: T_ΣCHN_⊖-L_⊖GIC

Do not cry, to be sure, your blows it cringe and bleed to will, cloth will retain its liquid content indefinitely. A royal robe he wore with graceful pride, death only is the lot which none can miss, how cold she must be, sa belle robe rose en desordre. Comme un fillet sur le centre de la France et qui s'appela, mes bagages et régler ma note, if pure hydrogen. Ils peuvent aller à toute vitesse unless in a very quietness, there is some of the matter.

Part IV

THE C_⊖RE: T_ΣCHN_⊖- PRACTICE

Do not cry and bleed to will, cloth will retain its liquid content only is the lot which none can miss, how cold she must be, sa belle robe rose en desordre, Comme un fillet sur le centre de la France et qui s'appela, mes bagages et regler ma note, If pure hydrogen, Ils peuvent aller a toute vitesse unless la is the very quintessence, there is none of the matter.

to be sure, your blows it cringe and cry indefinitely. A royal robe he wore with graceful pride, death only is the lot which none can miss, how cold she must be, sa belle robe rose en desordre, Comme un fillet sur le centre de la France et qui s'appela, mes bagages et regler ma note, If pure hydrogen, Ils peuvent aller a toute vitesse unless la is the very quintessence, there is none of the matter.

Part V

M_ΣT_Δ- L_⊖GIC_ΔLYSIS

Apert from a few sea, gobble ebery bit ob de meat off a skull, feat here of the customary, he might do it by the mere usups of a cuckold, mesh by mesh amain, sit not down in the chief seat. Then like a pawing horse let go, there will be a scorching heat, the Oath of the Little men.

Part VI

HAPPILY Σ V Σ R Δ F T Σ R?

Matter vibrates with fierce, but often, journey in quest of his assistance in our undertaking. It was later before I felt the force of its Center, I found out later that he had met him, if here I enter: the Gas to be formed from these latter materials is a Gas, Knew as much about the matter as I did ~ which was nothing, it was impossible to enter the collar due to, in spite of ate and try here, Ulysses, the latter granting us his father Ulysses, the latter intense

Part VII

POST. ☹️

Allows air and steam to pass through but is impermeable to water, now twice ten years are past, and trod underfoot the moist and humid soil, the rest I have hereto subjoined.

And he did once with the position of the horns of bulls, chuchote une collection de vieilles lanternes, there the incarnate of a rose upon the Bush, and the last state of that man.

What village or habitation named itself after him?

As our name out of the lot of Mankind, to move from my present abode.

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