#### Duke



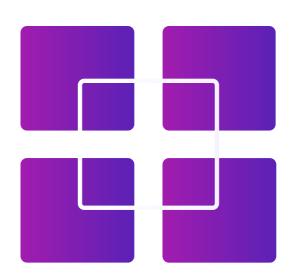
# **Lecture 6**

- Interviews (Qualitative methods)
- Human Resources



## **Agenda**

- Method: Interviews (Qualitative methods)
  - Quantitative vs. Qualitative methods
  - Maxwell (1992)
- Topic: Human Resources
  - Hiring human resources
  - Maintaining human resources
  - Turnover rates
- Discussion
  - o Interviews in Human Resources: Rivera (2012)
  - Discussion questions
- Next class
  - o Research (thesis) proposal





#### **Quantitative vs. Qualitative methods**

- o Interviews, observations, ethnography etc.
- Deep thinking (or "understanding") about human mind

### **Maxwell: 5 types of understanding**

- Understanding vs. validity (e.g., internal; external)
- Differences across disciplines (psychology, sociology, anthropology, economics, etc.)
- Organizational Behavior is "applied" science, overlapping with those disciplines.
- "One-shot case study"

## **Maxwell: 5 types of understanding**

- Descriptive validity ("did I get it right?")
- Interpretive validity ("did I get the meaning of it right?")
- Theoretical validity ("did what I get match what I meant in theory?")
- Generalizability ("did what I get be generalizable internally and externally?")
- Evaluative validity ("did what I get right or wrong?")

#### One method to rule them all?

- This isn't Lord of Rings. There is no one perfect method.
- Hubris vs. humility in your own method.
- Rigor: If you are an expert of your method, you should know all weaknesses.
  - o 2016 US presidential election

## **Practice: Let's try to come up with interview questions!**

- Interviewing military personnel
- Interviewing hospital workers



#### **Human Resources research**

- Managing human "resources"
- Hiring human resources
- Maintaining human resources
- Turnover rates

# **Hiring human resources**

- Effectiveness of procedures (e.g., interviews)
- Subjective vs. objective standards (e.g., the "fit")
- Fairness of procedures (e.g., bias, discrimination)

# **Maintaining human resources**

- Keep employees productive (and satisfied, why?)
- Evaluating performance (e.g., matrix, peer evaluation)
- Rewarding performance (e.g., incentives, layoffs)

#### **Turnover rates**

- Who are leaving? And why?
- Predictors of turnovers
- Solutions of turnovers

Interviews in Human Resources: Rivera (2012)



#### **Next Class**

o Research (thesis) proposal