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## **Educations**

### The University of Melbourne

PhD in Natural Language Processing

• Supervisors: Prof. Trevor Cohn & Prof. Tom Drummond

The University of Melbourne

Master of Science (Computer Science) (with Distinction)

- GPA: 91.9% (3.94/4.0) First Class Honours
- Supervisor: Prof. Trevor Cohn

**Fuzhou University** 

Bachelor of Engineering in Software Engineering

• GPA: 4.07/5.0 (Ranking: 1/155) Graduated with Honours

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia Feb. 2022 - Feb. 2026 (expected)

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

Jul. 2019 - Jun. 2021

Fuzhou, Fujian, China Sep. 2015 - Jun. 2019

# Research Interest

Natural Language Processing, focusing on Coreference Resolution and Information Retrieval.

# **Publications**

FACL 23

NAACL 21

Fan Jiang, Qiongkai Xu, Tom Drummond and Trevor Cohn. 2023. Boot and Switch: Alternating Distillation for

EMNLP-Findings'23 Zero-Shot Dense Retrieval. In Findings of the Association for Computational Linguistics (EMNLP).

Fan Jiang, Tom Drummond and Trevor Cohn. 2023. Noisy Self-Training with Synthetic Queries for Dense

**EMNLP-Findings'23 Retrieval.** In Findings of the Association for Computational Linguistics (EMNLP).

Fan Jiang, Tom Drummond and Trevor Cohn. 2023. Don't Mess with Mister-in-Between: Improved Negative

Search for Knowledge Graph Completion. Proceedings of the 17th Conference of the European Chapter of the

Association for Computational Linguistics.

Fan Jiang and Trevor Cohn. 2022. Incorporating Constituent Syntax for Coreference Resolution. Proceedings of

AAAI'22 the 36th AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence.

URL: https://doi.org/10.1609/aaai.v36i10.21329

Fan Jiang and Trevor Cohn. 2021. Incorporating Syntax and Semantics in Coreference Resolution with

Heterogeneous Graph Attention Network. Proceedings of the 2021 Conference of the North American Chapter of

the Association for Computational Linguistics: Human Language Technologies.

URL: https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/2021.naacl-main.125

# **Research Experience**

### The University of Melbourne

Master Research Project: Coreference resolution incorporating constituent syntax.

Student Research Assistant

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

Dec. 2020 - June. 2021

Advisor: Prof. Trevor Cohn

- Proposed a novel method to effectively incorporate constituent parse trees to enhance a strong neural coreference resolution model by utilising graph attention networks.
- Achieved significant improvements over a strong baseline on the OntoNotes 5.0 English dataset and established new state of the art performance on the OntoNotes 5.0 Chinese dataset.
- Research Outcome: One long paper accepted at AAAI 2022.

### The University of Melbourne

Master Research Project: Coreference resolution incorporating syntax and semantic roles

Student Research Assistant

Advisor: Prof. Trevor Cohn

Aug. 2020 - Nov. 2020

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

• Improved a strong neural coreference resolution model by incorporating dependency syntax and semantic role labels using heterogeneous graph attention networks.

- · Observed significant improvements over a strong baseline on two standard coreference resolution benchmark datasets.
- Research Outcome: One short paper accepted at NAACL 2021.

# Selected Projects \_\_

#### **Twitter Link Prediction**

- As part of the course project in Statistical Machine Learning subject, we built a model to predict pairwise relationships among node pairs in a partial crawl of the *Twitter Social Network*. A learning-based classifier is built through designing various topological features derived from graph structures, including first-order and higher-order features among node pairs.
- Our model achieves 91.38% in the private leaderboard of in-class Kaggle competition and ranks 5 out of 132 teams.

### End-to-end Speech Synthesis Method Based on Attention Mechanism (Bachelor's Thesis)

- Adopted Tacotron2 model (proposed by Google) as the mel-spectrogram generator, which is a recurrent sequence-to-sequence model with
  attention mechanism, and it can directly map the input text to spectrum extracted from original audio waveform. Most parts of the Tacotron2
  Model were unchanged and the LSTM layers were changed into GRU ones since GRU can achieve almost the same performance as its LSTM
  counterparts but is computationally cheaper. A GRU layer was added to the decoder which takes current input of the decoder and contexts
  generated at previous time step as input before the attention layer.
- Adopted WaveNet as the neural vocoder. Use Gaussian Auto-Regressive WaveNet and Gaussian Inverse Auto-Regressive Flow based WaveNet which was trained through knowledge distillation as vocoders, respectively.

### Hidden Markov Model based Chinese Singing Voice Synthesis System

- Implemented a Chinese singing voice synthesis system, which could be used to generate an audio in the form of WAV with arbitrary scores in the format of XML (Speech Parameter Generation Algorithm From HMM and Mel Log Spectrum Approximation (MLSA) filter for speech synthesis were implemented in this system).
- Implemented Probability Evaluation Algorithm (included the calculations of Forward and Backward probabilities), Baum-Welch Algorithm (Expectation Maximum Algorithm) and Viterbi Algorithm.
- Used HTK tools and a training set of 34 Chinese songs to train a model.

## Skills

**Programming Languages** C/C++, Java, Python **Deep Learning Framework** PyTorch, TensorFlow, Keras

Tools J2EE, MEX, Makefile, Gcc

Database MySQL, Microsoft SQL Server

# **Honors & Awards**

Aug. 2022
Jun. 2019
May. 2019
May. 2018
Apr. 2018
May. 2016
2015 - 2019

# Language.

**IELTS** Overall: 7.5 (Listening: 8.5, Reading: 8.5, Writing: 6.5, Speaking: 6.0)

**GRE** 324 (Verbal: 154, Quantitative: 170)