### Quiz 1: Estimation models - Scaling laws

WebQuiz will process this quiz using  $\mathbf{pst2pdf}$ .

#### Recall on scaling laws ()

Assumptions: • Geometrical similarity

• Material similarity

• One dominant phenomena

Mathematical form:  $y = kL^a$ 

with k function of reference and a of physical effect

Notation:  $y^* = L^*a$ 

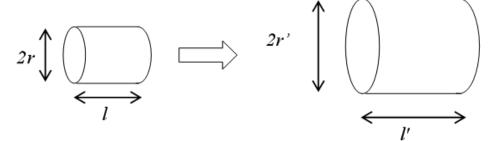
Obtention ways: • direct manipulation of equations

• dimensional analysis and Buckingham theorem

• One dominant phenomena

Components: One main design driver express by a constant stress  $X^*=1$ 

## Recall on the notation:



# Scaling ratio:

$$l^* = \frac{l'}{l} \leftarrow$$
 Studied component Reference component

#### Question 1.

We assume to have similarity on all geometrical parameters :  $r^* = d^* = \dots = l^*$ 

Give evolutions of areas:

 $\nearrow$  Option 1(a):  $l^*$ 

 $\nearrow$  Option 1(b):  $l^{*^2}$ 

**X** Option 1(c):  $l^{*^{-2}}$ 

 $\checkmark$  Option 1(d):  $l^{*\frac{1}{2}}$ 

#### Question 2.

We assume to have similarity on all geometrical parameters:  $r^* = d^* = \dots = l^*$ 

Give evolutions of volumes :

- $\boldsymbol{X}$  Option 2(a):  $l^*$
- $\nearrow$  Option 2(b):  $l^{*^2}$
- $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{X}}$  Option 2(c):  $l^{*2}$
- **X** Option 2(d):  $l^{*^{-3}}$
- ✓ Option 2(e):  $l^{*\frac{1}{3}}$

#### Question 3.

We assume to have similarity on all geometrical parameters :  $r^* = d^* = \dots = l^*$ 

Give evolutions of masses :

- $\nearrow$  Option 3(a):  $l^*$
- $\nearrow$  Option 3(b):  $l^{*^2}$
- $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{X}}$  Option 3(c):  $l^{*^3}$
- **X** Option 3(d):  $l^{*-3}$
- ✓ Option 3(e):  $l^{*\frac{1}{3}}$

#### Question 4.

We assume to have similarity on all geometrical parameters:  $r^* = d^* = \dots = l^*$ 

Give evolutions of intertias :

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{X}}$  Option 4(a):  $l^{*^2}$ 

 $\mathcal{X}$  Option 4(b):  $l^{*^3}$ 

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{X}}$  Option 4(c):  $l^{*4}$ 

 $m{X}$  Option 4(d):  $l^{*^5}$ 

 $\checkmark$  Option 4(e):  $l^{*6}$