1

## Assignment 1 2021-March Session-03-16-2021-shift-1:1-15

## EE24BTECH11049 Patnam Shariq Faraz Muhammed

1) Consider three observations a, b and c such that b = a + c. If the standard deviation of a + 2, b + 2, c + 2 is d, then which of the following is true?

(2021-Mar)

a) 
$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 + 3d^2$$

c) 
$$b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2) + 9d^2$$

a) 
$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 + 3d^2$$
  
b)  $b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2) - 9d2$ 

c) 
$$b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2) + 9d^2$$
  
d)  $b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2 + d^2)$ 

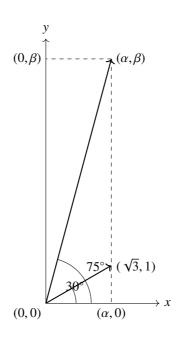
2) Let a vector  $\alpha \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \beta \hat{\mathbf{j}}$  be obtained by rotating the vector  $\sqrt{3}\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}}$  by an angle  $45^{\circ}$  about the origin in counterclockwise direction in the first quadrant. Then the area of triangle having vertices  $(\alpha, \beta)$ ,  $(0, \beta)$  and (0, 0) is equal to: (2021-Mar)

a) 1

b)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

d)  $2\sqrt{2}$ 



3) If for a > 0, the feet of perpendiculars from the points A(a, -2a, 3) and B(0, 4, 5)on the plane lx + my + nz = 0 are points C(0, -a, -1) and **D** respectively, then the length of line segment **CD** is equal to:

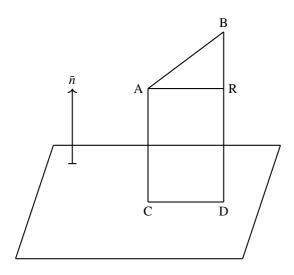
(2021-Mar)





c) 
$$\sqrt{31}$$

d) 
$$\sqrt{66}$$



4) The range of  $a \in R$  for which the function

$$f(x) = (4a - 3)(x + \log_e 5) + (a - 7)\cot(\frac{x}{2})\sin^2(\frac{x}{2}),$$

 $x \neq 2n\pi$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  has critical points, is

(2021-Mar)

a) 
$$\left[ -\frac{4}{3}, 2 \right]$$

c) 
$$(-\infty, -1]$$

a)  $\left[-\frac{4}{3}, 2\right]$  b)  $[1, \infty)$  c)  $(-\infty, -1]$  d) (-3, 1)5) Let the functions  $f : \mathbf{R} \mapsto \mathbf{R}$  and  $g : \mathbf{R} \mapsto \mathbf{R}$  be defined as:  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2, & x \le 0 \\ x^2, & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$ and  $g(x) = \begin{cases} x^3, & x < 1 \\ 3x - 2, & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$  Then, the number of points in R where  $(f \circ g)(x)$  is NOT differentiable is equal to:

(2021-Mar)

6) Let a complex number z,  $|z| \neq 1$ , satisfy  $\log_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{z}}} \left[ \frac{(|z|+11)}{(|z|-1)^2} \right] \leq 2$ . Then, the largest value of |z| is equal to

(2021-Mar)

a) 5

b) 8

c) 6

- d) 7
- 7) A pack of cards has one card missing. Two cards are drawn randomly and are found to be spades. The probability that the missing card is not a spade is:
  - a)  $\frac{3}{4}$

- b)  $\frac{52}{867}$
- c)  $\frac{39}{50}$

- d)  $\frac{22}{425}$
- 8) If *n* is the number of irrational terms in the expansion of  $\left[3^{\frac{1}{4}} + 5^{\frac{1}{8}}\right]^{60}$ , then (n-1) is divisible by

(2021-Mar)

a) 8

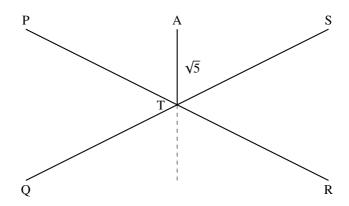
b) 26

c) 7

- d) 30
- 9) Let the position vectors of two points  $\mathbf{P}$  and  $\mathbf{Q}$  be  $3\hat{\mathbf{i}} \hat{\mathbf{j}} + 2\hat{\mathbf{k}}$  and  $\hat{\mathbf{i}} + 2\hat{\mathbf{j}} 4\hat{\mathbf{k}}$  respectively. Let  $\mathbf{R}$  and  $\mathbf{S}$  be two points such that the direction ratios of lines  $\mathbf{PR}$  and  $\mathbf{QS}$  are (4, -1, 2) and (-2, 1, -2) respectively. Let lines  $\mathbf{PR}$  and  $\mathbf{QS}$  intersect at  $\mathbf{T}$ . If the vector  $\mathbf{TA}$  is perpendicular to both  $\mathbf{PR}$  and  $\mathbf{QS}$  and the length of vector  $\mathbf{TA}$  is  $\sqrt{5}$  units, then the modulus of a position vector of  $\mathbf{A}$  is:

(2021-Mar)

- a)  $\sqrt{5}$
- b)  $\sqrt{171}$
- c)  $\sqrt{227}$
- d)  $\sqrt{482}$



10) If the three normals drawn to the parabola,  $y^2 = 2x$  pass through the point (a, 0)  $a \ne 0$ , then 'a' must be greater than

(2021-Mar)

a) 1

- b)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- c)  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- d) -1

11) let

$$S_K = \sum_{r=1}^k \tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{(6^r)}{(2^{r+1} + 3^{2r+1})} \right]$$
. Then  $\lim_{k \to \infty} S_k =$ 

(2021-Mar)

a) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$	b) $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$	c) $\frac{\pi}{2}$	d) $tan^{-1}(3)$		
12) The number of roots of the equation, $(81)^{\sin^2 x} + (81)^{\cos^2 x} = 30$ in the interval $[0, \pi]$ is equal to :				]	
			(2021-Mar)	)	
a) 3	b) 2	c) 4	d) 8		
13) If $y = y(x)$ is the solution of the differential equation,					
$\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y\tan x = \sin x, y\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 0$					
, then the maximum value of the function $y(x)$ over $\mathbf{R}$ is equal to : (2021-Mar)				)	
a) 8	b) $\frac{1}{2}$	c) $-\frac{15}{4}$	d) $\frac{1}{8}$		
14) Which of the following Boolean expression is a tautology? (2021-Mar)					
a) $(p \land q) \land (p \rightarrow q)$ b) $(p \land q) \lor (p \lor q)$		/ 1 1/	c) $(p \land q) \lor (p \rightarrow q)$ d) $(p \land q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$		
15) let $A = \begin{pmatrix} \iota & -\iota \\ -\iota & \iota \end{pmatrix}$ . Then, the system of linear equations $A^8 \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 64 \end{pmatrix}$ has (2021-Mar)					
<ul><li>a) No solution</li><li>b) Exactly two solutions</li></ul>			<ul><li>c) A unique solution</li><li>d) Infinitely many solutions</li></ul>		