

## **04 - Iteration Control Structures**

**For example:**

<b>Input</b>	<b>Result</b>
20	1 2 4 5 10 20

Ex. No. : 4.1

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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## **Factors of a number**

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number).

### **Program:**

```
def factors(x):  
    for i in range(1, x + 1):  
        if x % i == 0:  
            print(i)  
input=int(input())  
print(factors(num))
```

**For example:**

<b>Input</b>	<b>Result</b>
292	1
1015	2
108	3
22	0

Ex. No. : 4.2

Date:

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Name:

## Non Repeated Digit Count

Write a program to find the count of non-repeated digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number  $\geq 1$  and  $\leq 25000$ .

Some examples are as below.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 1 because there is only 1 non-repeated digit '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 2 because there are 2 non-repeated digits in this number, '0', and '5'.

If the given number is 108, the program should return 3 because there are 3 non-repeated digits in this number, '1', '0', and '8'.

If the given number is 22, the function should return 0 because there are NO non-repeated digits in this number.

### **Program:**

```
n=int(input())
temp=n
n=n%12
if(n==8):
    print("%d is the year of the Dragon."%temp)
elif(n==9):
    print("%d is the year of the Snake."%temp)
if(n==10):
    print("%d is the year of the Horse."%temp)
if(n==11):
    print("%d is the year of the Sheep."%temp)
if(n==0):
    print("%d is the year of the Monkey."%temp)
if(n==1):
    print("%d is the year of the Rooster."%temp)
if(n==2):
    print("%d is the year of the Dog."%temp)
if(n==3):
    print("%d is the year of the Pig."%temp)
if(n==4):
    print("%d is the year of the Rat."%temp)
if(n==5):
    print("%d is the year of the Ox."%temp)
if(n==6):
    print("%d is the year of the Tiger."%temp)
if(n==7):
    print("%d is the year of the Hare."%temp)
```

Example1: if the given number N is 7, the method must return 2

Example2: if the given number N is 10, the method must return 1

**For example:**

Input	Result
7	2
10	1

Ex. No. : 4.3

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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### **Prime Checking**

Write a program that finds whether the given number N is Prime or not. If the number is prime, the program should return 2 else it must return 1.

Assumption:  $2 \leq N \leq 5000$ , where N is the given number.

#### **Program:**

```
n=int(input())
sum=0
for i in range(1,5000):
    if(n%i==0):
        sum+=1
if(sum==2):
    print("2")
else:
    print("1")
```

Input Format:

Integer input from stdin.

Output Format:

Perfect square greater than N.

Example Input:

10

Output:

16



Ex. No. : 4.4

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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## Next Perfect Square

Given a number N, find the next perfect square greater than N.

**Program:**

```
n=int(input())
for i in range(1,10000):
    if(i%(i**0.5)==0):
        print(i)
        break
```

NOTE: Fibonacci series looks like –

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, . . . and so on.

i.e. Fibonacci series starts with 0 and 1, and continues generating the next number as the sum of the previous two numbers.

- first Fibonacci number is 0,
- second Fibonacci number is 1,
- third Fibonacci number is 1,
- fourth Fibonacci number is 2,
- fifth Fibonacci number is 3,
- sixth Fibonacci number is 5,
- seventh Fibonacci number is 8, and so on.

**For example:**

**Input:**

7

**Output**

8

Ex. No. : 4.5

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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## Nth Fibonacci

Write a program to return the nth number in the fibonacci series. The value of N will be passed to the program as input.

### **Program:**

```
n=int(input())
if n<=0:
    print("Invalid input")
elif n==1:
    print(0)
elif n==2:
    print(1)
else:
    a=0
    b=1
    for i in range(2,n):
        temp=a+b
        a=b
        b=temp
    print(b)
```

Input Format:

Single Integer Input from stdin.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

175

Output:

Yes

Explanation

$$1^1 + 7^2 + 5^3 = 175$$

Example Input:

123

Output:

No

**For example:**

**Input Result**

175    Yes

123    No

Ex. No. : 4.6

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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## Disarium Number

A Number is said to be Disarium number when the sum of its digit raised to the power of their respective positions becomes equal to the number itself. Write a program to print number is Disarium or not.

### Program:

```
n=int(input())
str=str(n)
sum=0
for i in range(len(str)):
    sum+=int(str[i])**i+1

if sum==n:
    print("Yes")
else:
    print("No")
```

## Sample Test Cases

### Test Case 1

Input

4

Output

1234

Explanation:

as input is 4, have to take 4 terms.

$1 + 11 + 111 + 1111$

### Test Case 2

Input

6

Output

123456

**For example:**

Input	Result
3	123

Ex. No. : 4.7

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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### Sum of Series

Write a program to find the sum of the series  $1 + 11 + 111 + 1111 + \dots + n$  terms (n will be given as input from the user and sum will be the output)

#### **Program:**

```
n=int(input())
sum=0
temp=1
for i in range(n):
    sum+=temp
    temp=temp*10+1
print(sum)
```

**For example:**

<b>Input</b>	<b>Result</b>
292	2
1015	3



Ex. No. : 4.8

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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## Unique Digit Count

Write a program to find the count of unique digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number  $\geq 1$  and  $\leq 25000$ .

For e.g.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 2 because there are only 2 unique digits '2' and '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 3 because there are 3 unique digits in this number, '1', '0', and '5'.

### **Program:**

```
n=int(input())
digits=set()

while n>0:
    digit=n%10
    digits.add(digit)
    n=n//10
unique=len(digits)
print(unique)
```

Input Format:

Single Integer input.

Output Format:

Output displays Yes if condition satisfies else prints No.

Example Input:

14

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

13

Output:

No

Ex. No. : 4.9

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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### Product of single digit

Given a positive integer N, check whether it can be represented as a product of single digit numbers.

#### **Program:**

```
n=int(input())
if n<10:
    print("Yes")
else:
    f=False
    for i in range(2,10):
        while n%i==0:
            n=n//i
            if n<10:
                f=True
                break
    if f:
        break
    if f:
        print("Yes")
    else:
        print("No")
```

Input Format:

Single integer input.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

24

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

26

Output:

No

**For example:**

Input	Result
24	Yes

Ex. No. : 4.10

Date:

Register No.:

Name:

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### **Perfect Square After adding One**

Given an integer N, check whether N the given number can be made a perfect square after adding 1 to it.

#### **Program:**

```
a=int(input())+1
flag=0
if(a==0 or a==1):
    flag=1
for i in range(2,(a//2)+1):
    if(a==i*i):
        flag=1
        break
if flag==1:
    print("Yes")
else:
    print("No")
```

