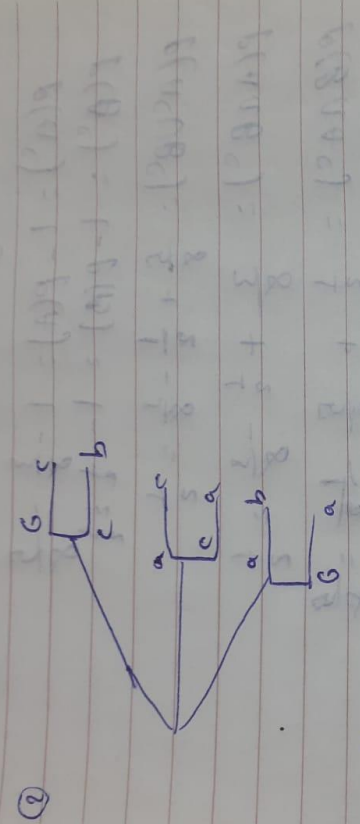




① ${}^{12}C_4 \times {}^8C_4 = 34650$



③ ${}^{12}C_2 = 66$
 $P(B) = \frac{88}{66} = \frac{14}{33}$

④ ① ${}^{15}C_3 = 450$
② ${}^{50}C_2 = 1250$
 $\frac{450}{1250} = 0.36$

⑤ $1 - 0.2637 = 0.7363$

⑥ $\frac{\frac{10}{30} + \frac{5}{30}}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$



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$$\textcircled{6} P(A) = \frac{3}{8}, P(B) = \frac{1}{2}, P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(A^c) = 1 - P(A) = 1 - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$P(B^c) = 1 - P(B) = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(A^c \cup B^c) = \frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(A \cap B^c) = \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(B \cap A^c) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \sum P(x) = k \cdot 2^{-8}$$

$$k \cdot 2^{-8} = 1$$

$$k \cdot 2 = 9$$

$$\textcircled{9} 1 - P(A \cup B) = 1 - 0,8 = 0,2$$