

3.7

Given:

$$Z = 0.524 \angle 79.04^\circ \Omega/\text{km}; \quad Y = 3.172 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ \text{ S/km}$$

$$P_R = 130 \text{ MW}; \quad V_{R(L-L)} = 220 \text{ kV}; \quad \cos \theta_R = 1$$

$$l = 350 \text{ km}$$

Required: $[V_s, I_s, P_s, \text{Voltage Regulation}]$

$$|V_R| = \frac{|V_{R(L-L)}|}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{220 \text{ kV}}{\sqrt{3}} = \underline{\underline{127.02 \text{ kV}}}$$

$$|I_R| = \frac{P_R}{\sqrt{3} |V_{R(L-L)}| \cos \theta_R} = \frac{130 \times 10^6}{\sqrt{3} \times 220000 \times 1} = \underline{\underline{341.16 \text{ A}}}$$

$$I_R = |I_R| \angle \cos^{-1} 1 = \underline{\underline{341.16 \angle 0^\circ \text{ A}}}$$

$$\gamma l = \sqrt{ZY} \cdot l = \left[\sqrt{0.524 \angle 79.04^\circ \times 3.172 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ} \right] \times 350$$

$$\gamma l = 1.289 \times 10^{-3} \angle 84.52^\circ \times 350$$

$$\gamma l = 0.45115 \angle 84.52^\circ = 0.0431 + j0.449$$

$$\text{But } \gamma l = (\alpha + j\beta)l \Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} \alpha l &= 0.0431 \\ \beta l &= 0.449 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{ in radians}$$

$$Z_c = \sqrt{\frac{Zl}{Yl}} = \sqrt{\frac{Z}{Y}} = \sqrt{\frac{0.524 \angle 79.04^\circ}{3.172 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ}}$$

$$Z_c = \sqrt{\frac{0.524}{3.172 \times 10^{-6}} \angle 79.04^\circ - 90^\circ}$$

$$Z_c = \sqrt{\frac{0.524}{3.172 \times 10^{-6}}} \angle \frac{79.04^\circ - 90^\circ}{2}$$

$$Z_c = \underline{\underline{406.44 \angle -5.48^\circ \Omega}}$$

$$\text{Now } \cosh(\gamma l) = \cosh(\alpha + j\beta)l$$

$$= \cancel{\cos(\alpha l) \cos \beta}$$

$$= \cosh(\alpha l) \cos(\beta l) + j \sinh(\alpha l) \sin(\beta l)$$

$$= \cosh(0.0431) \cos(0.449) + j \sinh(0.0431) \sin(0.449)$$

$$= 0.9017 + j0.0787$$

$$= 0.9018 \angle 0.021 \text{ rad or } \underline{\underline{0.9018 \angle 1.18^\circ}}$$

$$\sinh(\gamma l) = \sinh(\alpha + j\beta)l$$

$$= \sinh(\alpha l) \cos(\beta l) + j \cosh(\alpha l) \sin(\beta l)$$

$$= \sinh(0.0431) \cos(0.449) + j \cosh(0.0431) \sin(0.449)$$

$$= 0.0388 + j0.43446$$

$$= 0.4361 \angle 1.48 \text{ rad or } \underline{\underline{0.4361 \angle 84.8^\circ}}$$

$$A = \cosh(\gamma l) = D = \underline{\underline{0.9018 \angle 1.18^\circ}}$$

$$B = Z_c \sinh(\gamma l) = (406.44 \angle -5.48^\circ) (0.4361 \angle 84.8^\circ)$$

$$B = \underline{\underline{177.25 \angle 79.32^\circ \Omega}}$$

$$C = \left(\frac{1}{Z_c} \right) \sinh(\gamma l) = \frac{0.4361 \angle 84.8^\circ}{406.44 \angle -5.48^\circ}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{1.073 \times 10^{-3} \angle 90.28^\circ S}}$$

$$V_s = V_R \cosh(\gamma L) + I_R Z_c \sinh(\gamma L)$$

$$V_s = A V_R + B I_R$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_s &= (0.9018 \angle -1.19^\circ)(127020 \angle 0^\circ) + (177.25 \angle 79.32^\circ)(341.16 \angle 0^\circ) \\ &= 114546.63 \angle -1.19^\circ + 60470.61 \angle 79.32^\circ \\ &= 114521.9 + j2378.9 + 11206.6 + j59423.1 \\ &= 125728.5 + j61802 \end{aligned}$$

$$V_s = 140097 \angle 26.176^\circ$$

$$V_s = \underline{140.1 \angle 26.176^\circ \text{ kV}} \quad \text{where } |V_s| = \underline{140.1 \text{ kV}} \\ \theta_{V_s} = \underline{26.176^\circ}$$

$$I_s = \frac{V_R}{Z_c} \sinh(\gamma L) + I_R \cosh(\gamma L)$$

$$I_s = C V_R + D I_R$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_s &= (1.073 \times 10^{-3} \angle 90.28^\circ)(127020 \angle 0^\circ) + (0.9018 \angle -1.118^\circ)(341.16 \angle 0^\circ) \\ &= 136.29 \angle 90.28^\circ + 307.66 \angle -1.118^\circ \\ &= -0.666 + j136.288 + 307.60 + j6 \\ &= 306.934 + j142.288 \\ &= \underline{338.31 \angle 24.87^\circ \text{ A}} \quad \text{where } |I_s| = \underline{338.31 \text{ A}} \\ &\quad \theta_{I_s} = 24.87^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$P_s = \sqrt{3} |V_s| |I_s| \cos(\theta_{V_s} - \theta_{I_s})$$

$$P_s = \sqrt{3} \times (140.01 \times 10^3) \times (338.31) \cos(26.176^\circ - 24.87^\circ)$$

$$P_s = \underline{\underline{142.66 \text{ MW}}}$$

$$\% \text{ V.R} = \frac{|V_{R,NL}| - |V_{R,FL}|}{|V_{R,FL}|} \times 100$$

$$\text{But } |V_{R,FL}| = |V_R| = \underline{\underline{127020 \text{ V}}}$$

To compute $|V_{R,NL}|$; we recall that

$$V_s = A V_R + B I_R$$

At no-load, $I_R = 0$

$$\Rightarrow V_s = A V_{R,NL}$$

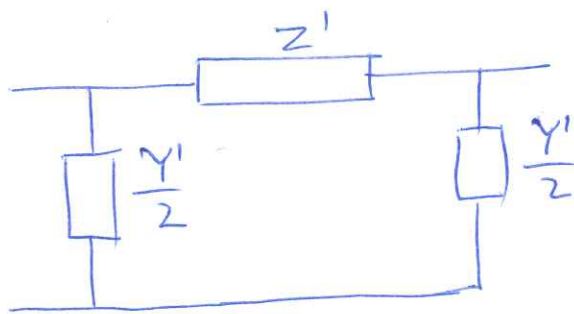
$$\therefore |V_{R,NL}| = \frac{|V_s|}{|A|}$$

$$\Rightarrow \% \text{ V.R} = \frac{\frac{|V_s|}{|A|} - |V_{R,FL}|}{|V_{R,FL}|} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{\frac{|140010|}{0.9018} - |127020|}{|127020|} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ V.R} \cong \underline{\underline{22.23 \%}}$$

4.) Equivalent π -model



$$Z' = (ZL) \frac{\sinh(\gamma L)}{\gamma L}$$

$$= \frac{(0.524 \angle 79.04^\circ \times 330) \sinh(\gamma L)}{0.45115 \angle 84.52^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{183.4 \angle 79.04^\circ \times 0.4361 \angle 84.8^\circ}{0.45115 \angle 84.52^\circ}$$

$$= 177.28 \angle 79.32^\circ \Omega \quad \leftarrow \text{compare with 'B' or 'Z' computed using the long-line model}$$

$$\frac{Y'}{2} = \left(\frac{YL}{2}\right) \frac{\tanh(\gamma L/2)}{\gamma L/2} = \left(\frac{Y}{\gamma}\right) \tanh(\gamma L/2)$$

$$= \frac{3.172 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ}{1.289 \times 10^{-3} \angle 84.52^\circ} \tanh(\gamma L/2)$$

$$Y'/2 = [2.46 \times 10^{-3} \angle 5.48^\circ] \tanh(\gamma L/2)$$

$$\text{Now } \tanh(\gamma L/2) = \frac{\sinh(\gamma L/2)}{\cosh(\gamma L/2)} = \frac{\sinh(\alpha L/2 + j\beta L/2)}{\cosh(\alpha L/2 + j\beta L/2)}$$

attenuation constant
Phase constant

From computations done in question (3),

$$\frac{\alpha L}{2} = 0.02155 \quad ; \quad \frac{\beta L}{2} = 0.2245$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \sinh\left(\frac{\alpha L}{2} + j\frac{\beta L}{2}\right) &= \sinh\left(\frac{\alpha L}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\beta L}{2}\right) + j\cosh\left(\frac{\alpha L}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{\beta L}{2}\right) \\&= \sinh(0.02155)\cosh(0.2245) + j\cosh(0.02155)\sinh(0.2245) \\&= 0.210 + j0.22267 \\&= 0.2236 \angle 1.4767 \text{ rad or } 0.2236 \angle 84.61^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cosh\left(\frac{\alpha L}{2} + j\frac{\beta L}{2}\right) &= \cosh\left(\frac{\alpha L}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\beta L}{2}\right) + j\sinh\left(\frac{\alpha L}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{\beta L}{2}\right) \\&= \cosh(0.02155)\cosh(0.2245) + j\sinh(0.02155)\sinh(0.2245) \\&= 0.9751 + j4.798 \times 10^{-3} \\&= 0.9751 \angle 4.92 \times 10^{-3} \text{ rad or } 0.9751 \angle 0.282^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \frac{Y_1}{2} = (2.46 \times 10^{-3} \angle 5.48^\circ) \left(\frac{0.2236 \angle 84.61^\circ}{0.9751 \angle 0.282^\circ} \right)$$

$$\frac{Y_1}{2} = \underline{\underline{5.64 \times 10^{-4} \angle 89.81^\circ \text{ S}}}$$

Compare with
 $\left(\frac{Y_L}{2}\right)$

Alternatively,

$$\frac{Y_1}{2} = \frac{Y}{2} \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\gamma L}{2}\right)}{\gamma L/2} = \left[\frac{Y}{2}\right] \frac{\cosh(\gamma L) - 1}{\gamma L/2 \sinh(\gamma L)}$$

$$\frac{Y'}{2} = \frac{yL}{2\left(\frac{\chi L}{2}\right)} \left[\frac{\cosh(\chi L) - 1}{\sinh(\chi L)} \right]$$

$$\frac{Y'}{2} = \frac{y}{\chi} \left[\frac{(0.9018 \angle 1.118^\circ) - 1}{0.4361 \angle 84.8^\circ} \right]$$

$$= \frac{3.172 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ}{1.289 \times 10^{-3} \angle 84.52^\circ} \left[\frac{0.9017 + j0.0187 - 1}{0.0388 + j0.43446} \right]$$

$$= 2.46 \times 10^{-3} \angle 5.48^\circ \left[\frac{-0.0983 + j0.0187}{0.0388 + j0.43446} \right]$$

$$= 2.46 \times 10^{-3} \angle 5.48^\circ \left[\frac{0.1 \angle 169.23^\circ}{0.4361 \angle 84.896^\circ} \right]$$

$$= (2.46 \times 10^{-3} \angle 5.48^\circ) (0.229 \angle 84.33^\circ)$$

$$\frac{Y'}{2} = \underline{\underline{5.63 \times 10^{-4} \angle 89.81^\circ \text{ S}}}$$