

Git & GitHub Tutorial

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What is Git?

Git is a version control system that tracks changes in your code and helps you collaborate with others.

What is GitHub?

GitHub is a cloud-based platform that hosts your Git repositories online and allows collaboration.

Basic Git Setup:

```
git config --global user.name "Tauheed khan"
```

```
git config --global user.email "tauheedk774@gmail.com"
```

Basic Git Commands:

- 1.git init Initialize a new Git repository
- 2.git clone <url> Clone an existing repository from GitHub
- 3.git status Check the status of files in the repo
- 4.git add <file> Add file(s) to staging area
- 5.git add . Add all changes to staging area
- 6.git commit -m "message" Commit changes with a
- 7.message git push Push changes to remote repository
- 8.git pull Pull latest changes from remote repository
- 9.git log View commit history
- 10.git branch Show available branches
- 11.git branch <name> Create a new
- 12.branch git checkout <branch> Switch to a branch
- 13.git merge <branch> Merge branch into current branch
- git remote -v Show remote URL details
- 14.git remote add origin <url> Add remote repository
- 15.git push -u origin <branch> Push current branch to remote

Typical Git Workflow:

git init

git add

git commit -m "Initial commit"

git remote add origin <repo-url>

git push -u origin main

Cloning and Collaborating:

git clone <repo-url>

git checkout -b new-feature

git add .

git commit -m "Added new feature"

git push origin new-feature

Some Useful Commands:

git stash Temporarily save changes

git stash pop Apply stashed changes

git diff Show changes not staged

git reset --hard HEAD Undo all local changes

git rm <file> Remove file from repo

GitHub Flow:

1. Fork repository
2. Clone repository
3. Create a branch
4. Add changes
5. Commit changes
6. Push changes
7. Create Pull Request (PR)
8. Merge PR