Synopsis

On Banking Automation Project

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1. DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

In the bank all the activities are being done manually .As the bank widens its services & it finds difficult to manage its operations manually and hence this leads to the automation of some of its operations.

Banking Information system is a windows based applications. This project mainly deals with managing accounts and their related operations .

Tasks involved in this project are opening the user accounts, recording the account holders transactions, depositing, withdrawing amount.

2.Modules:

1. Login:

In this module user enter the User id and password is checked and only valid user id and password will get entry into member's zone. This is a security feature to avoid entry of unauthorized users.

2. Registration Process:

Through this module new users can registered them. After giving their details, they will get a user id and password. Then to get entry into details section they need to provide this id and password and only user with valid id and password will get entry into details zone. This is also a security feature to avoid entry of unauthorized user.

3. Manage Transaction:

This module deals with different types of transactions such as Deposit, Withdraw related to customer as well as Bank.

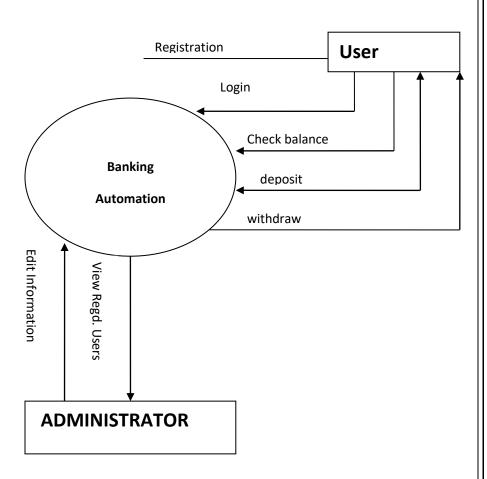
4. Administrator:

This is the Administrator's module by which he keep the eye on whole site and maintain and upgrade the site's service for sake of users.

3. DATA FLOW DIAGRAM

<u>DFD</u>

Context Level DFD



4. E-R Diagram

Definition:

An entity-relationship (ER) diagram is a specialized graphic that illustrates the interrelationships between entities in a database. ER diagrams often use symbols to represent three different types of information. Boxes are commonly used to represent entities. Diamonds are normally used to represent relationships and ovals are used to represent attributes.

Entity Relationship (ER) diagram:

This diagramming technique is used to visually present a database schema or data model and was original proposed by Chen in the 1970s. There are many different data modeling notations; some are very similar to UML class diagrams (with the exception of operations). However, the notation the used here is slightly different, as proposed by Elmasri, et al.

The database schema for this system is shown in figure. The table object has been left out of the diagram because the table management feature set had been dropped from the requirements before this stage of the design process.

Some important database design decisions are as follows:

_ To store the total price of an order with the order rather than calculating it on the fly when looking at past orders. This is because the price of menu items could change at any time, so the total price at the time of ordering must be stored so that the total price is not incorrectly calculated in future.

_ Similar to the previous point, the order receipt is stored as a hard-copy and not regenerated when reviewing past orders because things such as the restaurant name or VAT percentage are subject to change. Receipts stored need to be exactly the same as the customer copy in case of dispute.

5. TOOLS/PLATFORMS, LANGUAGES

<u>Front End</u>: Python tkinter

Back End:

Business Logic: Python 3.x

Database : SQLite

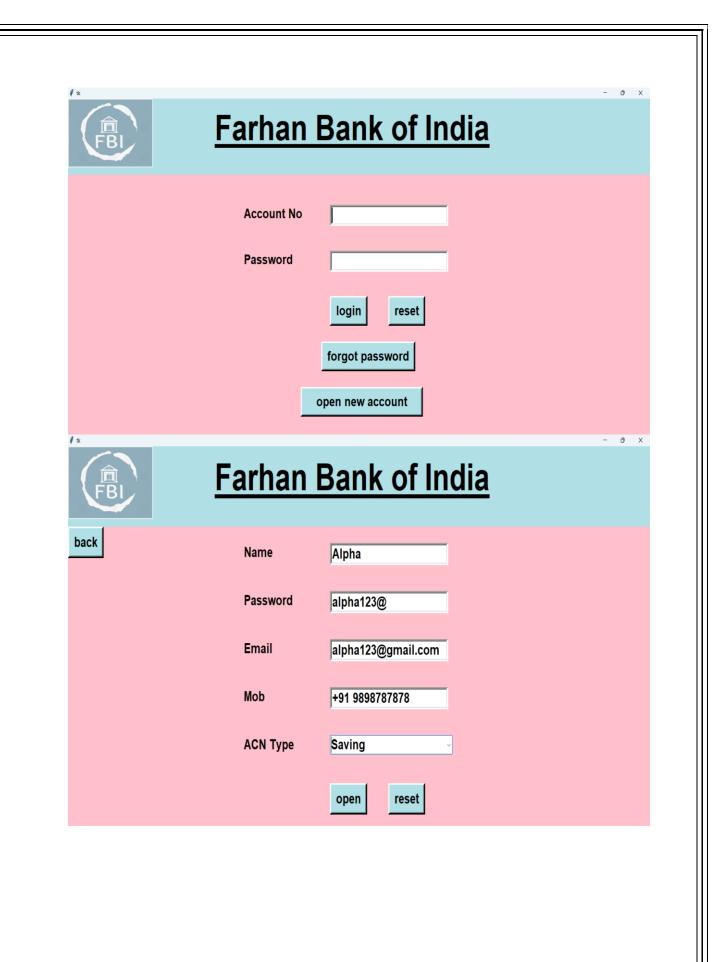
Security

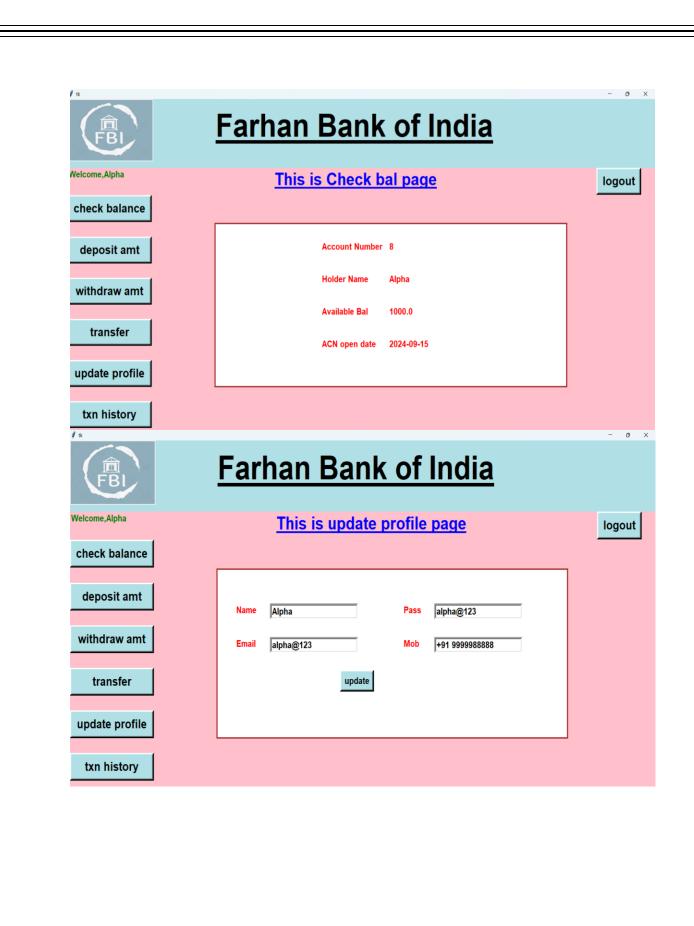
Performance

Scalability

Reliability

• Support RDMS concepts





This is txn history page

Txn date	Txn amount	Txn type	Updated bal
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2024-09-15 11:57:47.446470	1500.0	CR.	3500.0
2024-09-15 11:57:55.062028	2000.0	CR.	5500.0
2024-09-15 11:58:03.537113	800.0	DB.	4700.0
2024-09-15 11:58:12.230373	500.0	DB.	4200.0
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