

2.2 Sublinear Sample Complexity

Previously, we are able to estimate value of any policy.
Now we focus on the estimate of \hat{Q}^* .

#samples from generative model = $|S||A|N$

Lemma 2.5 [component-wise bounds]

$$Q^* - \hat{Q}^* \leq \gamma(I - \gamma\hat{P}\pi^*)^{-1}(P - \hat{P})V^* \quad (1)$$

$$Q^* - \hat{Q}^* \geq \gamma(I - \gamma\hat{P}\hat{\pi})^{-1}(P - \hat{P})V^* \quad (2)$$

Pf: (1): π^* is optimal for M , $\hat{\pi}$ is optimal for \hat{M}

$$\begin{aligned} Q^* - \hat{Q}^* &= Q^{\pi^*} - \hat{Q}^{\hat{\pi}} \\ &\leq Q^{\pi^*} - \hat{Q}^{\pi^*} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(Lemma 2.2)} = \gamma(I - \gamma\hat{P}\pi^*)^{-1}(P - \hat{P})V^{\pi^*}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned} Q^* - \hat{Q}^* &= Q^{\pi^*} - \hat{Q}^{\hat{\pi}} \\ &= \gamma(I - \gamma\hat{P}\hat{\pi})^{-1}(P^{\pi^*} - \hat{P}^{\hat{\pi}})Q^* \\ &\geq \gamma(I - \gamma\hat{P}\hat{\pi})^{-1}(P^{\pi^*} - \hat{P}^{\pi^*})Q^* \\ &= \gamma(I - \gamma\hat{P}\hat{\pi})^{-1}(P - \hat{P})V^* \end{aligned}$$

where $\hat{P}^{\hat{\pi}}Q^* \leq \hat{P}^{\pi^*}Q^*$ is because $\pi^*(s) = \arg\max_{a \in A} Q^*(s, a)$

Proposition 2.4 [Crude Value Bounds]

Let $\delta \geq 0$, with prob. $\geq 1 - \delta$,

$$\|Q^* - \hat{Q}^*\|_{\infty} \leq \Delta_{\delta, N}$$

$$\|Q^* - \hat{Q}^{\pi^*}\|_{\infty} \leq \Delta_{\delta, N},$$

where

$$\Delta_{\delta, N} := \frac{\gamma}{(1-\gamma)^2} \sqrt{\frac{2 \log(2|S||A|/\delta)}{N}}$$

Pf: Due to Lemma 2.2 and Lemma 2.3

$$\|Q^* - \hat{Q}^{\pi^*}\|_{\infty} \leq \frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma} \|(P - \hat{P})V^*\|_{\infty} \quad (3)$$

Due to Lemma 2.5 and Lemma 2.3

$$\|Q^* - \hat{Q}^*\|_{\infty} \leq \frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma} \|(P - \hat{P})V^*\|_{\infty} \quad (4)$$

By applying Hoeffding's ineq.

$$\begin{aligned} \|(P - \hat{P})V^*\|_{\infty} &= \max_{s, a} |E_{s' \sim p(s, a)} [V^*(s')] - E_{s' \sim \hat{p}(s, a)} [V^*(s')]| \\ &\leq \frac{1}{1-\gamma} \sqrt{\frac{2 \log(2|S||A|/\delta)}{N}}, \end{aligned}$$

which holds with prob. $\geq 1 - \delta$.

□

Addition:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hoeffding's ineq. : } P(|S_n - E[S_n]| \geq t) &\leq 2 \exp\left(-\frac{2t^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (b_i - a_i)^2}\right) \\ \text{where } a_i &\leq X_i \leq b_i, \quad S_n = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i. \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Since } E_{s' \sim \hat{p}(s, a)} [V^*(s')] = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N V^*(s_i)}{N}$$

$$\text{and } 0 \leq V^*(s_i)/N \leq \frac{1}{(1-\gamma)N}, \text{ we have}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(|E_{s' \sim p(s, a)} [V^*(s')] - E_{s' \sim \hat{p}(s, a)} [V^*(s')]| \geq \frac{1}{1-\gamma} \sqrt{\frac{2 \log(2|S||A|/\delta)}{N}}) \\ \leq 2 \exp \left\{ \frac{-2 \cdot \frac{1}{(1-\gamma)^2} \cdot \frac{2 \log(2|S||A|/\delta)}{N}}{\frac{1}{(1-\gamma)^2} N^2} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \exp \{-4N\} \frac{1}{|S||A|} \delta$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{|S||A|} \delta$$

