

Week 8 – Business Analytics Fundamentals – Sydney Campus



1. Lecture 7
2. Tutorial Week 8 – step-by-step instruction
3. Attendance & Tutorial Questions - Recognising student participation and engagement specifically identifying those who are most actively involved!

Lecturer/Tutor: Dr. Farshid Keivanian

HI6037 Fundamentals of Business Analytics

Lecture 7

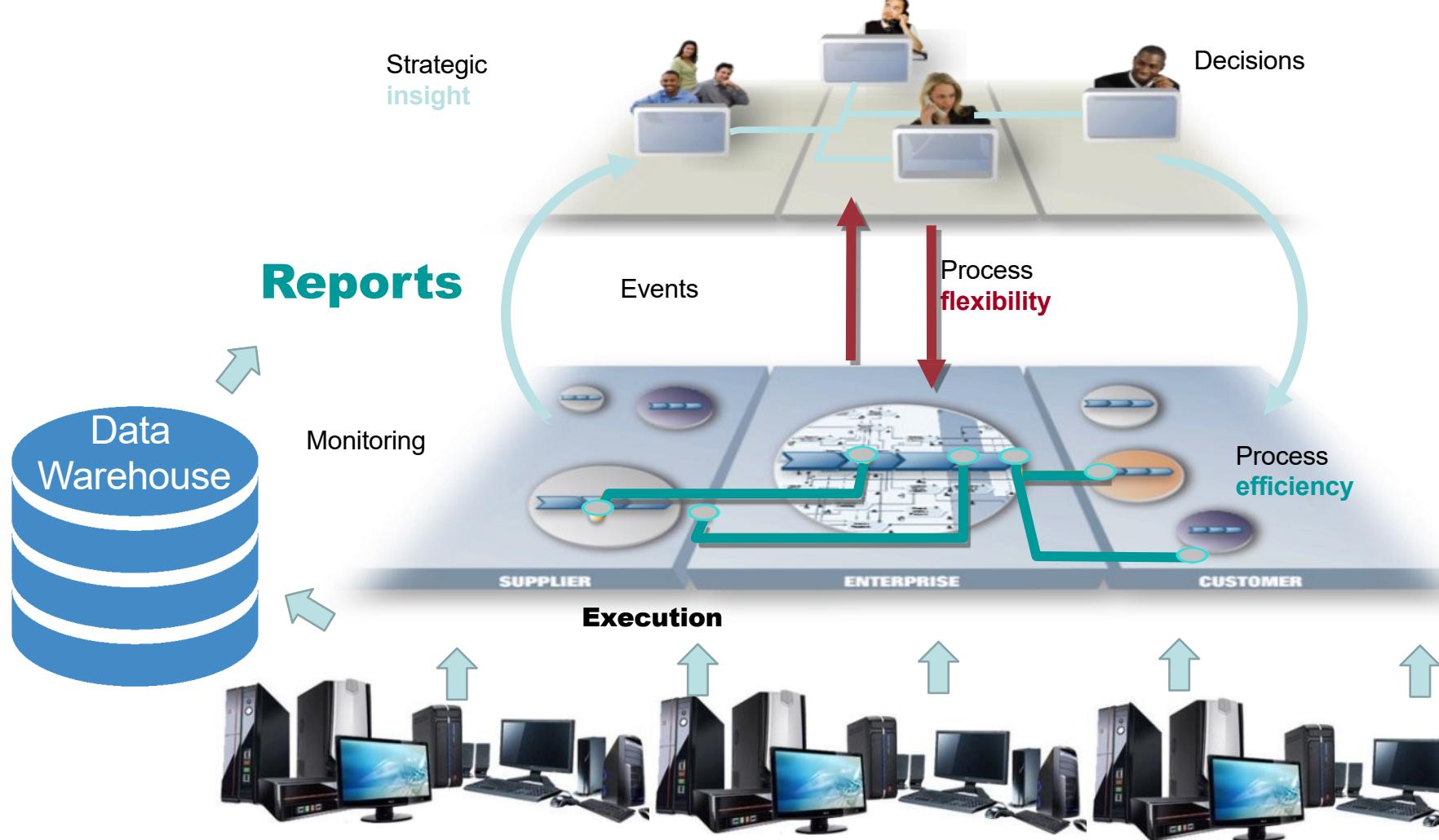
Data Warehousing



Learning Objectives

- 1 Understand the need for data warehouse in large organisations
- 2 The difference between OLTP and OLAP
- 3 The key data warehouse terms
- 4 The fundamentals of a star schema
- 5 The data warehouse vendors and the role of PowerBI

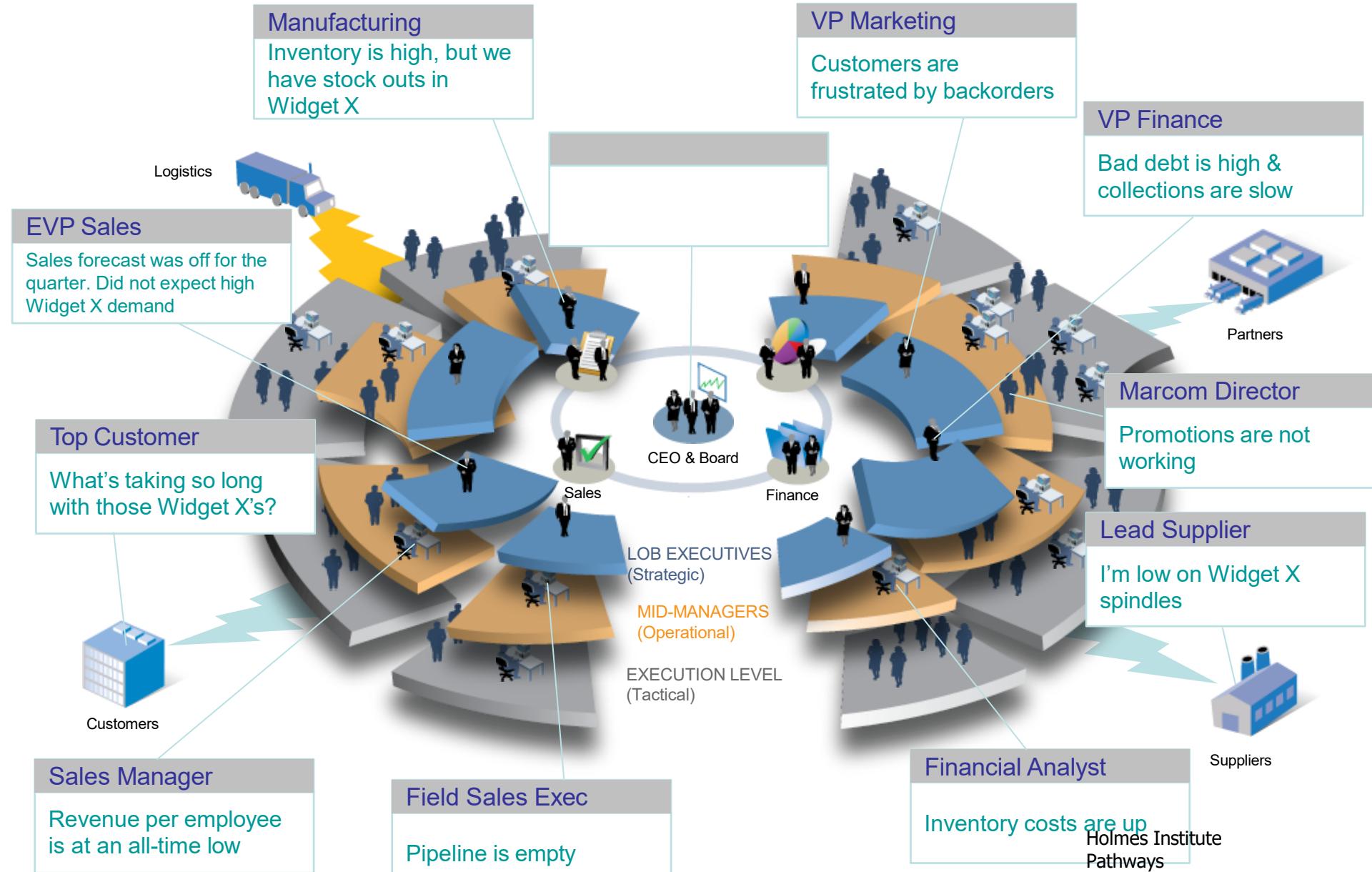
Strategy



This figure illustrates the strategic role of data warehousing in providing strategic insights and reports, enabling decision-making, monitoring, and process efficiency, with a focus on process flexibility to optimize enterprise operations from supplier to customer.

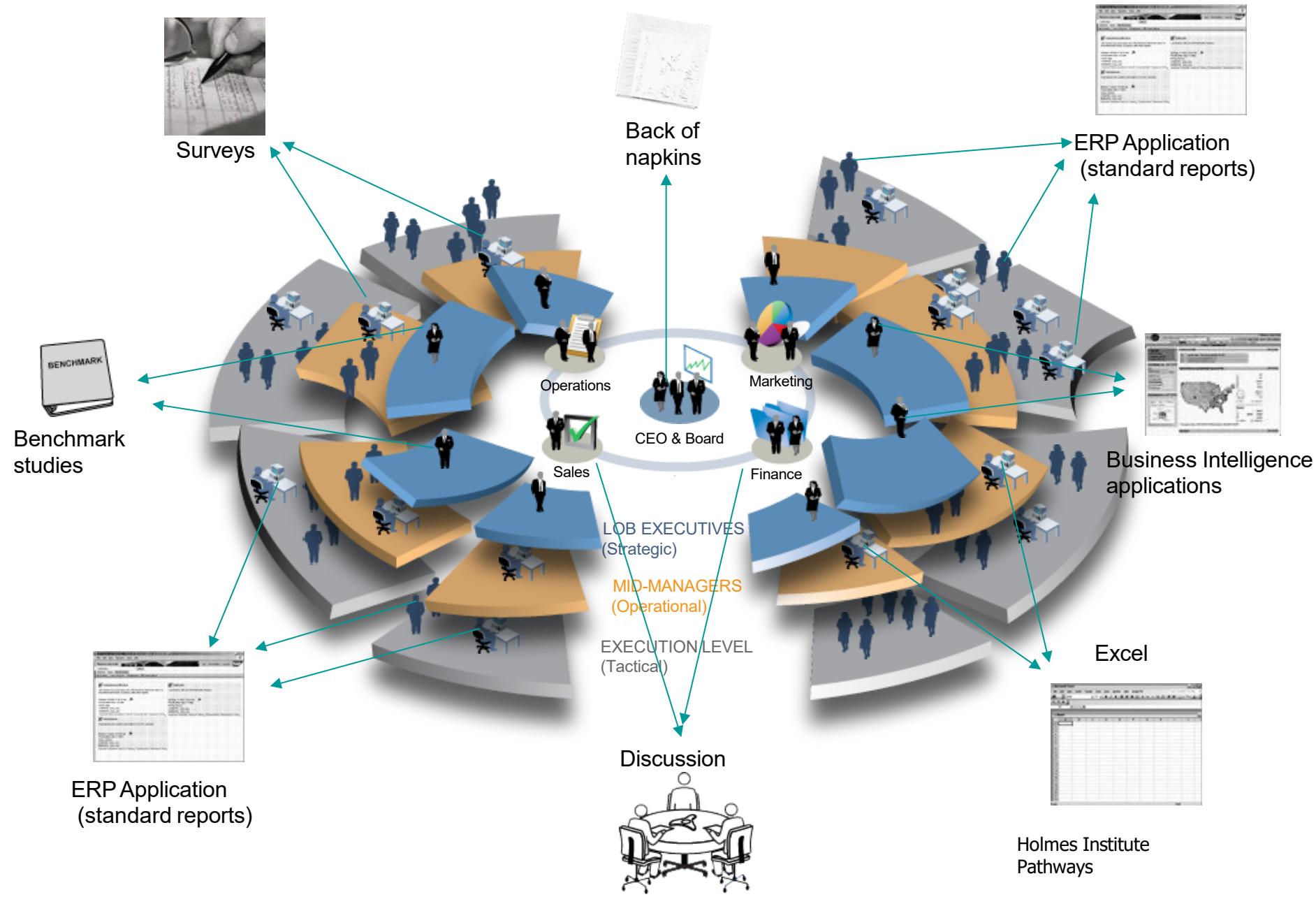
Hard to get answers in a complex environment

This figure illustrates the challenges of obtaining answers in a complex business environment, highlighting various issues faced by different departments such as manufacturing, marketing, finance, sales, and supply chain, all interacting with the CEO and board, showing the interconnected nature of business operations and decision-making.

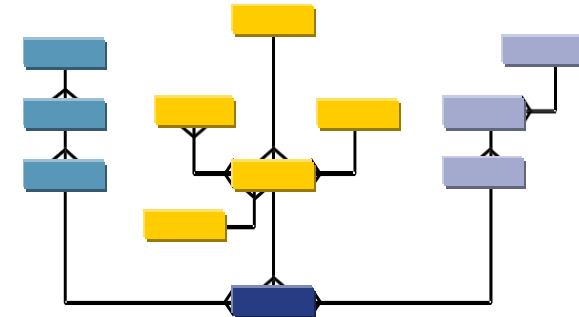


Data residing in numerous locations

This figure highlights the challenge of managing data spread across numerous locations, including ERP applications, business intelligence tools, Excel spreadsheets, benchmark studies, surveys, and even informal sources like the back of napkins, complicating the decision-making process within an organization.

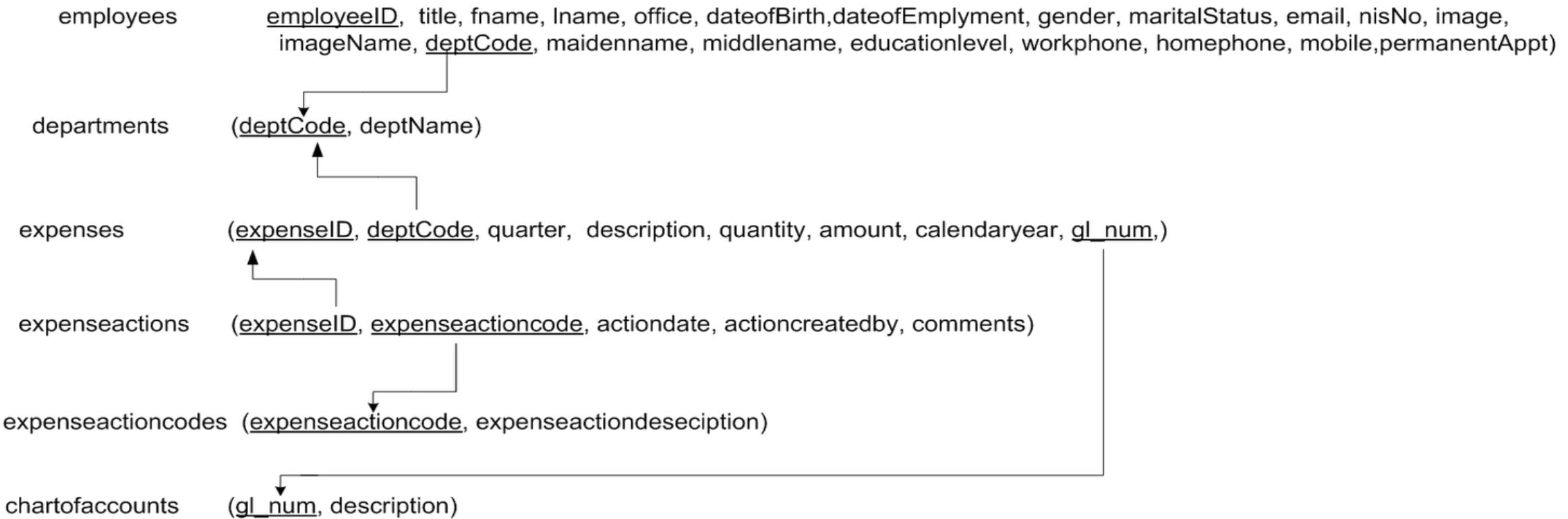


	OLTP Operative Environment
Purpose	Efficiency through the automation of processes
Priorities	High availability High data volumes
View of Data	Detailed
Age of Data	Current
Database Operations	Add, Edit, Delete, Read
Typical Data Structures	Relational (Normalised)
Integration of data from various sources	Minimal
Data Set (storage)	6 to 18 months
Archiving	Yes



This figure outlines the characteristics of an Online Transaction Processing (OLTP) environment, emphasizing its purpose for efficiency through process automation, high availability, detailed and current data views, relational data structures, and minimal data integration from various sources.

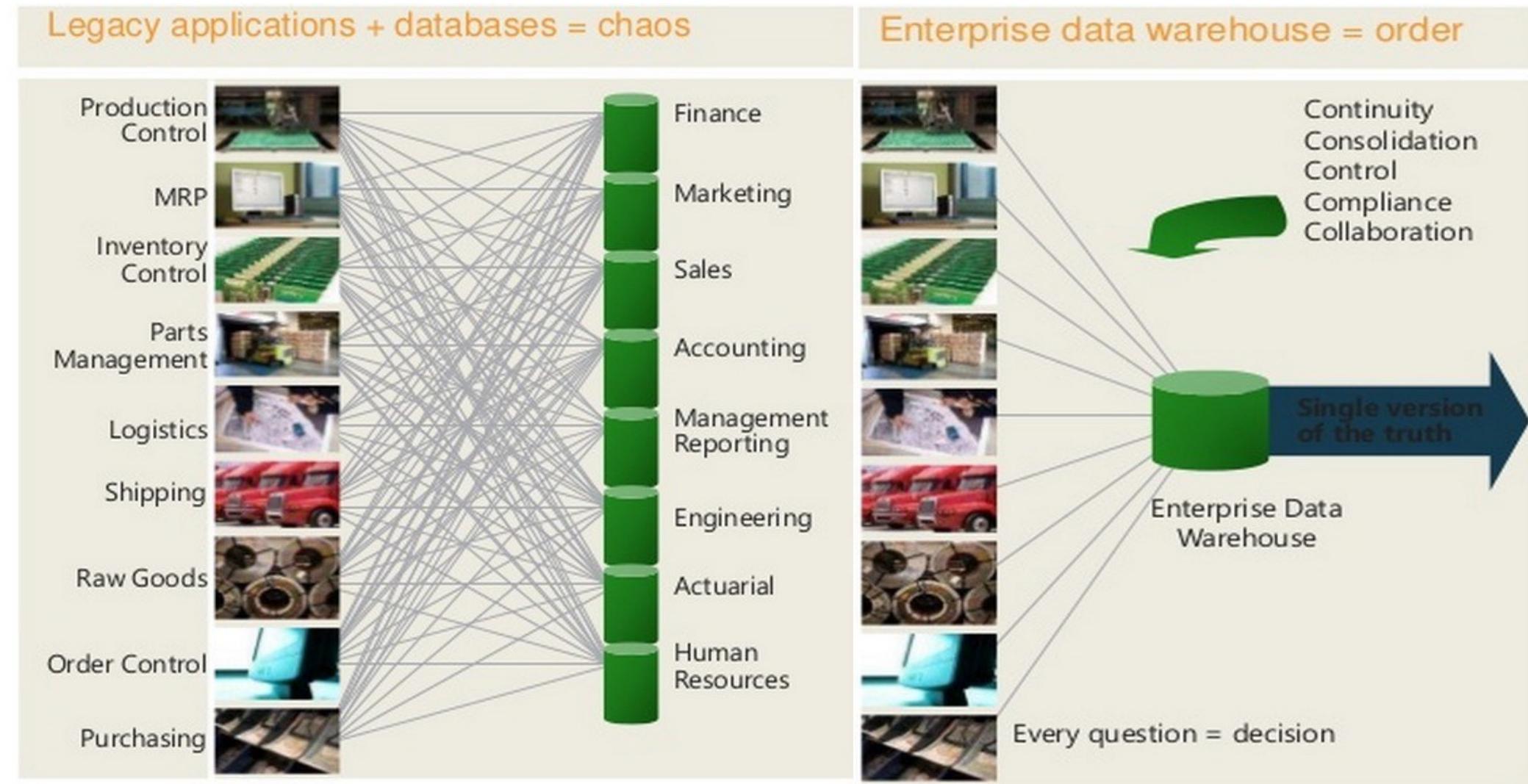
Relational Schema Design



This figure illustrates the characteristics and key aspects of an Online Analytical Processing (OLAP) environment, focusing on its purpose for supporting complex queries and analysis, handling aggregated historical data, enabling multidimensional views, and integrating data from various sources to facilitate strategic decision-making.

Accessing data

This figure contrasts the chaos of accessing data from multiple, unintegrated legacy applications and databases with the order provided by an enterprise data warehouse, which consolidates data into a single version of the truth for streamlined decision-making and enhanced organizational control and compliance.



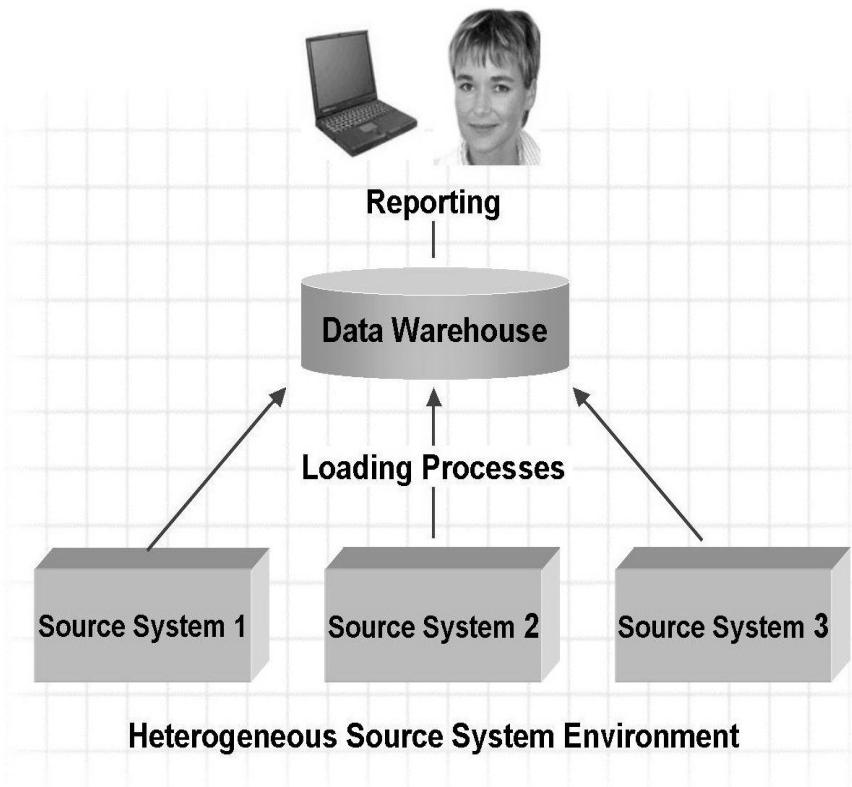
What is a Data Warehouse?



A **data warehouse** is a **database** used for **reporting** and **data analysis**. It is a **central repository** of data which is created by **integrating** data from one or more disparate sources. Data warehouses store **current** as well as **historical data**.



Data Warehouse - Definitions

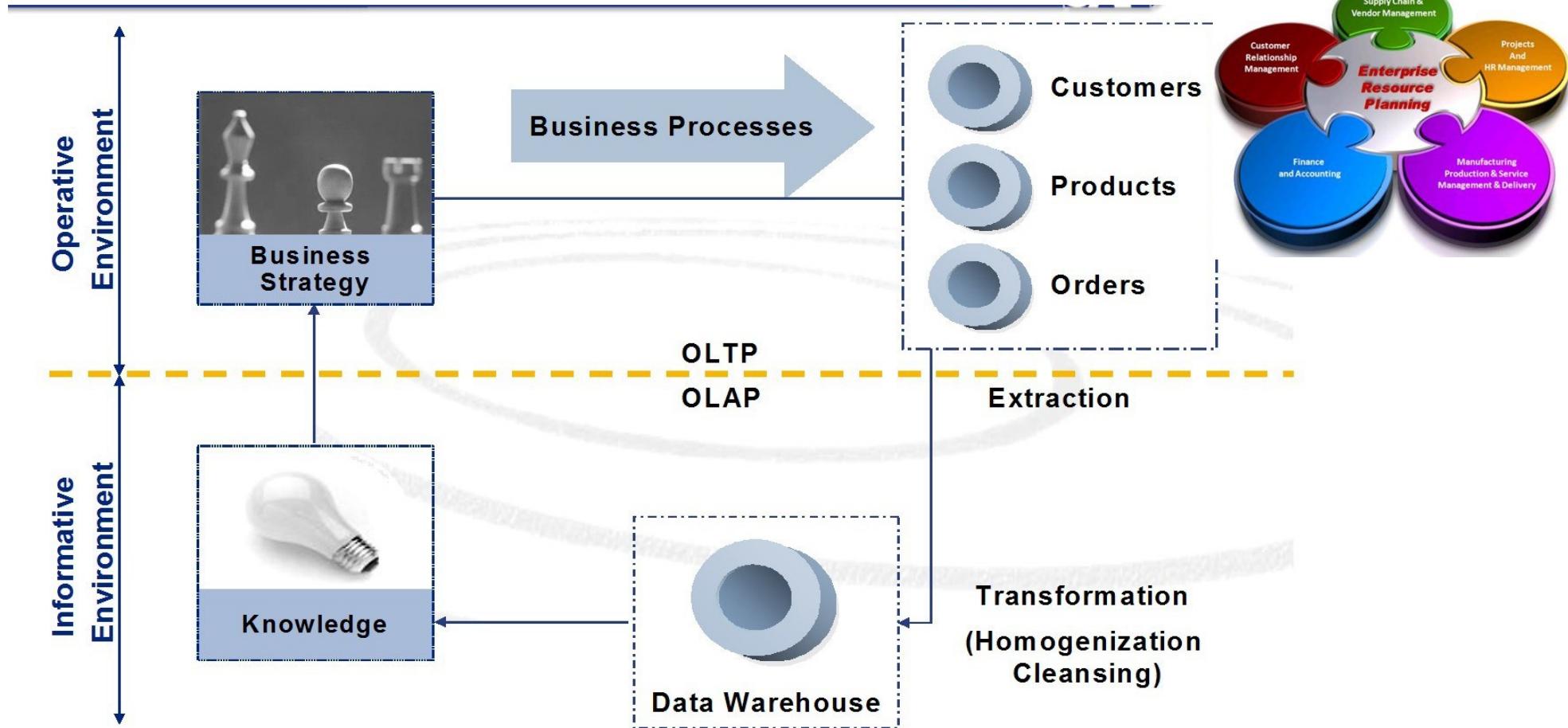


- A data warehouse is a **subject oriented** (customers or products), **integrated**, **time-dependent**, **non-volatile** (stable) collection of data in support of management's decision-making process. (W. H. Inmon, 1994).
- A copy of transaction data specifically structured for query and analysis
(R. Kimball, "The Data Warehouse Toolkit" 1996)

This figure illustrates the data warehousing process, where data from various heterogeneous source systems is loaded into a centralized data warehouse, enabling unified reporting and analysis.

The Role of Data Warehouse

This figure demonstrates the role of a data warehouse in transforming and consolidating data from various business processes and operational systems into valuable knowledge, supporting strategic business decisions and effective enterprise resource planning.



Why is a Data Warehouse Important?

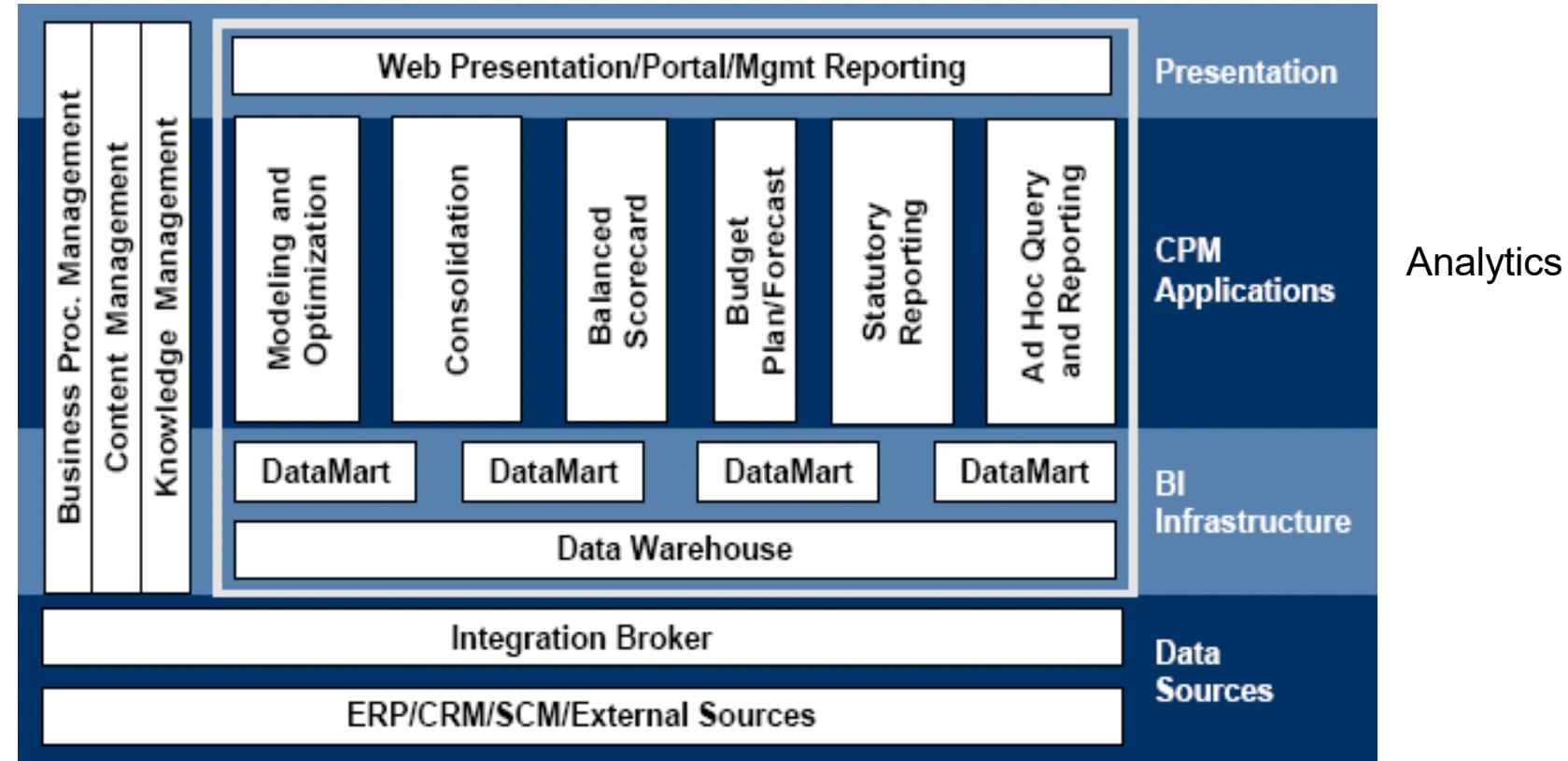
Here we explain the importance of a data warehouse, highlighting its benefits such as reducing stress on production systems, optimizing read access, integrating multiple data sources, maintaining historical records, restructuring data models, protecting against system upgrades, enabling independent report creation, improving data quality, and providing a single version of the truth.

- Reduce stress on production systems
- Optimized for read access
- Integrate many sources of data
- Keep historical records
- Restructure/rename tables and fields in new models
- Protect against source system upgrades
- No IT dependence for report creation
- Improve data quality
- Single version of the truth

	OLTP Operative Environment	OLAP Informative Environment
Purpose	Efficiency through the automation of processes	Generation of knowledge
Priorities	High availability High data volumes	Simple use Flexible data access
View of Data	Detailed	Aggregated
Age of Data	Current	Historical
Database Operations	Add, Edit, Delete, Read	Read
Typical Data Structures	Relational (Normalised)	Multi-Dimensional structures
Integration of data from various sources	Minimal	Comprehensive
Data Set (storage)	6 to 18 months	2 to 7 years
Archiving	Yes	Yes

Business Intelligence Platform

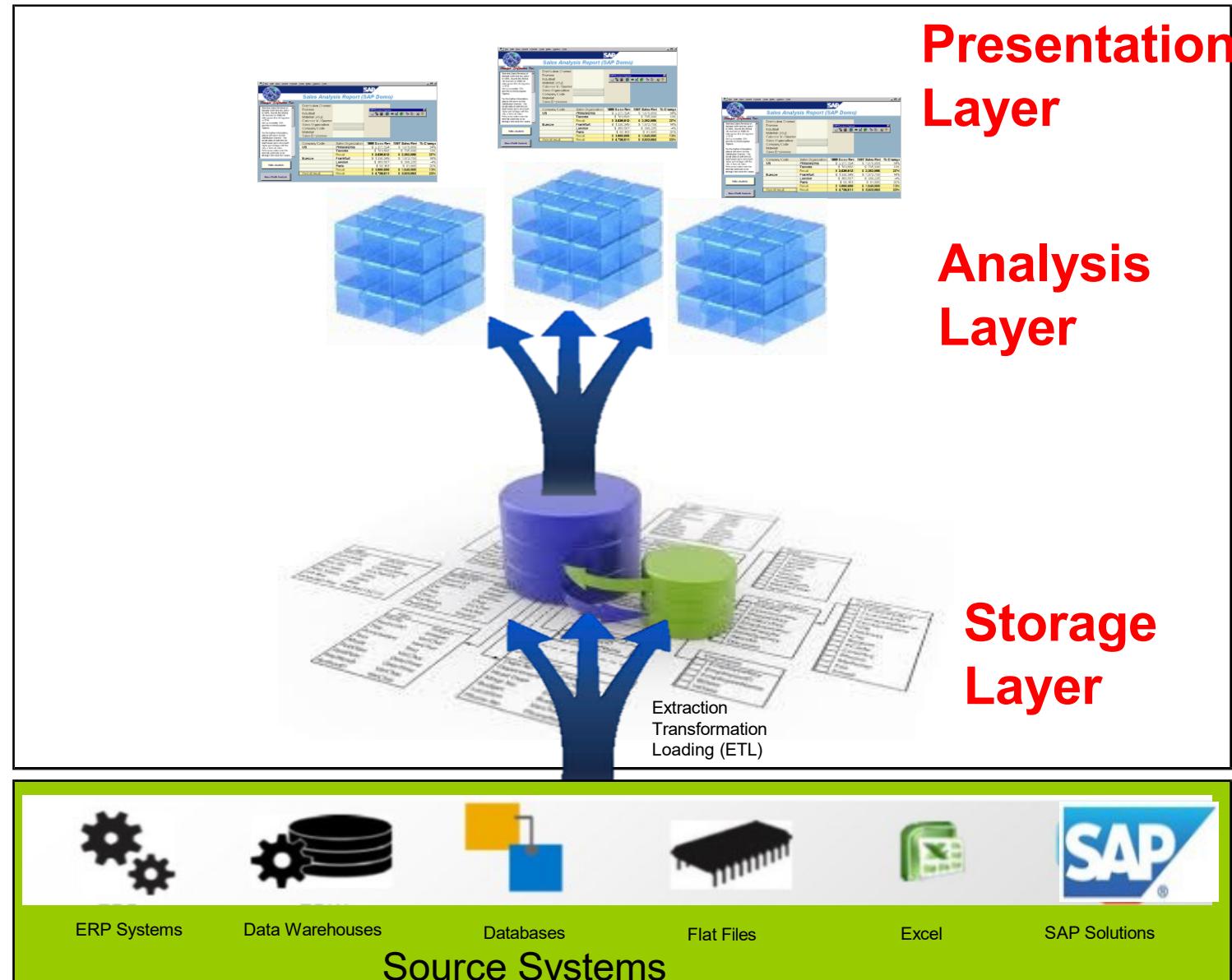
This figure depicts the architecture of a comprehensive business intelligence (BI) system, illustrating the integration of data sources (ERP/CRM/SCM/External Sources) into a data warehouse and data marts, which support various Corporate Performance Management (CPM) applications such as modeling, consolidation, balanced scorecard, budgeting, and reporting, with a web presentation layer for management reporting and decision-making.



Architecture Source: Gartner (CPM, 2004)

Data Warehouse Structure

This figure illustrates the structure of a data warehouse, showing the extraction, transformation, and loading (ETL) processes that integrate data from various source systems into the storage layer, which is then organized in the analysis layer for reporting and presented to users in the presentation layer.



**Presentation
Layer**

**Analysis
Layer**

**Storage
Layer**

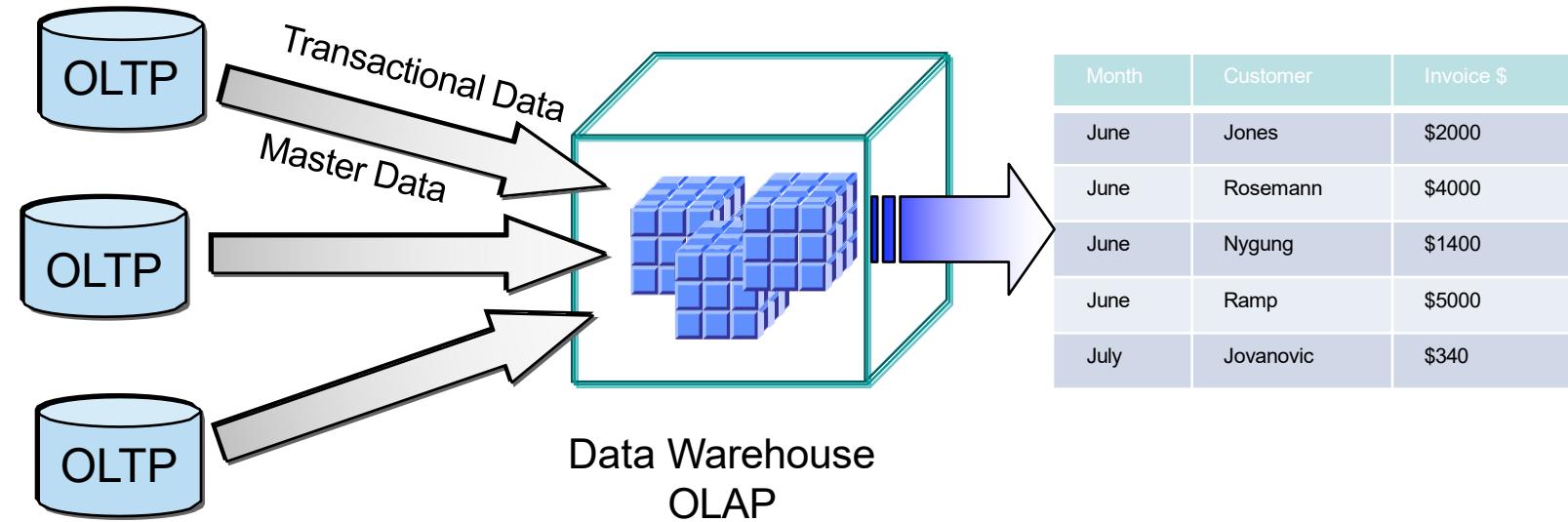
Data in Reports – Data Warehouse

This table illustrates how data in reports from a data warehouse is structured, showing the separation of dimensions (time, customer, material) from facts (measures like sales quantity and amount) to provide a comprehensive view for analysis and decision-making.

Dimensions		Facts		
Time	Master Data	Measures/Key Figures/Indicators		
Date	Customer	Material	Sales Quantity	Amount
1/1/08	Jones	Racer 26	2	\$2000
1/1/08	Rosemann	Mountain B	5	\$4000
1/1/08	Nygung	Racer 234	1	\$1400
.....				
			Total	\$35,000

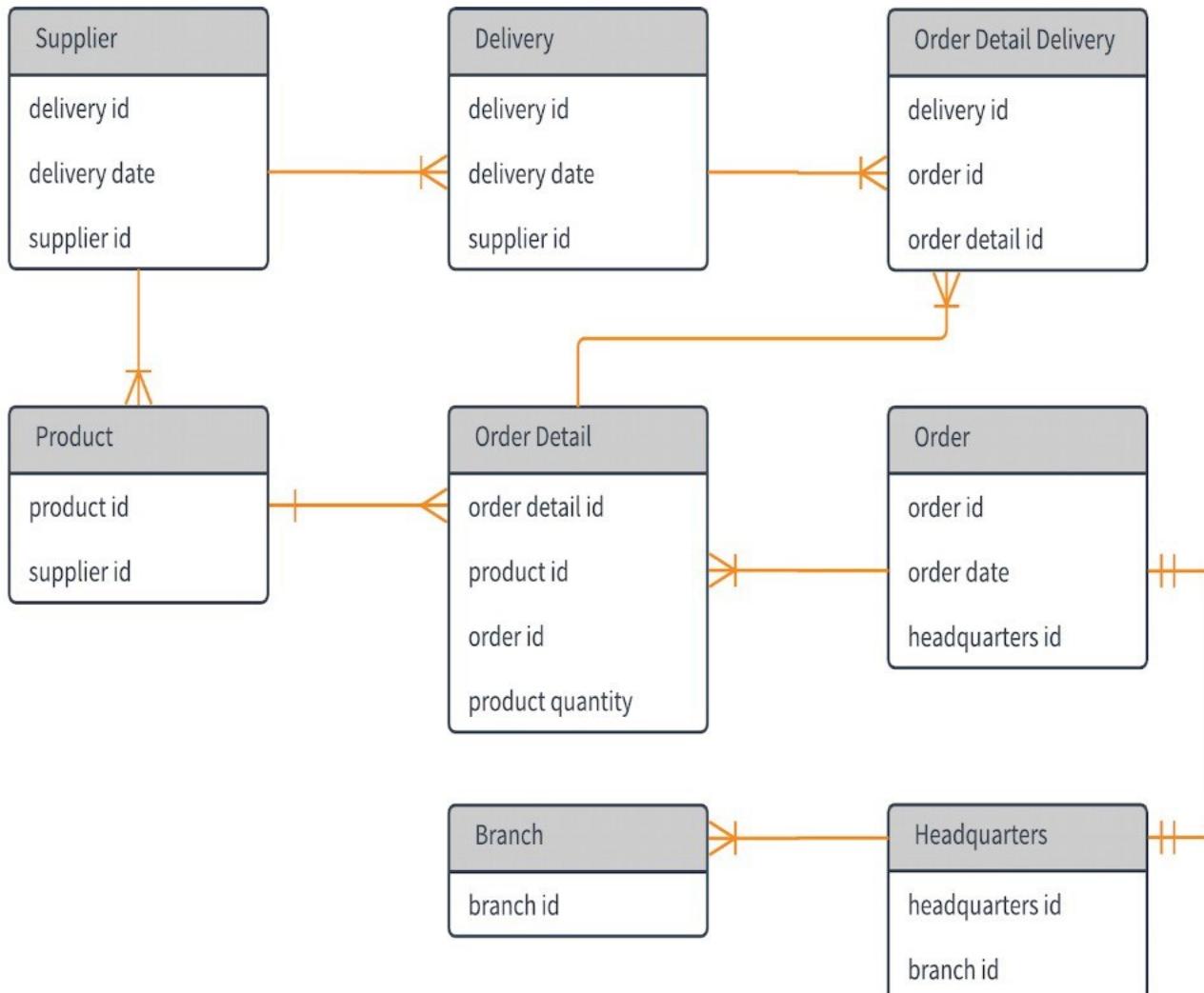
Data Warehousing

This figure demonstrates the process of data warehousing, where transactional and master data from various OLTP systems are consolidated into a data warehouse (OLAP) for analysis and reporting, providing summarized information such as monthly customer invoices.

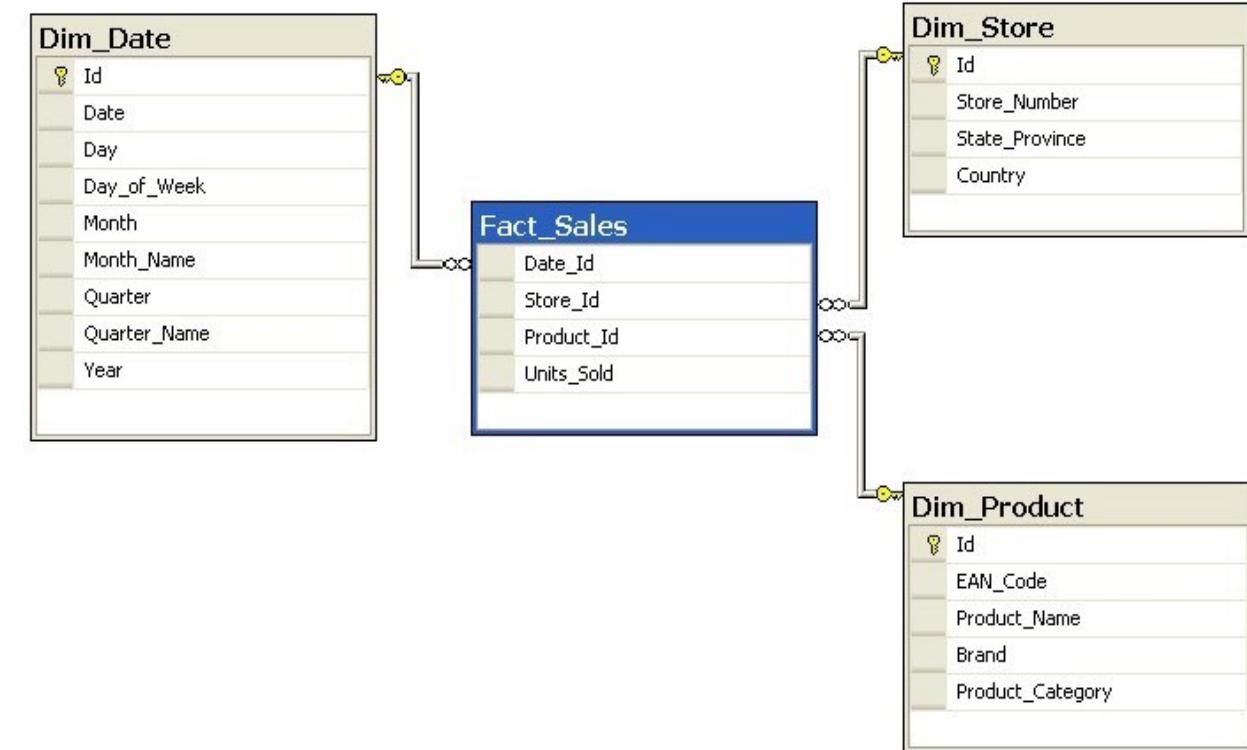


Schemas

OLTP



OLAP



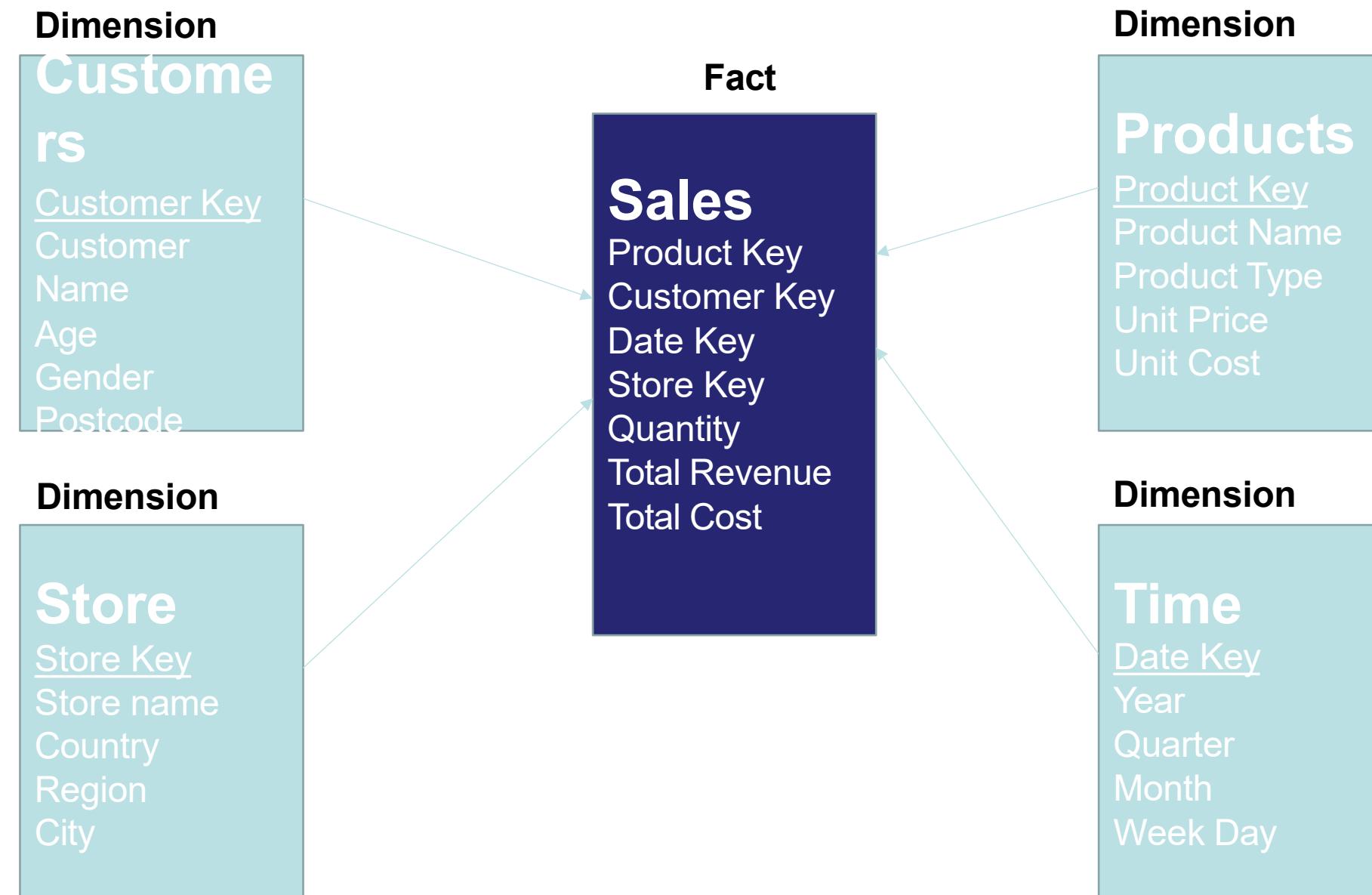
This figure compares OLTP and OLAP schemas, showing the detailed and normalized transactional structure of OLTP databases on the left, and the denormalized, dimensional model of OLAP databases designed for analytical queries on the right.



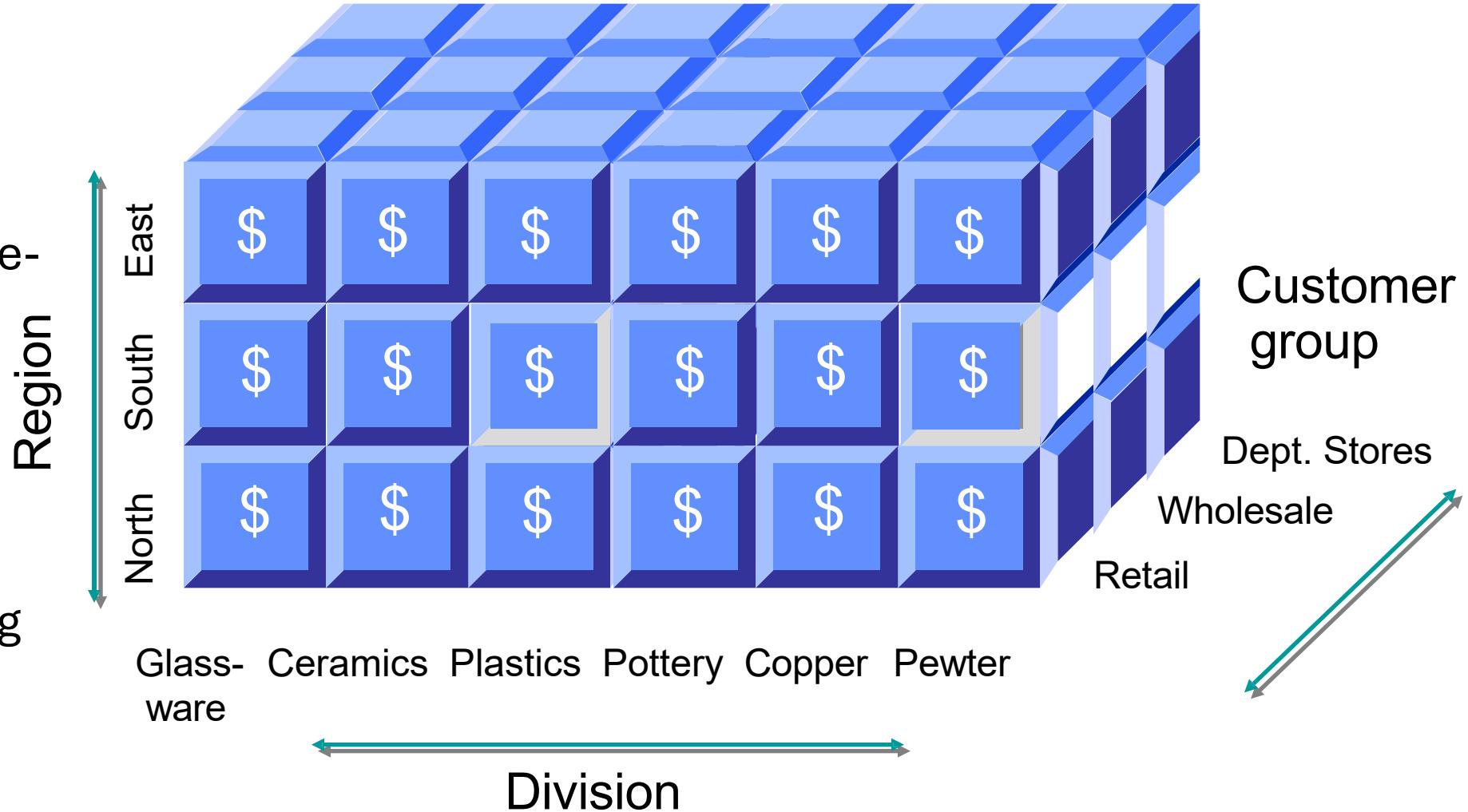
This figure shows a star schema used in OLAP databases, where the central fact table (Fact_Sales) containing transactional metrics is connected to surrounding dimension tables (Dim_Date, Dim_Store, Dim_Product) that provide descriptive attributes for querying and reporting.

Star Schema (Multi-dimensional)

This figure illustrates a star schema in a multi-dimensional data model, with a central fact table (Sales) containing key metrics linked to dimension tables (Customers, Products, Store, Time) that provide detailed contextual information for comprehensive data analysis.

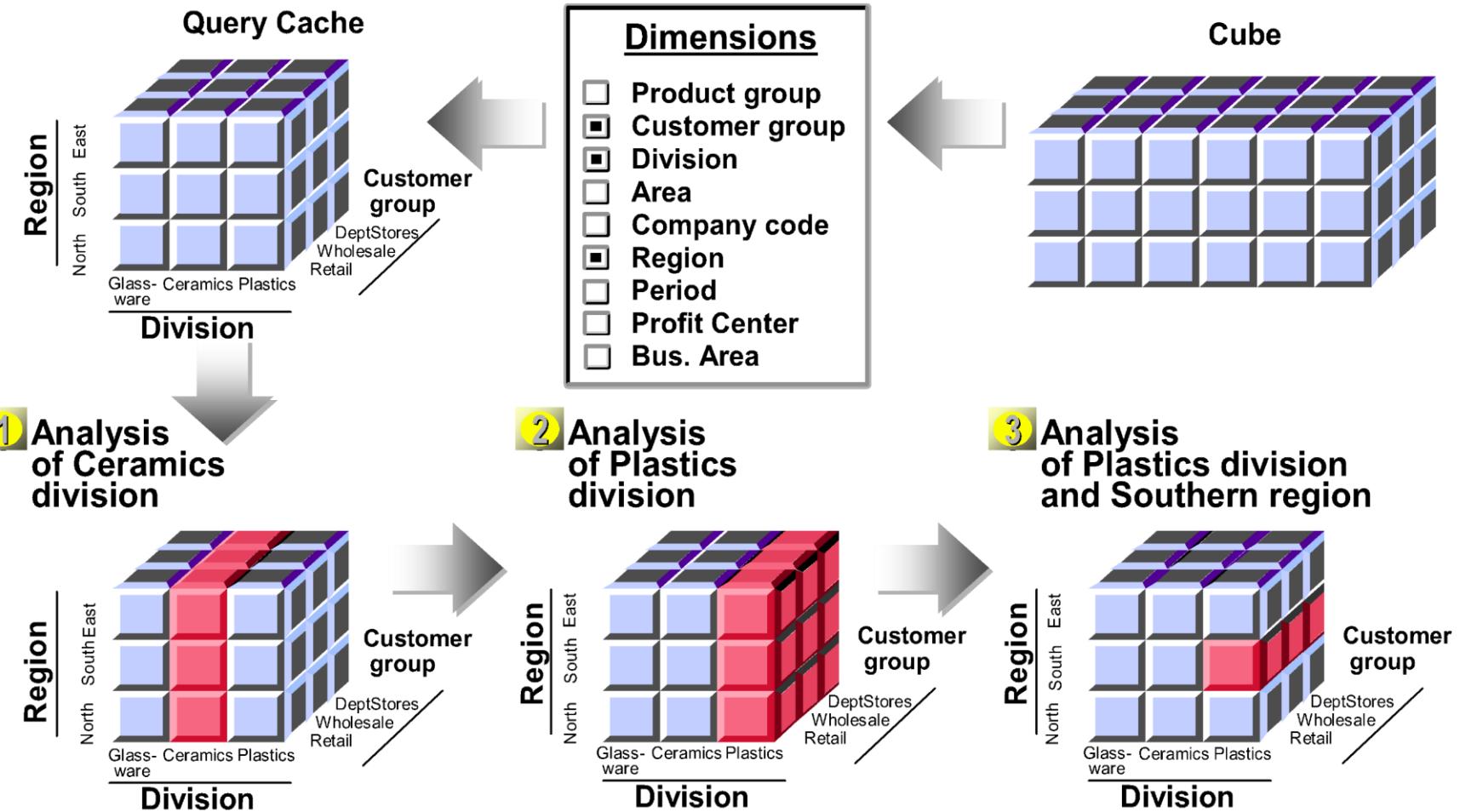


This figure illustrates multi-dimensional reporting using a data cube, which allows for drill-down, slice-and-dice analysis across various dimensions such as region, division, and customer group, providing a comprehensive view of financial metrics.



Multi-Dimensional Reporting – Drill Down, Slice and Dice

This figure demonstrates the process of slicing and dicing in multi-dimensional data analysis, allowing users to select specific dimensions and subsets of data from a data cube to gain focused insights and detailed reports.



Data Warehouse Terminology

- *Star Schema.*
- In a star schema, data falls into lookup tables and transaction tables. Or, for the data warehouse pro, dimensions and facts.
- *Historical Analysis.*
- The purpose of a data warehouse is historical analysis, and this shapes design decisions.
- *Platform Agnostic.* The data warehouse doesn't care how users connect.

Data Warehouse Terminology

- *Data Mart*
- Subset of data warehouse designed for specific scenarios.
- *Aggregations*.
- Data is summarized based on certain fields. Usually summation
- *Granularity*. The level of aggregation. The lower the granularity the more records are stored. ie Data is aggregated at either Year, Quarter, Month etc

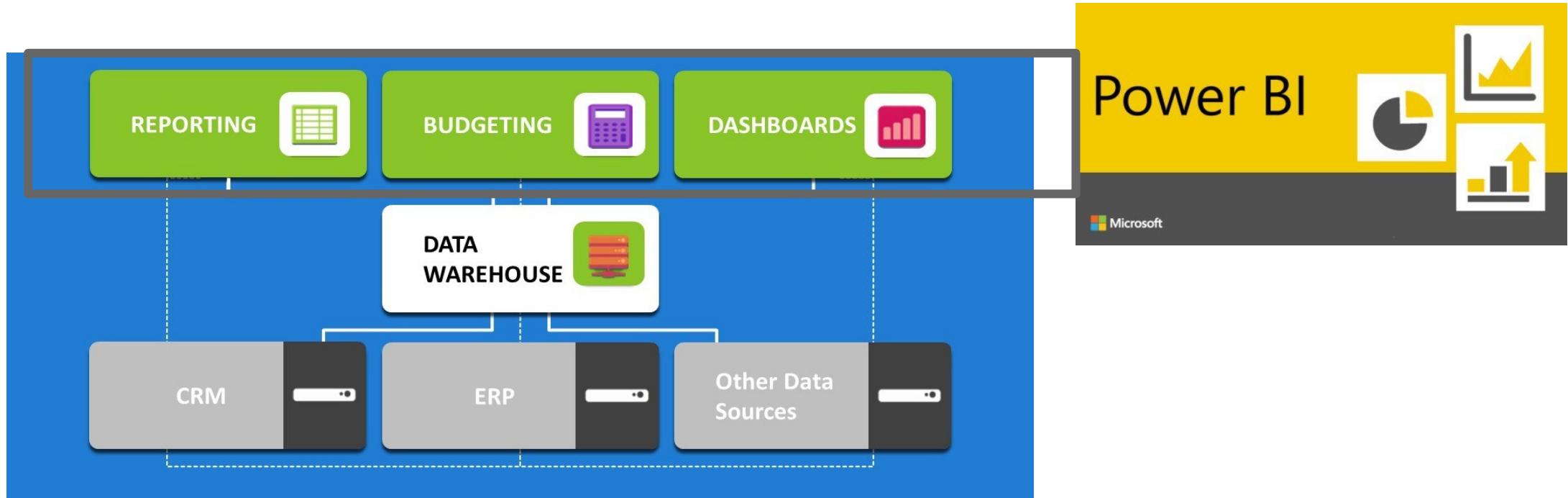
Vendors

This figure shows Gartner's Magic Quadrant for Analytics and Business Intelligence Platforms as of January 2020, categorizing vendors based on their ability to execute and completeness of vision, with Microsoft and Tableau positioned as leaders in the market.

Figure 1. Magic Quadrant for Analytics and Business Intelligence Platforms



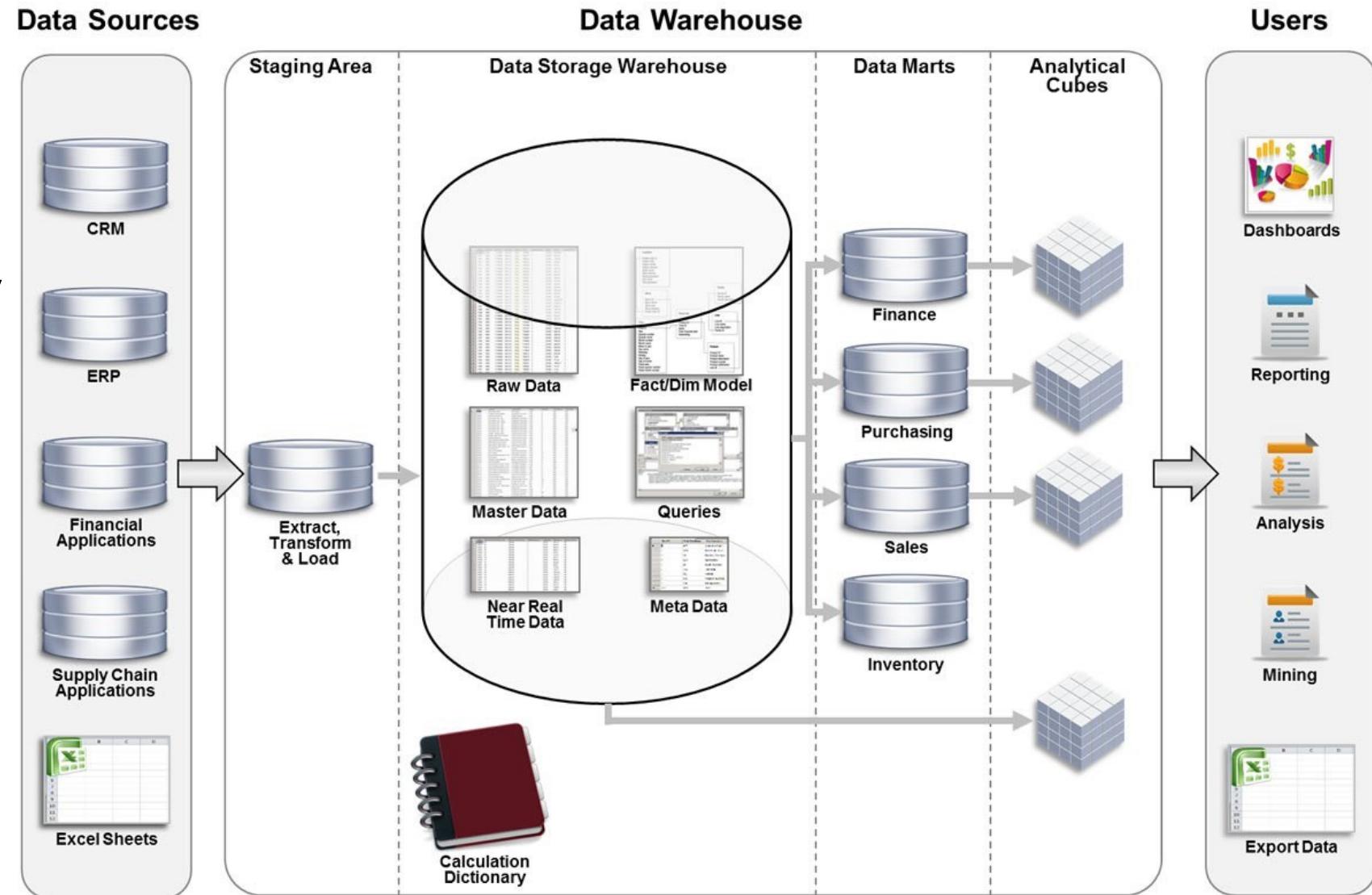
Power BI and Data Warehouse



This figure depicts the integration of various data sources (CRM, ERP, other data sources) into a data warehouse, which is then utilized by Power BI for reporting, budgeting, and dashboards to provide comprehensive business intelligence and insights.

Summary

This figure summarizes the data warehousing process, showing how data from various sources (CRM, ERP, financial applications, supply chain applications, Excel sheets) is extracted, transformed, and loaded into a data warehouse, organized into data marts and analytical cubes, and then used by end-users for dashboards, reporting, analysis, mining, and data export.



3. Tutorial week 8 – Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

A Power BI dashboard is a powerful visualization tool designed to display the most important insights from data on a single page, referred to as a canvas. It integrates various visual elements such as charts, graphs, and maps—collectively known as tiles—to summarize and present complex data in an easily digestible format. Each tile is linked to underlying reports and datasets, enabling users to delve deeper into the details as needed. This dashboard setup is particularly valuable for decision-makers and business analysts, as it provides a high-level overview of key metrics and trends at a glance, facilitating quick and informed decisions. The ability to customize and interact with these dashboards in real time enhances their utility, making them an essential component in business intelligence and data analysis workflows.



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

You have created some simple dashboards from in the previous tutorial. This tutorial, we are going to more details of designing dashboard. To do so follow the steps:

1. Download all the data sets for this tutorial from the BB, Budget, Forecast, Actuals.

The data we will be working with is 12 months worth of budget and forecast data and 6 months worth of actual data for the IT department of a global company and this is a modified data set from obvience

Data

Budget					
Date	IT Dep.	CostElement	Country	Budget	
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Friday, 1 May 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Monday, 1 June 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Wednesday, 1 July 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Saturday, 1 August 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Tuesday, 1 September 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Thursday, 1 October 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Sunday, 1 November 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Tuesday, 1 December 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125	

Forecast					
Date	IT Dep.	CostElement	Country	Forecast	
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	90,994	
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	103,135	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	116,809	
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	92,221	
Friday, 1 May 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	126,128	
Monday, 1 June 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	95,333	
Wednesday, 1 July 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178	
Saturday, 1 August 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178	
Tuesday, 1 September 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178	
Thursday, 1 October 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	108,580	
Sunday, 1 November 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	108,580	
Tuesday, 1 December 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	108,623	
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	41,537	
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	43,028	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	45,385	
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	41,175	

Actuals					
Date	IT Department	Cost Element	Country	Actual	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Employee Performance	USA	150	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	External Labor	USA	96,906	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Hardware	USA	2,901	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	116,809	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Legal	USA	562	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Moving	USA	867	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Other	USA	29,563	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Supplies	USA	466	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Telecomm	USA	1,073	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Training	USA	88	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Travel	USA	10,518	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Depreciation	USA	693	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Employee Performance	USA	4	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Hardware	USA	240	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	45,385	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Other	USA	-1,583	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Supplies	USA	27	

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

These datasets in csv formats have been exported from an accounting system. You can find them on the Blackboard. Each file contain records by date, department, cost element, country, and the amount.

Data

Budget						Actuals						Forecast					
Date	IT Dep.	CostElement	Country	Budget		Date	IT Department	Cost Element	Country	Actual		Date	IT Dep.	CostElement	Country	Forecast	
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Employee Performance	USA	150		Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	90,994	
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	External Labor	USA	96,906		Saturday, 1 February 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	103,135	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Hardware	USA	2,901		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	116,809	
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	116,809		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	92,221	
Friday, 1 May 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Legal	USA	562		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	126,128	
Monday, 1 June 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Moving	USA	867		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	95,333	
Wednesday, 1 July 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Other	USA	29,563		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178	
Saturday, 1 August 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Supplies	USA	466		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178	
Tuesday, 1 September 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Telecomm	USA	1,073		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	108,580	
Thursday, 1 October 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Training	USA	88		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	108,623	
Sunday, 1 November 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Travel	USA	10,518		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	41,537	
Tuesday, 1 December 2020	Business Intelligence	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Depreciation	USA	693		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	43,028	
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Employee Performance	USA	4		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	45,385	
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Hardware	USA	240		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	41,175	
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	45,385		Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	39,924	
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Document Management	Hardware Maintenance	USA	125		Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Other	USA	-1,583							
						Sunday, 1 March 2020	Architecture	Supplies	USA	27							

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

We also have dimension tables that contain further groupings for the cost element country and IT departments. Each table is named and these names will also be the names of the tables when we import them into Power BI.

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet titled "dim_tables" with three tables defined:

- Cost Element** (Table A):

Cost Element	Cost Element Group	Business Area
External Labor	Labor	BU
Internal Labor	Labor	BU
Employee Performance	Other	BU
Other	Other	BU
Recognition	Other	BU
Training	Other	BU
Travel	Other	BU
Administrative	Administrative	R&D
Amortization	Depr & Amort	R&D
Depreciation	Depr & Amort	R&D
Hardware	Hardware & Software	R&D
Hardware Maintenance	Hardware & Software	R&D
Software	Hardware & Software	R&D
Software Maintenance	Hardware & Software	R&D
Supplies	Other	R&D
Taxes	Other	R&D
Telecomm	Other	R&D
Vehicles	Other	R&D
Inbound Allocations	Shared Services	R&D
Outbound Allocations	Shared Services	R&D
Project Expenses	Other	BU
Severance	Other	BU
Moving	Other	BU
CAPEX	CAPEX	R&D
Legal	Other	Office & Administrative
- Country** (Table E):

Country	Region
Austria	Europe
Belgium	Europe
Brazil	Latin America
Canada	Canada
China	Africa & Asia
Czech Republic	Europe
Denmark	Europe
Finland	Europe
France	Europe
Germany	Europe
Hungary	Europe
Ireland	Europe
Israel	Africa & Asia
Italy	Europe
Japan	Africa & Asia
Mexico	Latin America
Netherlands	Europe
New Zealand	Aus and NZ
Poland	Europe
Portugal	Europe
Puerto Rico	USA
Spain	Europe
Sweden	Europe
Switzerland	Europe
Turkey	Africa & Asia
- IT Department** (Table H):

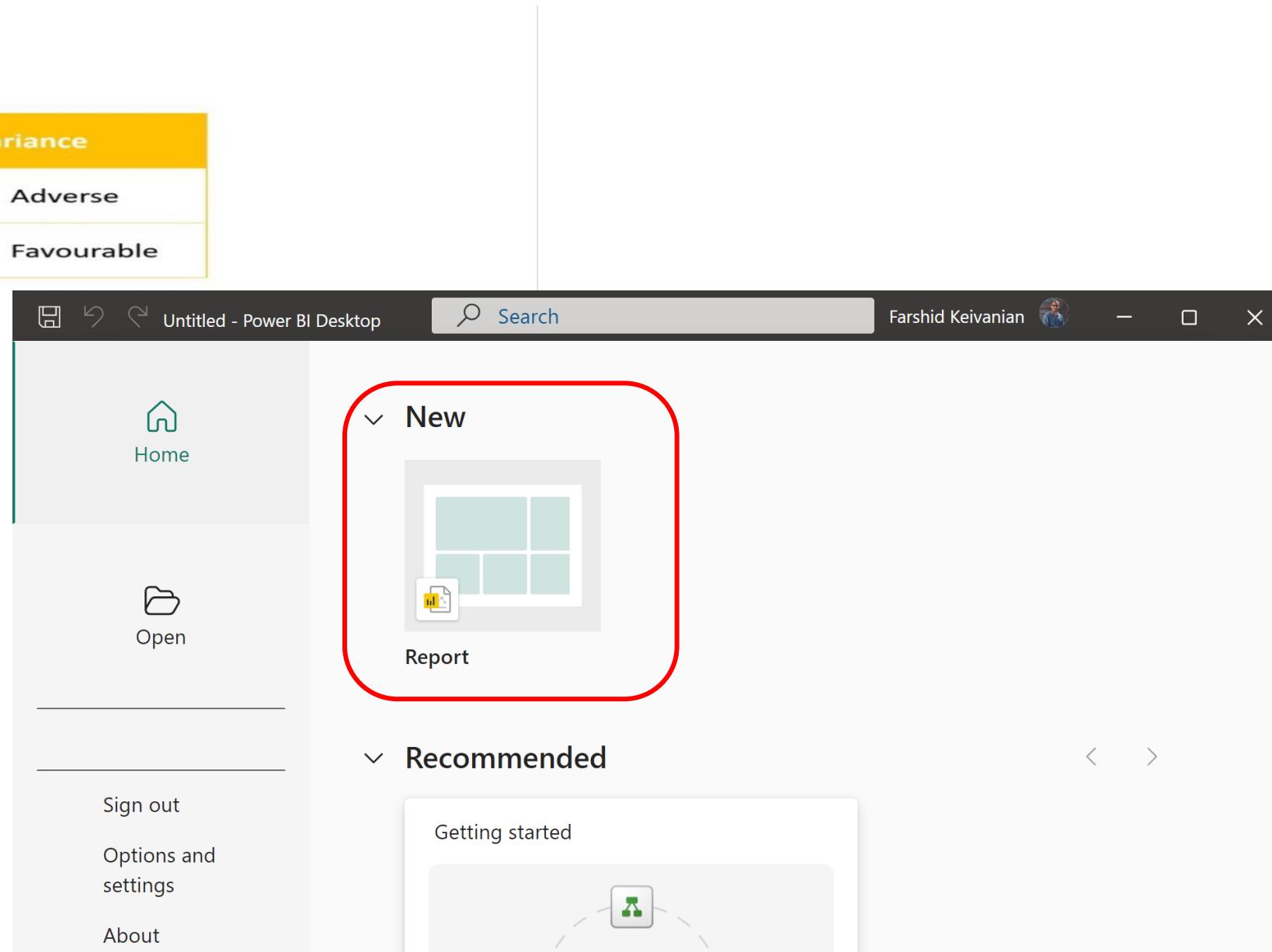
IT Department	IT Area	Dept. Manager
Core	BU Support	Sam Danks
Development	BU Support	Sam Danks
Distribution	BU Support	Linda Lee
Emerging	BU Support	Robert Nero
Manufacturing	BU Support	Mira Flores
Planning	BU Support	Mira Flores
Production	BU Support	Sam Danks
R&D	BU Support	Max Gin
Business Intelligence	Enablement	Raju Singh
Data Management	Enablement	Marcia Carr
Document Management	Enablement	Sean Peters
EIM	Enablement	Linda Lee
Enterprise Capabilities	Enablement	Max Gin
Innovation	Enablement	Max Gin
Mobility	Enablement	Bo Jones
Portals	Enablement	Jim Wheeler
Six Sigma	Enablement	Sam Danks
R1	Functional	Marcia Carr
R2	Functional	Raju Singh
R3	Functional	Jim Biggs
R5	Functional	Marcia Carr
Administration	Governance	Jim Biggs
Architecture	Governance	Sam Danks
GRC	Governance	Will Smith
Portfolio Management	Governance	Jane Beck

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

We will be comparing performance against budget or plan if we prefer to call it that.

IT Costs - Budget vs Actual

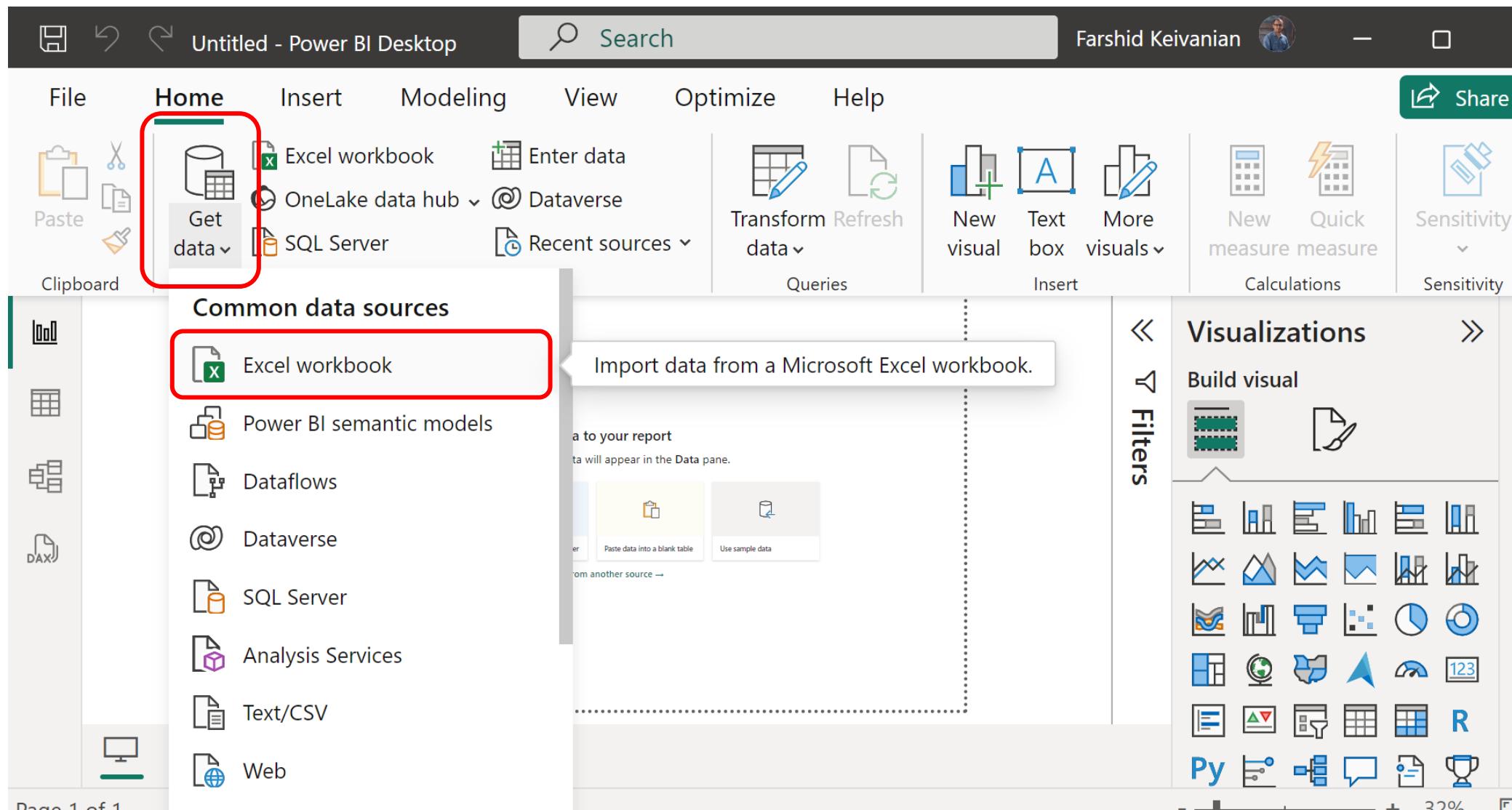
Actual	Budget	Variance
200	100	(100) Adverse
50	100	50 Favourable



- Click on New

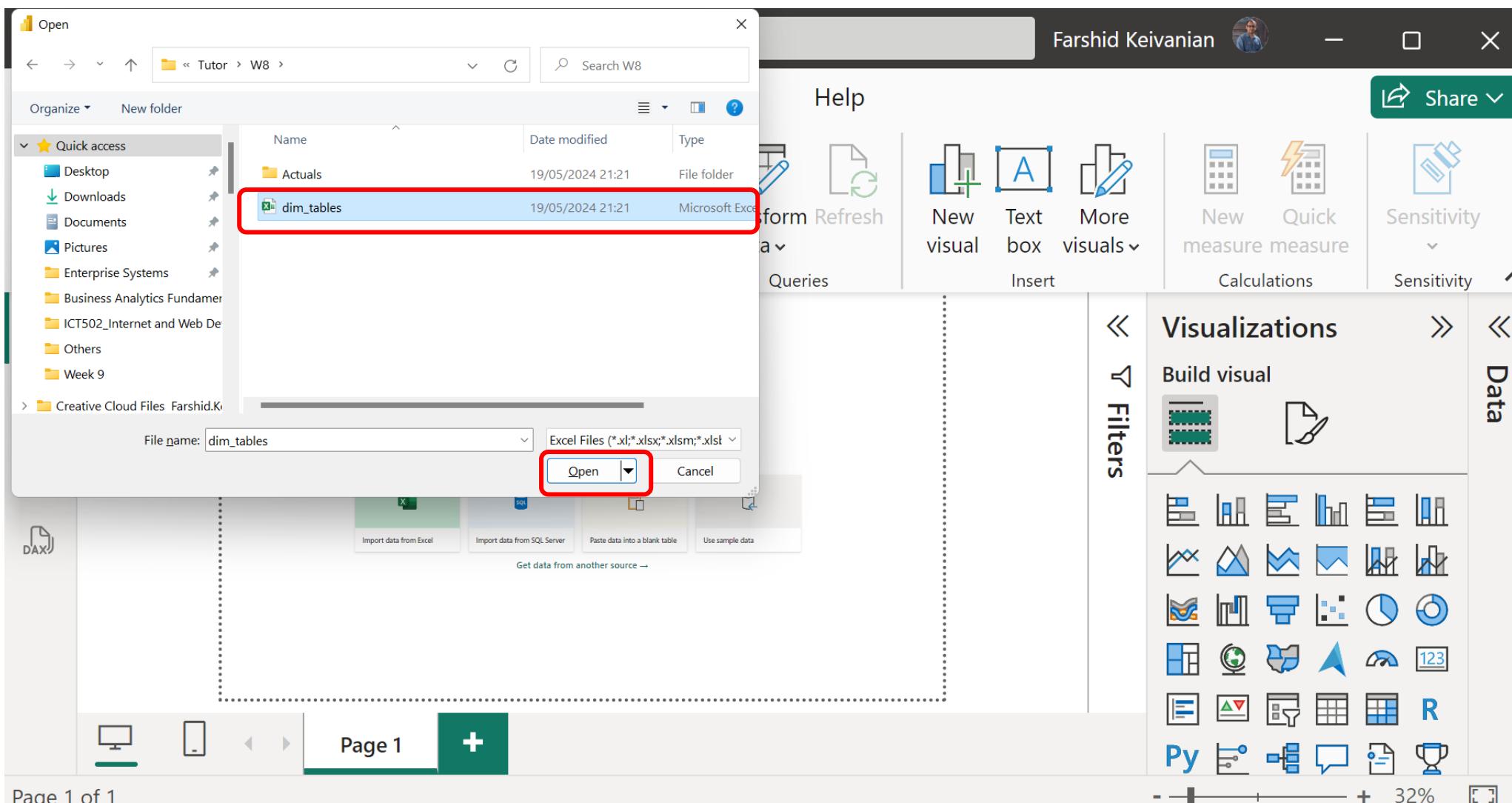
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Get data
- Click on Excel workbook



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- **Select dim_tables**
- **Click on Open**



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click and Check these three tables
- On the right hand side we see a preview of data (we can check what we are expecting)
- We can click on Transform button to clean the data before loading it, however in this case the data is ready so we will be clicking on Load (power BI will load that data into the power pivot model)

The screenshot shows the Power BI Navigator interface. On the left, there's a tree view under 'dim_tables.xlsx [4]' containing four checked tables: CostElements, Departments, Regions, and Dim Tables. A red box highlights this section. On the right, there's a preview table titled 'Regions' with columns 'Country' and 'Region'. The data includes Austria (Europe), Belgium (Europe), Brazil (Latin America), Canada (Canada), China (Africa & Asia), Czech Republic (Europe), Denmark (Europe), Finland (Europe), France (Europe), Germany (Europe), Hungary (Europe), and Ireland (Europe). A red box highlights the 'Load' button at the bottom right of the interface.

Country	Region
Austria	Europe
Belgium	Europe
Brazil	Latin America
Canada	Canada
China	Africa & Asia
Czech Republic	Europe
Denmark	Europe
Finland	Europe
France	Europe
Germany	Europe
Hungary	Europe
Ireland	Europe

Load Transform Data Cancel

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Now we see the Tables in Data Pane (right side)

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, and Share. The Home tab is selected. The main canvas area is currently empty, with a placeholder message: "Build visuals with your data. Select or drag fields from the Data pane onto the report canvas." On the left, there's a vertical ribbon of icons for Paste, Get data, Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, SQL Server, Enter data, Refresh data, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Sensitivity. The "Get data" icon is highlighted with a black box. The right side of the screen features two panes: "Visualizations" and "Data". The "Data" pane is circled in red and contains a search bar and three hierarchical items: CostElements, Departments, and Regions.

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

Search

Farshid Keivanian

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help Share

Paste Get data Excel workbook OneLake data hub SQL Server Enter data Refresh data New visual Text box More visuals New measure Quick measure Sensitivity

Connect to data from multiple sources.

Build visuals with your data
Select or drag fields from the Data pane onto the report canvas.

Visualizations

Filters

Data

CostElements

Departments

Regions

Page 1 of 1

Page 1 32%

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Now we grab CSV files for budget and forecast

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

Search

Farshid Keivanian

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help Share

Clipboard

Common data sources

- Excel workbook
- Power BI semantic models
- Dataflows
- Dataverse
- SQL Server
- Analysis Services
- Text/CSV**
- Web

Queries

Transform Refresh data

New visual Text box More visuals

New measure Quick measure

Calculations Sensitivity

Visualizations

Build visual

Filters

CostElements

Departments

Regions

Import data from a text or CSV file.

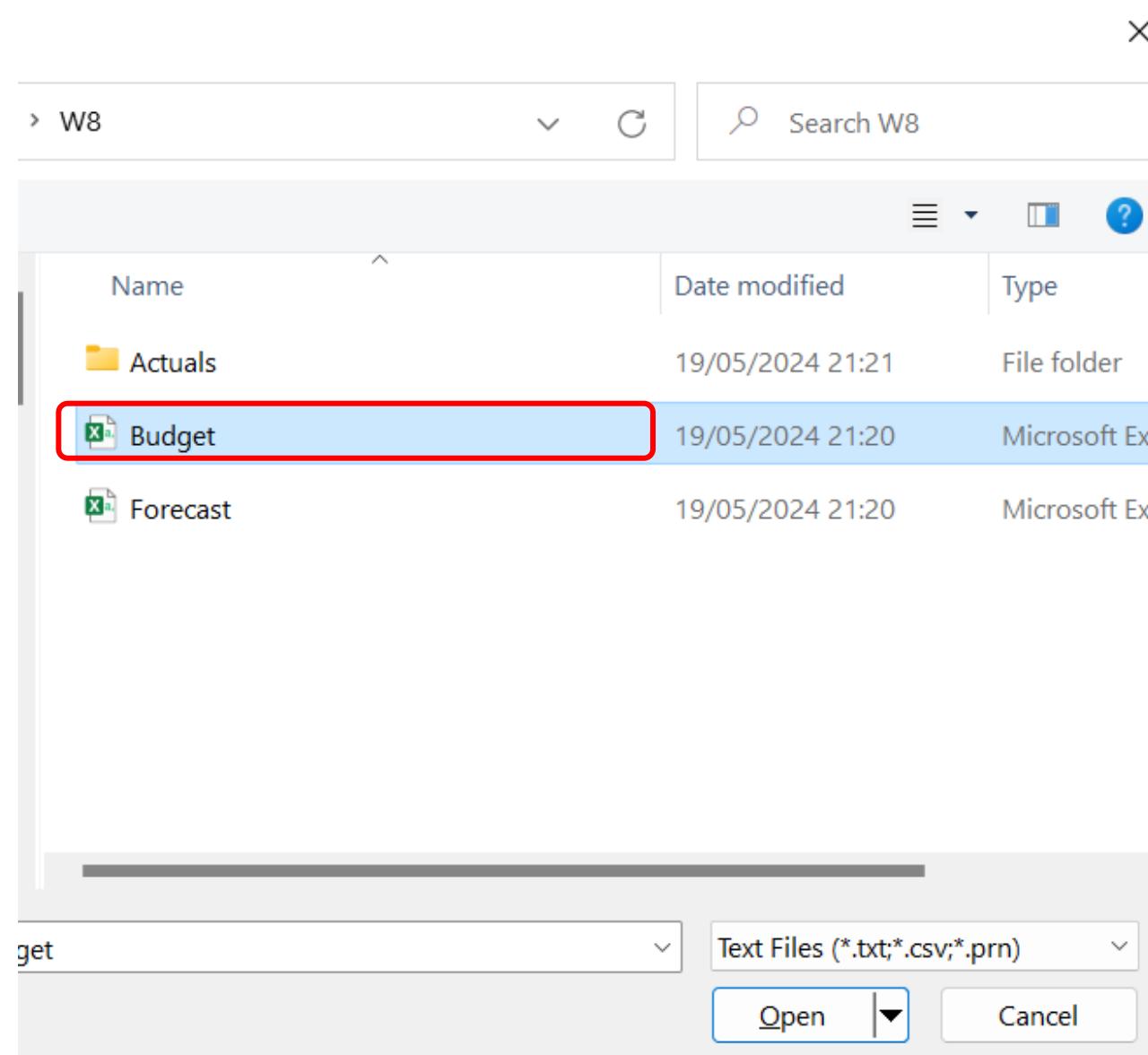
Py R

Page 1 of 1

32%

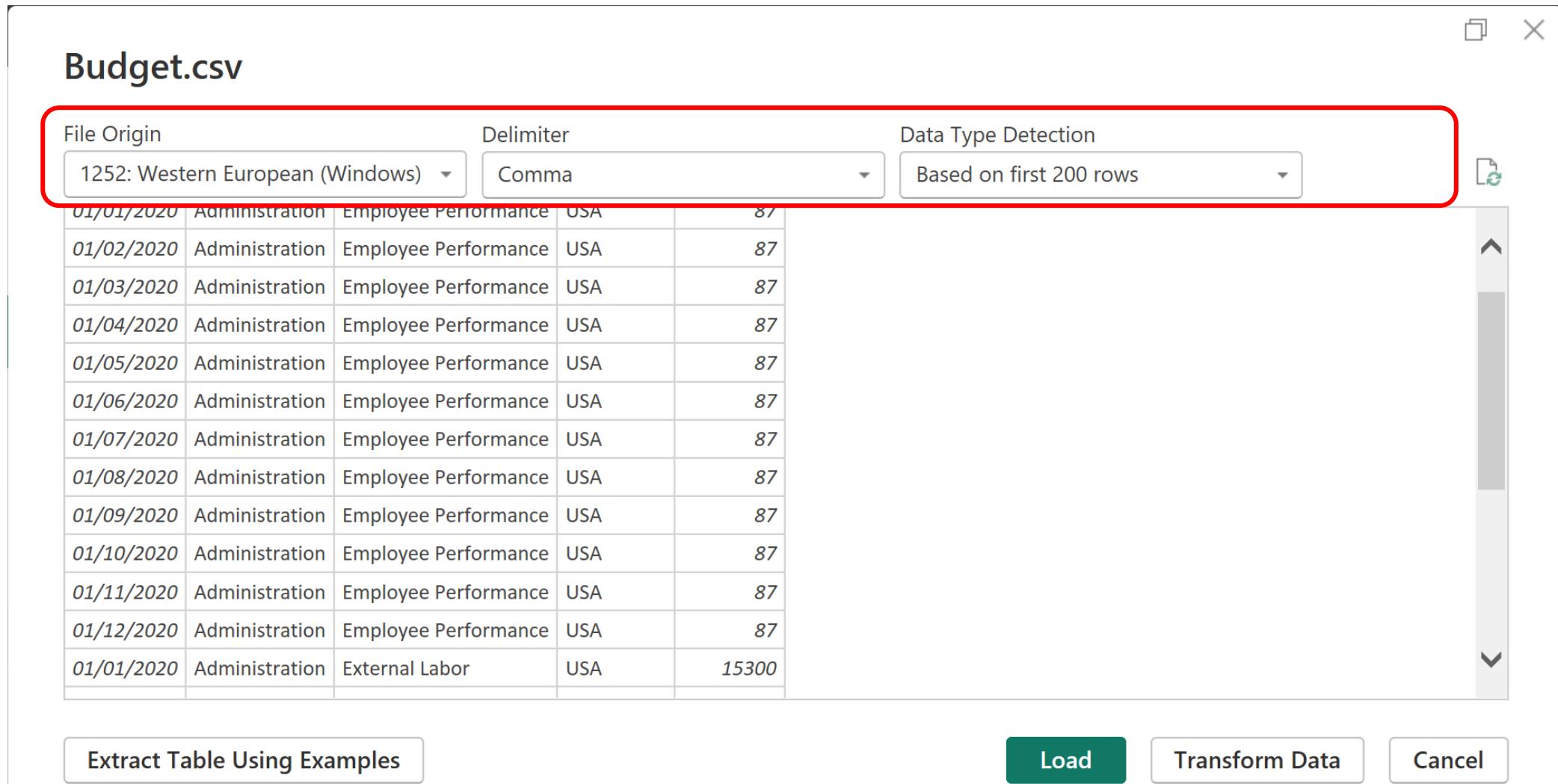
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Now we grab CSV files for budget and forecast



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We are happy with these options, the data is ready to go (so no need to click on Transform Data), so we will click on Load



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

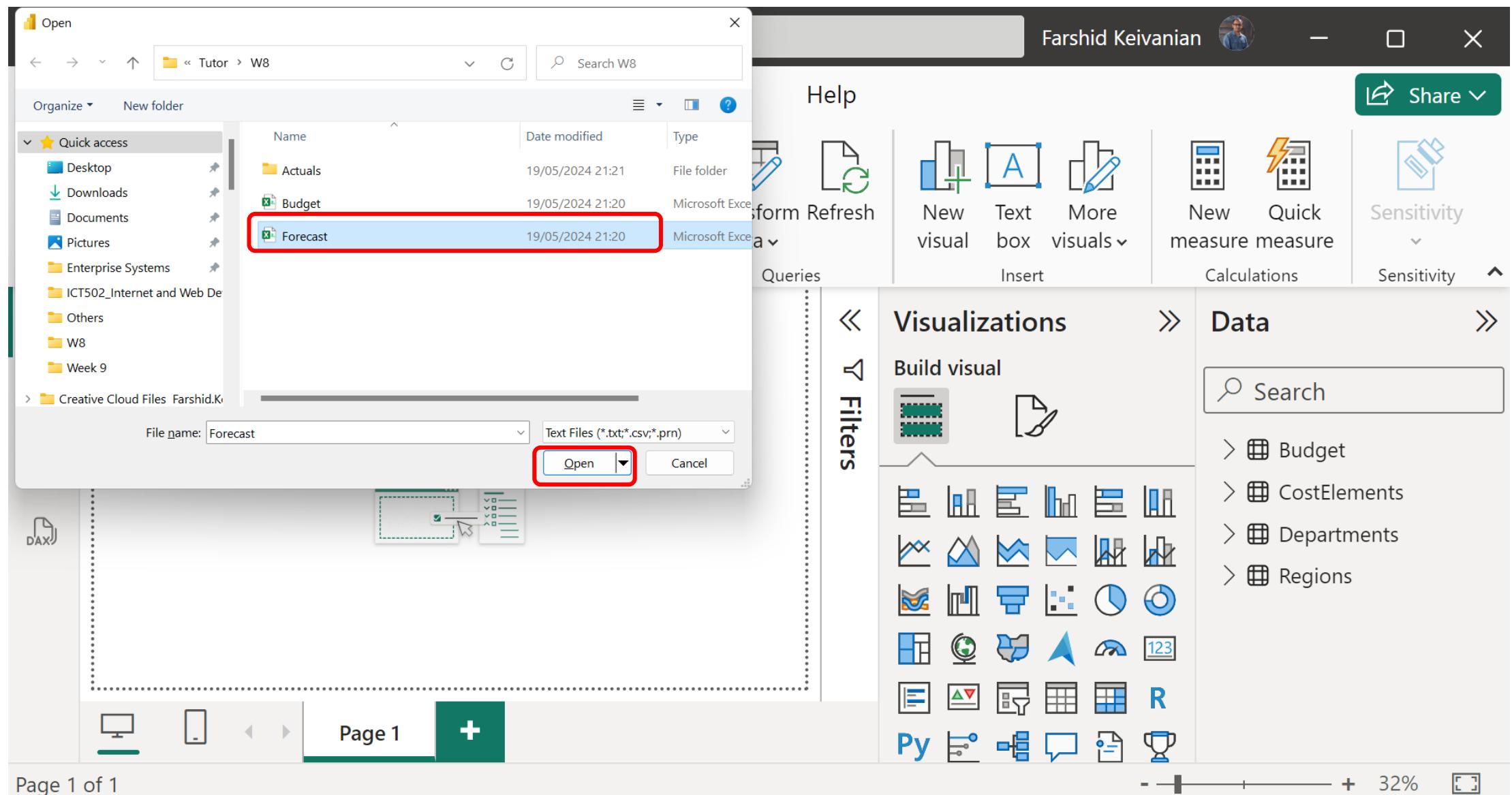
- Let's do the same for the Forecast data

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the following details:

- Top Bar:** Untitled - Power BI Desktop, Search, Farshid Keivanian, Share.
- Home Tab:** Selected.
- Get data icon:** Located in the Home tab ribbon, with a red box highlighting it.
- Get data dropdown menu:** Opened, showing options: Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, Dataverse, SQL Server, Text/CSV, and Web.
- Common data sources:** A list of data source types including Excel workbook, Power BI semantic models, Dataflows, Dataverse, SQL Server, and Analysis Services.
- Visualizations:** A grid of visualization icons.
- Data:** A list of data items including Budget, CostElements, Departments, and Regions.
- Bottom Status Bar:** Page 1 of 1, 32%.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Select Forecast.csv



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Load it straight in

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Home' tab selected in the ribbon. A file named 'Forecast.csv' is currently loaded, as indicated by the title bar and the preview window. The preview window displays a table with columns: Date, IT Dep., CostElement, Country, and Forecast. The data shows several rows of administrative costs for the USA. At the bottom of the preview window, there are three buttons: 'Load' (highlighted with a red box), 'Transform Data', and 'Cancel'. The status bar at the bottom shows the text 'Extract Table Using Examples'.

Date	IT Dep.	CostElement	Country	Forecast
01/07/2020	Administration	Administrative	USA	-21785
01/08/2020	Administration	Administrative	USA	-21785
01/09/2020	Administration	Administrative	USA	-21785
01/10/2020	Administration	Administrative	USA	-21785
01/11/2020	Administration	Administrative	USA	-21785
01/12/2020	Administration	Administrative	USA	-21785
01/02/2020	Administration	Employee Performance	USA	27
01/03/2020	Administration	Employee Performance	USA	150
01/04/2020	Administration	Employee Performance	USA	182

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We need to add actuals (each month's data is in a separate file)
- We need to consolidate these files into a single table

Actuals			
Name	Date modified	Type	Size
202001	03/03/2021 11:07	Microsoft Excel Co...	40 KB
202002	03/03/2021 11:07	Microsoft Excel Co...	43 KB
202003	03/03/2021 11:07	Microsoft Excel Co...	43 KB
202004	03/03/2021 11:07	Microsoft Excel Co...	42 KB
202005	03/03/2021 11:07	Microsoft Excel Co...	40 KB
202006	03/03/2021 11:07	Microsoft Excel Co...	42 KB
202007	03/03/2021 11:07	Microsoft Excel Co...	43 KB

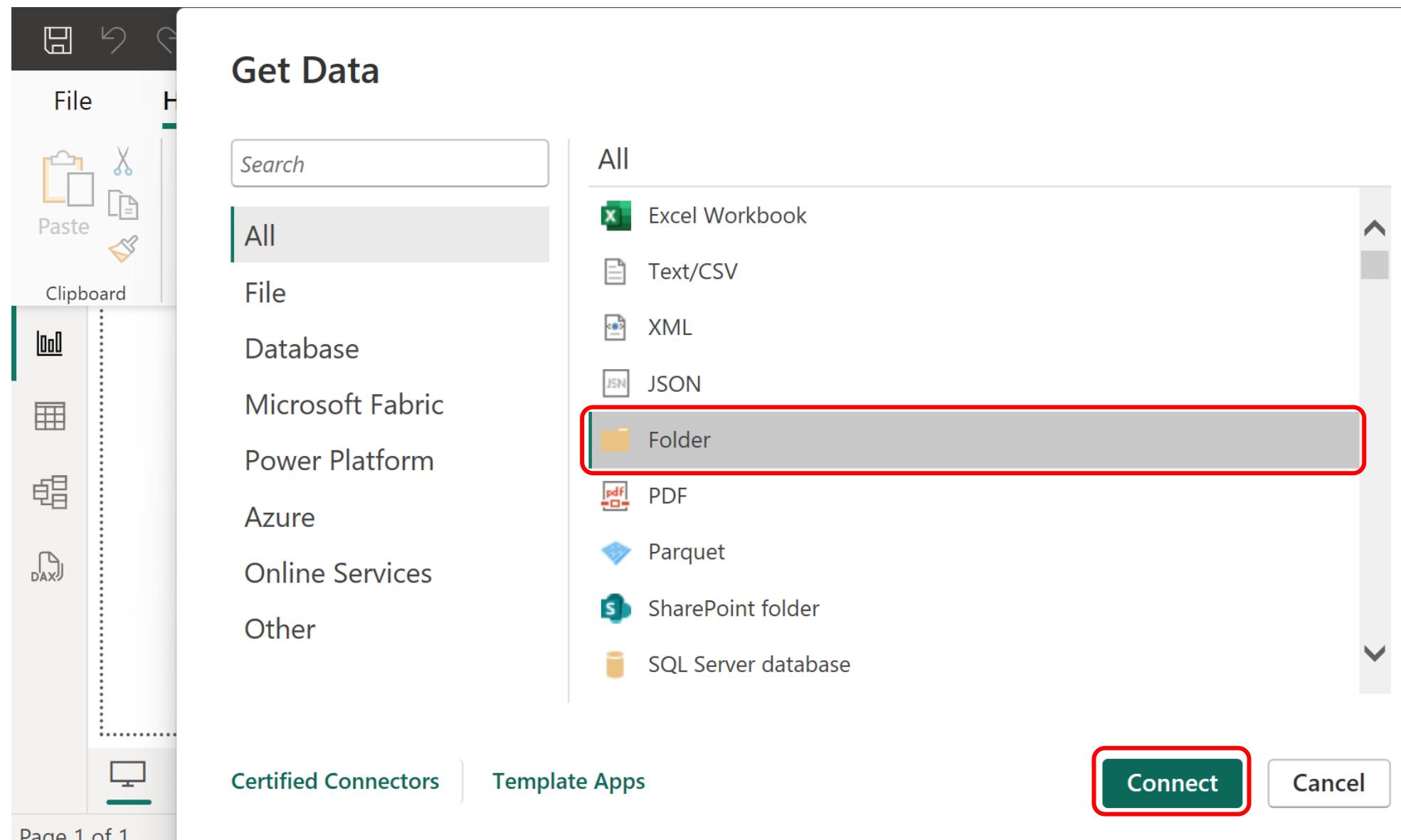
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Copy the address

nes_IT > 2024 > Business Analytics Fundamentals > Tutor > W8 > Actuals

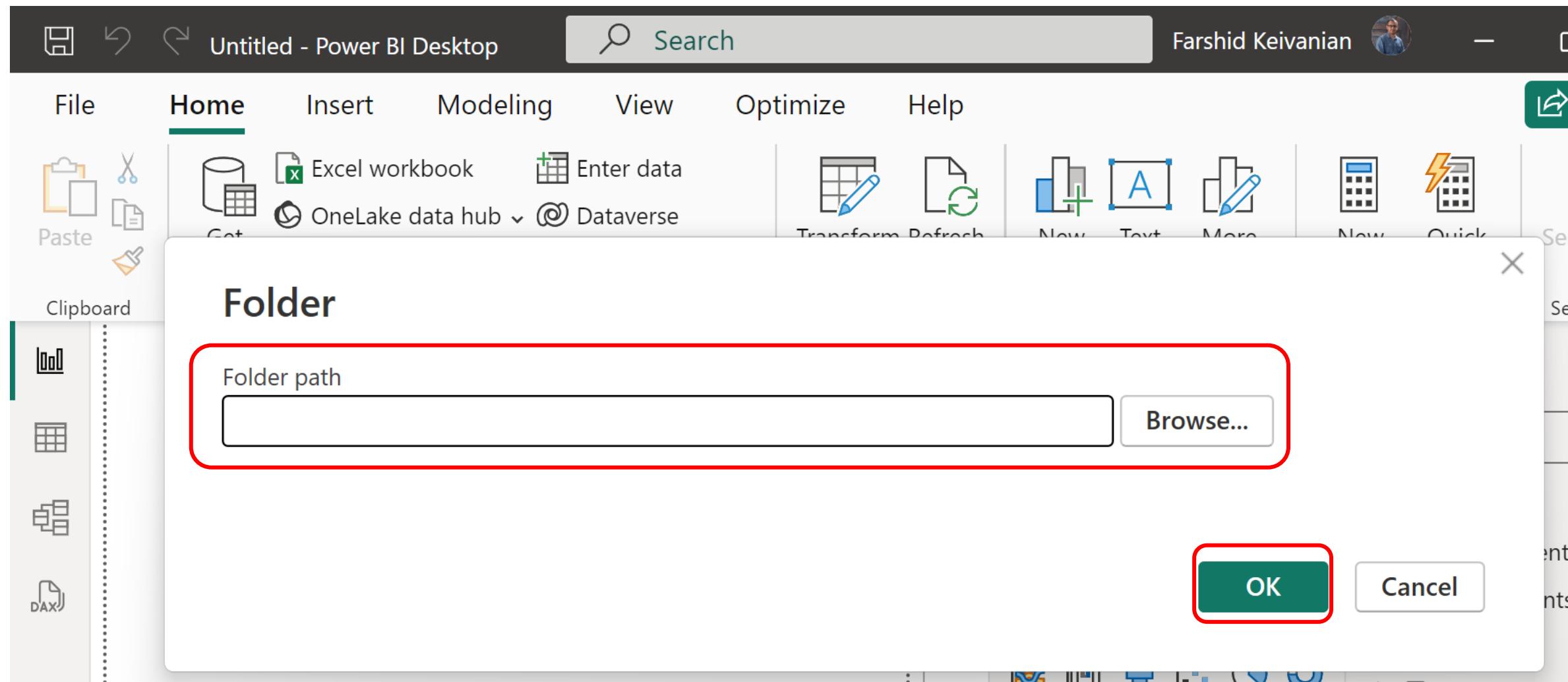
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Get Data
- Select More
- Click on Folder
- Click on Connect



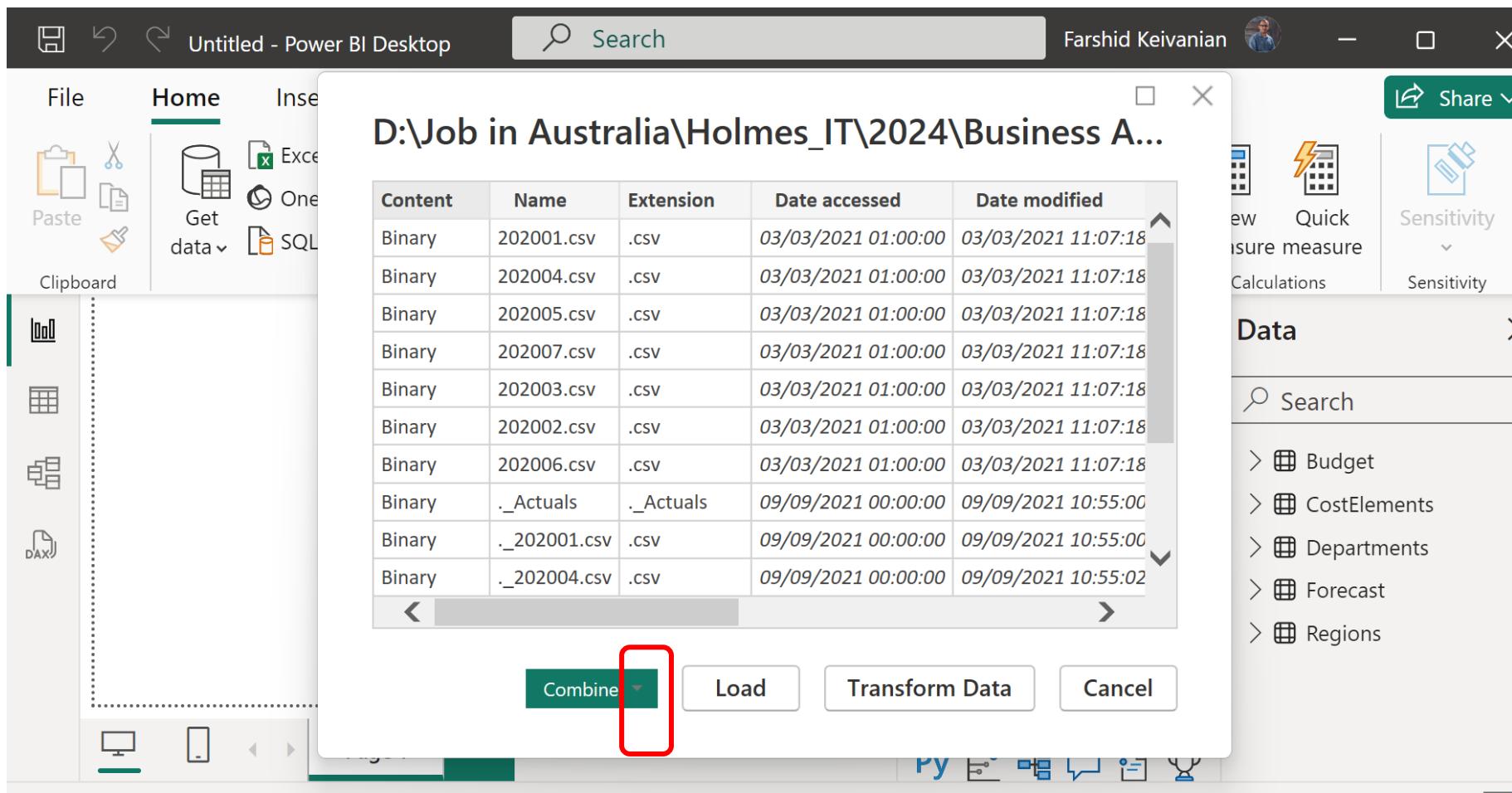
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- **Ctrl + V to paste the address in Folder path**
- **Click on OK**



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Power Query shows us a list of files in that folder and some meta data (mouse move right) about those files
- Click on Combine & Transform



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Combine & Transform data so we can see the power query editor

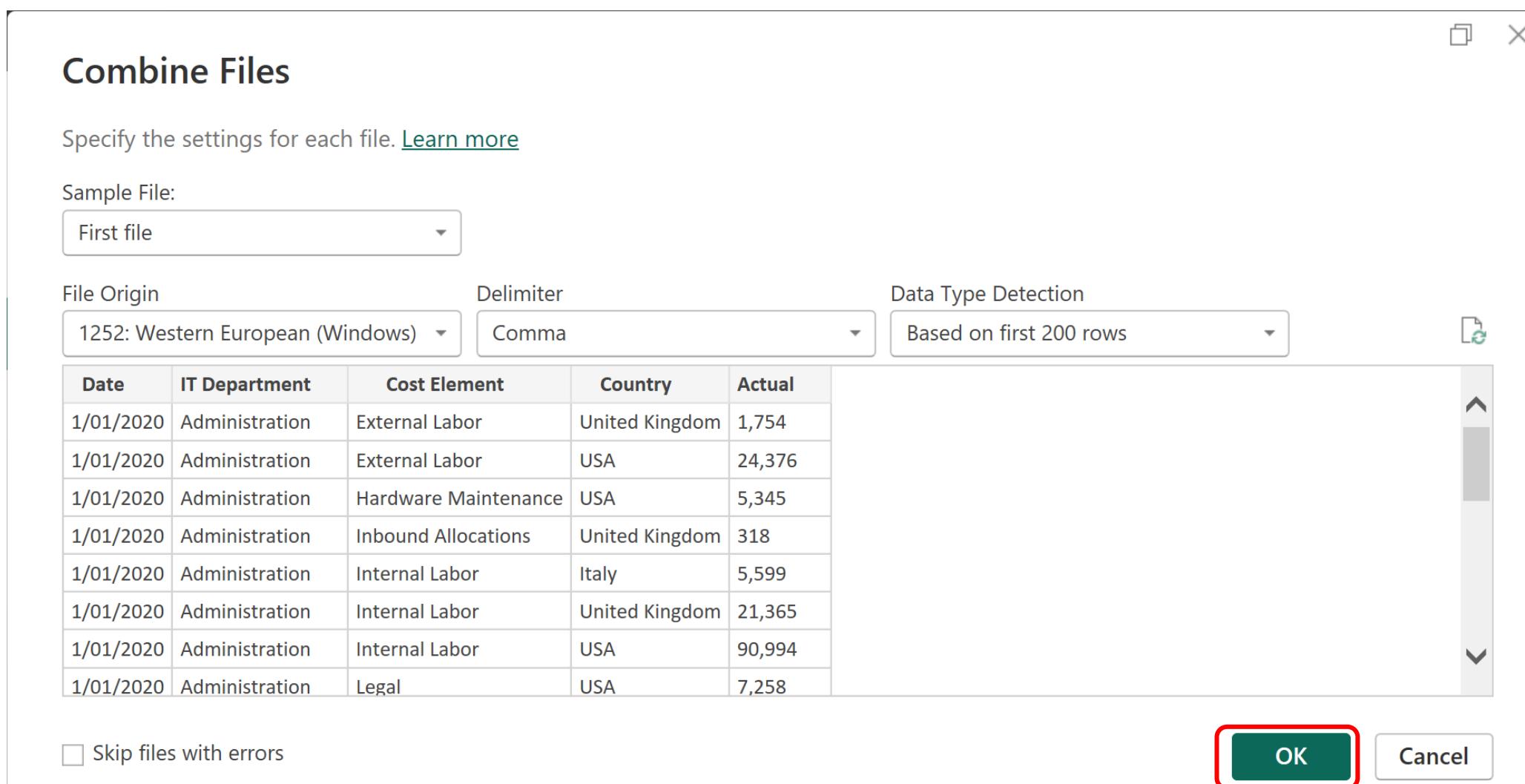
D:\Job in Australia\Holmes_IT\2024\Business A...

Content	Name	Extension	Date accessed	Date modified
Binary	202001.csv	.csv	03/03/2021 01:00:00	03/03/2021 11:07:18
Binary	202004.csv	.csv	03/03/2021 01:00:00	03/03/2021 11:07:18
Binary	202005.csv	.csv	03/03/2021 01:00:00	03/03/2021 11:07:18
Binary	202007.csv	.csv	03/03/2021 01:00:00	03/03/2021 11:07:18
Binary	202003.csv	.csv	03/03/2021 01:00:00	03/03/2021 11:07:18
Binary	202002.csv	.csv	03/03/2021 01:00:00	03/03/2021 11:07:18
Binary	202006.csv	.csv	03/03/2021 01:00:00	03/03/2021 11:07:18
Binary	._Actuals	._Actuals	09/09/2021 00:00:00	09/09/2021 10:55:00
Binary	._202001.csv	.csv	09/09/2021 00:00:00	09/09/2021 10:55:00
Binary	._202004.csv	.csv	09/09/2021 00:00:00	09/09/2021 10:55:02



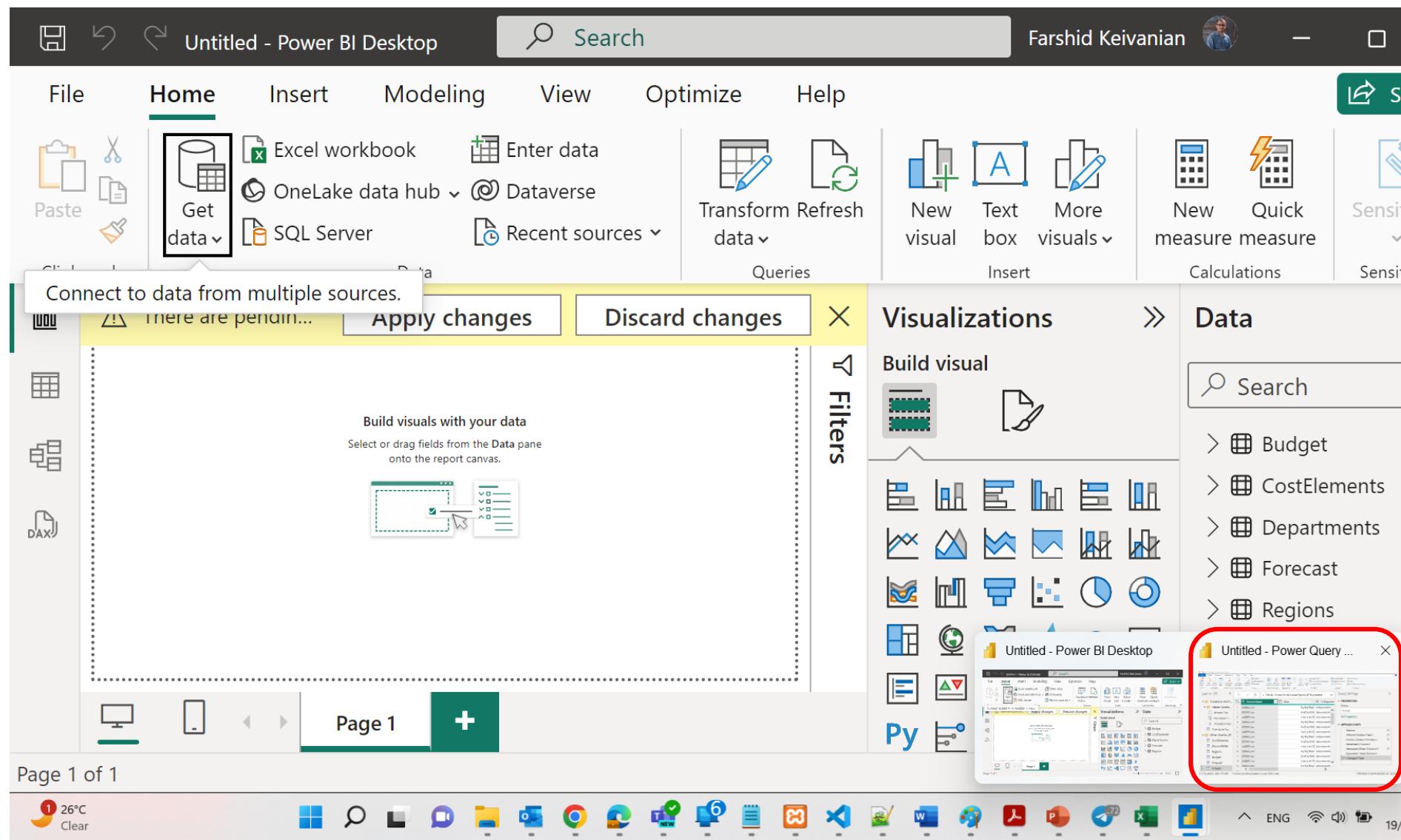
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Similar to the csv file we get a preview, the first file is fine for this example, we click on OK



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Power Query opens a separate window and we can clean and transform the data before loading it to our model



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- List of Queries are on the left side
- List of Steps are on the right side

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with several key components highlighted:

- Queries [10] (Left Pane):** A tree view of the queries in the current package. A red box highlights the folder structure:
 - Transform File fr...
 - Helper Querie...
 - Sample File
 - Parameter1 (...)
 - Transform File
 - Transform Sa...
 - Other Queries [6]
 - CostElements
 - Departments
 - Regions
 - Budget
 - Forecast
 - Actuals
- Preview Grid (Center):** Displays a table with 13 rows and 4 columns. The columns are labeled "Source.Name", "Date", and "IT Department". The data shows repeated entries for "202001.csv" with dates from "01/01/2020" to "01/13/2020" and all IT departments listed.
- Query Settings (Right Pane):** Shows properties for the selected query ("Actuals"). A red box highlights the "PROPERTIES" section:
 - Name: Actuals
 - All Properties
- Applied Steps (Bottom Right):** A list of the steps taken to process the query, including "Source", "Filtered Hidden Files1", "Invoke Custom Function1", "Renamed Columns1", "Removed Other Columns1", "Expanded Table Column1", and "Changed Type". A red box highlights this list.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We do not need the first column in this table it contains the filename
- Press Del Key to remove that column

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the following details:

- File Bar:** Home, Transform, Add Column, View, Tools, Help.
- Toolbars:** Close & Apply, New Source, Refresh Preview, Manage Columns, Data Type: Text, Sort, Transform.
- Queries [10] List:** Transform File fr..., Helper Querie..., Sample File, Parameter1 ..., Transform File, Transform Sa..., Other Queries [6]: CostElements, Departments, Regions, Budget, Forecast, Actuals.
- Table Preview:** Shows a table with 14 rows and 3 columns: Source.Name, Date, and IT Department. The first column, "Source.Name", is highlighted with a red box.
- Query Settings Panel:** Properties section shows Name: Actuals. Applied Steps list includes: Source, Filtered Hidden Files1, Invoke Custom Function1, Renamed Columns1, Removed Other Columns1, Expanded Table Column1, and Changed Type.
- Bottom Status:** 6 COLUMNS, 999+ ROWS, Column profiling based on top 1000 rows.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We will see this

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the following details:

- File Bar:** Home, Transform, Add Column, View, Tools, Help.
- Toolbars:** Close & Apply, New Source, Recent Sources, Enter Data, Data source settings, Manage Parameters, Refresh, Advanced Editor, Properties, Choose Columns, Remove Columns, Keep Rows, Remove Rows, Sort, Split Column, Group By, Data Type: Date, Use First Row as Headers, Merge Queries, Append Queries, Combine Files, Text Analytics, Vision, Azure Machine Learning, AI Insights.
- Queries [10] List:** Transform File fr..., Helper Querie..., Sample File, Parameter1 (...), Transform File, Transform Sa..., Other Queries [6]: CostElements, Departments, Regions, Budget, Forecast, Actuals.
- Query Editor Area:** Shows a table with columns: Date, IT Department, Cost Element. The 'Date' column is highlighted with a red box. The table data is as follows:

	Date	IT Department	Cost Element
1	01/01/2020	Administration	External Labo
2	01/01/2020	Administration	External Labo
3	01/01/2020	Administration	Hardware Ma
4	01/01/2020	Administration	Inbound Allo
5	01/01/2020	Administration	Internal Labo
6	01/01/2020	Administration	Internal Labo
7	01/01/2020	Administration	Internal Labo
8	01/01/2020	Administration	Legal
9	01/01/2020	Administration	Moving
10	01/01/2020	Administration	Other
11	01/01/2020	Administration	Other
12	01/01/2020	Administration	Other
13	01/01/2020	Administration	Outbound Al

- Query Settings Panel:** PROPERTIES (Name: Actuals), All Properties.
- Applied Steps Panel:** Source, Filtered Hidden Files1, Invoke Custom Function1, Renamed Columns1, Removed Other Columns1, Expanded Table Column1, Changed Type, Removed Columns.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Filter out country column e.g., in order to analyse data only for USA deselect other countries and just select USA

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the following details:

- Queries [10]**: A list of queries including Transform File fr..., Helper Querie..., Sample File, Parameter1 ..., Transform File, Transform Sa..., Other Queries [6], CostElements, Departments, Regions, Budget, Forecast, and **Actuals**.
- Query Editor Area**: Displays a table with two columns: "Element" and "Country". The "Country" column header has a dropdown arrow highlighted with a red box.
- Query Settings**: Shows the properties for the "Actuals" query, including the name "Actuals" and a link to "All Properties".
- Applied Steps**: A list of steps taken to process the data, ordered from top to bottom:
 - Source
 - Filtered Hidden Files1
 - Invoke Custom Function1
 - Renamed Columns1
 - Removed Other Columns1
 - Expanded Table Column1
 - Changed Type
 - Removed Columns** (highlighted with a red box)

Element	Country
1 Labor	United Kingdom
2 Labor	USA
3 e Maintenance	USA
4 Allocations	United Kingdom
5 labor	Italy
6 labor	United Kingdom
7 labor	USA
8	USA
9	USA
10	Italy
11	United Kingdom
12	USA
13 d Allocations	United Kingdom

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Filter out country column e.g., if we want to analyse data only for USA, we can deselect other countries and just select USA (we just show how it works, we do not click on OK, so

cancel it)

- It will filter the data before loading it to our data model (it is important to not bring data which is not going to be used)

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface. The 'File' tab is selected. In the center, there's a 'Queries [10]' pane on the left and a preview area on the right. A context menu is open over the 'Actuals' query, listing options like 'Sort Ascending', 'Sort Descending', 'Clear Sort', 'Clear Filter', 'Remove Empty', and 'Text Filters'. Below this, a 'Search' bar and a list of countries are shown: Puerto Rico, Spain, Switzerland, United Kingdom, and USA. The 'USA' checkbox is checked and highlighted with a red box. At the bottom of the menu, a note says 'List may be incomplete.' and 'Load more'. At the very bottom, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons, with the 'Cancel' button also highlighted with a red box.

Untitled - Power Query Editor

File Home Transform Add Column View Tools Help

Close & Apply New Recent Enter Data Data source settings Manage Parameters Refresh Advanced Editor Choose Columns Remove Rows Keep Rows Remove Rows Group By Data Type: Text Use First Row as Headers Merge Queries Append Queries Combine Files Text Analytics Vision Azure Machine Learning Combine AI Insights

Close New Query Data Sources Parameters Query Manage Columns Manage Rows Split Column Group By Replace Values Transform

Queries [10]

Transform Helper Sample Parameter Transform Other Queries CostElement Department Regions Budget Forecast Actuals

= Table.RemoveColumns(#"Changed Type",

Sort Ascending
Sort Descending
Clear Sort
Clear Filter
Remove Empty
Text Filters

Search

Puerto Rico
Spain
Switzerland
United Kingdom
 USA

List may be incomplete. Load more

OK Cancel

Query Settings

PROPERTIES

Name: Actuals

All Properties

APPLIED STEPS

Source
Filtered Hidden Files1
Invoke Custom Function1
Renamed Columns1
Removed Other Columns1
Expanded Table Column1
Changed Type
Removed Columns

PREVIEW DOWNLOADED AT 22:57

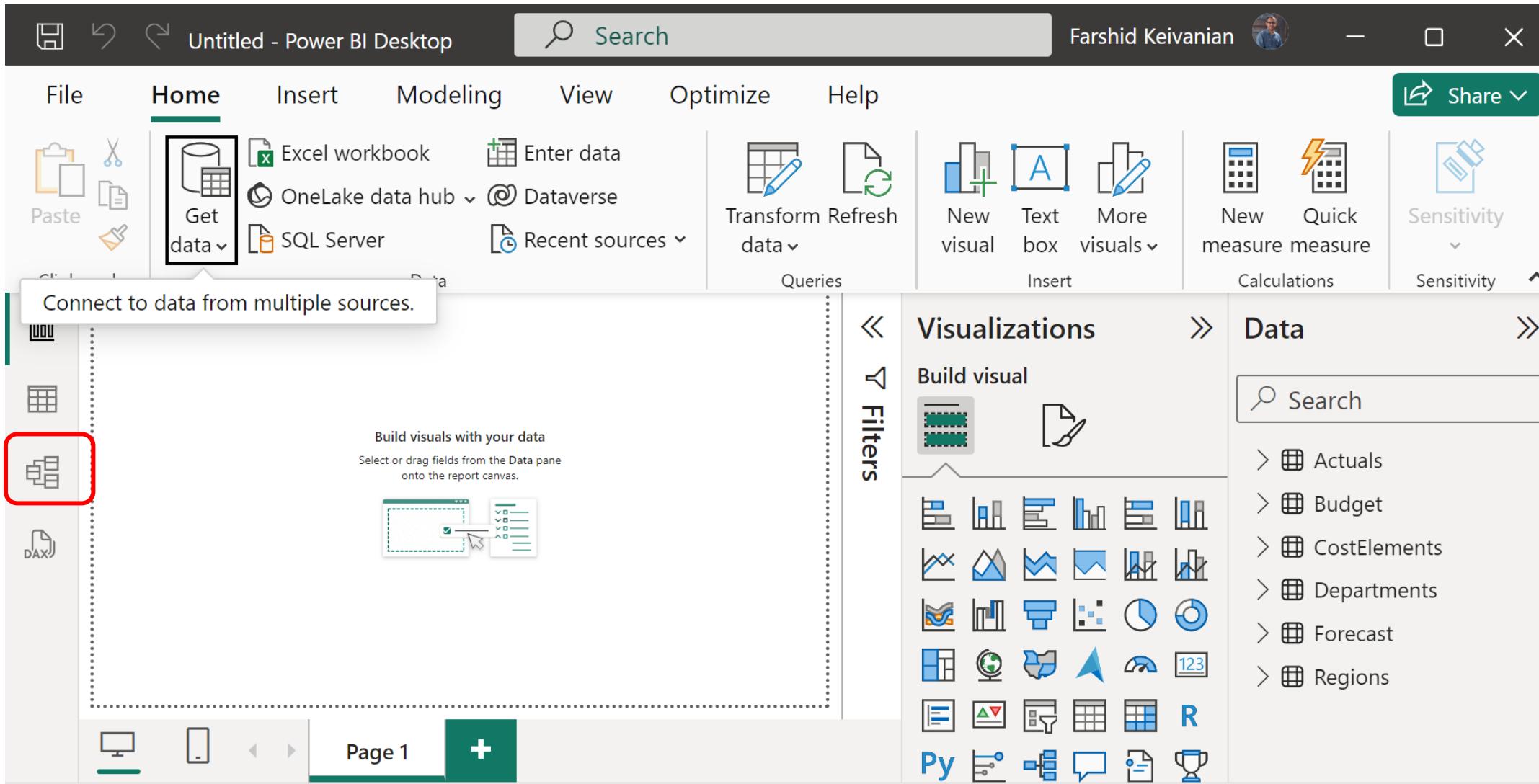
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We are ready to load out data to our power pivot data model in Power BI
- Click on Close and Apply (top left corner)

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power Query Editor interface. The top ribbon has tabs like File, Home, Transform, etc. A red box highlights the 'Close & Apply' button in the top-left corner of the ribbon. A tooltip for this button says: 'Close the Query Editor window and apply any pending changes.' On the left, there's a navigation pane with sections like Transform File, Helper Queries, Sample File, Parameters, Transform, Other Queries, and a list of tables including CostElement, Department, Regions, Budget, Forecast, and Actuals. The 'Actuals' table is currently selected. The main area shows a query step: '= Table.RemoveColumns(#"Changed Type",'. To the right is a 'Query Settings' pane with sections for Properties (Name: Actuals) and Applied Steps (listing various transformation steps). At the bottom, there's a note: 'List may be incomplete.' followed by 'Load more' and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

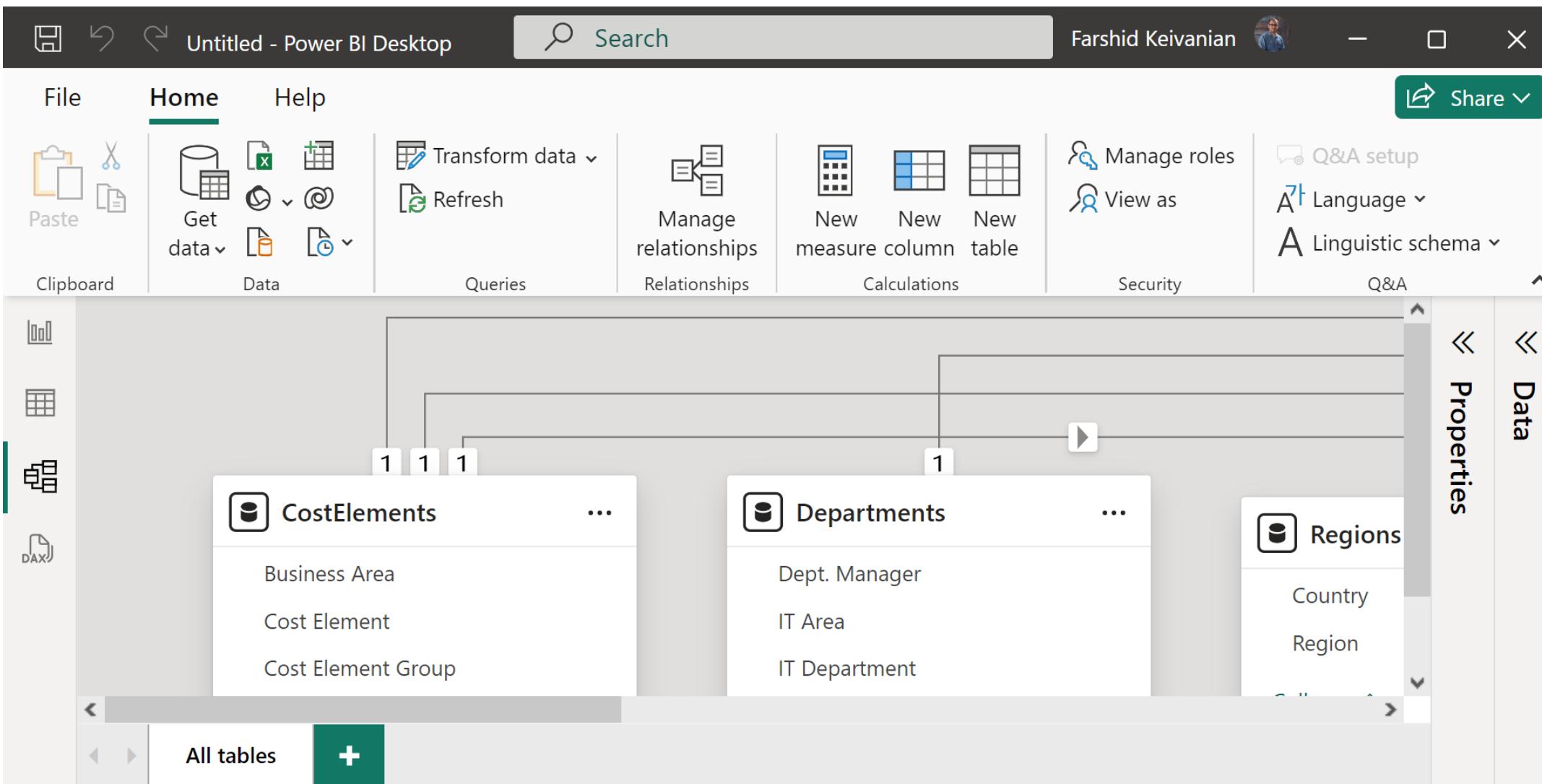
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- All our data are ready to work with (See Data Field)
- To see if the relationship between the tables are set correctly, we Click on Model View



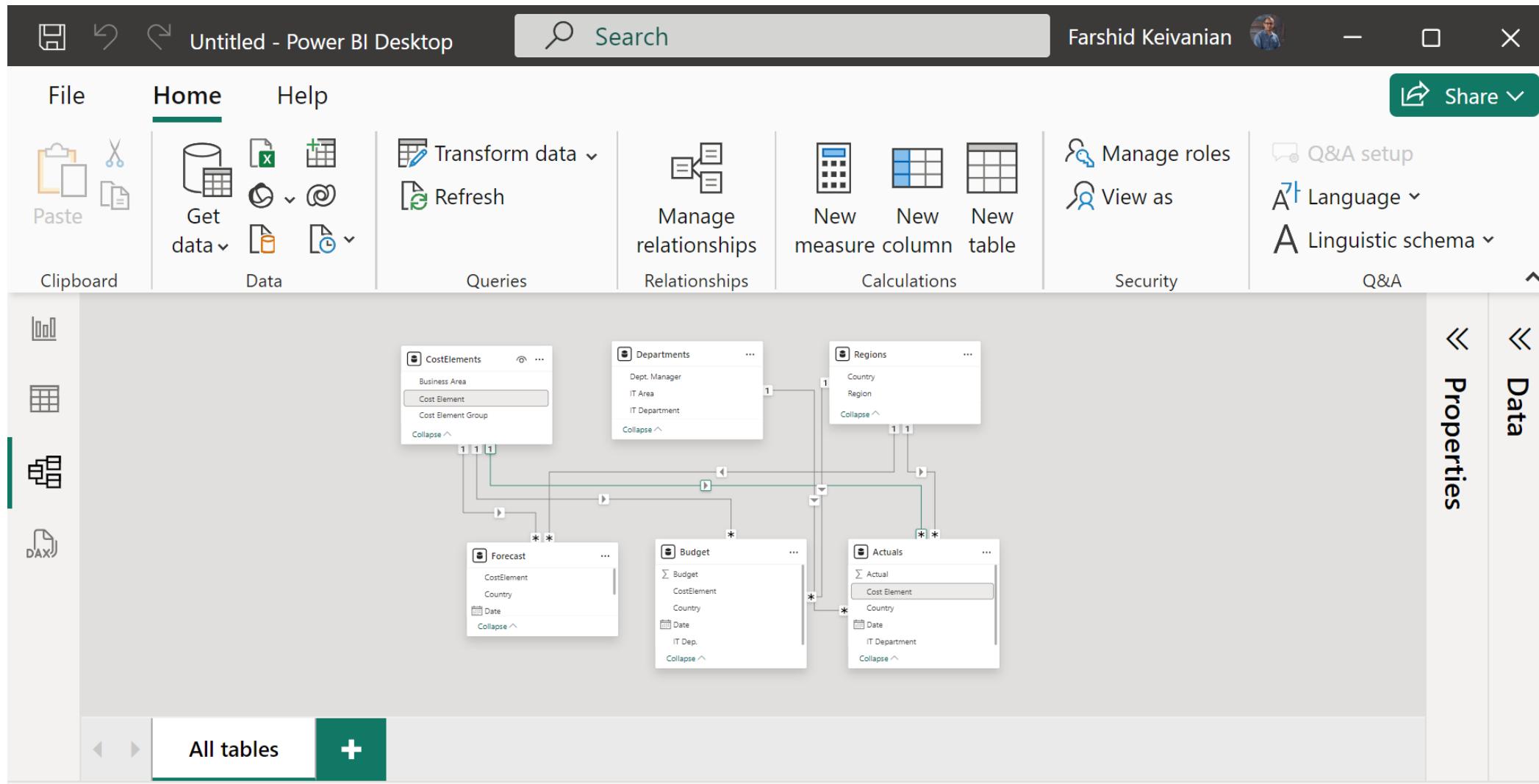
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Collapse the Visualisation and Data panes (right side)
- Zoom out and Rearrange the tables (fact tables at the bottom, dimension tables at the top)



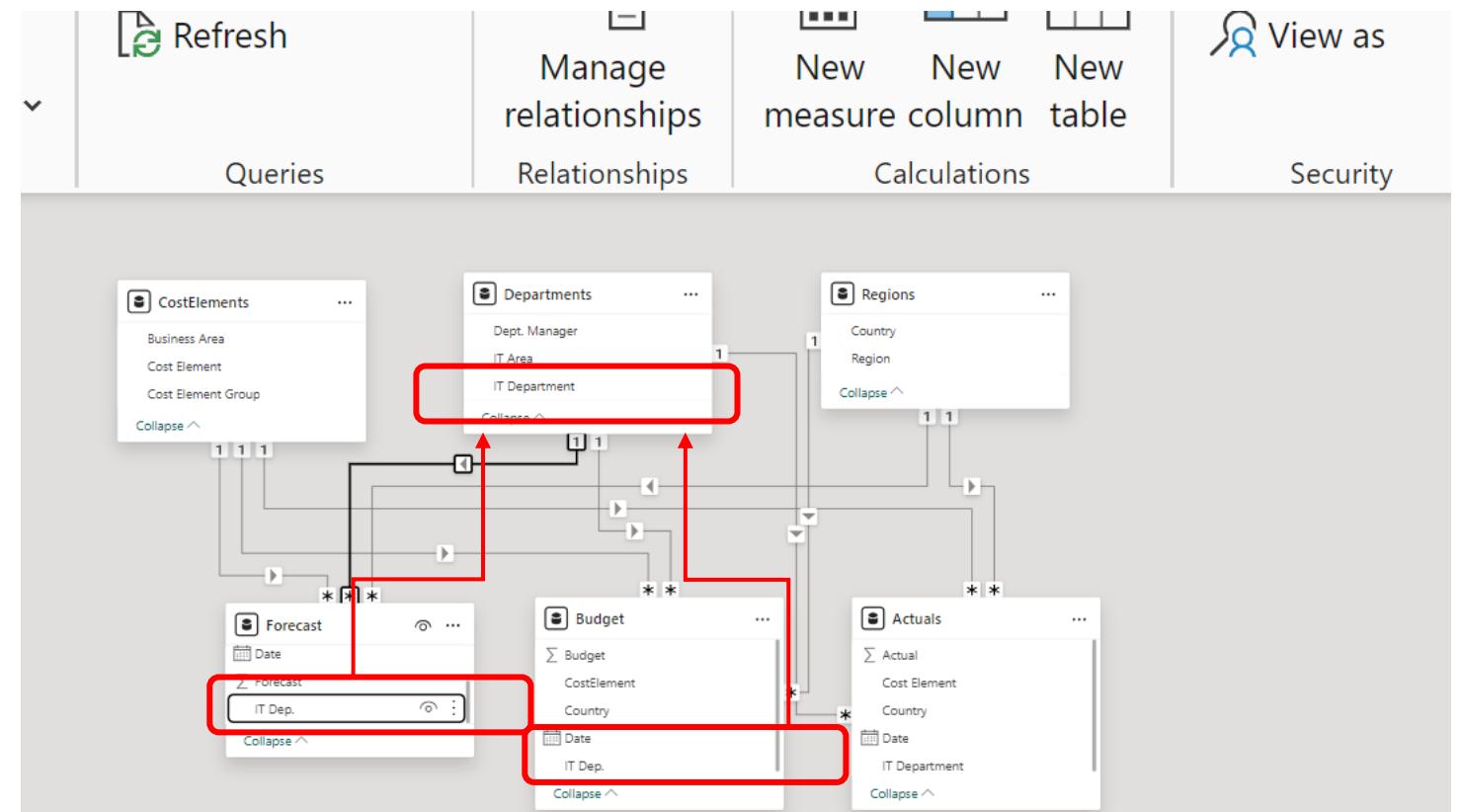
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Hover over a connector line to highlights the related fields
- If you want to change the relationships, you can double click on these connection lines



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

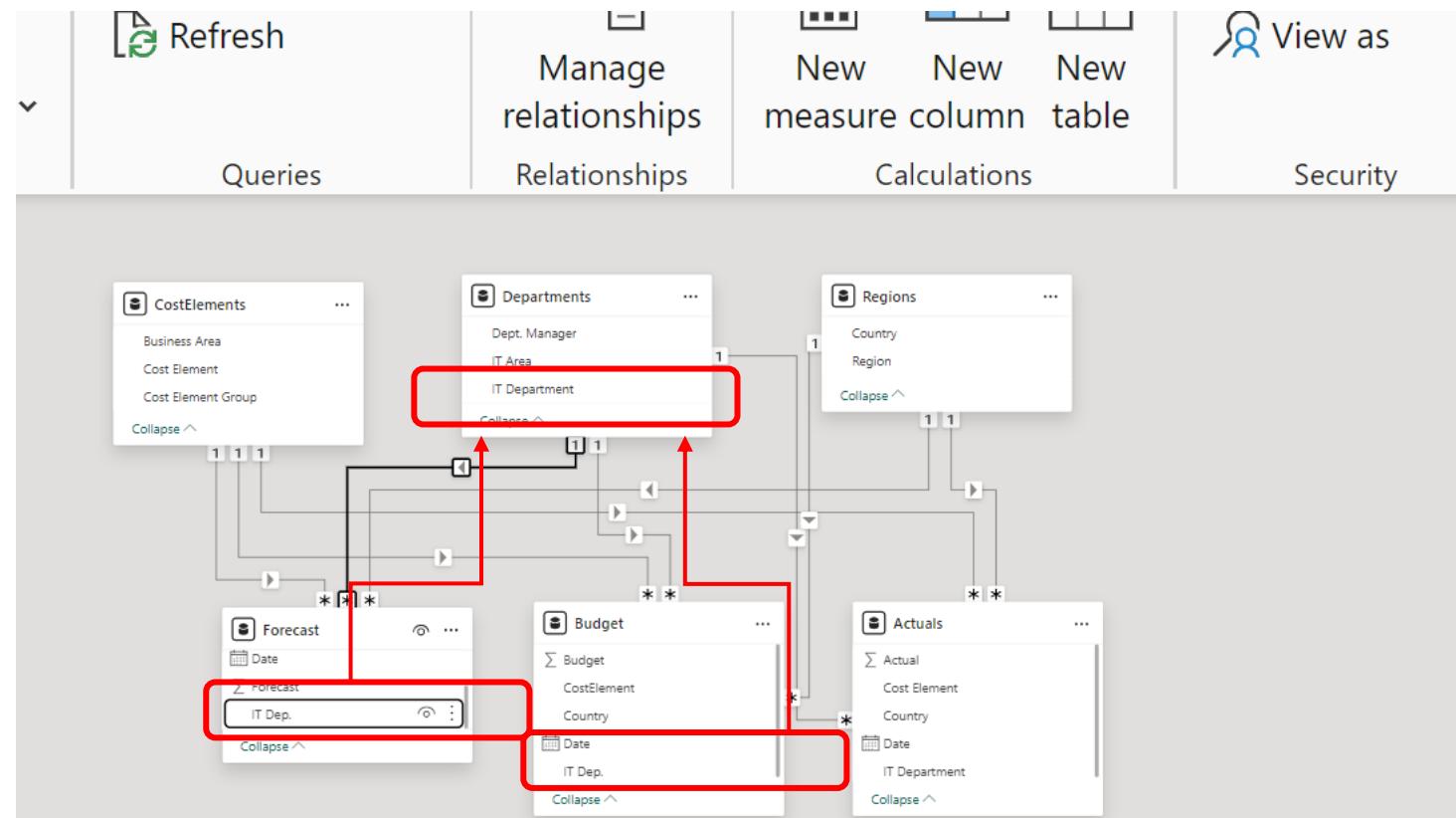
- The department's table only has one relationship with the Actuals table
- It is missing relationship between the budget and forecast (because the column name in the budget and forecast tables is spelled slightly differently, we can create those relationships):
- Left Click on IT Dep in Budget and Drag it and Release it on top of field that it corresponds with (in Departments)
- Left Click on IT Dep in Forecast and Drag it and Release it on top of field that it corresponds with (in Departments)
- Now the relationships are setup



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We also need a calendar table because we have three fact tables and we want to visualize data from each table in a single visual we need a dedicated Dimension table that contains a list of dates one for every day of the calendar of fiscal years that we want to report on

- We can create this table in power query or in Power BI we can use the calendar or calendar Auto Dax functions (these functions are not available in power pivot in Excel)



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Data View (Table View)

The screenshot shows the Power BI Data View interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Help, Share, Paste, Get data, Transform data, Refresh, Manage relationships, New measure column, New table, Manage roles, View as, Language, Linguistic schema, Security, Q&A, and a back arrow. On the left, there are icons for Clipboard, Data, Queries, Relationships, Calculations, and Security, along with a red box highlighting the 'Table view' icon. The main area displays a data model diagram with tables: CostElements, Departments, Regions, Forecast, Budget, and Actuals. Relationships are shown between these tables, such as 'CostElements' linking to 'Forecast' and 'Budget', and 'Regions' linking to 'Actuals'. The 'Table view' icon is highlighted with a red border. The right side features a 'Properties' panel with arrows pointing left and right, and a bottom navigation bar with 'All tables' and a plus sign.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Select Table Tools >> New Table

The screenshot shows the Power BI ribbon interface with the "Home" tab selected. The "Data" tab is highlighted with a red box, and the "Table view" icon is also highlighted with a red box. On the right side, the "Properties" pane is open, showing the "Data" section. The main area displays a data model diagram with tables: CostElements, Departments, Regions, Forecast, Budget, and Actuals. Relationships are shown as lines connecting the tables, with cardinality symbols (1, *, **) at the ends. The "All tables" button is at the bottom left, and the "36%" zoom level is indicated at the bottom right.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

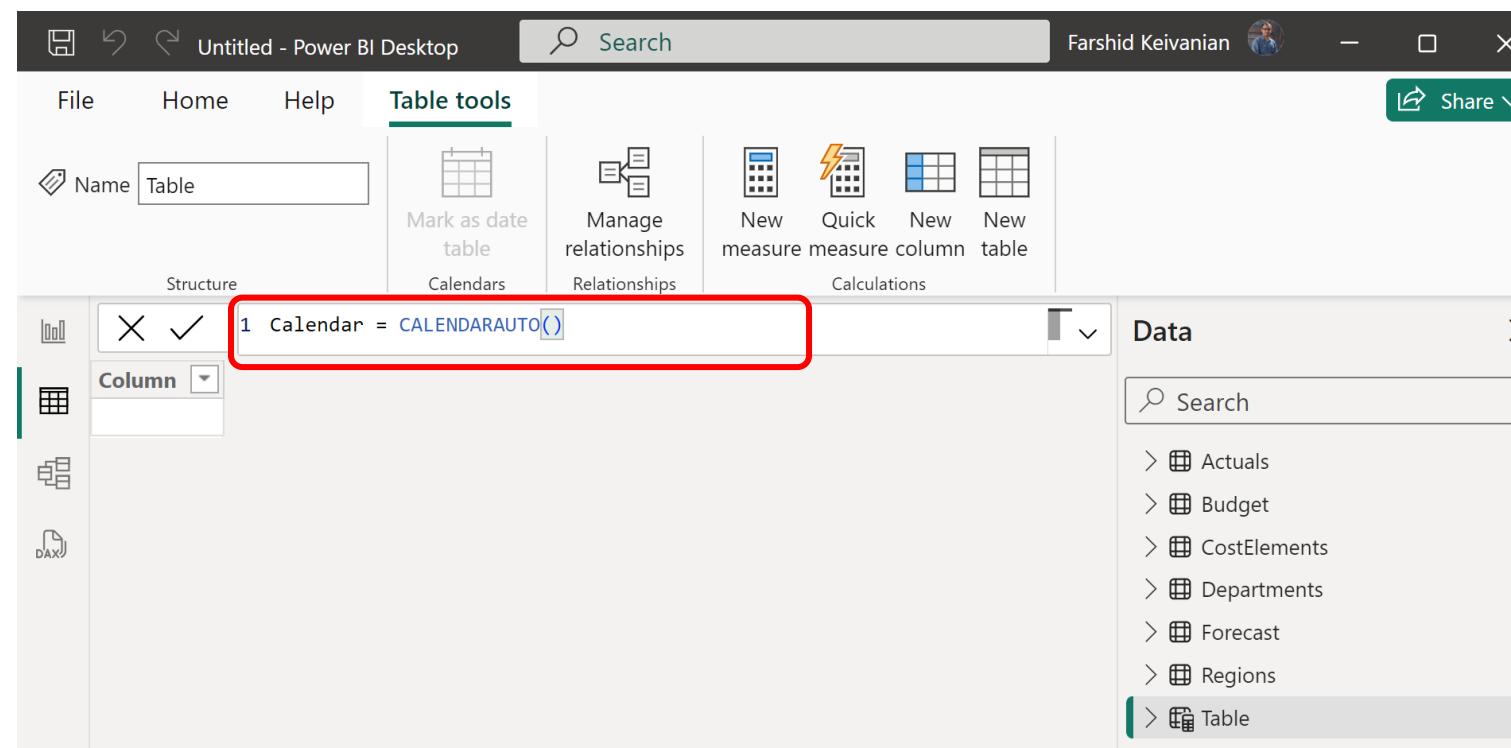
- Select Table Tools >> New Tables

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for file operations, a search bar, and user information. Below the bar, the ribbon has tabs: File, Home, Help, and Table tools, which is currently selected. A sub-menu under Table tools shows options: Name (with 'Actuals' entered), Mark as date table, Manage relationships, New measure, Quick measure, New column, and New table. The 'New table' option is highlighted with a red box. A tooltip below the sub-menu says 'Write a DAX expression to create a new table.' On the left, there's a data view pane with a table view icon, showing a preview of data with columns: IT Department, Cost Element, Country, and Actual. The data itself lists various departments and their costs. To the right of the table is a 'Data' pane containing a search bar and a list of data models: Actuals, Budget, CostElements, Departments, Forecast, and Regions.

IT Department	Cost Element	Country	Actual
Administration	Internal Labor	USA	90994
Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	41537
Business Intelligence	Internal Labor	USA	64388
Core	Internal Labor	USA	20476
Core Infrastructure	Internal Labor	USA	55695
Data Centers	Internal Labor	USA	138204
Development	Internal Labor	USA	149259
Distribution	Internal Labor	USA	75649
Document Management	Internal Labor	USA	198600

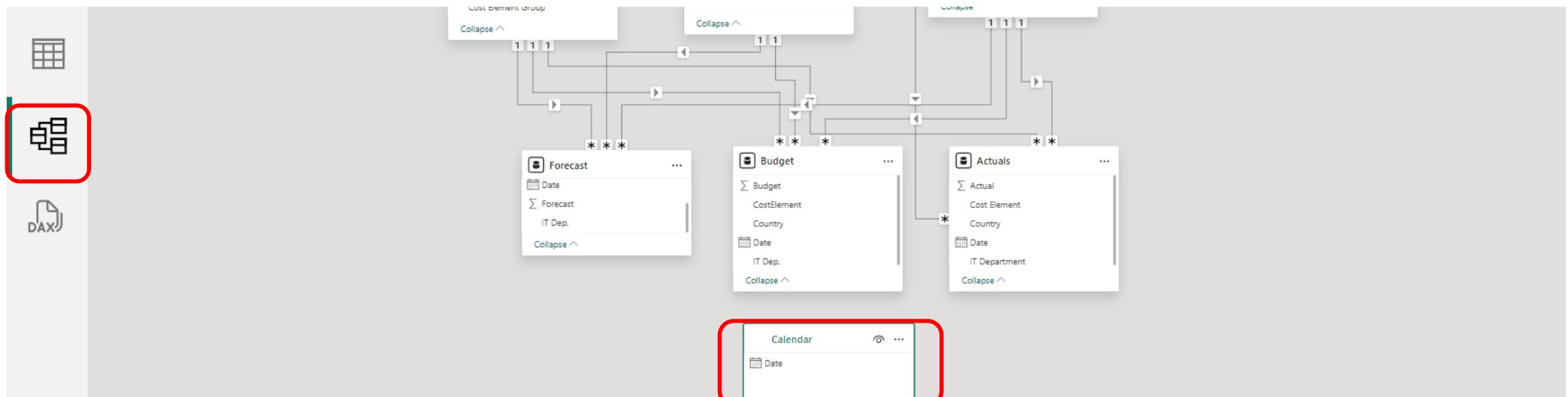
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Type Calendar as for table name
- Type CalendarAUTO function
- For a table based on a fiscal period, our fiscal year starts in January we can leave it blank, but for starting in July we would type 7 as for the start
- Press Enter to create the calendar table



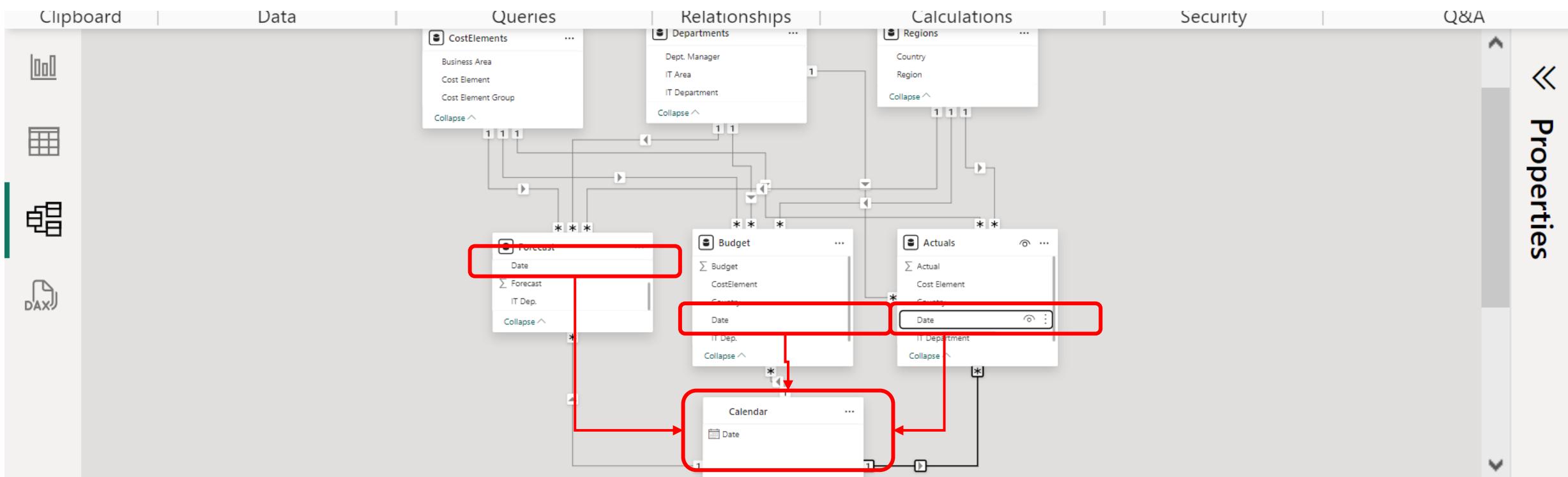
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- The CalendarAUTO function always starts with the first day of the calendar year or fiscal year and it ends at the last day of the calendar year or fiscal year
- Our model has dates from 1st of January to the 31st of December 2020
- We need to create the relationships between the fact tables
- Click on Model view and move Calendar table down



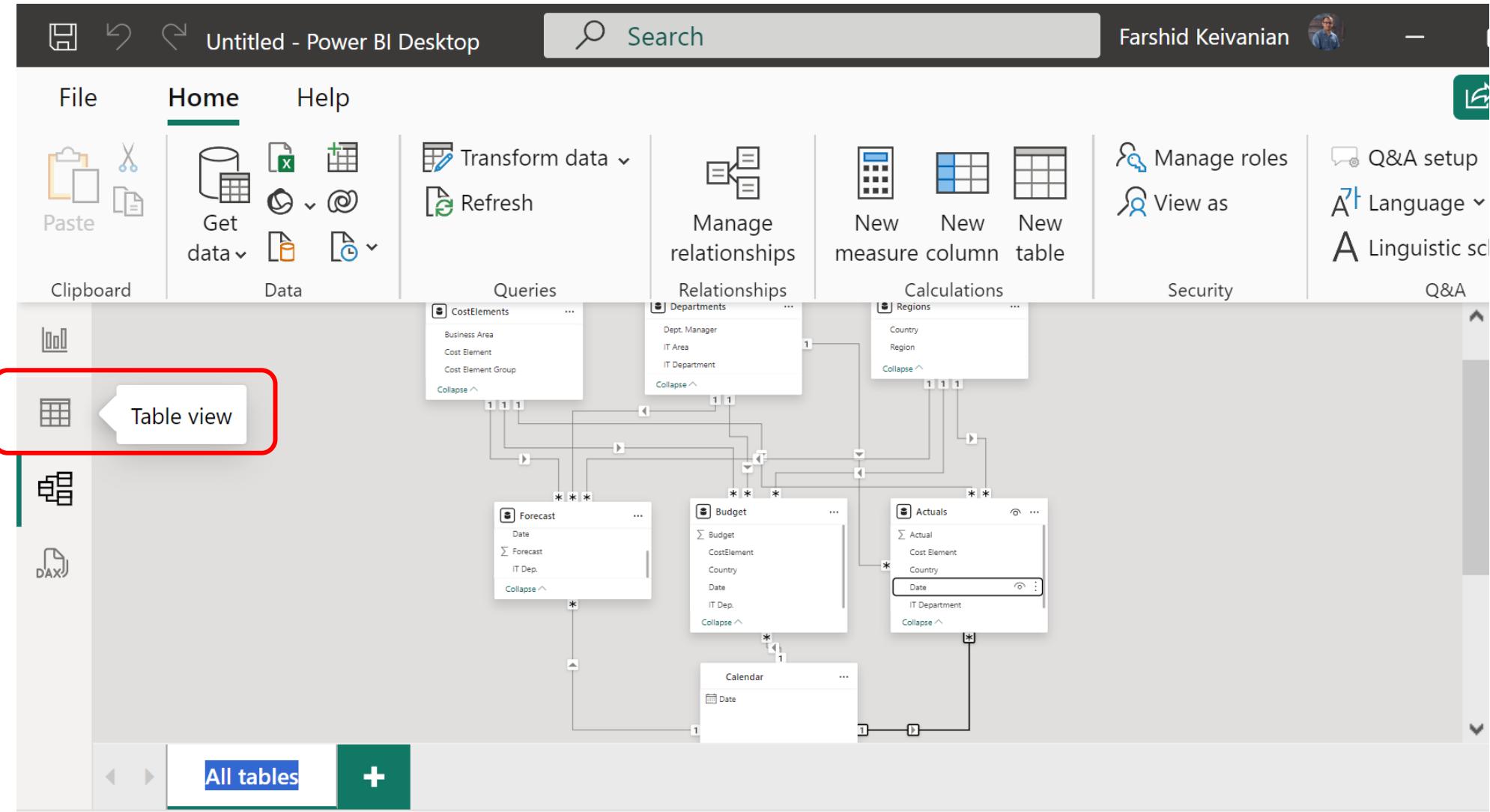
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- **Left Click and Drag each of the date fields from Forecast, Budget, and Actuals up to the Calendar dimension field**



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Data (Table) View
- Select comma separator for Actual



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Data (Table) View
- Select Actual from Data Pane and Column, then Select comma separator for it

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface. The ribbon is active with the 'Column tools' tab selected. In the 'Column tools' group, there is a dropdown menu for the column 'Actual'. A tooltip is displayed, stating: 'Display the values in this column with commas as a thousands separator.' The dropdown menu is open, showing options: 'Actual' (selected), 'Whole number', 'Properties', 'Sort by column', 'Data groups', 'Manage relationships', 'New column', and 'Calculations'. The 'Actual' option is highlighted with a red box. To the right of the ribbon, the 'Data' pane is visible, showing a list of columns: 'Actuals', 'Cost Element', 'Country', 'Date', 'IT Department', and 'Budget'. The 'Actuals' column is expanded, showing the formula $\sum \text{Actual}$, which is also highlighted with a red box. The main area of the screen displays a table with columns: Date, IT Department, Cost Element, Country, and Actual. The 'Actual' column contains numerical values such as 90994, 41537, 64388, etc.

Date	IT Department	Cost Element	Country	Actual
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	90994
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	41537
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Business Intelligence	Internal Labor	USA	64388
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Core	Internal Labor	USA	20476
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Core Infrastructure	Internal Labor	USA	55695
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Data Centers	Internal Labor	USA	138204
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Development	Internal Labor	USA	149259
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Distribution	Internal Labor	USA	75649
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Document Management	Internal Labor	USA	198600

Table: Actuals (6,251 rows) Column: Actual (3,822 distinct values)

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- You will see this

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected in the ribbon. In the 'Formatting' section, the thousands separator is set to a comma (,). The 'Actual' dropdown in the Data pane is also highlighted with a red box.

Date	IT Department	Cost Element	Country	Actual
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	90,994
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Architecture	Internal Labor	USA	41,537
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Business Intelligence	Internal Labor	USA	64,388
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Core	Internal Labor	USA	20,476
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Core Infrastructure	Internal Labor	USA	55,695
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Data Centers	Internal Labor	USA	138,204
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Development	Internal Labor	USA	149,259
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Distribution	Internal Labor	USA	75,649
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Document Management	Internal Labor	USA	198,600

Data

- Actuals
 - Σ Actual
- Cost Element
- Country
- Date
- IT Department

Actual

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Budget and Select comma

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Help, Table tools, and Column tools. The Column tools tab is selected, with the 'Budget' column currently active. In the 'Formatting' section of the Column tools ribbon, there is a dropdown menu for currency and percentage symbols. A red box highlights the comma symbol in this dropdown. Below the ribbon, a table is displayed with columns: Date, IT Dep., CostElement, Country, and Budget. The 'Budget' column values are all 1,425. To the right of the table is the Data pane, which lists various data items. A red box highlights the 'Budget' item under the 'CostElement' category.

Date	IT Dep.	CostElement	Country	Budget
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,425
Saturday, 1 February 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,425
Sunday, 1 March 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,426
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,425
Friday, 1 May 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,425
Monday, 1 June 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,426
Wednesday, 1 July 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,425
Saturday, 1 August 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,425
Tuesday, 1 September 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,426
Thursday, 1 October 2020	R5	Hardware	Puerto Rico	1,425

Data pane:

- Actual
- Cost Element
- Country
- Date
- IT Department
- Budget
- Σ Budget**

Table: Budget (10,593 rows) Column: Budget (1,736 distinct values)

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Forecast and Select comma

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Help, Table tools, Column tools (which is currently selected), and Share. The Column tools ribbon has sections for Structure, Forecast, Whole number, and Formatting. The Forecast section is highlighted with a red box around the comma separator in the dropdown menu. Below the ribbon is a table with columns: Date, IT Dep., CostElement, Country, and Forecast. The Forecast column values are: 90,994, 103,135, 116,809, 92,221, 92,221, 95,333, 107,178, 107,178, 107,178, 108,580. A red box highlights the Forecast column header and the first few rows. To the right is the Data pane, which lists the columns and their data types: Country (Text), Date (Date/Time), IT Dep. (Text), Forecast (Number), CostElement (Text). The Forecast entry in the Data pane is also highlighted with a red box.

Date	IT Dep.	CostElement	Country	Forecast
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	90,994
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	103,135
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	116,809
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	92,221
Friday, 1 May 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	92,221
Monday, 1 June 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	95,333
Wednesday, 1 July 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178
Saturday, 1 August 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178
Tuesday, 1 September 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178
Thursday, 1 October 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	108,580

Table: Forecast (11,027 rows) Column: Forecast (4,341 distinct values)

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Actuals >> Country >> Properties >> Select Country

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The ribbon is at the top with tabs: File, Home, Help, Table tools, and Column tools (which is currently selected). Below the ribbon, there's a toolbar with various icons for data types (Country, Text, etc.) and calculations (\$, %, Auto). A red box highlights the "Properties" button in the Column tools ribbon.

The main area shows a table with two columns: "Country" and "Actual". The "Country" column has a dropdown menu open, showing options like "Uncategorized", "Address", "Place", "City", "County", "State or Province", and "Postal code". A red box highlights the "Country" option in this dropdown.

On the right side, there's a "Data" pane with a search bar and a tree view of data categories. The "Actuals" category is expanded, showing "Country" selected, which is also highlighted with a red box. Other categories include "Date", "IT Department", and "Budget".

Country	Actual
USA	90,994
USA	41,537
USA	64,388
USA	20,476
USA	55,695
USA	138,204
USA	149,259
USA	75,649
USA	198,600
USA	112,272

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Budget >> Country >> Properties >> Select Country

The screenshot shows the Power BI interface with the 'Column tools' ribbon selected. The 'Properties' button in the 'Table tools' section is highlighted with a red box. Below the ribbon, the 'Budget' table is displayed with the 'Country' column selected, indicated by a red box around its header. The 'Data' pane on the right shows the 'Country' field under the 'Budget' node.

Table: Budget (10,593 rows) Column: Country (16 distinct values)

Country	Budget
USA	123

Data

- Search
- Date
- IT Department
- Budget
 - Budget
 - CostElement
- Country
- Date
- IT Dep.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Forecast >> Country >> Properties >> Select Country

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The ribbon at the top has 'Table tools' selected. In the 'Column tools' section, the 'Properties' button is highlighted with a red box. Below it, the 'Data category' dropdown is also highlighted with a red box and set to 'Country'. A tooltip for the 'Forecast' column is open, showing its name as 'Forecast'[Forecast]. To the right, the 'Data' pane is visible, with the 'Country' item highlighted with a red box.

Table: Forecast (11,027 rows) Column: Country (18 distinct values)

Date	CostElement	Internal Labor	Country	Forecast
Wednesday, 1 January 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	90,994
Saturday, 1 February 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	103,135
Sunday, 1 March 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	116,809
Wednesday, 1 April 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	92,221
Friday, 1 May 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	126,128
Monday, 1 June 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	95,333
Wednesday, 1 July 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	...
Saturday, 1 August 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	107,178
Tuesday, 1 September 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	108,580
Thursday, 1 October 2020	Administration	Internal Labor	USA	...

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Regions >> Country >> Properties >> Select Country

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Help, Table tools, Column tools (which is currently selected), and Share. Below the navigation bar, there are two dropdown menus: 'Country' (selected) and 'Text'. The main workspace displays a table with columns 'Country' and 'Region'. The 'Country' column contains 27 distinct values: Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, etc. The 'Region' column contains values like Europe, Latin America, Canada, Africa & Asia, etc. On the right side, the 'Data' pane is open, showing various data elements such as CostElement, Country, Date, Forecast, IT Dep., Regions, and a expanded 'Regions' section containing 'Country' and 'Region'. A red box highlights the 'Properties' button in the Column tools ribbon, and another red box highlights the 'Country' value in the Data pane.

File Home Help Table tools Column tools Share

Country Text

Structure

Austria
Belgium
Brazil
Canada
China
Czech Republic
Denmark
Finland
France
Germany

Europe
Europe
Latin America
Canada
Africa & Asia
Europe
Europe
Europe
Europe
Europe

Summarization: Don't summarize
Data category: Uncategorized

Properties

Sort by column
Data groups
Manage relationships
New column
Relationships
Calculations

Search

CostElement
Country
Date
Forecast
IT Dep.
Regions
Country
Region

Table: Regions (27 rows) Column: Country (27 distinct values)

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Notice an icon beside each of these country fields

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for file, home, help, and various tools. The title bar displays "Tutor Week 8 • Last saved: Today at 12:08 AM". The ribbon is currently set to "Column tools". The main area features a table with columns "Country" and "Region". The "Country" column has 27 distinct values. The "Data" pane on the right lists data sources and their fields, with the "Country" field from both the "Budget" and "CostElement" data sources highlighted with red boxes.

Table: Regions (27 rows) Column: Country (27 distinct values)

Country	Region
Austria	Europe
Belgium	Europe
Brazil	Latin America
Canada	Canada
China	Africa & Asia
Czech Republic	Europe
Denmark	Europe
Finland	Europe
France	Europe
Germany	Europe

Data pane:

- Search: Country Date
- IT Department
- Budget
 - Budget
 - CostElement
- Country Date

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Let's start our visuals: Click on Report View

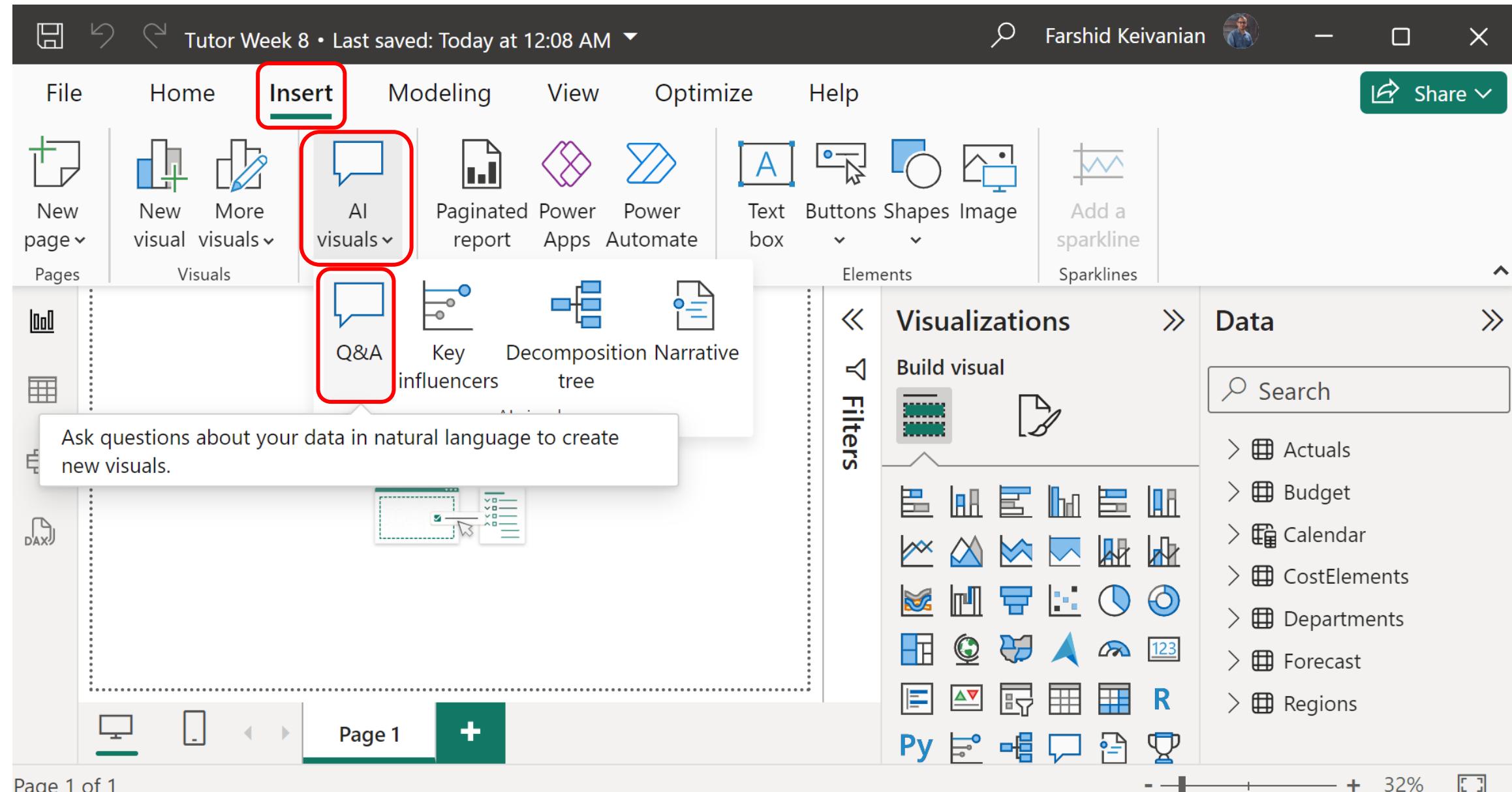
The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for file operations, a search bar, and a user profile for Farshid Keivanian. The ribbon tabs are "Table tools" and "Column tools", with "Column tools" currently selected. Below the ribbon, there are sections for "Structure" (with dropdowns for "Country" and "Text"), "Formatting" (with currency and percentage format options), and "Data". The "Data" section on the right lists various data entities: Country, Date, IT Department, Budget, CostElement, and another Country entry. A table preview on the left shows columns "Country" and "Region" with data for Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, and Germany, all categorized under "Europe". The status bar at the bottom indicates "Table: Regions (27 rows) Column: Country (27 distinct values)".

Country	Region
Austria	Europe
Belgium	Europe
Brazil	Latin America
Canada	Canada
China	Africa & Asia
Czech Republic	Europe
Denmark	Europe
Finland	Europe
France	Europe
Germany	Europe

Table: Regions (27 rows) Column: Country (27 distinct values)

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- In Desktop Power BI, we can use the built-in AI to ask a question about our data



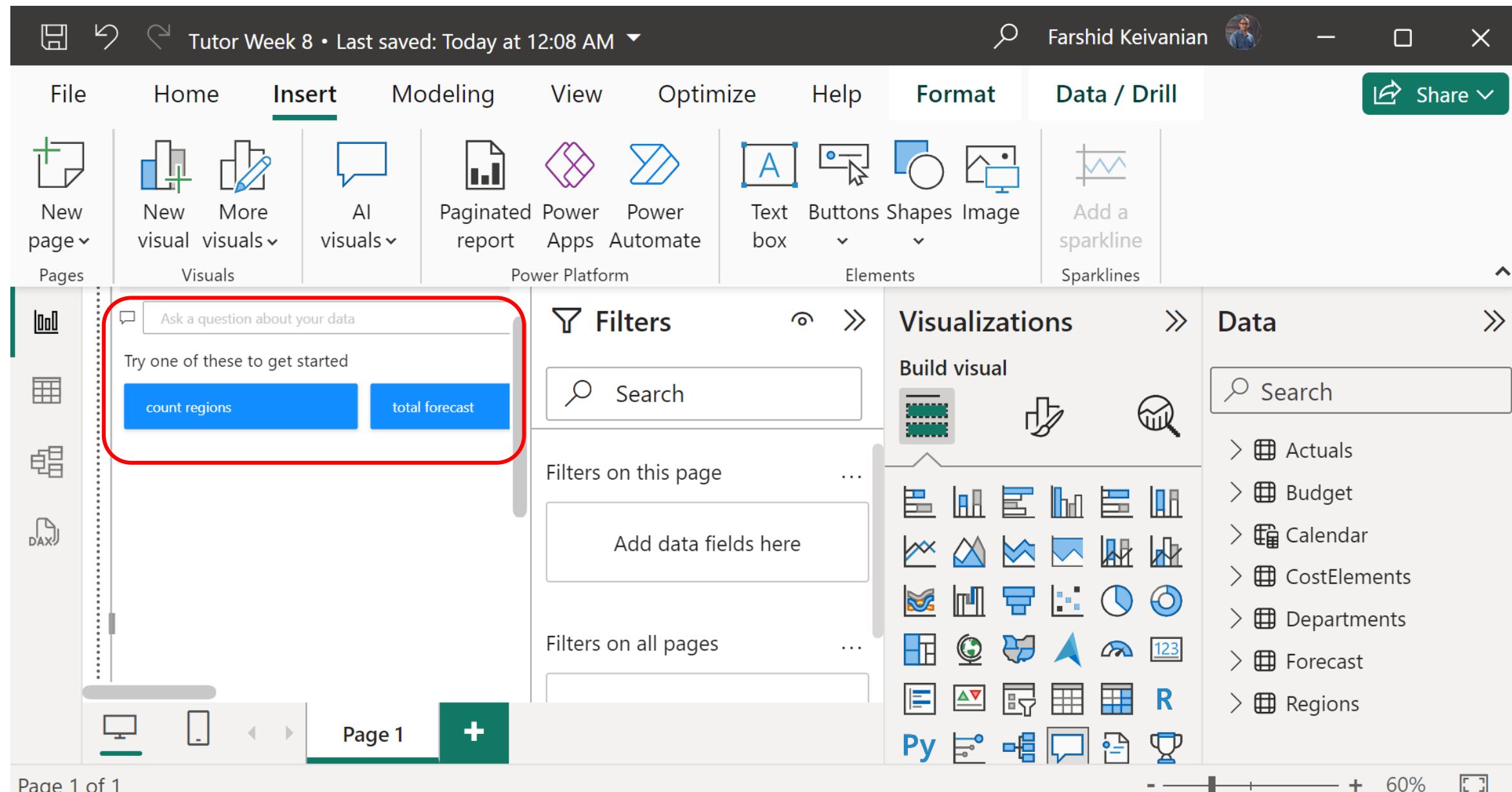
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We will see this

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Insert (selected), Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The main workspace is divided into several sections: Pages (New page, Visuals, AI visuals, Paginated report, Power Apps, Power Automate, Text box, Buttons, Shapes, Image, Add a sparkline, Sparklines), Power Platform, Elements (Text box, Buttons, Shapes, Image), and Data (Build visual, Search, Actuals, Budget, Calendar, CostElements, Departments, Forecast, Regions). On the left, there's a sidebar with icons for DAX, Ask a question about your data, Try one of these to get started (with buttons for count regions and total forecast), Filters, Visualizations, and Data. The bottom of the screen shows a navigation bar with Page 1, a plus sign for adding new pages, and a zoom slider set at 60%.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- We want to see the actual year-to date versus the four year budget



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Insert (selected), Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The main area has sections for Pages, Visuals, Power Platform, Elements, and Sparklines. On the left, there's a sidebar with icons for New page, Visuals, AI visuals, Paginated report, Power Apps, Power Automate, Text box, Buttons, Shapes, Image, and Add a sparkline. The Visuals section is highlighted with a red box, containing buttons for 'count regions' and 'total forecast'. The Power Platform section includes filters, visualizations, and data sources like Actuals, Budget, and Forecast. The Elements section shows various UI elements like text boxes and sparklines. The Sparklines section provides a preview of data trends. The bottom of the screen shows a navigation bar with Page 1, a plus sign, and zoom controls.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Type: **Type: actual vs budget**
- Click on the item below to commit that as a standard visual

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab has options for Paste, Get data, OneLake data hub, Dataverse, Recent sources, Transform, Refresh data, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Sensitivity. The main workspace displays a Q&A result titled "actual vs budget". A red box highlights the "actual vs budget" text input field. To the right, the Visualizations pane shows various chart and table icons under "Build visual". The Data pane lists categories like Actuals, Budget, Calendar, CostElements, Departments, Forecast, and Regions. The bottom of the screen shows page navigation (Page 1 of 1) and a zoom control (60%).

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Move it down

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, and Share. The Home tab has options for Paste, Get data, Enter data, OneLake data hub, Dataverse, Recent sources, Transform, Refresh data, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Sensitivity. The left sidebar has icons for DAX, Page, and a plus sign. The main area displays three sections: Filters, Visualizations, and Data. The Filters section contains a search bar, a 'Filters on this page' section with an 'Add data fields here' button, and a 'Filters on all pages' section. The Visualizations section shows a 'Build visual' button and a grid of visualization icons. The Data section shows a search bar and a list of items: Actuals, Budget, Calendar, CostElements, Departments, Forecast, and Regions. At the bottom, there are page navigation buttons (Page 1, +), a status bar (Page 1 of 1), and a zoom control (60%). A red box highlights a card in the bottom-left corner displaying the values '144,618,853' and '155,309,019' under 'Sum of Actual' and 'Sum of Budget' respectively.

144,618,853
Sum of Actual

155,309,019
Sum of Budget

Page 1

60%

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Select another visual: KPI

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab has options for Paste, Get data (with sub-options for Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, and SQL Server), Enter data, Refresh data, Transform data, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Sensitivity. The Data section shows recent sources like Recent sources, Data, and Clipboard. The main workspace shows a KPI visual with a red border and a summary table below it. The bottom left shows page navigation (Page 1 of 1) and a plus sign for adding new pages. The bottom right shows zoom controls (60%) and a refresh button.

Filters

Search
Add data fields here

Filters on all pages
Add data fields here

Visualizations

Build visual

Data

Search
> Actuals
> Budget
> Calendar
> CostElements
> Departments
> Forecast
> Regions

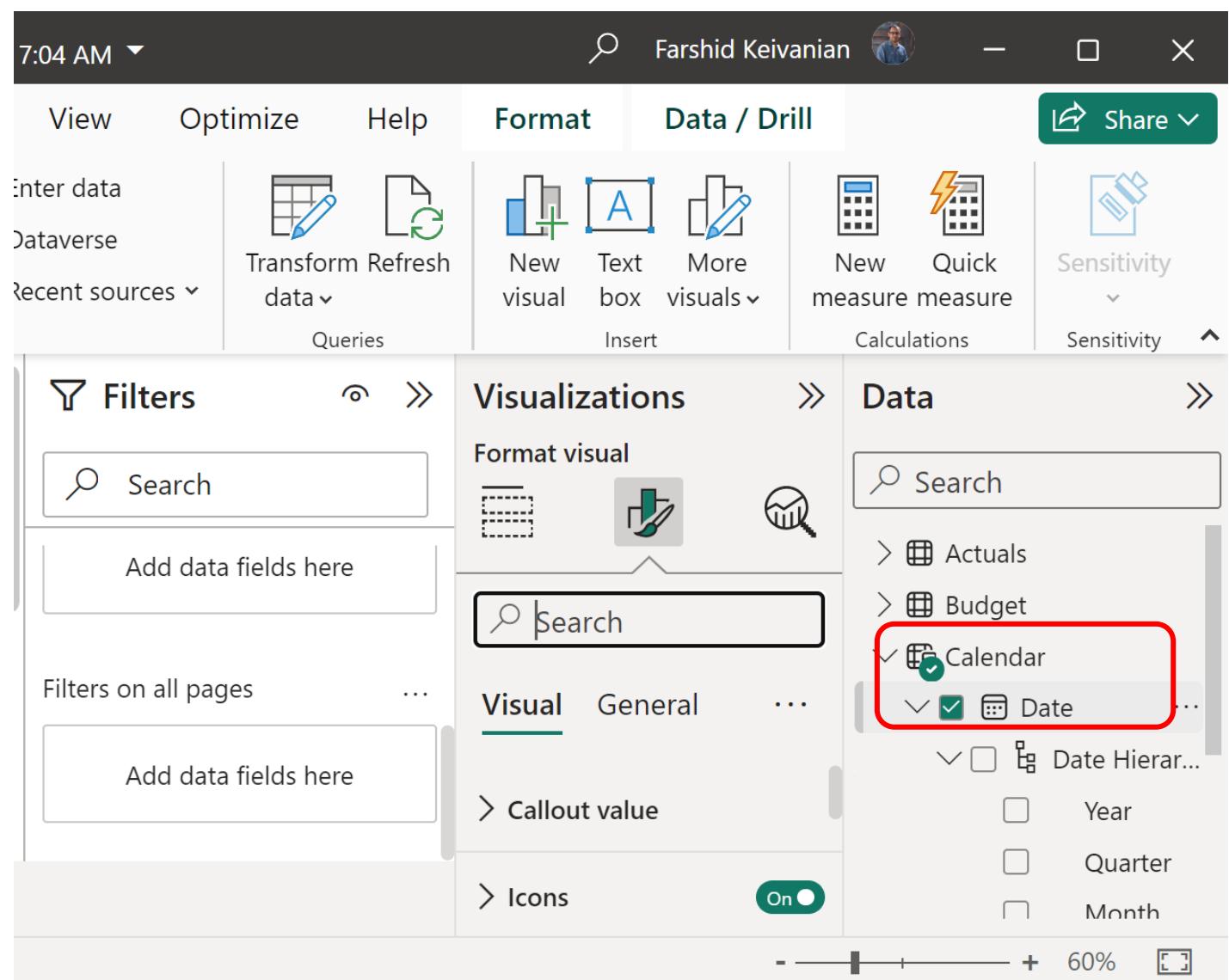
144,618,853 Sum of Actual 155,309,019 Sum of Budget

Page 1 +

Page 1 of 1 60%

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Calendar in Data Field (right side) and Tick Date



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click On Forecast, Select it, Drag it to left (the indicator will be Forecast)

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The main area displays a dashboard with a large green box containing the text "Sum of Forecast and Sum Forecast by Date" and the value "21,603,8". Below this, there is a red box highlighting the word "Forecast" in the legend. The legend also includes "Sum of Actual" and "Sum of E". To the right of the dashboard is a "Visualizations" pane with various chart icons and a "Data" pane showing a tree view of data fields, with "Forecast" selected. A red box highlights the checked checkbox for "Σ Forecast" in the data pane.

Tutor Week 8 • Last saved: Today at 7:41 AM

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help Format Data / Drill Share

Paste Get data SQL Server Enter data OneLake data hub Dataverse Recent sources Transform data Refresh data New visual Text box More visuals New measure Quick measure Sensitivity

Clipboard Data Queries Insert Calculations Sensitivity

Sum of Forecast and Sum Forecast by Date
21,603,8
Goal: 21,603,896 (+0%)
Σ Forecast

Add data fields here

Filters on all pages Add data fields here

144,618,853 Sum of Actual 155,309,1 Sum of E

Visualizations Data

Build visual

Σ Forecast

Σ Forecast

Page 1 +

Page 1 of 1 60%

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click On Budget, Select it, Drag it to left (the target will be Budget)

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab has sections for Clipboard, Data, Queries, Insert, Calculations, and Sensitivity. The Data section on the right lists fields like Actuals, Budget (selected), CostElement, Country, Date, IT Dep., and Calendar. The Visualizations section shows a large yellow card with the value **21,603,89** and a goal of **21,603,896, 20,660,778**. Below the card are filters for Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forec, and Sum of Budget by Date. The bottom navigation bar includes monitor, mobile, back, forward, Page 1, and a plus sign.

Visualizations: Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forec, and Sum of Budget by Date

Budget

21,603,89

Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778

144,618,853 Sum of Actual 155,309,019 Sum of Budg

Filters: Add data fields here

Visualizations: Build visual

Data: Search

Budget

Σ Budget

144,618,853 Sum of Actual 155,309,019 Sum of Budg

Page 1

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Move it down the bottom

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application. The ribbon is visible at the top with tabs: File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, and Help. The Home tab has several data source options: Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, Data, Get data, and SQL Server. Below the ribbon is a vertical navigation bar with icons for Report, Data, Filters, Visualization, and Page. A large yellow callout bubble is overlaid on the interface, containing the following text:
Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast
and Sum of Budget by Date
21,603,896
Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778
144,618,853 155,309,019
Sum of Actual Sum of Budget

A red rectangular box highlights the main numerical value "21,603,896". An arrow points from the word "Filters" in the vertical bar to a white button labeled "Expand" located near the bottom right of the callout bubble.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- While KPI is selected, From Visualisation>>Format your visual>>Find Distance direction

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes 'File', 'Home' (selected), 'Insert', 'Modeling', 'View', 'Optimize', 'Help', 'Format', 'Data / Drill', and 'Share'. The 'Home' tab has sub-options for 'Excel workbook', 'OneLake data hub', 'SQL Server', 'Enter data', 'Dataverse', 'Recent sources', 'Transform', 'Refresh data', 'New visual', 'Text box', 'More visuals', 'New measure', 'Quick measure', and 'Sensitivity'. The left sidebar has icons for 'Clipboard', 'Summarize', 'Table', 'Matrix', 'Card', and 'DAX'. A central dashboard area displays a KPI card with the value '21,603,896' and a goal of '21,603,896, 20,660,778'. Below the card are details: '144,618,853 Sum of Actual' and '155,309,019 Sum of Budget'. The right side features the 'Visualizations' pane with sections for 'Format visual' (containing icons for 'Table', 'Card', and 'Search'), 'Filters', and 'Distance direction' (set to 'Increasing is positive'). The bottom navigation bar includes 'Page 1' and a '+' button.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Select Decreasing is positive

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes 'File', 'Home' (selected), 'Insert', 'Modeling', 'View', 'Optimize', 'Help', 'Format', 'Data / Drill', and 'Share'. The 'Home' tab has options like 'Paste', 'Get data', and 'SQL Server'. The 'Format' ribbon is open, showing 'Transform Refresh data', 'Queries', 'Insert', and 'Calculations'. A visual on the canvas displays the value '21,603,896' with a yellow callout. The 'Format' ribbon's 'Distance direction' dropdown is highlighted with a red box and set to 'Decreasing is positive'. The bottom navigation bar includes 'Page 1' and a '+' button.

Format Distance direction

Decreasing is positive

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- From Trend Axis >> Select Low is Good

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab has sections for Clipboard (Paste, Get data, SQL Server), Data (Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, Dataverse, Recent sources), Queries (Transform data, Refresh data), Insert (New visual, Text box, More visuals), Calculations (New measure, Quick measure), and Sensitivity. A trend axis visualization is selected in the main workspace, displaying the value **21,603,896**. The context menu for this visualization is open, showing options like "Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date", "Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778", "144,618,853 Sum of Actual", and "155,309,019 Sum of Budget". The bottom of the workspace shows navigation icons for monitor, smartphone, and arrows, along with "Page 1" and a plus sign. To the right, the ribbon displays "Visualizations", "Format visual", "Filters", and "Data". The "Visual" tab is selected in the ribbon. In the "Direction" section of the ribbon, the dropdown menu is set to "High is good", which is highlighted with a red rectangle. Below it, the options "High is good" and "Low is good" are also visible.

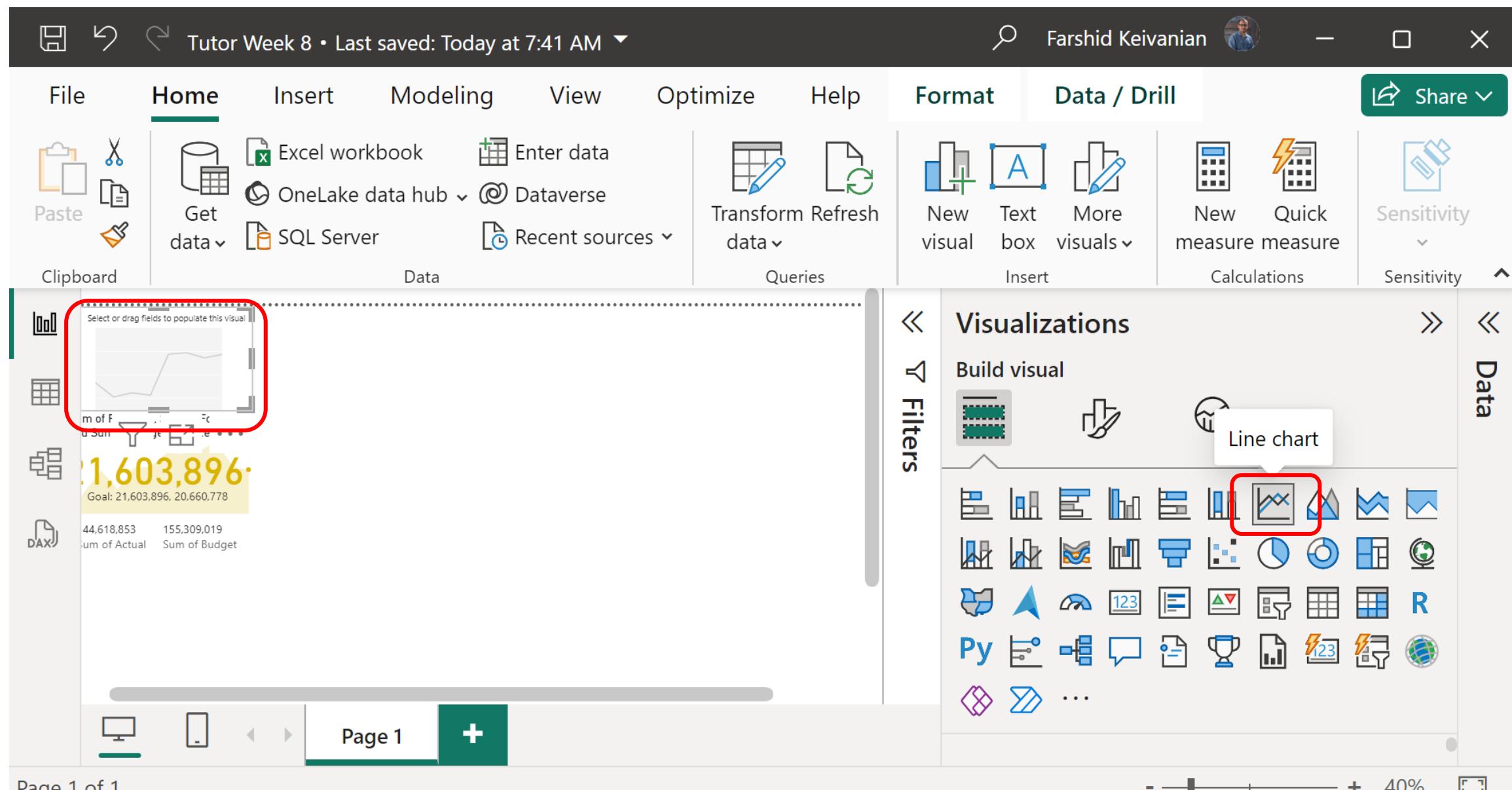
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Next Visual to add is Line Chart: Click Line Chart

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab has options for Paste, Get data (with sub-options for Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, and SQL Server), Enter data, Transform (with Refresh data dropdown), and New visual (with sub-options for Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Sensitivity). The Data tab has options for Recent sources and Calculations. The bottom ribbon includes sections for Visualizations, Filters, and Data. The main workspace displays a card with the value '21,603,896' (Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778) and DAX code. The Visualizations pane on the right lists various chart types, with 'Line chart' highlighted by a red box. The status bar at the bottom shows 'Page 1 of 1' and a zoom level of 40%.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Move it to right and Make it a bit wider



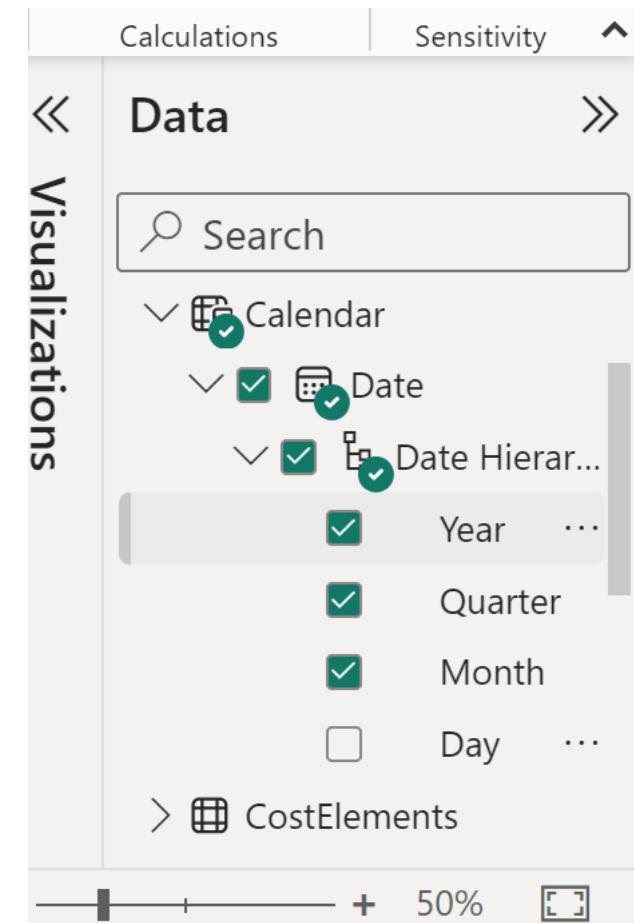
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Move it to right and Make it a bit wider

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application. The ribbon is visible at the top with tabs: File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, and Help. The Home tab has sections for Clipboard (Paste, Get data from, SQL Server), Data (Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, Dataverse, Recent sources), Queries (Transform, Refresh data), Insert (New visual, Text box, More visuals), Calculations (New measure, Quick measure), and Sensitivity. On the left, there's a navigation pane with icons for DAX, Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date, and a large yellow callout containing the value 21,603,896. Below this are buttons for Sum of Actual and Sum of Budget. The main workspace contains a chart with a red circle around it, and a tooltip says "Select or drag fields to populate this visual". To the right is a "Visualizations" pane with various chart and table icons, and a "Filters" pane. The bottom navigation bar includes icons for monitor, smartphone, back, forward, page number (Page 1), and a plus sign for adding new visualizations.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Collapse Visualisations
- While the Line Chart is selected >> Click on Calendar in the Data Pane >> Click on Date
- Deselected Day



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Actual
- Click on Budget
- Click on Forecast

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application interface. The ribbon is visible at the top with tabs: File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab is selected.

The main area displays a scatter plot titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year". The plot shows three data series: "Sum of Actual" (blue dots), "Sum of Budget" (orange dots), and "Sum of Forecast" (red dots). The Y-axis ranges from 0.1bn to 0.3bn, and the X-axis shows the year 2020. A callout bubble points to the red dot for "Sum of Forecast" with the text "Name 'Forecast'[Date]".

To the left of the plot, there is a summary card with the value "21,603,896" and a goal of "Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778". Below the card, it shows "144,618,853 Sum of Actual" and "155,309,019 Sum of Budget".

The right side of the screen features the "Visualizations" pane, which includes a search bar and a list of items under the "Data" category. The "Forecast" item is checked, and other items listed include "CostElement", "Country", "Date", "Σ Forecast", "IT Dep.", and "Regions".

The bottom of the screen shows the page navigation controls: "Page 1" and a plus sign icon for adding new visualizations. The status bar at the bottom right indicates "50%" zoom.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Expand all down one level in the hierarchy

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab is selected. The ribbon below the navigation bar has sections for Clipboard, Get data, Recent sources, Transform data, Insert, Calculations, and Sensitivity.

A context menu is open over a visualization titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year". The menu item "Expand all down one level in the hierarchy" is highlighted with a red box. Below the menu, there is a small icon set with arrows and filters, and a legend for the chart: "Sum of Actual" (blue dot), "Sum of Budget" (dark blue dot), and "Sum of Forecast" (orange dot). The chart shows data points for 2020, with values 0.1bn, 0.2bn, and 0.3bn.

The main workspace displays a large yellow callout containing the value "21,603,896" and a goal of "Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778". Below this, there are two smaller callouts: "144,618,853 Sum of Actual" and "155,309,019 Sum of Budget".

The right side of the interface features a "Visualizations" pane with a search bar and a list of items under "Data": "Departments", "Forecast" (which is checked), "CostElement", "Country", "Date", "Forecast" (checked again), and "IT Dep.". There is also a section for "Regions".

The bottom of the screen shows a navigation bar with icons for monitor, mobile, back, forward, "Page 1", and a plus sign. A status bar at the bottom right indicates "50%" and has zoom controls.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Expand all down one level in the hierarchy

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The ribbon is visible at the top with tabs like File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab is selected. On the left, there's a navigation pane with icons for Paste, Get data, OneLake data hub, SQL Server, and Recent sources. Below it are icons for Clipboard, Data, DAX, and Visualizations. A large line chart visualization is displayed in the main area, showing three data series: Sum of Actual (blue), Sum of Budget (orange), and Sum of Forecast (red). The chart has a legend and a timeline from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020. A red box highlights the chart area. A context menu is open over the chart, with the "More options" option highlighted. To the right of the chart, there's a "Data" pane showing filters for Forecast, CostElement, Country, Date, Forecast, and IT Dep., with "Forecast" checked. At the bottom, there are page navigation buttons (Back, Forward, Home) and a "Page 1" button.

Tutor Week 8 • Last saved: Today at 8:26 AM

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help Format Data / Drill Share

Paste Get data OneLake data hub SQL Server Recent sources

Clipboard Data DAX Visualizations

Transform Refresh data

New visual Text box More visuals

New measure Quick Sensitivity

Sensitivity

Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter

Sum of Actual Sum of Budget Sum of Forecast

Jan 2020 Apr 2020 Jul 2020 Oct 2020

21,603,896 Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778

More options

Search

Departments

Forecast

CostElement

Country

Date

Σ Forecast

IT Dep.

Regions

Page 1

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Visualisations >> X-Axis >> Title-off

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for file operations, a search bar, and user information. The ribbon menu is open, with 'Home' selected. The 'Data' tab is active under the ribbon, showing options like 'Clipboard', 'Get data', 'Enter data', 'Transform data', and 'Refresh data'. On the left, a vertical ribbon shows icons for various visualizations and DAX. In the center, there is a line chart titled 'Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter'. The chart displays three series: 'Sum of Actual' (blue line), 'Sum of Budget' (orange line), and 'Sum of Forecast' (red line). The x-axis shows dates from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020. Below the chart, a large yellow callout box highlights a value '21,603,896' with a goal of '21,603,896, 20,660,778'. To the right, the 'Format' ribbon is open, showing sections for 'Visualizations', 'Format visual', 'Filters', and 'Data'. A red box highlights the 'Title' section under 'Visual' settings, where the 'Off' button is selected.

Tutor Week 8 • Last saved: Today at 8:41 AM

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help Format Data / Drill Share

Paste Get data Excel workbook OneLake data hub Enter data Data Source Recent sources Transform Refresh data

Clipboard New visual Text box More visuals New measure Quick measure Calculations Sensitivity

Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter

Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date

21,603,896 Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778

Page 1 +

Visualizations Format visual Filters Data

Search

Visual General

> Title Off

Reset to default

Page 1 of 1 50%

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Visualisations >> Y-Axis >> Title-off

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes 'File', 'Home' (selected), 'Insert', 'Modeling', 'View', 'Optimize', 'Help', 'Format', 'Data / Drill', and 'Share'. The 'Home' tab has sub-options like 'Clipboard', 'Data', 'Queries', 'Insert', and 'Calculations'. The main workspace displays a line chart titled 'Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter'. The chart tracks three metrics over time from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020. A large yellow callout at the bottom left highlights the value '21,603,896'. The 'Format' ribbon on the right is open, with the 'Visual' tab selected. A red box highlights the 'Y-axis' section under the 'Visual' tab.

Tutor Week 8 • Last saved: Today at 8:41 AM

Farshid Keivaniyan

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help Format Data / Drill Share

Clipboard Data Queries Insert Calculations Sensitivity

Excel workbook Enter data OneLake data hub Dataverse Recent sources

Get data SQL Server

Paste Get data New visual Text box More visuals

Transform Refresh data

New measure Quick Sensitivity

SQL Server

Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter

Sum of Actual Sum of Budget Sum of Forecast

Jan 2020 Apr 2020 Jul 2020 Oct 2020

80M 60M 40M 20M 0M

21,603,896 Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778

Visual General

Y-axis

Range

Page 1 +

Page 1 of 1

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- From Field Pane: Actuals >> New Measure

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for file operations, a search bar, and user information (Farshid Keivanian). The ribbon tabs are Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share.

The Home tab is selected, displaying options for Paste, Get data (from Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, Dataverse, and SQL Server), Transform data, Refresh data, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, Calculations, and Sensitivity.

The main workspace contains two visualizations: a line chart titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter" and a running total chart titled "Running Total (RT) Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date". The running total chart features a large yellow callout "21,603,896" with a goal of "Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778".

The Field pane on the right side lists data sources and measures. A red box highlights the "Actuals" section under the "Visualizations" category, which includes measures like "Σ Actual" and "Actual RT". Other categories in the Field pane include Cost Element, Country, Date, and IT Department, along with a "Budget" category at the bottom.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- From Field Pane: Actuals >> Click on ... (More options) >> New Measure

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab is selected. The ribbon also shows sections for Data, Queries, Insert, Calculations, and Sensitivity.

The main workspace displays a dashboard with two line charts:

- Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter:** A line chart showing three data series over time from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020. The Y-axis ranges from 0M to 80M. The legend indicates: Sum of Actual (blue), Sum of Budget (dark blue), and Sum of Forecast (orange). The actual and budget lines are relatively flat around 60M, while the forecast line shows a slight downward trend from approximately 60M to 55M.
- Running Total (RT):** A line chart showing Actual RT (blue) and Budget RT (dark blue) over the same period. The Y-axis ranges from 0.bn to 0.2.bn. Both lines show a steady upward trend, starting near 0.bn in Jan 2020 and reaching approximately 0.1.bn by Oct 2020.

A large yellow callout at the bottom left of the dashboard displays the total value: **21,603,896**. Below it, the goal is listed as **Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778**.

The bottom right corner of the image highlights the **More options** button in the Field pane, which is circled in red.

Field pane (Visualizations section):

- Search bar: Search
- Filter icon: More options (circled in red)
- Visualizations list:
 - \sum Actual
 - Actual RT
 - Cost Element
 - Country
 - Date

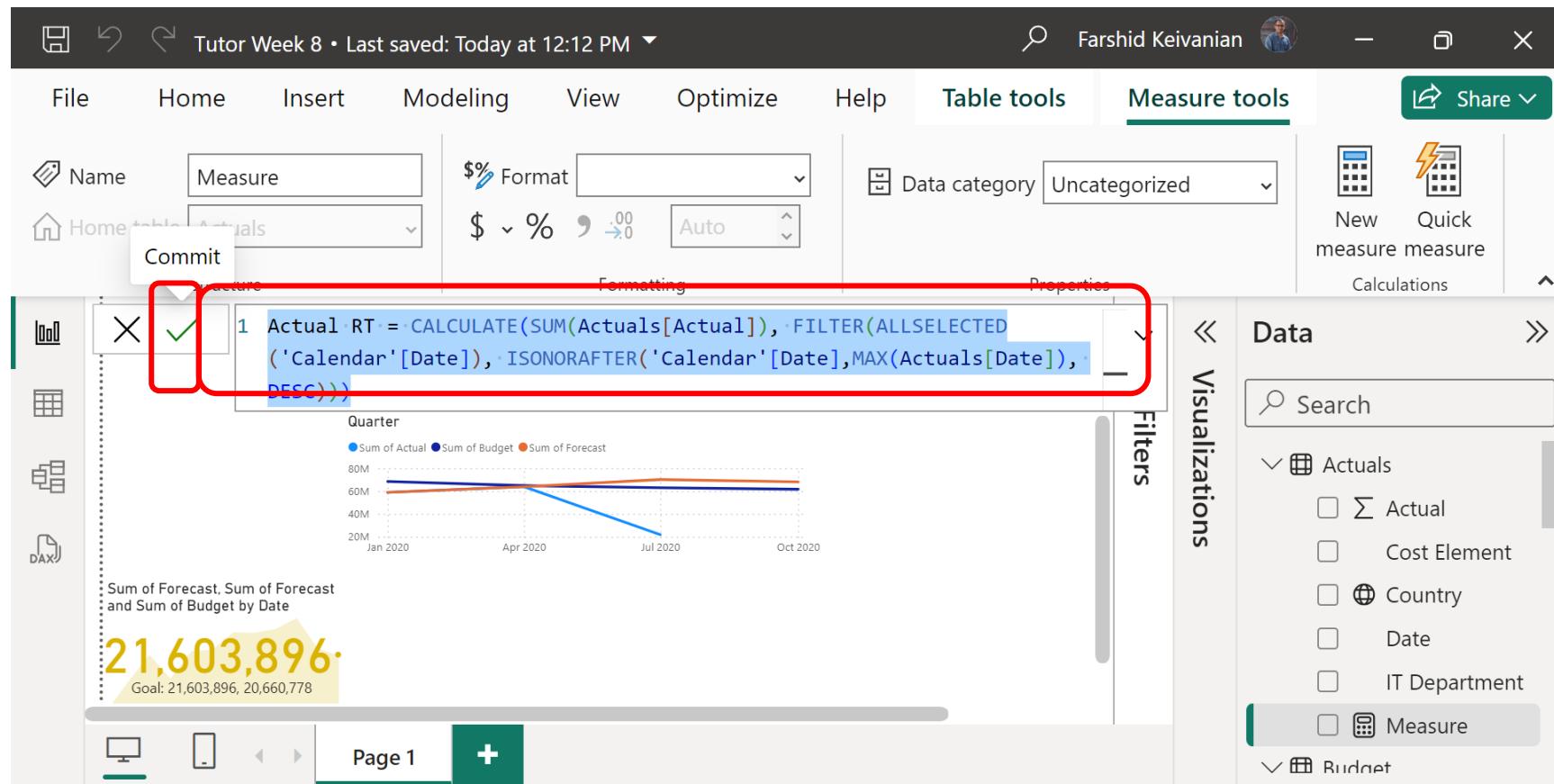
Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- From Field Pane: Actuals >> New Measure

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes 'File', 'Home' (selected), 'Insert', 'Modeling', 'View', 'Optimize', and 'Help'. The 'Home' tab has options like 'Excel workbook', 'OneLake data hub', 'SQL Server', and 'Recent sources'. Below the ribbon is a 'Clipboard' section with icons for Paste, Get data, and DAX. The main workspace displays two visualizations: a line chart titled 'Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter' and a card titled 'Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date' showing the value '21,603,896'. A context menu is open over the line chart, with the 'Select' option expanded. The 'New measure' option is highlighted with a red box. Other options in the 'Select' menu include 'New column', 'New quick measure', 'Refresh data', 'Edit query', 'Manage relationships', 'Incremental refresh', 'Manage aggregations', 'Rename', 'Delete from model', 'Hide', 'Mark as date table', 'View hidden', 'Unhide all', and 'Collapse all'. The bottom of the screen shows navigation icons for monitor, printer, back, forward, page number 'Page 1', and a plus sign, along with a 'Title' placeholder and an 'On' button.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Type: Actual RT = `CALCULATE(SUM(Actuals[Actual]),
FILTER(ALLSELECTED('Calendar'[Date]),
ISONORAFTER('Calendar'[Date],MAX(Actuals[Date]), DESC)))`
- Click on Tick to Commit the changes



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Actual RT and Copy its measure

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The ribbon is visible at the top with tabs like File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Table tools, and Measure tools. The Measure tools tab is currently selected. In the center, there's a visualization pane showing a line chart with three data series: Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget, and Sum of Forecast. Below the chart, a large value '21,603,896' is displayed with a goal of 'Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778'. On the left, there's a DAX editor window showing the formula for 'Actual RT': `Actual RT = CALCULATE(SUM(Actuals[Actual]), FILTER(ALLSELECTED('Calendar'[Date]), ISONORAFTER('Calendar'[Date], MAX(Actuals[Date]), DESC)))`. To the right of the visualization, the 'Data' pane is open, listing measures like 'Actual RT' and other fields like 'Cost Element', 'Country', 'Date', and 'IT Department'. The 'Actual RT' measure is highlighted with a red box. The entire DAX formula for 'Actual RT' is also highlighted with a red box.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Select ... three dots (more options) >> New Measure in Budget Then Paste it there

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes 'File', 'Home', 'Insert', 'Modeling', 'View', 'Optimize', 'Help', and 'Table tools'. The 'Table tools' tab is currently selected, indicated by a green underline. A 'Name' field in the ribbon is set to 'Budget'. The main workspace displays a line chart titled 'Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter' and a large yellow value card '21,603,896.' with a goal of 'Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778'. To the right, the 'Data' pane lists filters for 'Cost Element', 'Country', 'Date', and 'IT Department', with 'Budget' expanded to show measures like \sum Budget, CostElement, and Country. A red box highlights the '...' button next to the 'Budget' measure. The bottom navigation bar shows 'Page 1' and a '+' icon.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Confirm it by Clicking on Check

Budget RT = `CALCULATE(SUM(Budget[Budget]), FILTER(ALLSELECTED('Calendar'[Date]), ISONORAFTER('Calendar'[Date],MAX(Budget[Date]), DESC)))`

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Table tools, Measure tools (which is underlined in green), and Share. The ribbon also shows settings for a measure named "Budget RT" which is associated with the "Budget" table and has a whole number format.

In the center, there is a DAX editor window containing the formula:

```
Budget RT = CALCULATE(SUM(Budget[Budget]), FILTER(ALLSELECTED('Calendar'[Date]), ISONORAFTER('Calendar'[Date],MAX(Budget[Date]), DESC)))
```

The formula is highlighted with a red rectangle. To the left of the formula is a small icon with a checkmark and an X, also enclosed in a red rectangle. Below the formula is a chart titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter".

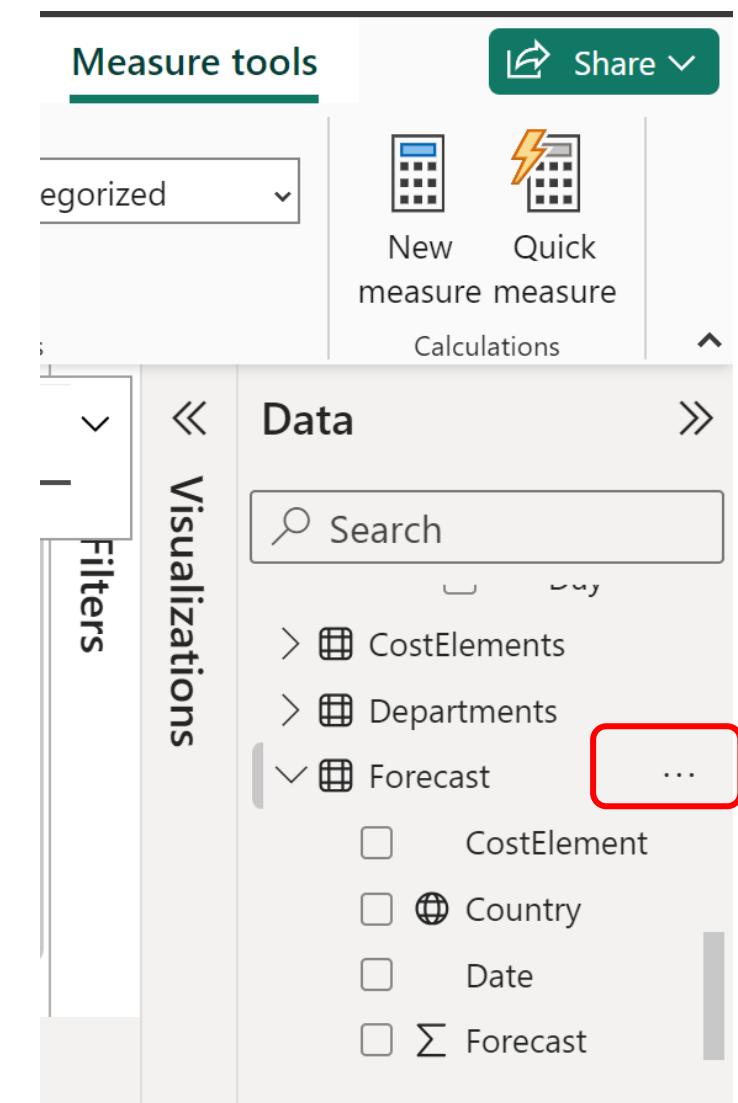
On the right side, there is a "Visualizations" pane and a "Data" pane. The "Data" pane contains a search bar and a list of fields: Cost Element, Country, Date, IT Department, Budget, Σ Budget, Budget RT, and CostElement. The "Budget RT" field is currently selected, indicated by a grey background.

At the bottom, there are navigation icons for monitor, smartphone, back, forward, and a page number indicator "Page 1".

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Select Forecast >> Click on ... three dots >> New Measure in Forecast >> Paste it there as well

```
Forecast RT = CALCULATE(SUM(Forecast[Forecast]),  
FILTER(ALLSELECTED('Calendar'[Date]),  
ISONORAFTER('Calendar'[Date],MAX(Forecast[Date]),  
DESC)))
```



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- You will see this

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, and a Share button. The Home tab has options for Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, SQL Server, and Data sources. The Data tab has options for Transform, Refresh, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Calculations. The ribbon also includes Paste, Get data, Recent sources, and Sensitivity dropdowns. On the left, there's a sidebar with icons for Grid, Table, Matrix, and DAX. The main workspace displays a line chart titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter" with three lines: blue for Actual, dark blue for Budget, and orange for Forecast. Below the chart is a large yellow box displaying the value "21,603,896" with a goal of "21,603,896, 20,660,778". At the bottom, there are buttons for Page 1 and a plus sign, along with zoom controls (40%) and a refresh icon.

Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter

● Sum of Actual ● Sum of Budget ● Sum of Forecast

80M
60M
40M
20M
Jan 2020 Apr 2020 Jul 2020 Oct 2020

21,603,896

Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778

144,618,853 155,309,019

Sum of Actual Sum of Budget

Page 1 +

40%

Farshid Keivanian

Share

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help

Excel workbook Enter data

OneLake data hub Dataverse

Get data SQL Server Recent sources

Paste

Transform Refresh

New visual Text box More visuals

New measure Quick measure

Calculations

Sensitivity

Clipboard Data

Visualizations

Filters

Search

CostElements

Departments

Forecast

CostElement

Country

Date

Σ Forecast

Page 1 of 1

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Area Chart

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, and Share. The Home tab has options for Paste, Get data, Enter data, OneLake data hub, Dataverse, Recent sources, Transform, Refresh data, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Sensitivity. The main workspace displays a dashboard with a summary card showing the value 21,603,896 and a line chart titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter". The chart tracks three series from January 2020 to October 2020. A large yellow callout highlights the value 21,603,896. On the right side, the Visualizations pane is open, showing various chart types like Area chart, Bar chart, Line chart, etc., with the "Area chart" icon highlighted and circled in red. The Data pane is also visible.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Area Chart and Move it down

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The ribbon menu is visible at the top, with the 'Home' tab selected. The main workspace displays a dashboard containing several visualizations, including a large area chart with a red box around its placeholder area and a smaller area chart icon in the visualizations pane. A red circle highlights the area chart icon in the 'Visualizations' pane. The bottom navigation bar includes icons for monitor, mobile, back, forward, page number, and a plus sign.

Dashboard Visualizations:

- Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter
- Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date
- 21,603,896 (Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778)
- 144,618,853 Sum of Actual
- 155,309,019 Sum of Budget

Ribbon Menu:

- File
- Home
- Insert
- Modeling
- View
- Optimize
- Help
- Format
- Data / Drill
- Share

Visualizations Pane:

- Clipboard
- Data
- Queries
- Insert
- Calculations
- Sensitivity

Visualizations:

- Area chart (highlighted with a red box)
- Area chart icon (highlighted with a red circle)
- Other visualization icons: Bar chart, Line chart, Stacked bar chart, Stacked line chart, Map, Gauge, Card, Table, Matrix, Donut chart, Radar chart, Timeline, etc.

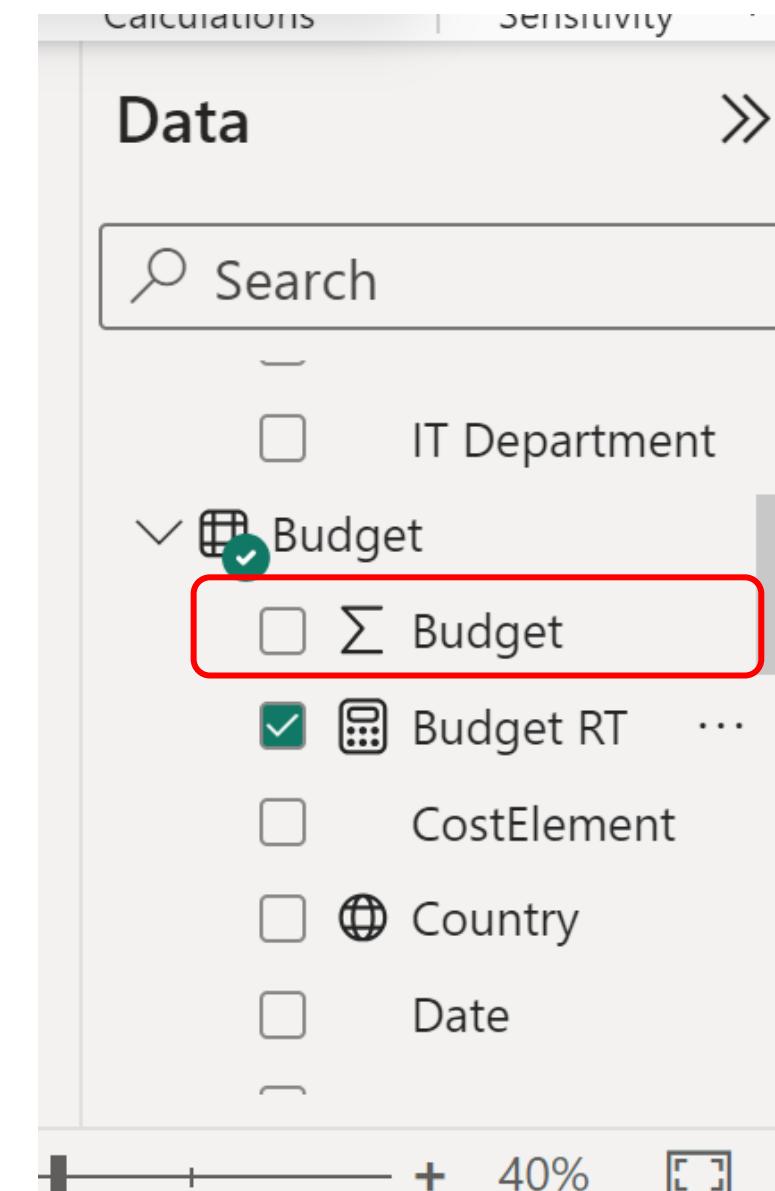
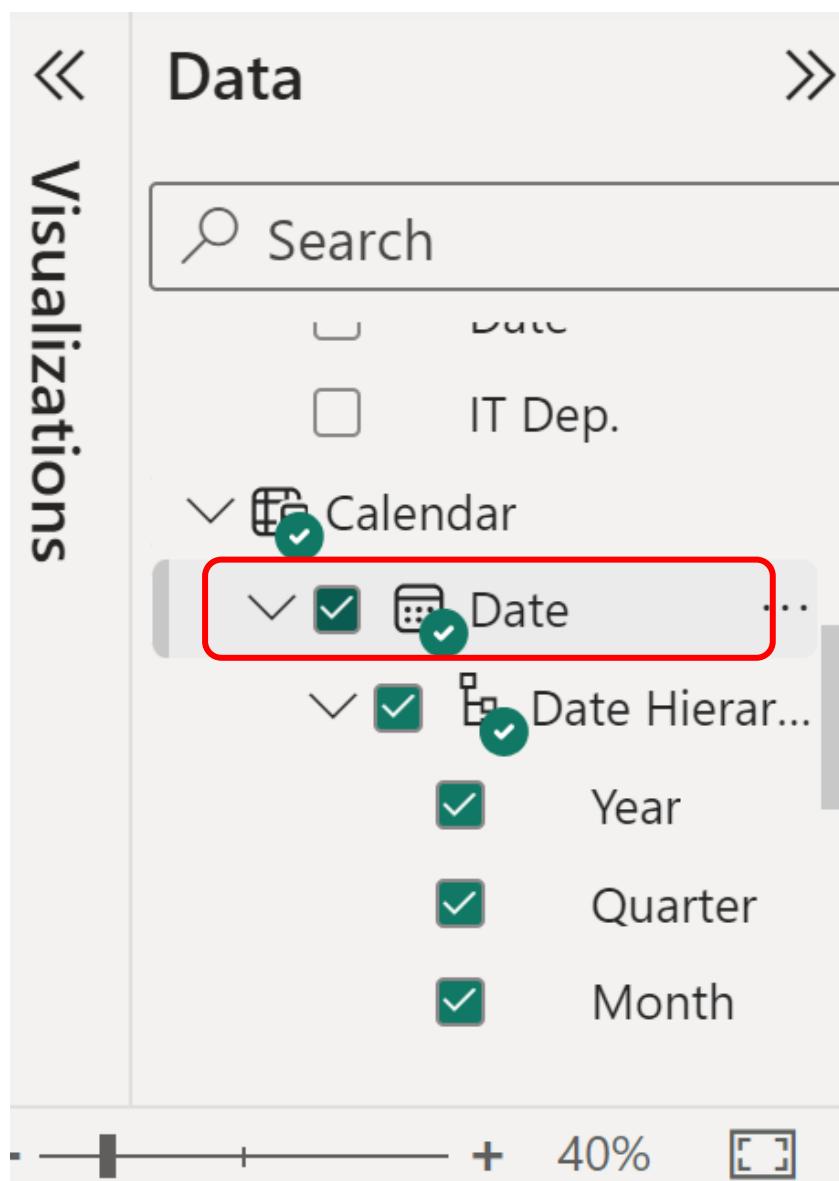
Bottom Navigation:

- Monitor, Mobile, Back, Forward, Page 1, Plus, Minus, 40%, Zoom, Full Screen

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Click on Actual RT Chart, Budget RT, and Forecast RT

- Click on Date



Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- You will see this
- Find Y-axis in Visualisation Pane

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The ribbon menu is visible at the top, with the 'Home' tab selected. The main workspace displays a dashboard containing two visualizations:

- A line chart titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter". It shows three data series: "Sum of Actual" (blue), "Sum of Budget" (orange), and "Sum of Forecast" (red). The Y-axis ranges from 0M to 80M. The X-axis shows years and quarters.
- A second visualization titled "Actual RT and Budget RT by Year, Quarter, Month and Day". It compares "Actual RT" (blue) and "Budget RT" (orange) over time from January 2020 to October 2020. The Y-axis ranges from 0.0bn to 0.2bn.

In the bottom left corner, there is a large yellow callout box highlighting the value "21,603,896" and the text "Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778". Below the dashboard, there are navigation icons for monitor, mobile, back, forward, and a page number indicator "Page 1".

The right side of the interface features the "Visualizations" pane, which includes sections for "Format visual" (with icons for grid lines and a brush tool), a search bar, and tabs for "Visual" (selected) and "General". A "Y-axis" section is also present in this pane. The overall layout is clean and organized, typical of a modern business intelligence tool.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Title Off (for both x-axis and y-axis)

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. The top navigation bar includes File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, Share, and Sensitivity. The Home tab is selected. The Data ribbon tab is also visible. On the left, there's a ribbon of visual types: Bar, Grid, Matrix, and DAX. The main workspace displays two charts:

- A top chart titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter". It shows three stacked area series: Actual (blue), Budget (orange), and Forecast (red). The Y-axis ranges from 0M to 80M. The X-axis shows quarters from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020.
- A bottom chart titled "Actual RT and Budget RT by Year, Quarter, Month and Day". It shows two stacked area series: Actual RT (blue) and Budget RT (orange). The Y-axis ranges from 0.bn to 0.2.bn. The X-axis shows months from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020.

The bottom of the screen shows a footer with Page 1 and a plus sign for adding new pages.

The right side of the interface features the "Visualizations" pane, which includes sections for Format visual, Filters, and Visual. In the Visual section, the "Title" option is highlighted with a red box and has its "Off" button checked.

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

- Find Title in General Tab (Visualisations): Change it to Running Total

The screenshot shows the Power BI desktop application interface. At the top, the ribbon tabs are visible: File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The Home tab has sub-options like Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, SQL Server, and Recent sources. The Data tab has options for Paste, Get data, Transform, Refresh data, New visual, Text box, More visuals, New measure, Quick measure, and Sensitivity. The Visualizations pane on the right is open, showing the 'General' tab selected under 'Visual'. A red box highlights the 'Title' section, which currently displays 'Actual RT and Budget RT by Year, Quarter,' followed by a 'fx' button.

Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter

● Sum of Actual ● Sum of Budget ● Sum of Forecast

80M
60M
40M
20M
0M

Jan 2020 Apr 2020 Jul 2020 Oct 2020

↑ ↓ ↴ ↵ ⌂ ...

Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date

21,603,896 Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778

144,618,853 155,309,019

Actual RT and Budget RT by Year, Quarter, Month and Day

● Actual RT ● Budget RT

0.2bn
0.0bn

Jan 2020 Apr 2020 Jul 2020 Oct 2020

Page 1

Format

Home

Insert

Modeling

View

Optimize

Help

Format

Data / Drill

Share

File

Clipboard

Excel workbook

OneLake data hub

SQL Server

Enter data

Dataverse

Recent sources

Transform

Refresh data

New visual

Text box

More visuals

New measure

Quick measure

Sensitivity

Transform

Refresh data

Insert

Calculations

Sensitivity

Visualizations

Format visual

Filters

Search

Visual General

Title

Text

Actual RT and Budget RT by Year, Quarter, Month and Day

fx

Page 1 of 1

40%

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

Tutor Week 8 • Last saved: Today at 2:27 PM

Farshid Keivani

File Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help Format Data / Drill Share

Clipboard Paste Get data Data Excel workbook OneLake data hub Enter data Dataverse SQL Server Recent sources Transform Refresh data New visual Text box More visuals New measure Quick Sensitivity Calculations Sensitivity

Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter

Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date

21,603,896 Goal: 21,603,896, 20,660,778

Running Total (RT)

Jan 2020 Apr 2020 Jul 2020 Oct 2020

144,618,853 155,309,019

Visualizations Format visual Filters Data

Search

Visual General

Title Text

Running Total (RT)

Page 1 +

Create a Power BI dashboard from a report

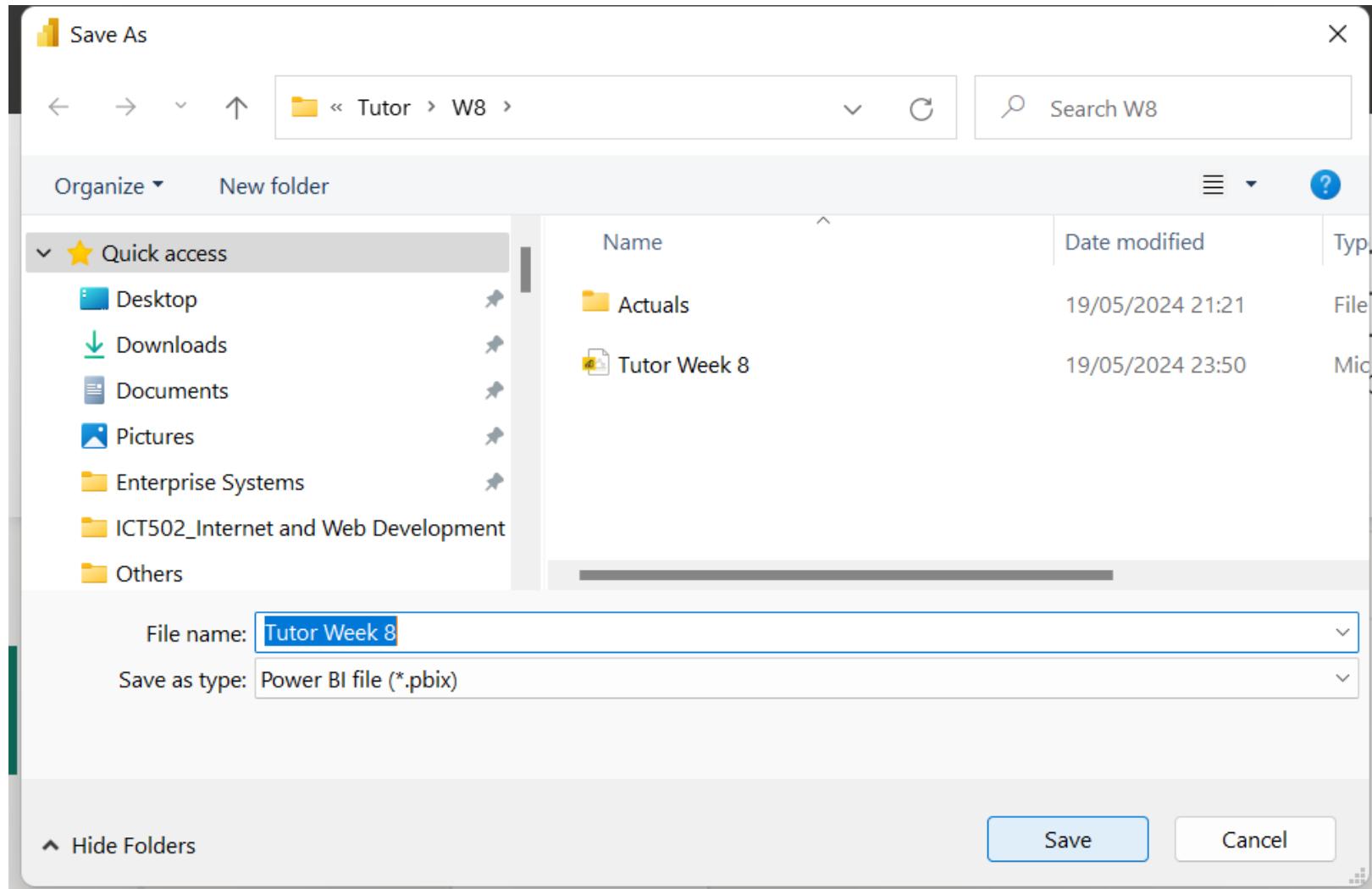
- You can change font colour and size

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power BI desktop application. At the top, the ribbon is visible with tabs: File, Home (selected), Insert, Modeling, View, Optimize, Help, Format, Data / Drill, and Share. The 'Home' tab has several data source icons: Excel workbook, OneLake data hub, Enter data, Get data (with dropdown for 'data'), and SQL Server. Below the ribbon, there's a clipboard section with Paste, Get data, and SQL Server options. The main workspace contains two visualizations:

- A line chart titled "Sum of Actual, Sum of Budget and Sum of Forecast by Year and Quarter". It shows three lines: Actual (blue), Budget (orange), and Forecast (red). The Y-axis ranges from 0M to 80M. The X-axis shows quarters from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020. A callout highlights the value "21,603,896".
- A second chart titled "Sum of Forecast, Sum of Forecast and Sum of Budget by Date". It shows a blue area representing the sum of forecast for the period from Jan 2020 to Oct 2020. The Y-axis shows values from 0.0bn to 0.2bn.

At the bottom, there are navigation icons for monitor, mobile, back, forward, and a plus sign for "Page 1". On the right side, the "Format" pane is open under the "Visualizations" tab. It includes sections for "Format visual" (with icons for border, fill, and search), "Filters", and "General" settings. The "Text color" section is highlighted with a red box, showing a color swatch and an "fx" button.

- Please save it as Tutor Week 8.pbix and exit
- We then need to open and continue our work



- Please take a screenshot of the dashboard and send it through an email to
Fkeivanian@my.holmes.edu.au
- Ensure to save your report as you need to use it in the next tutorials.

Attendance & Tutorial Questions - Recognising student participation and engagement specifically identifying those who are most actively involved!

Take a screenshot of your results in discussion forum Tutorial Week 8

Thank you,
Happy a Learning
Day

