Preparation for Lab 2

Week 4

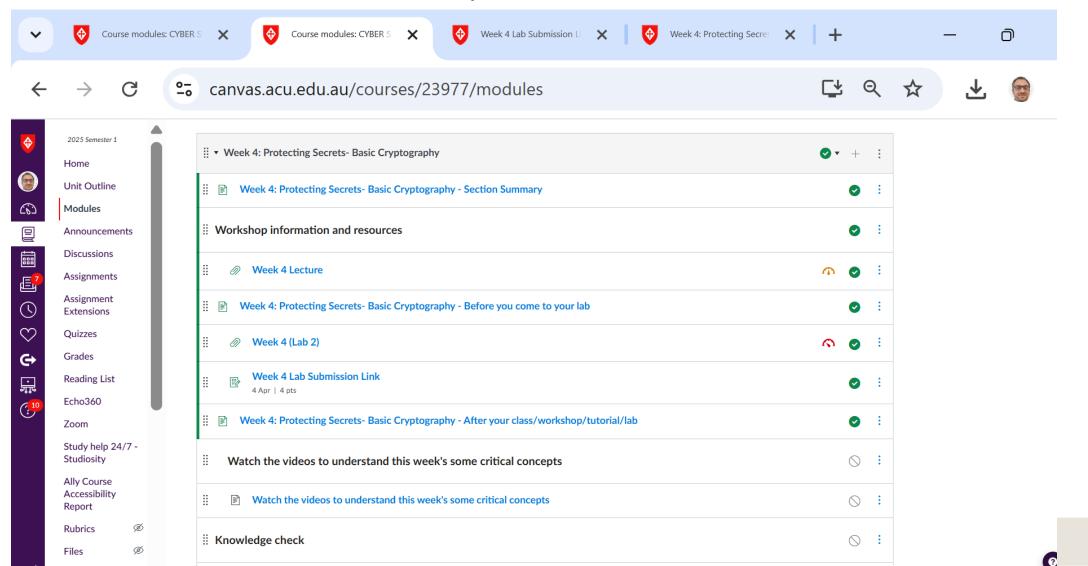
Semester 1, 2025

Dr. Farshid Keivanian





Navigate Canvas >> Week 4 >> Lab 2 (submit a word document with screenshot)





Introduction

Today, we will work with **VirtualBox** and **Kali Linux** to set up a virtual machine (VM) for penetration testing and security analysis. This lab will guide you step-by-step through installing VirtualBox and setting up Kali Linux.

What is VirtualBox?

VirtualBox is an open-source tool developed by **Oracle** that allows users to create and run multiple operating systems on a single computer. It supports Windows, macOS, and Linux machines.

Why Use VirtualBox?

- Runs multiple OS environments on one device
- Isolates software for testing and development
- Useful for penetration testing and ethical hacking



What Are We Doing in This Lab?

This lab is about **setting up a virtual environment** where we can run **Kali Linux** inside **Oracle VirtualBox** on our Windows computer.

This means:

- We don't need to install Kali Linux directly on our main computer.
 - Instead, we create a virtual machine (VM) that runs Kali Linux inside
 Windows, like an app.
 - This allows us to experiment with **cybersecurity tools** in Kali Linux without affecting our main operating system.



What is Oracle VirtualBox Manager?

- Oracle VirtualBox is a virtualization software.
- It allows us to run multiple operating systems (like Kali Linux) inside our computer.
- Think of it like a computer inside our computer.
- Instead of buying a separate computer for Kali Linux, we use **VirtualBox to** create a virtual computer.



Main Purpose of VirtualBox in this Lab:

• To install and run Kali Linux in a safe, isolated environment.



What is Kali Linux?

- Kali Linux is a special operating system designed for penetration testing,
 cybersecurity, and ethical hacking.
- It comes with many security tools used by cybersecurity professionals.
- Kali Linux is based on Linux, meaning it looks and works differently from Windows.



Main Purpose of Kali Linux in this Lab:

- To practice cybersecurity skills in a controlled environment.
- To explore tools that help in ethical hacking, network security, and system security.



How Do VirtualBox and Kali Linux Work Together?

VirtualBox is the software that runs Kali Linux as a virtual machine.

Here's the relationship step-by-step:

1. We install VirtualBox on Windows.

This gives us the ability to create virtual computers.



2. We download and install Kali Linux inside VirtualBox.

 Instead of installing it directly on our computer, we install it inside a virtual machine.

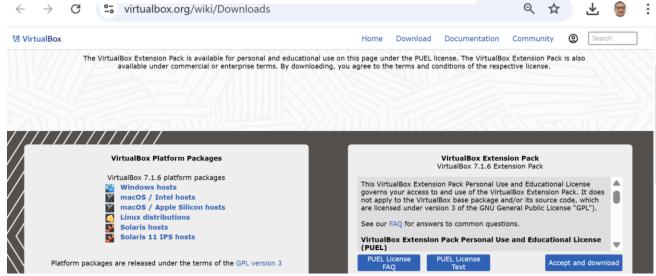
3. Now, we can use Kali Linux within VirtualBox.

 We can open VirtualBox → Start Kali Linux → Use it without affecting our Windows system.

Installing VirtualBox

Follow these steps to install VirtualBox:

1. Download VirtualBox from the official website:



https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads

We should choose the "Windows hosts" option if we are installing VirtualBox on a Windows machine. If we are using macOS, we choose either "macOS / Intel hosts" or "macOS / Apple Silicon hosts", depending on our system.

For Linux users, we select "Linux distributions".



Kali Linux can absolutely run on macOS —you can use it with **VirtualBox for macOS** or **UTM (for Apple Silicon chips)**.

There are two recommended solutions:

Option 1: Use VirtualBox (Intel Mac)



If your Mac has an Intel processor, you can continue using VirtualBox:

- 1. Download the **Kali Linux ISO (Installer)** version from the official Kali Downloads page. (suitable for Intel-based Macs running VirtualBox)
- 2. Set it up as a new VM in VirtualBox.
- 3. Follow the same steps provided for Windows users in the Week 8 lab guide.
- ✓ Make sure to choose the "Installer" ISO for your architecture (amd64 for Intel Macs).
- Do **not** use the Live or NetInstaller versions for lab-based VirtualBox
- installation.

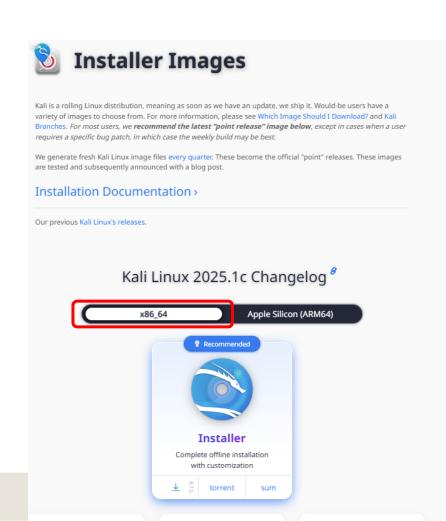


You should download the **Installer Image for x86_64 architecture**, which is

compatible with VirtualBox on Intel Macs.

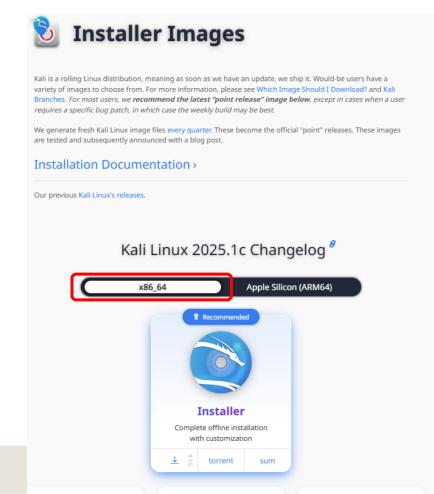
Link to download (Installer Image):

https://www.kali.org/get-kali/#kali-installer-images





- Choose x86_64 (not Apple Silicon), then download the Installer ISO file.
- This version allows full installation with customization via VirtualBox.





If you are using an Apple Silicon (M1, M2, M3) Mac:

VirtualBox may not work properly. In this case, option 2 is recommend:

- Download UTM from https://mac.getutm.app/
- Then use the ARM64 image from this page:

https://www.kali.org/get-kali/#kali-arm



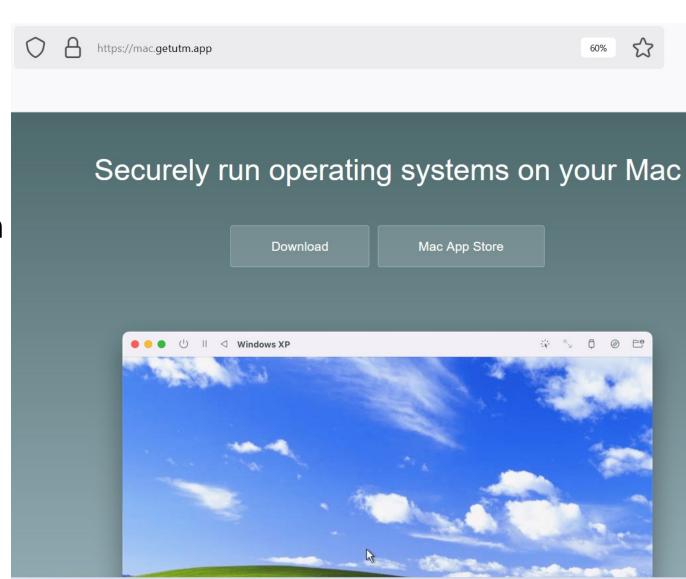
Option 2: Use UTM (Apple Silicon/M1/M2/M3 chips)

If you are using an M1/M2/M3 Mac,

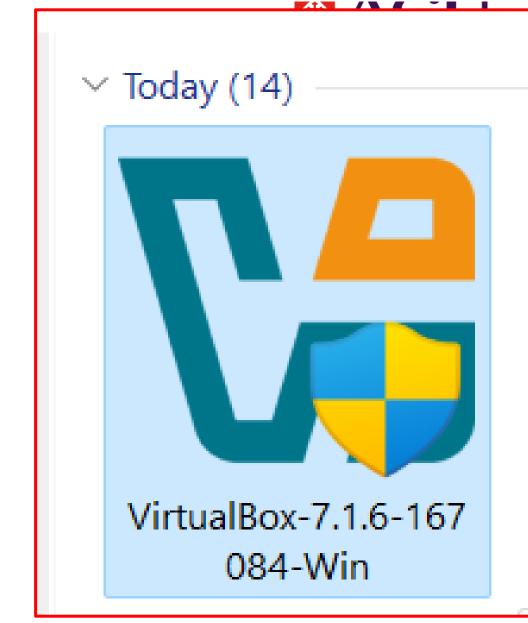
VirtualBox may not work as expected.

In that case:

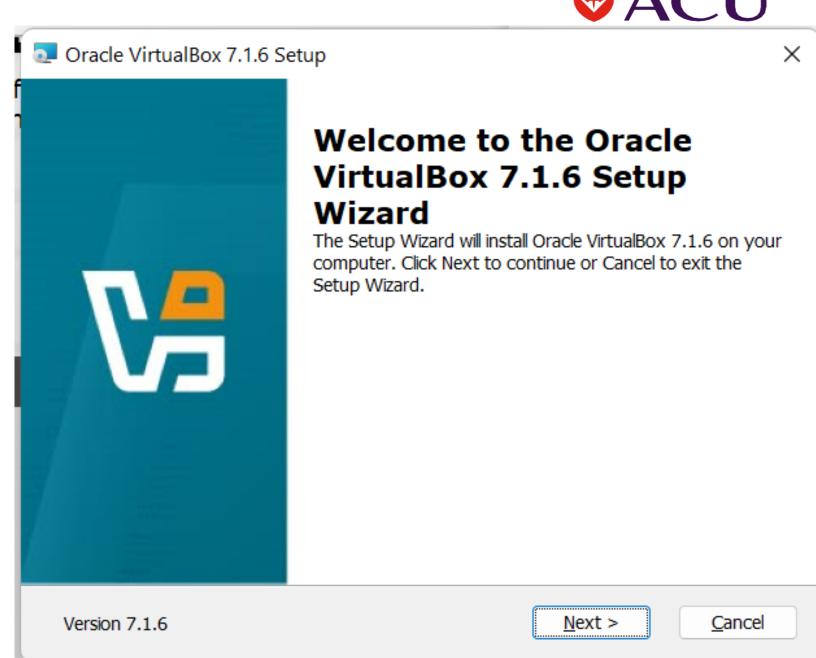
- Download and install **UTM** from https://mac.getutm.app/
- 2. Use a pre-built **Kali ARM image** from Kali ARM images.
- 3. Import it into UTM and start your Kali environment.



2. Once downloaded, **locate** the installation file on your computer and double-click to start the installation (Run as Administrator)

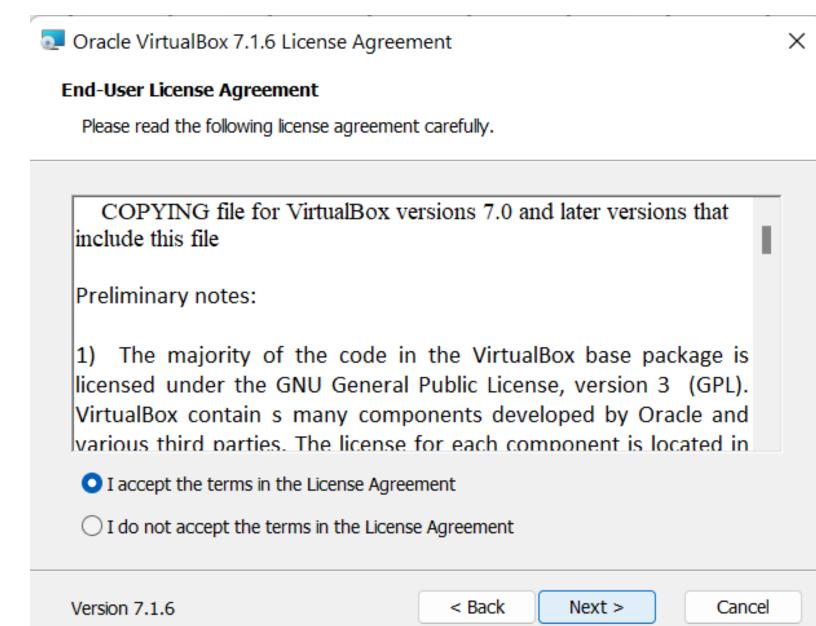


3. Click on Next



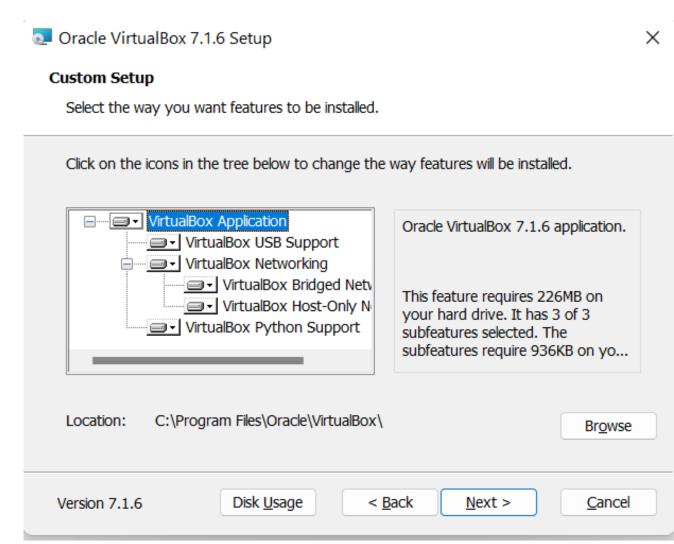


4. Accept & Click on Next



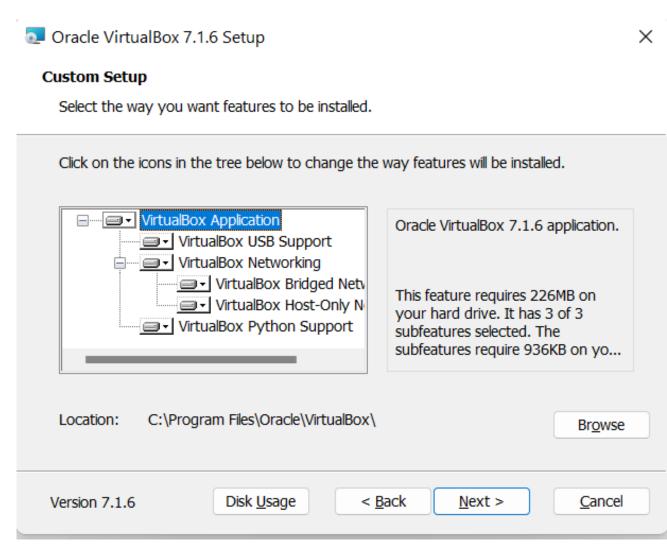
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- VirtualBox Application (Mandatory for installation)
- VirtualBox USB Support (Recommended for USB device compatibility)
- VirtualBox Networking (Includes Bridged Networking, Host-Only Networking, and other network features—recommended to keep)



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- VirtualBox Python Support (Optional, but useful if you plan to run automation scripts)
 - 5. Keep the default options selected & proceed with the installation



Oracle VirtualBox 7.1.6

Click on Next & Yes



Warning: Network Interfaces

Installing the Oracle VirtualBox 7.1.6 Networking feature will reset your network connection and temporarily disconnect you from the network.

Proceed with installation now?

Version 7.1.6 Yes No

Oracle VirtualBox 7.1.6 Setup

Next

Custom Setup

Select the way you want features to be installed.

Please choose from the options below:

- Create start menu entries
- Create a shortcut on the desktop
- Create a shortcut in the Quick Launch Bar
- Register file associations

Version 7.1.6

< Back

Next >

<u>C</u>ancel

Oracle VirtualBox 7.1.6 Setup

Install

Ready to Install

The Setup Wizard is ready to begin the Custom installation.

Click Install to begin the installation. If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard.

Version 7.1.6

< Back

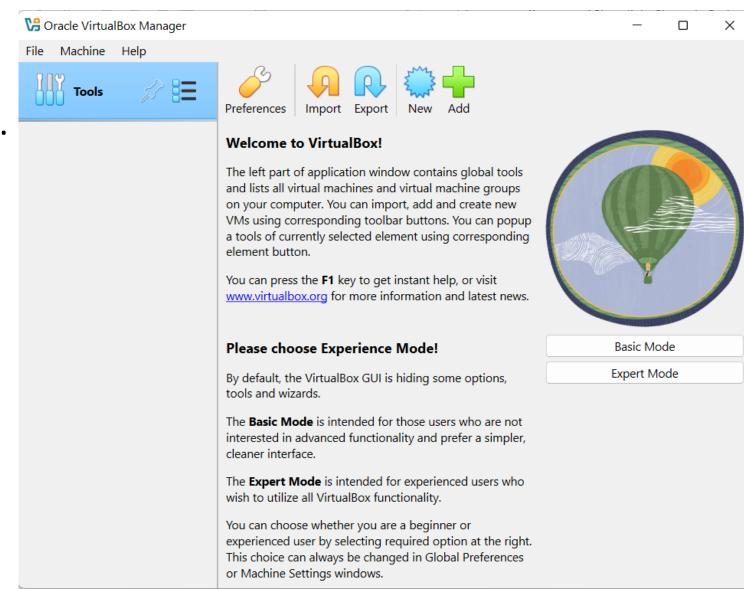
Install

<u>C</u>ancel

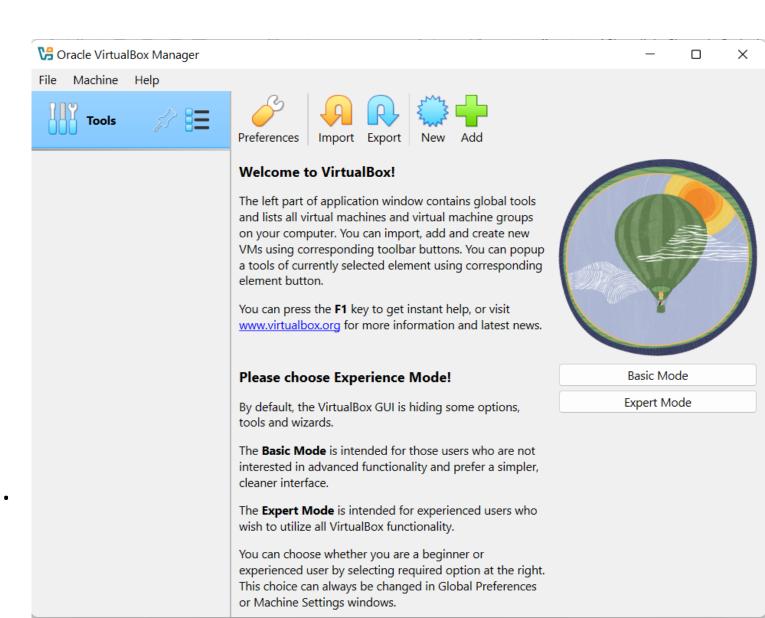
 Click Finish to exit the setup wizard



- Now Virtual Box is ready to use
- If you are a beginner, select
 "Basic Mode" (Recommended).
- It provides a simpler interface with essential options for creating and managing virtual machines.



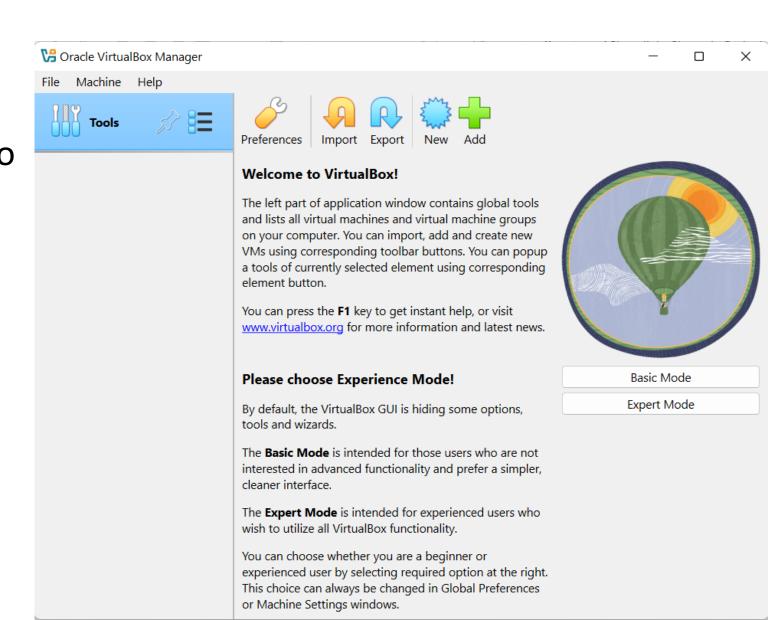
- If you are comfortable with advanced settings, select "Expert Mode".
- This mode gives you more flexibility when setting up virtual machines, such as manually configuring storage, memory, and network settings.



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Currently, we select Basic
 Mode. We can always switch to
 Expert Mode later from the
 preferences if needed.



What is Kali Linux?

Kali Linux is a **Linux distribution** designed for penetration testing, security auditing, and ethical hacking. It comes pre-installed with a wide range of cybersecurity tools.

Why Use Kali Linux?

- Includes essential security and penetration testing tools
- Helps in cybersecurity training and research
- Open-source and regularly updated



Installing Kali Linux on VirtualBox

Follow these steps to install Kali Linux on your VirtualBox:

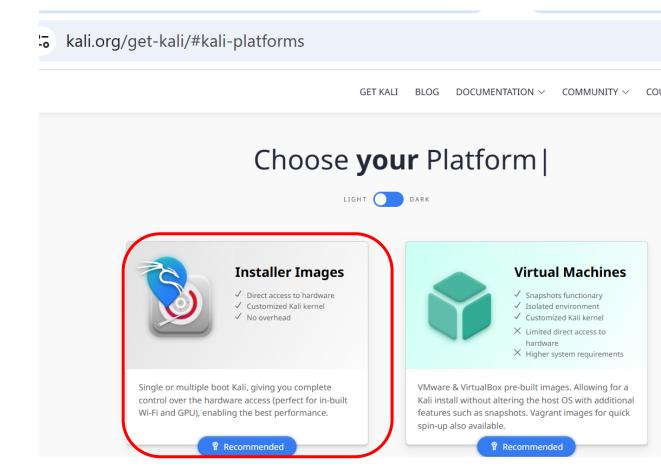
1. Download Kali Linux from the official website:

https://www.kali.org/get-kali/#kali-platforms



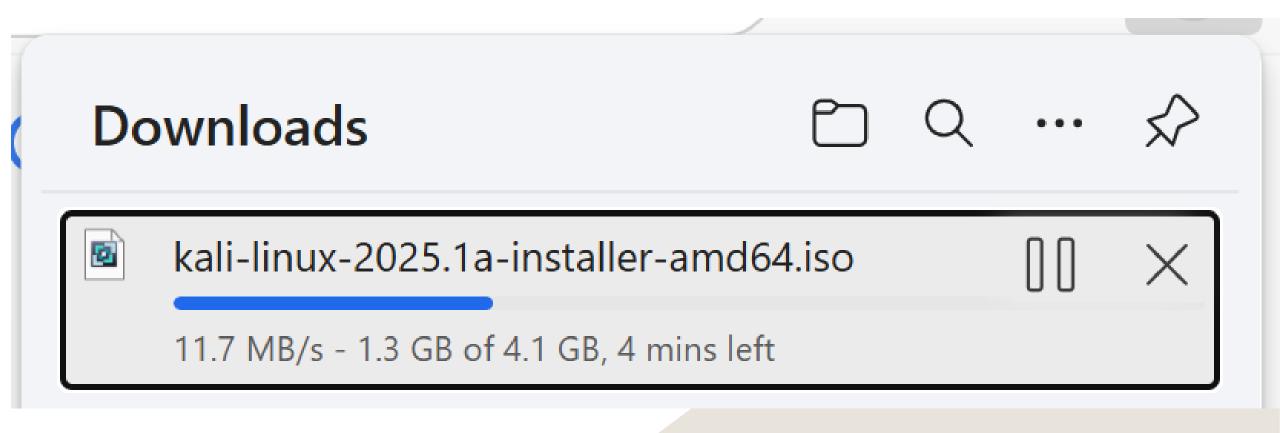
We plan to download the 64-bit ISO file

Linux





Wait 5-6 minutes until the file is completed





Once downloaded, we can install Kali Linux on our VirtualBox



kali-linux-2025.1a-installer-amd64

ISO File

4.13 GB

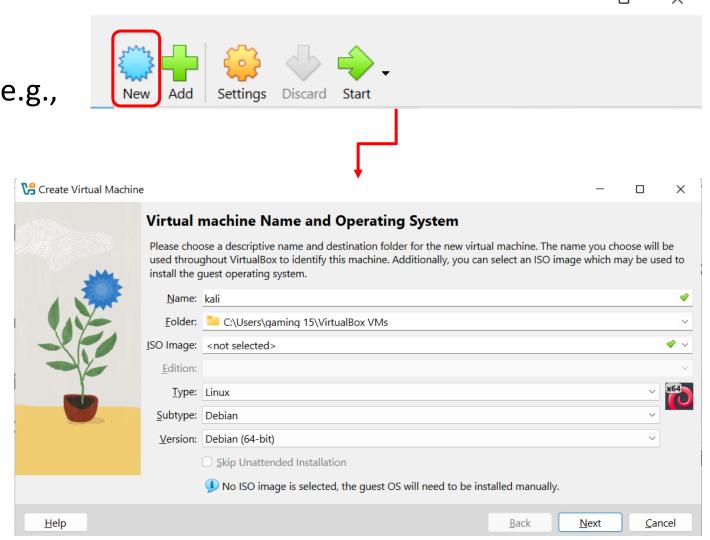


- Click on New
- Write a name for the virtual machine e.g.,

kali

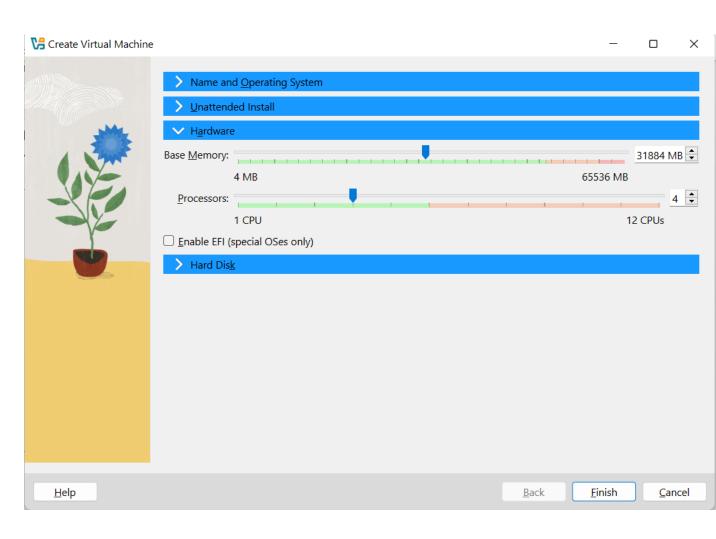
Type: Linux

Version: Oracle Linux





- Base Memory Size: Up to red (end of green level) ~ 3G
- Processor CPU 4

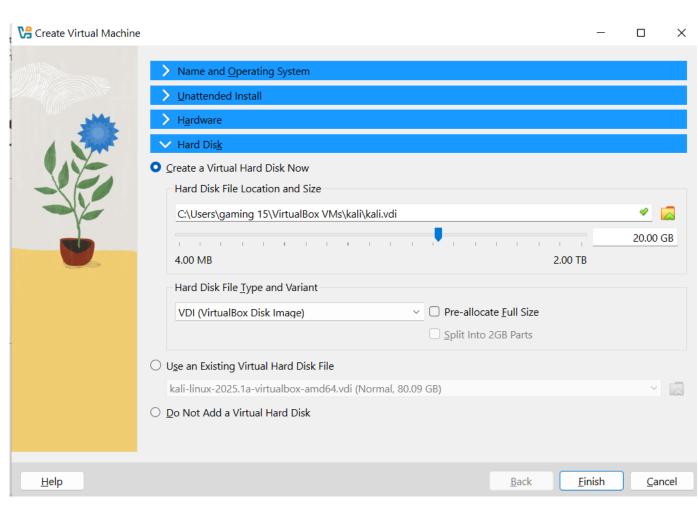




- Hard Disk File Type: VDI (Virtual Disk Image)
- Create

Linux

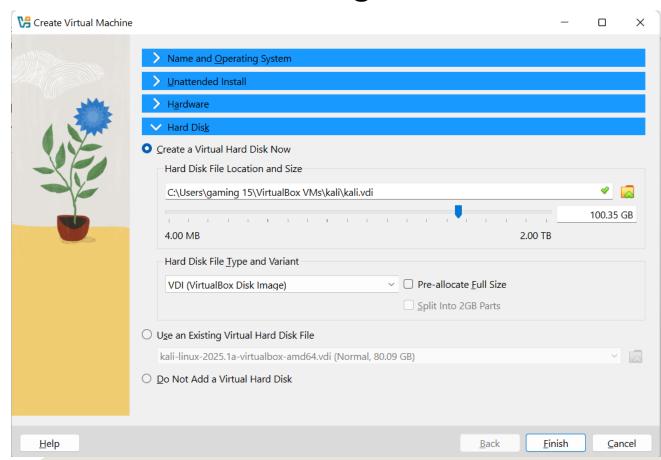
- Hard Disk File Type: VDI (Virtual Disk Image)
- Finish





- File Location and Size: Move Size to around 100 GB
- Finish

 It will create a virtual machine on Virtual Box Manager





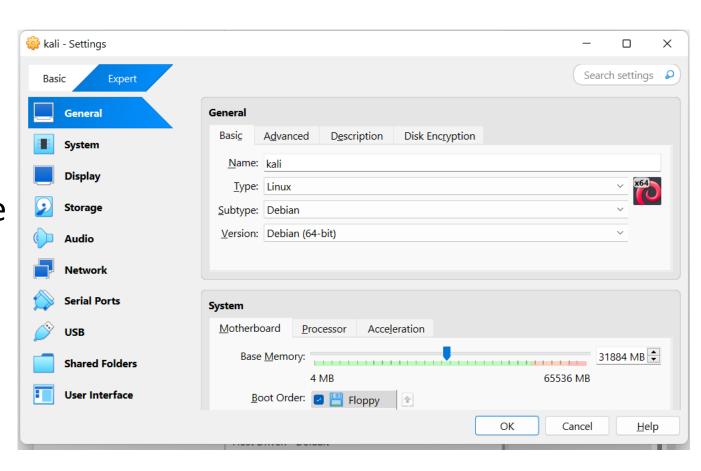
Click on Settings >> General >> Advanced >> Shared Clipboard (Bidirectional)

and Drag & Drop (Bidirectional) Cracle VirtualBox Manager File Machine Help <u>N</u>ew... Ctrl+A 🧱 kali - Settings Preview Ctrl+O Search settings 👂 Expert System: Oracle Linux (64-bit) General Export to OCI... kali ry: 31884 MB A<u>d</u>vanced Disk Encryption Remove... System Move to Group C:\Users\gaming 15\VirtualBox VMs\kali\Snapshots Floppy, Optical, Hard Disk Display Nested Paging, PAE/NX, KVM Shared Clipboard: Bidirectional Start Paravirtualization Storage Drag'n'Drop: Bidirectional \(\times \) 16 MB ontroller: VMSVGA Network Disabled sktop Server: Tools Disabled **Serial Ports** System Discard Saved State... Motherboard Processor Acceleration USB Refresh dary Device 0: [Optical Drive] Empty 31884 MB 🕏 **Shared Folders** SATA Show in Explorer 65536 MB kali.vdi (Normal, 100.35 GB) Create Shortcut on Desktop **User Interface** Boot Order: Ploppy Default OK Cancel Sort Help ICH AC97 Search Ctrl+F - recwork



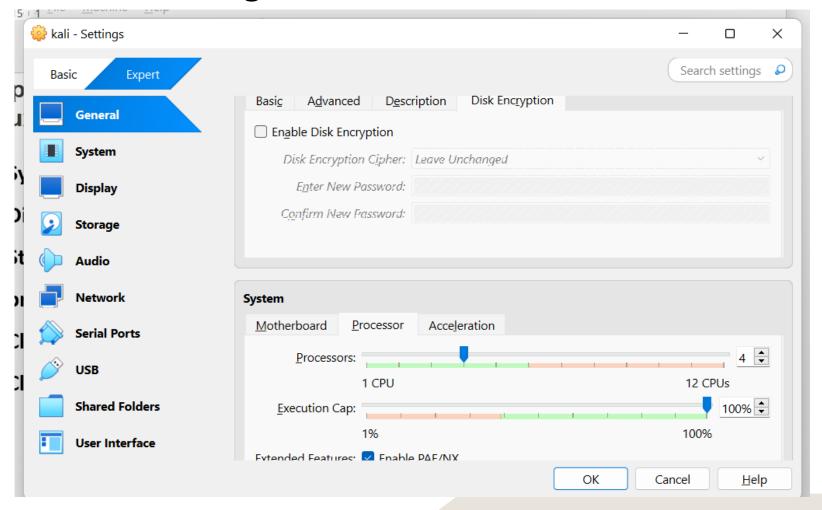
Kali General Settings: Type = Linux, Subtype = Debian

Since **Kali Linux** is based on **Debian**, using Debian (64-bit) ensures proper compatibility with the virtual machine settings.



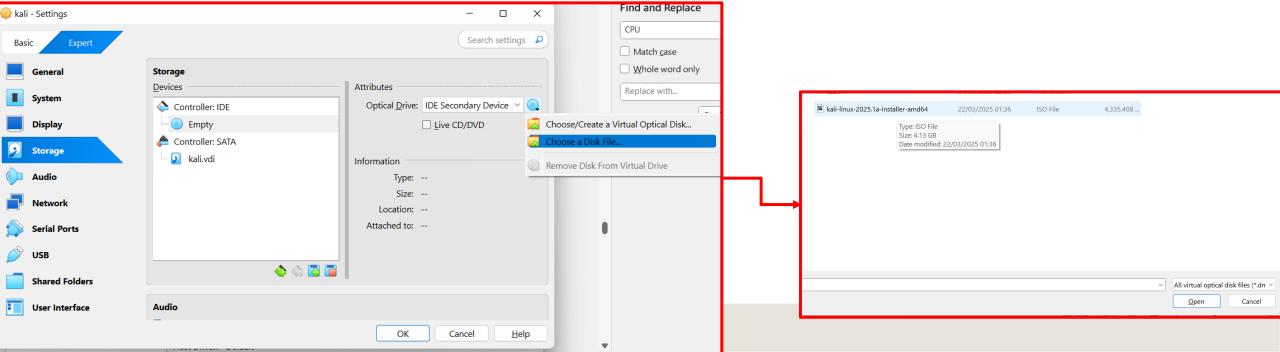


System → Processor → Assign 4 CPU to Virtual Machine



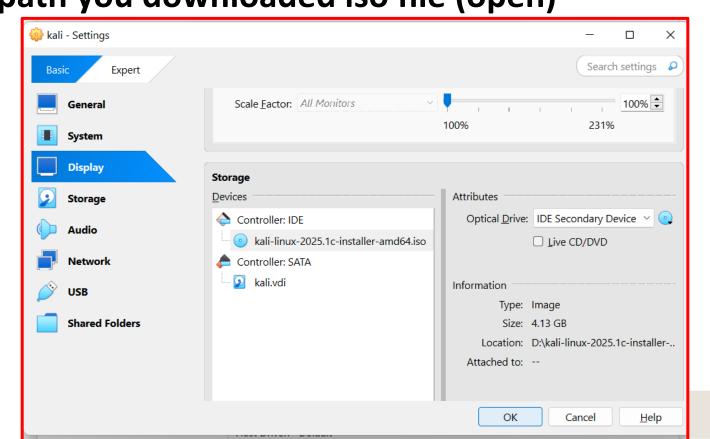


- Display → Default
- Storage \rightarrow Controller IDE \rightarrow Empty \rightarrow Optical Drive \rightarrow Choose a Disk file \rightarrow browse to the path you downloaded iso file (open)
- Click Start



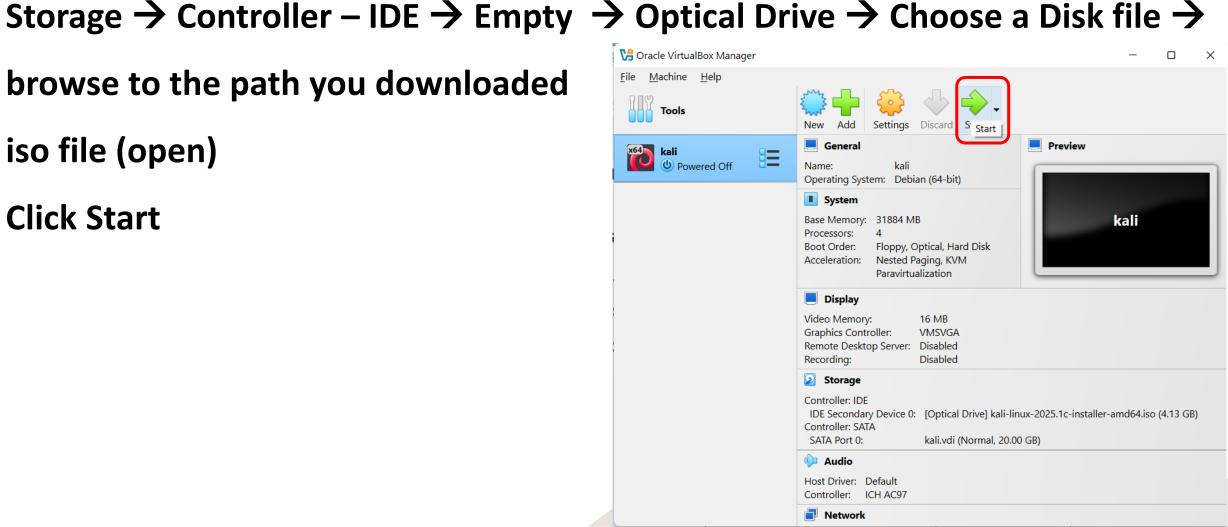


- Display → Default
- Storage \rightarrow Controller IDE \rightarrow Empty \rightarrow Optical Drive \rightarrow Choose a Disk file \rightarrow browse to the path you downloaded iso file (open)
- Click Start





- Display \rightarrow Default
- browse to the path you downloaded iso file (open)
- **Click Start**





- Select Language (English)
- Select Location
- Configure Keyboard Layout
- If it asks for host name by default is it kali
- Domain name → leave it blank
- Full name of new user

 e.g., kali or codebind



- Set a Password when you login to Kali Linus (remember when you log in)
- Choose a clock → Central region
- Partition Disks

 Guided use entire disk
- Continue
- Finish Partitioning and write changes to disk
- Write the changes to disk? Yes



- Configure the Package Manager → Blank & Continue
- Software Selection \rightarrow Be default & Continue
- Installation step failed (Click on Continue)
- Install the GRUB boot loader on a hard disk? Yes
- Enter device manually → /dev/sda ...
- Wait for Kali Linus to restart



Login Window (e.g., codebind username):

Login Credentials for Kali Linux:

- Kali Linux 2019:
 - **Username:** root
 - Password: toor
- Kali Linux 2020 and later:
 - Username: kali
 - **Password:** kali
- Now, Kali Linux is installed and ready to use!

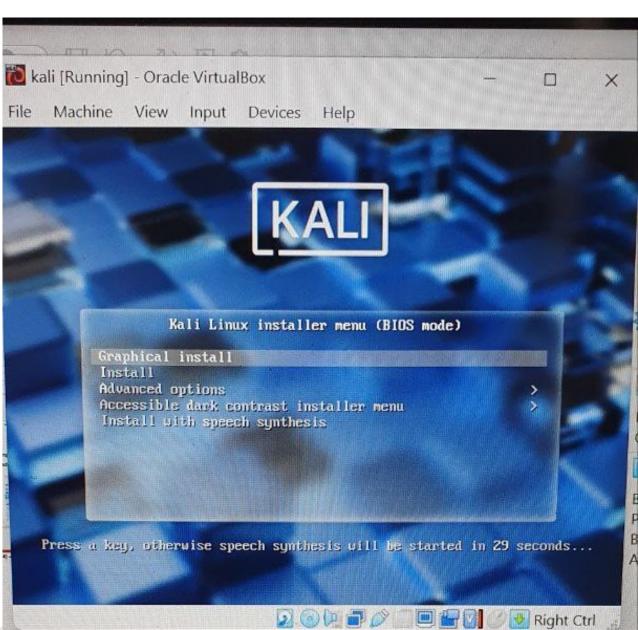
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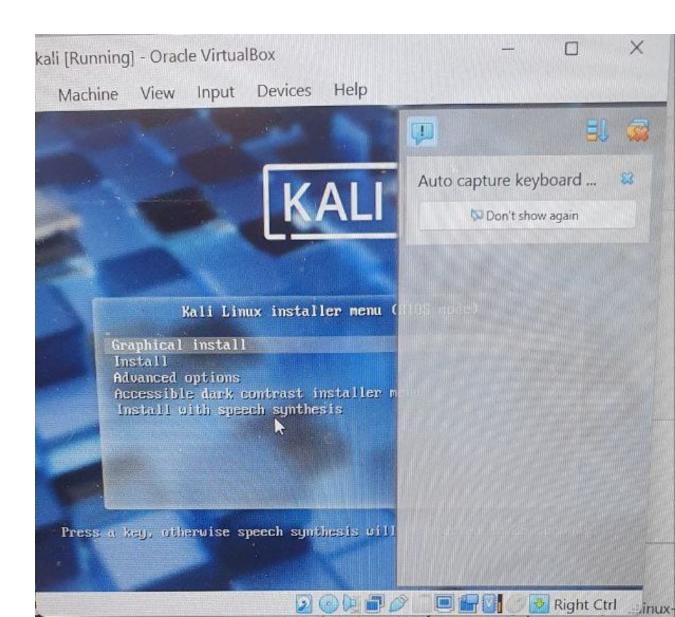
- Start Kali Linux VM and log in with:
 - **Username:** kali
 - Password: kali

- VirtualBox >> Click New
- Set the name as Kali Linux
- Select Type: Linux and Version: Debian (64-bit)
- Allocate at least 2GB RAM (recommended: 4GB or more)
- Create a virtual hard disk (20GB minimum)

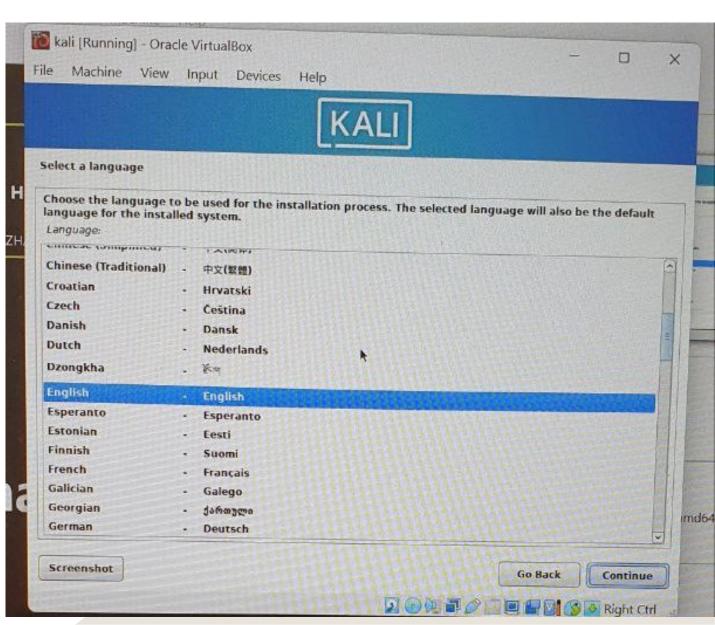




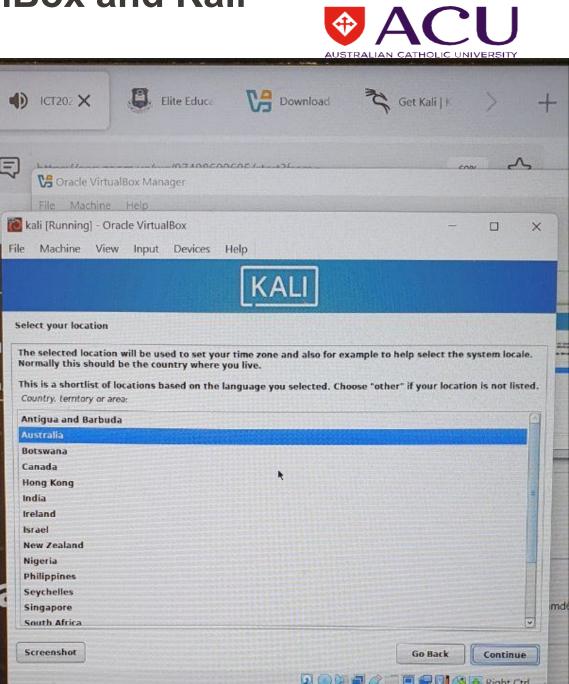




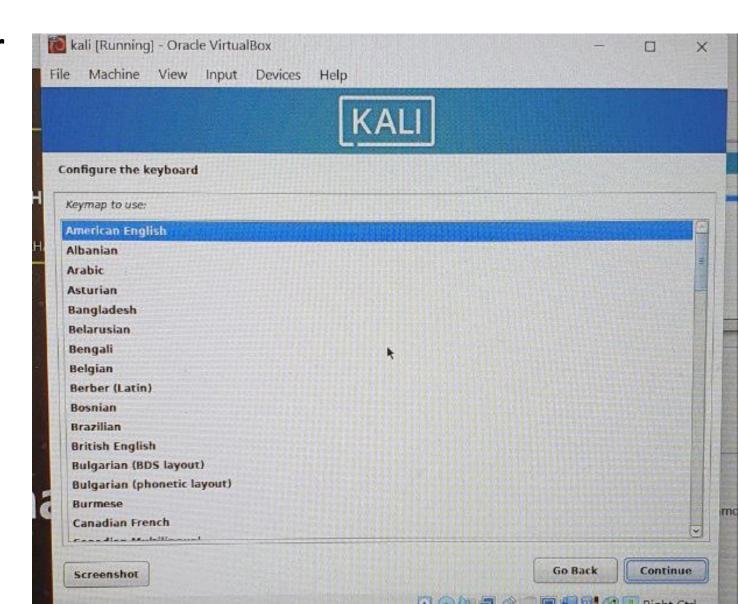




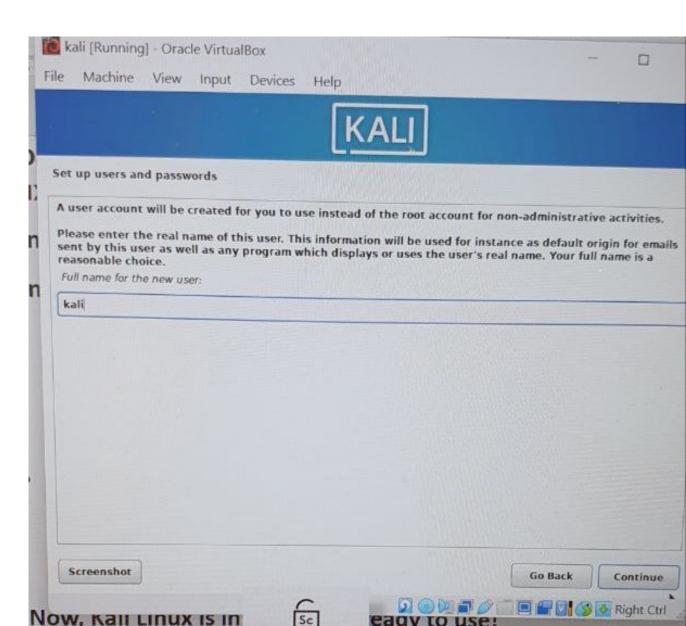
Linux



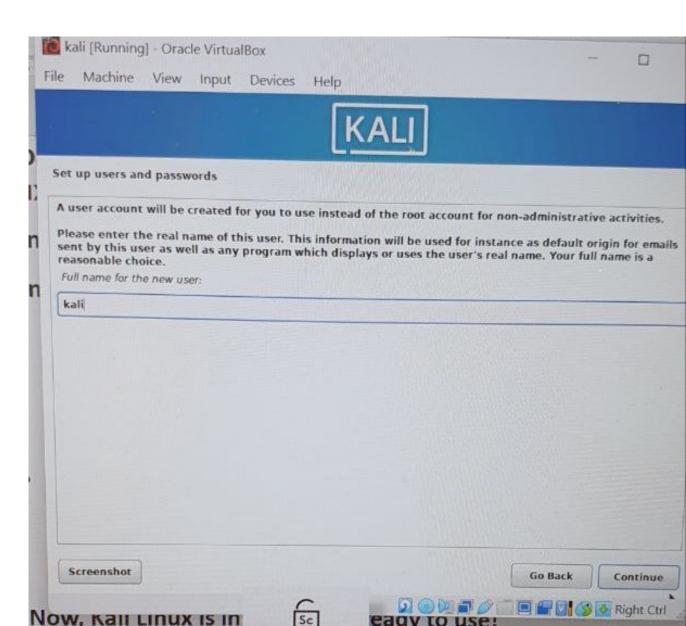




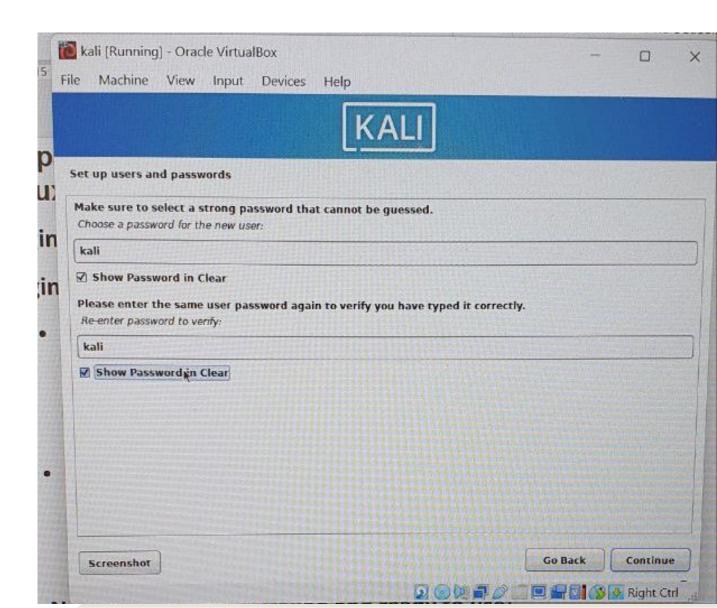








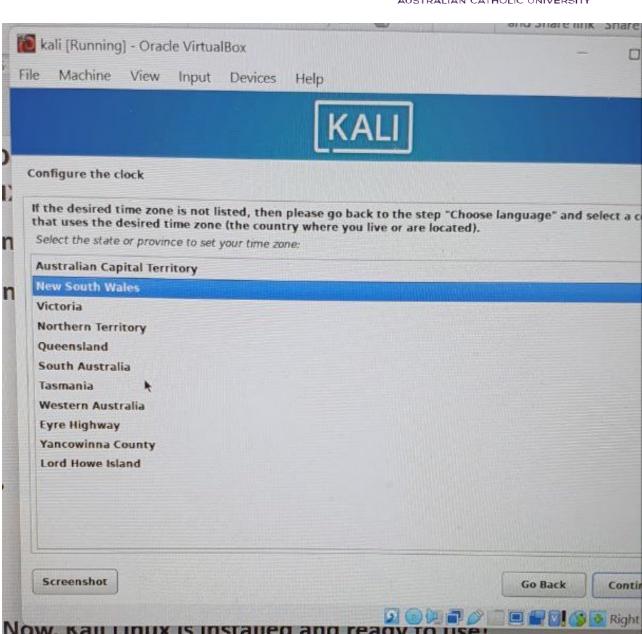




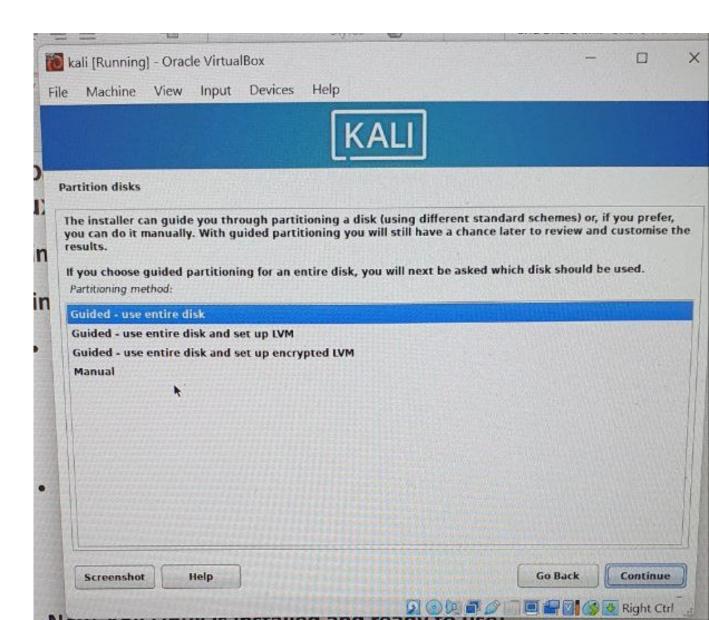


 Proceed the steps, as explain or shown in the following

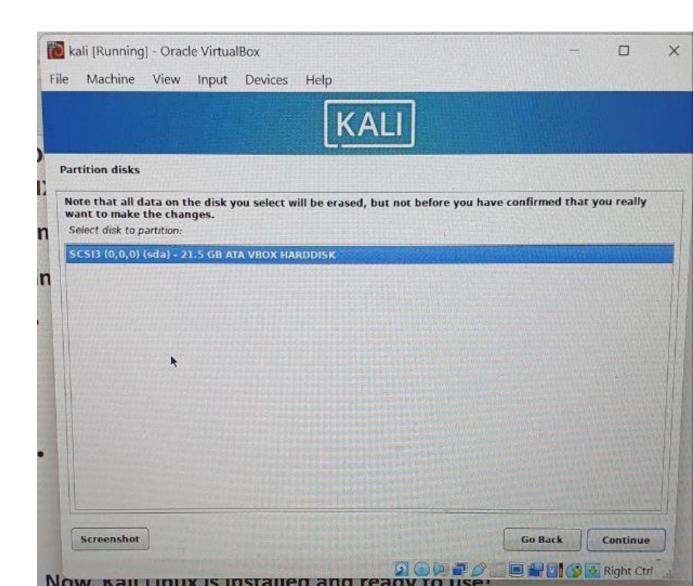
Linux



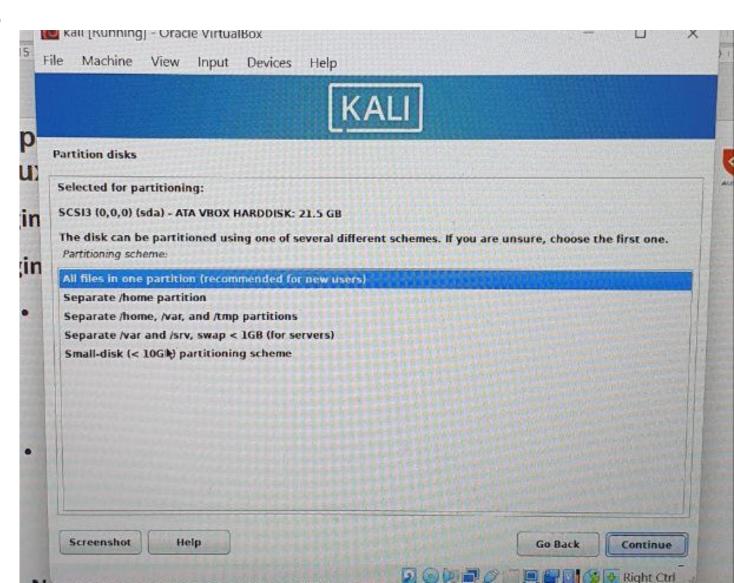




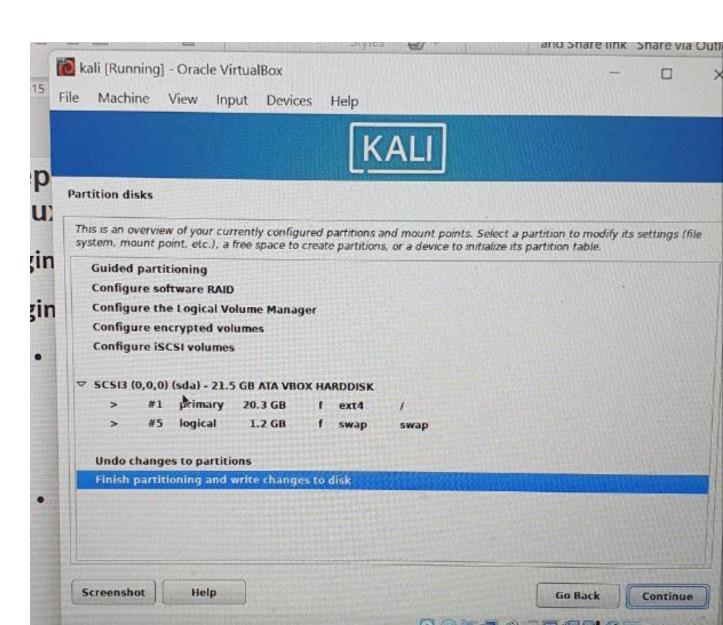




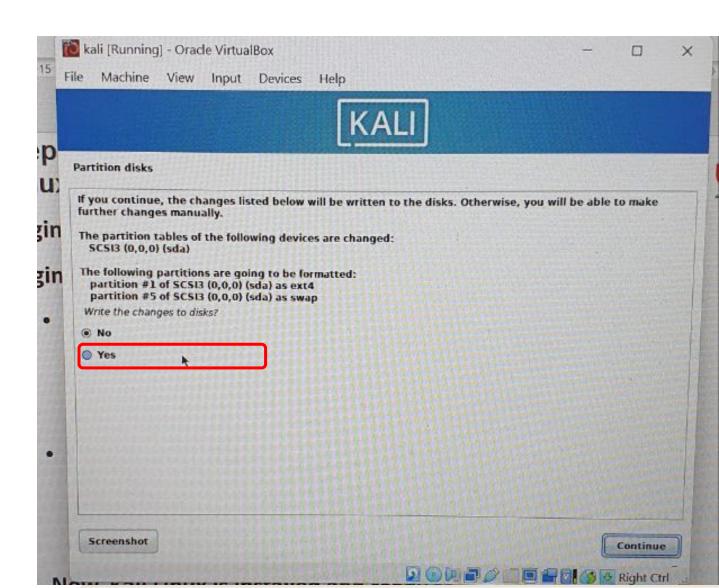




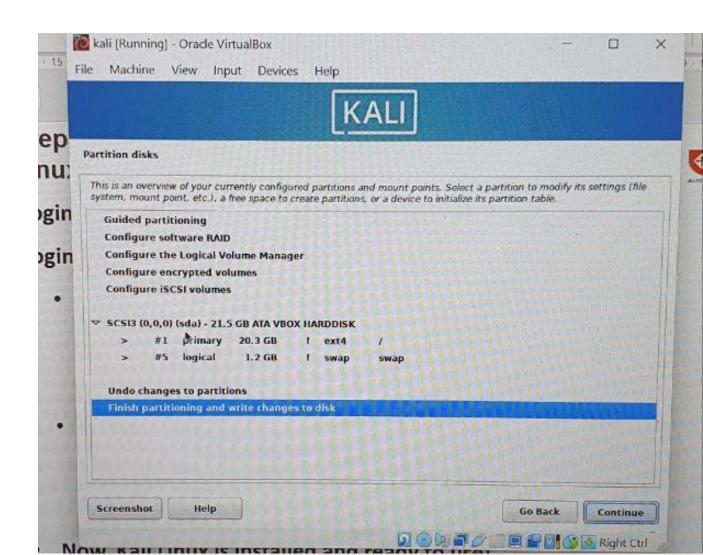




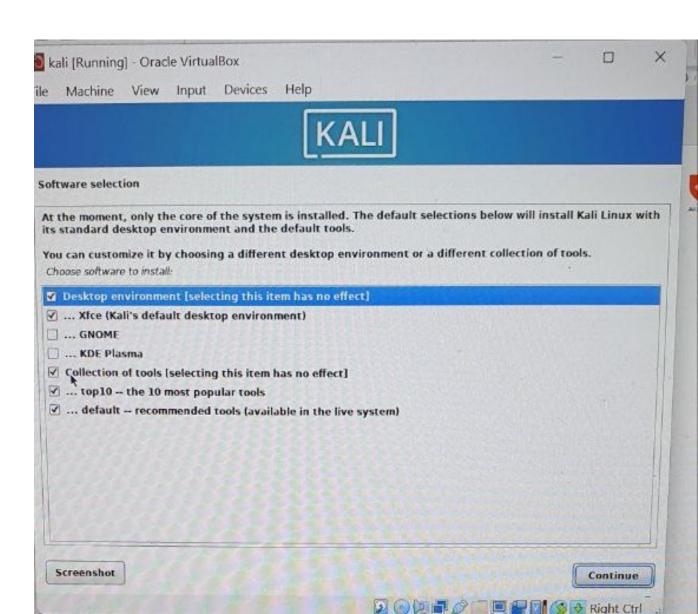












Complete Lab Tasks

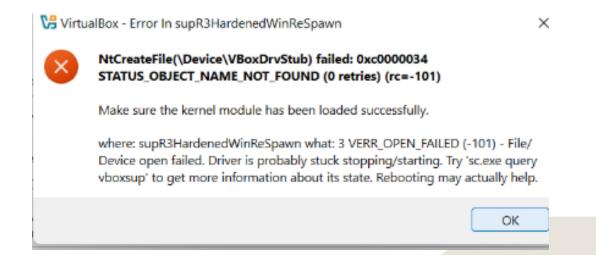
- 1. Take a screenshot of your Kali Linux desktop after a successful installation.
- 2. List all problems you encountered during this lab and provide recommendations to fix them.

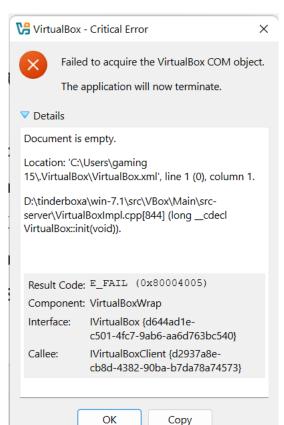


In case, if you saw an error like these:

Solution 1: Restart Your Computer

- First, restart your computer and try starting Kali Linux again.
- If the issue continues, move to **Solution 2**.

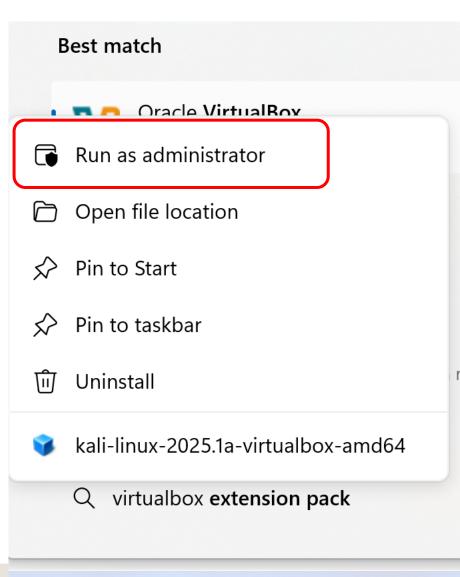






Solution 2: Run VirtualBox as Administrator

- 1. Close VirtualBox completely.
- 2. Right-click on the VirtualBox icon and select "Run as administrator".
- 3. Try **starting Kali Linux** again.

















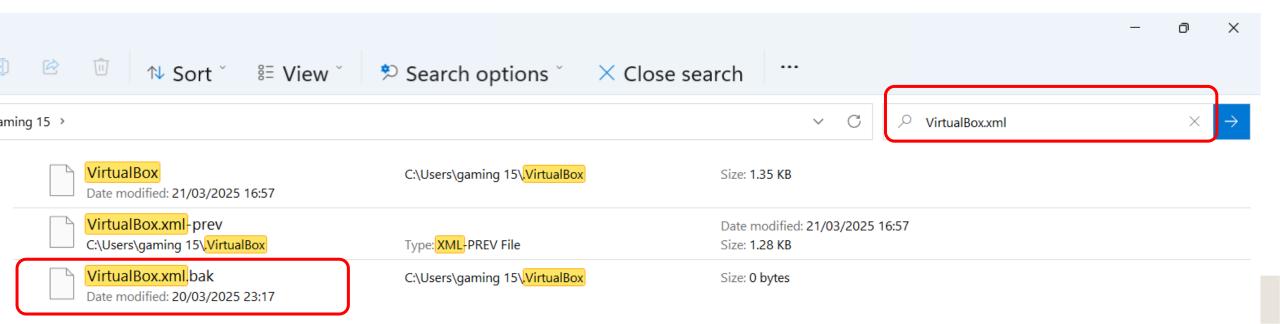


Solution 3: Reinstall VritualBox Drivers and VirtualBox Program



Solution 4:

- Find the VirtualBox.xml file in your File Explorer: C:\Users\...
- If the file is empty or corrupt, rename it to VirtualBox.xml.bak.
- Restart VirtualBox to let it generate a new configuration file.



✓ Things to Remember:

- Follow the steps carefully.
- If you face errors, double-check your settings and ensure you downloaded the correct files.
- Take notes on issues and how you fixed them this will help in troubleshooting future problems.
- Final Tip: Always back up important data before making significant changes to your system!

Summary of Lab 2 (Week 4)

- Step 1: Install VirtualBox
 - Download Oracle VirtualBox.
 - Install it on your Windows computer.
- Step 2: Download Kali Linux
 - We need the right version for VirtualBox.
 - There are two ways to do this:
 - Easier Method (Recommended): Download the Kali Linux VirtualBox
 Image (.iso file).
 - 2. Harder Method: Download the Kali Linux ISO file and install it manually.

Summary of Lab 2 (Week 4)

- Step 3: Import Kali Linux into VirtualBox
 - If you downloaded the .ova file, just **import** it into VirtualBox.
 - If you downloaded the .iso file, you will install Kali Linux manually in VirtualBox.
- Step 4: Start and Use Kali Linux
 - Once installed, start Kali Linux inside VirtualBox.
 - Use Kali Linux to complete the lab tasks.

Summary of Lab 2 (Week 4)

- Step 5: Complete Lab Questions
 - Take a screenshot of Kali Linux running inside VirtualBox.
 - List any problems you faced and how you solved them.

Summary of Lab 2 (Week 4)

This lab helps us:

- ✓ Understand virtualization and how to run different operating systems.
- ✓ Learn how to install and configure VirtualBox and Kali Linux.
- ✓ Prepare for **cybersecurity tasks** in a safe virtual environment.
- ✓ Use Kali Linux tools without affecting our main Windows system.

Summary of Lab 2 (Week 4)

Final Thought

Think of Oracle VirtualBox as a TV and Kali Linux as a video game console.

- VirtualBox (TV) is the platform that runs different operating systems.
- Kali Linux (Game Console) is the system we use inside VirtualBox to practice cybersecurity

Submission of Labs & Assessments



These guidelines are designed to support your learning and help you apply necessary techniques effectively. For lab or assessment submissions, please follow instructions and complete tasks based on Canvas. If you have any questions, feel free to ask—I'm happy to help!

Thank You

Have a Great Learning Day!

- Feel free to reach out with any questions!
- Dr. Farshid Keivanian