***ZOROASTRIANISM:***

***4.Maidhyoishema Festivals:***

**During \*\*Maidhyoishema\*\*, Zoroastrians gather to perform prayers and rituals that express gratitude for the earth's fertility, abundance, and divine gifts. One of the key practices during this festival is the \*\*offering of food\*\* to \*\*Maidhyoishema\*\*, symbolizing respect for the earth and the nourishment it provides. The celebration includes \*\*feasting\*\*, sharing of food, and preparing traditional dishes that honor the spirit of the earth. \*\*Community gatherings\*\* are an essential part of the festival, where people come together to discuss the importance of \*\*sustainability\*\*, \*\*respect for nature\*\*, and \*\*spiritual growth\*\*.**

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***About Maidhyoishema:***

**\*Maidhyoishema\*\* is a significant festival in the Zoroastrian tradition, dedicated to honoring \*\*the Earth\*\*, particularly the spirit \*\*Maidhyoishema\*\*, who is the guardian spirit of the earth, the fertility of the soil, and the prosperity of the harvest. The festival is one of the \*\*Gahambars\*\*, a set of six seasonal feasts in the Zoroastrian calendar that celebrate the divine spirits of creation. Maidhyoishema is celebrated on the \*\*6th Gahambar\*\* and is associated with the \*\*fertility of the earth\*\*, the abundance of crops, and the bond between humankind and nature.**

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