CSC458/2209 Computer Networks — Fall 2021

Programming Assignment 2: Bufferbloat

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Bufferbloat

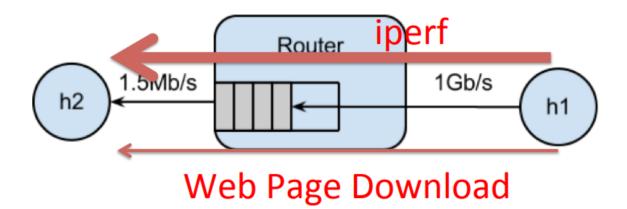
- Bufferbloat is a cause of high latency caused by large buffering of packets in bottleneck nodes of a network.
- Bufferbloat can also cause **packet delay variation** (also known as jitter), as well as reduce the overall network throughput.

Oversized buffers can have a damaging effect!

Bufferbloat test

Bufferbloat simple example

- 1. The host should be pinged continuously.
- 2. A several-seconds-long download from the host should be started and stopped a few times.
- 3. TCP congestion avoidance algorithm will rapidly fill up the bottleneck on the route.
- 4. If increase of the RTT is reported by ping, then it demonstrates that the buffer of the current bottleneck is bloated.

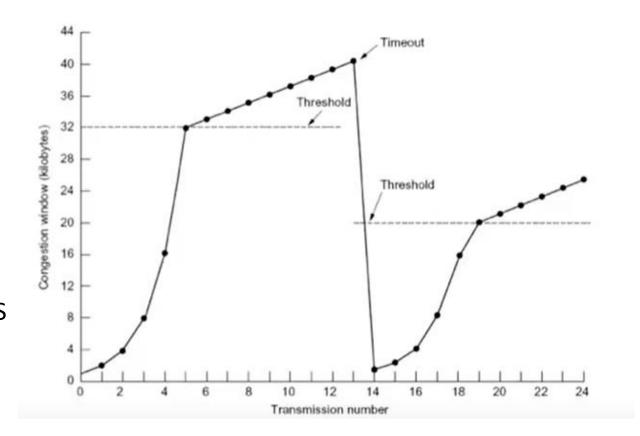


Goals of the Assignment

- Learn first-hand the dynamics of TCP sawtooth and router buffer occupancy in a network.
- Learn why large router buffers can lead to poor performance.
- Learn how to use Mininet to run traffic generators, collect statistics and plot them.
- Learn how to package your experiments so it's easy for others to run your code.

TCP Reno

- Modes:
 - Slow Start: cwnd < ssthresh
 - Congestion Avoidance: cwnd > ssthresh
- Loss:
 - Triple Duplicate ACK: cwnd, ssthresh ← cwnd/2
 - Timeout: ssthresh ← cwnd/2 & cwnd ← 1MSS

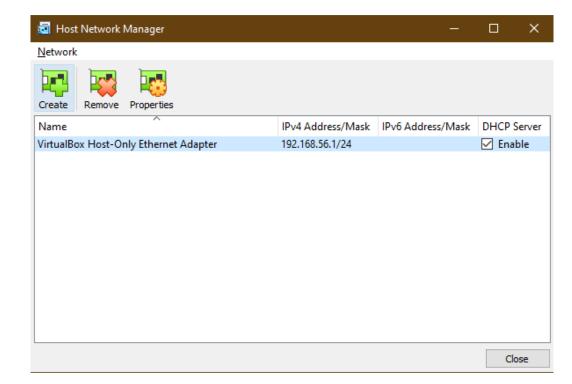


Installation and Setup

- Download and Install Virtual Box.
- Go to File -> Host Network Manager and add a host-only network adapter.

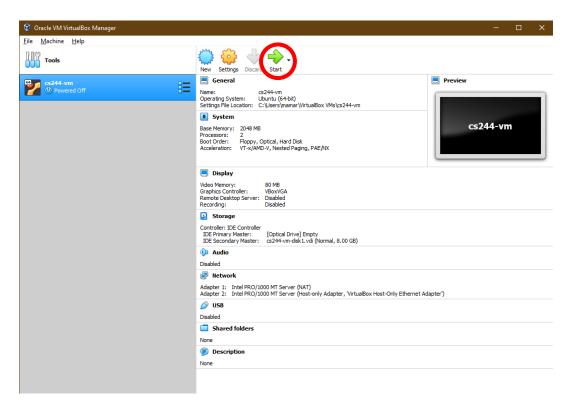
Also do this:

Enable host-only adapter:
On your newly created VM,
go to Settings->Network>Adapter 2 and add a hostonly-network adapter
(using vboxnet0).



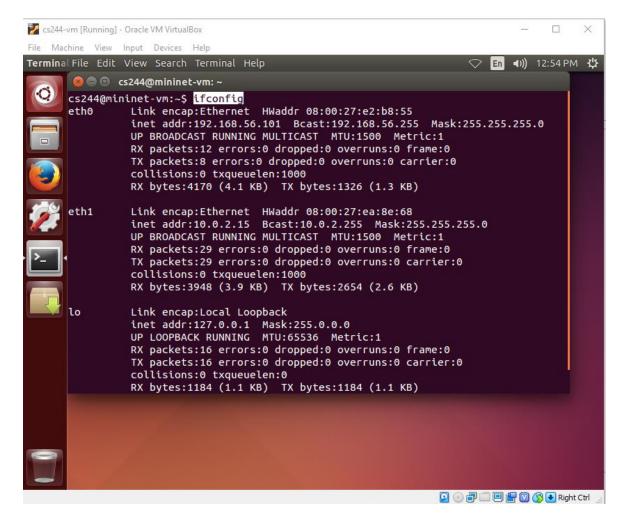
Installation and Setup

- Download the PA2 OVM File.
- Import VM: On VirtualBox, go to File->Import Appliance and select the .ova file from your unzipped folder.
- Start and login in your VM

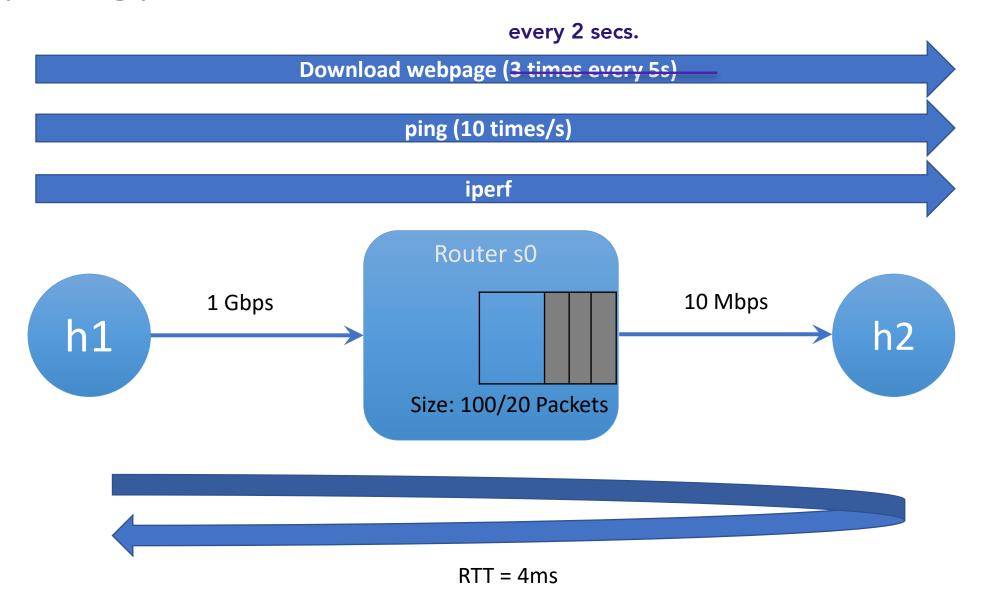


Installation and Setup

- Check the available networks in your VM:
 - ifconfig
- Check Internet connectivity:
 - ping google.com
- All the needed packages are already installed.



Topology



Plots and Results

5 and

- Plot
 - The long lived TCP flow's cwnd: bb-q[qsize]/cwnd-iperf.png
 The RTT reported by ping: bb-q[qsize]/rtt.png

 - Queue size at the bottleneck: bb-q[qsize]/q.png
- Report
 - avg and std of webpage fetch time.

Report in readme file, question 1

Files

bufferbloat.py:

- Creates the topology and starts the network.
- Starts iperf, webserver, ping.
- Measures cwnd, queue size, RTT, and fetch time.

- plot_queue.py: Plots the queue occupancy at the bottleneck router.
- plot_ping.py: Parses and plots the RTT reported by ping.
- plot_tcpprobe.py: Plots the cwnd time-series.
- run.sh: Calls scripts above to run experiments.

Files

- The project is almost complete!
- You just need to implement few TODOs in bufferbloat.py
- You need to read *bufferbloat.py* carefully first, it helps you complete TODOs.

bufferbloat.py TODOs

- Topology: add links
 - bw, delay, max_queue_size
- Start iperf (client)
 - Specify the experiment time.
- Start ping
 - Read the ping man page to see how to ping every 0.1s for a specific time.
- Start monitoring queue size
 - Uncomment ©
- Fetch webpage and measure the time.
 - Curl
- Look the code carefully.

Deliverables

A single file: pa2.tar.gz

• Final Code:

MUST be runnable as a single shell command (sudo ./run.sh)

• README:

- Instructions to run the code and reproduce the results.
- Answers to the questions.
- Plots: There should be 6 plots in total, 3 each for router buffer sizes 100 and 20 packets.
 - bb-q100/cwnd-iperf.png, bb-q100/q.png, bb-q100/rtt.png.
 - bb-q20/cwnd-iperf.png, bb-q20/q.png, bb-q20/rtt.png.

Questions

- Identify your answers with the question number
- Please keep your answers brief.