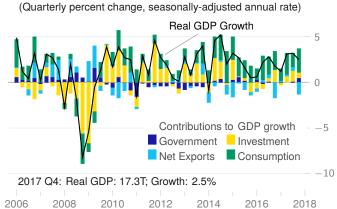
Fourth quarter U.S. economic growth, which remained strong, was driven by increased consumption and partially offset by a growing trade gap. The labor market is gradually nearing full employment and still adding jobs at a strong pace. Inflation remains near the Fed's two percent target in both the core CPI and the full index, with little expected acceleration. Short- and medium-term borrowing costs have increased as Fed interest rate hikes are expected to continue or accelerate.

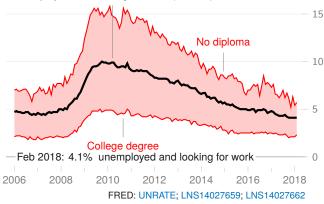
## **Economic Growth and Employment**

Real gross domestic product (GDP)





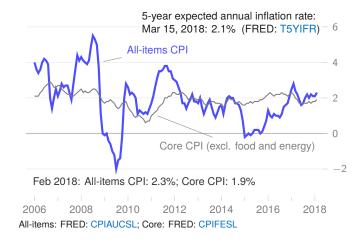
Civilian unemployment rate (percent)



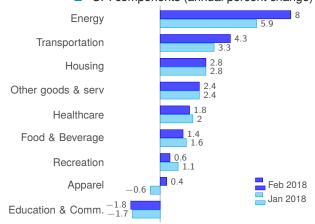
## Inflation and Prices

Consumer price index (CPI) (annual percent change)

FRED: GDPC1; GCEC1; GPDIC1; NETEXC; PCECC96



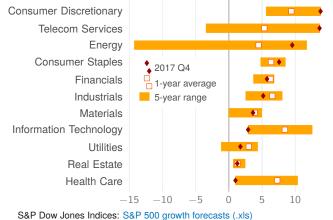
## CPI components (annual percent change)



FRED: CPI Indexes

## Markets, Interest Rates, and Other Indicators

S&P 500 reported earnings per share by industry



Recent market developments and other key indicators

		one month	one year	as of:
S&P 500 index	2752.01	▲ 0.8%	▲ 15.6%	2018-03-16
CBOE volatility index (VIX)	15.80	▼ -17.4%	▲ 40.9%	2018-03-16
Bank deposit interest rate	0.27%	▲ 0.01	▲ 0.13	Feb 2018
3-month treasury bill yield	1.78%	▲ 0.20	▲ 1.05	2018-03-16
2-year treasury bond yield	2.31%	▲ 0.12	▲ 0.98	2018-03-16
10-year treasury bond yield	2.85%	▼ -0.05	▲ 0.34	2018-03-16
30-year mortgage rate	4.44%	▲ 0.06	▲ 0.14	2018-03-15
US Dollar, broad index	118.31	▲ 0.6%	▼ -5.4%	Mar 2018
Crude oil, US\$/barrel	\$62.25	<b>▲</b> 1.4%	▲ 27.6%	2018-03-16
Industrial production index	108.2	<b>▲</b> 1.1%	<b>▲</b> 4.4%	Feb 2018
Consumer confidence index	99.7	<b>▲</b> 4.2%	▲ 3.5%	Feb 2018

Retrieved from FRED, CBOE, Quandl, and University of Michigan