

Answer

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Let's break down the Online Shopping System scenario step by step:

1. Actors/Users of the System:

Customer: A person using the system to purchase products or services.

Product/Service Provider: An entity or person uploading products/services to the system.

Authentication Service: External service that verifies users' credentials.

Credit Payment Service: External service that handles financial transactions.

2. Actions Performed by Each Actor:

Customer:

Register for an account (if new).

Log in to the system.

Browse and view products/services.

Select and check out products.

Make a transaction.

Product/Service Provider:

Upload and manage product/service details.

Authentication Service:

Authenticate customer login.

Authenticate transactions (before initiating a payment).

Credit Payment Service:

Handle the transaction process during checkout.

3. Dependencies Between Use Cases:

Login is a precondition for browsing/viewing products/services and making transactions.

Register and Login are mutually exclusive (i.e., the user must do one or the other but not both simultaneously). A new customer must register first, then log in.

Authentication is required before initiating a transaction, thus it is an include relationship for the transaction process.

Checkout includes Authentication and Payment use cases.

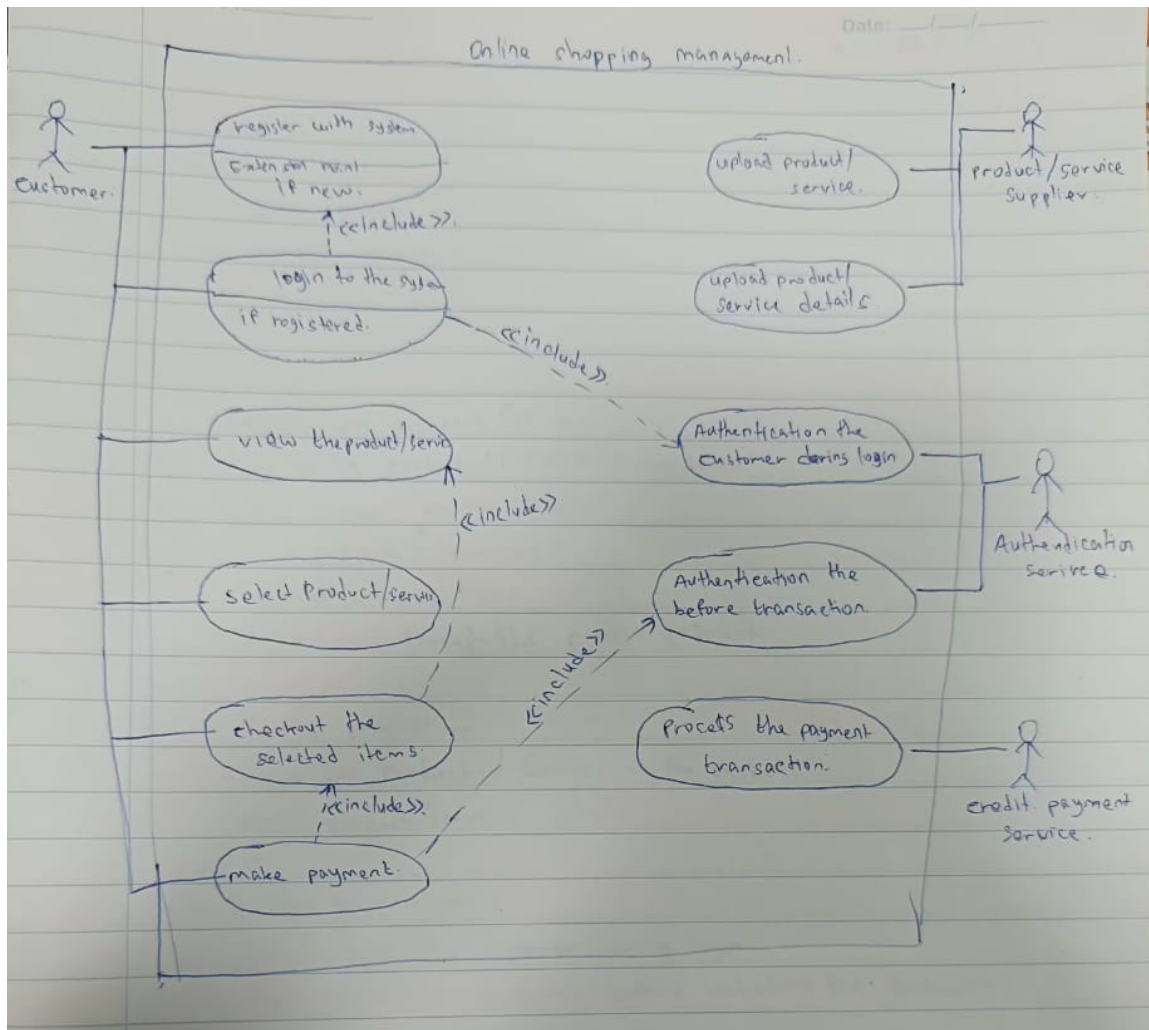
Payment requires interaction with the Credit Payment Service, so it has an include dependency.

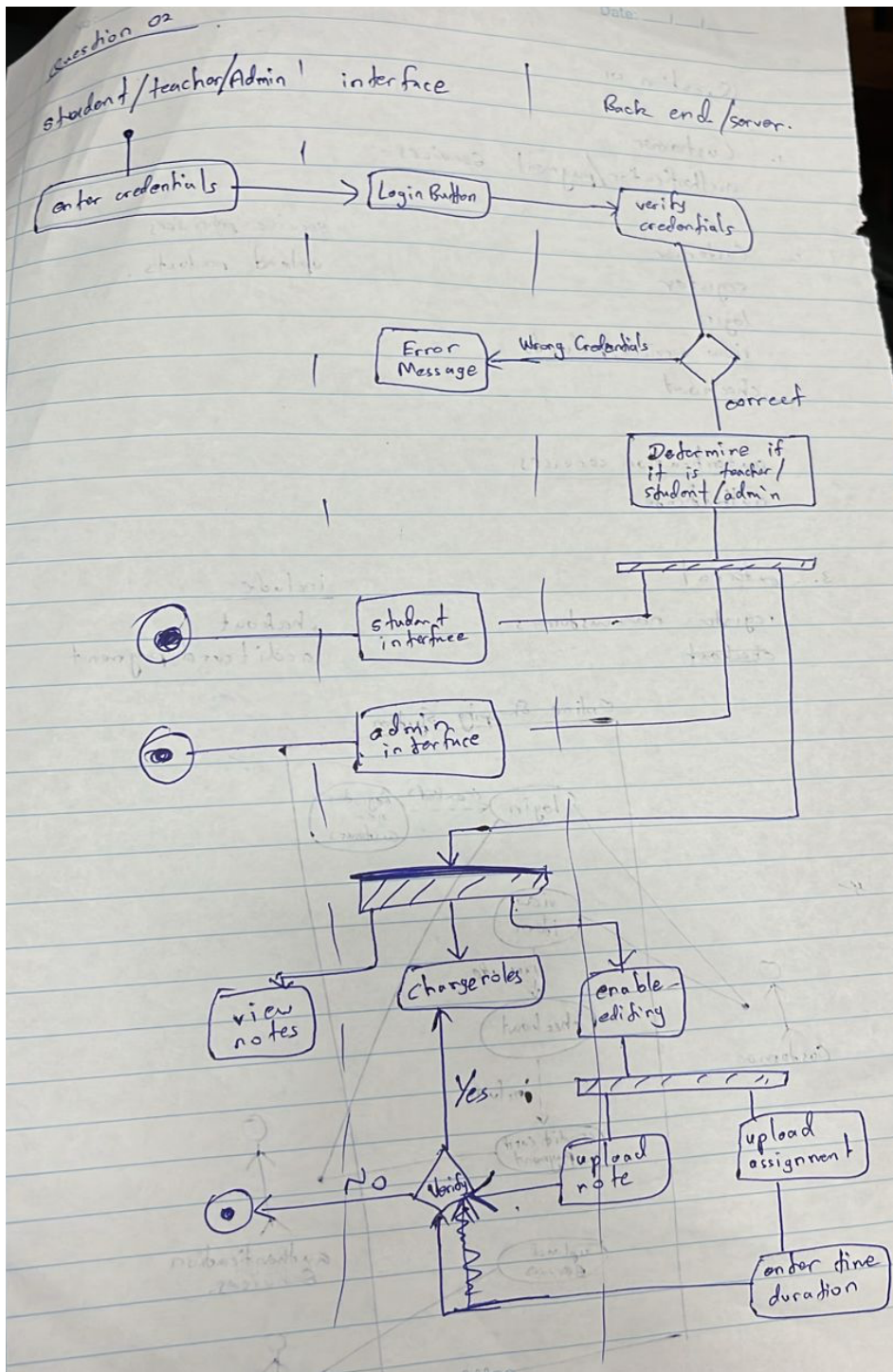
Types of Dependencies:

Include: The dependent use case is part of the base use case (e.g., Authentication is included in Checkout).

Extend: A use case can optionally extend the functionality of another, but none are specified explicitly in this scenario.

Generalization: There is no specific generalization scenario here.





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