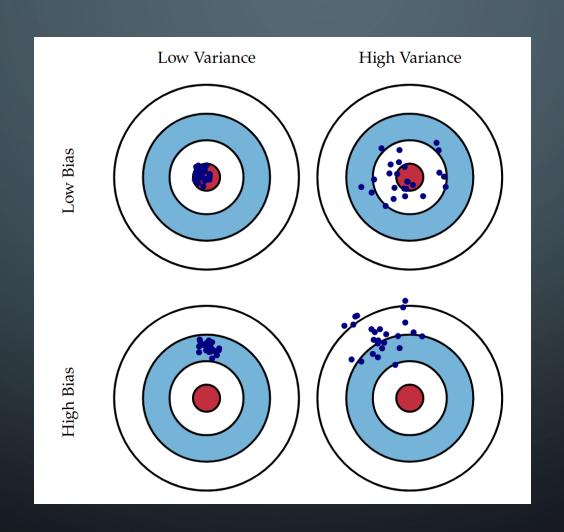
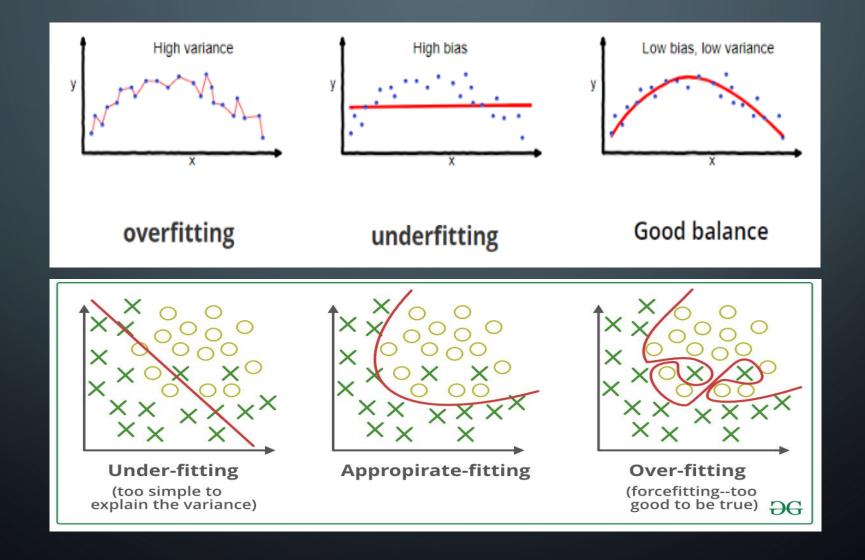
# EVALUATION AND TUNING **MOHAMMAD GHODDOSI**

# BIAS AND VARIANCE



# OVERFITTING AND UNDERFITTING

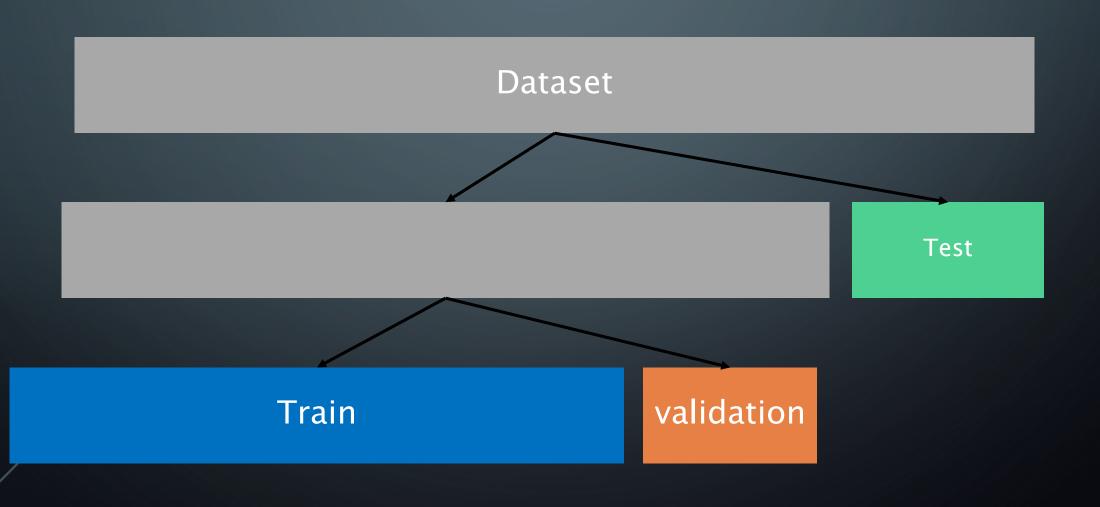


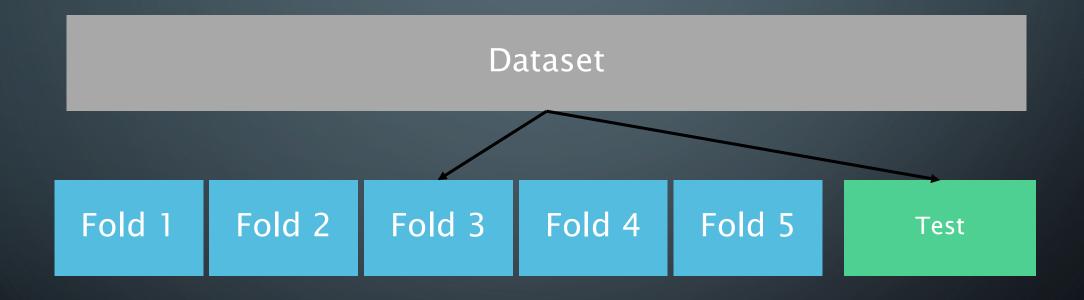
# TRAIN-TEST SPLIT

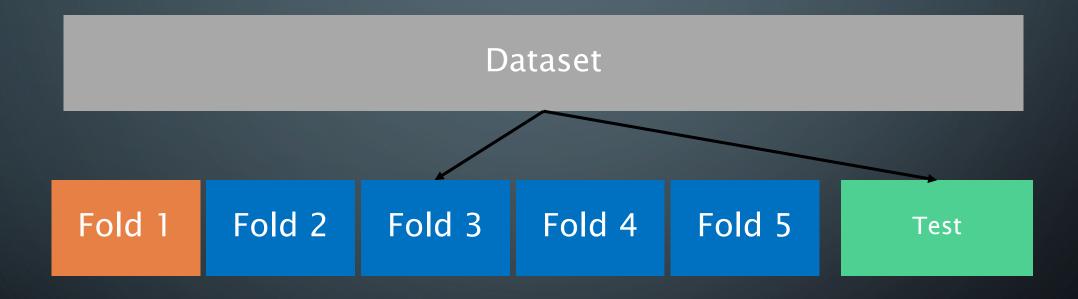
Train Test

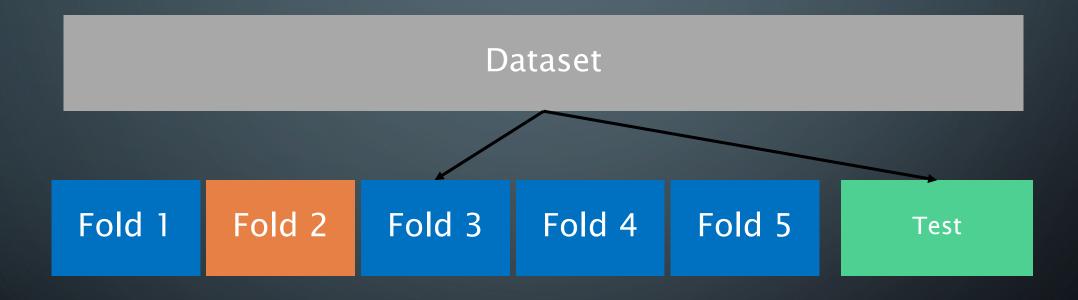
Dataset

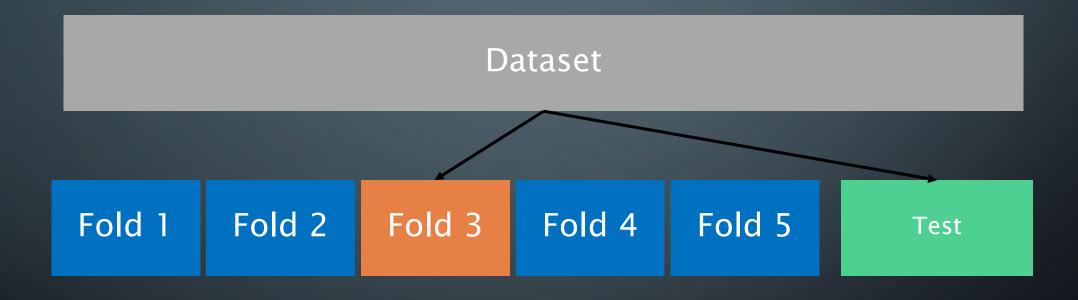
# TRAIN-TEST - VALIDATION SPLIT

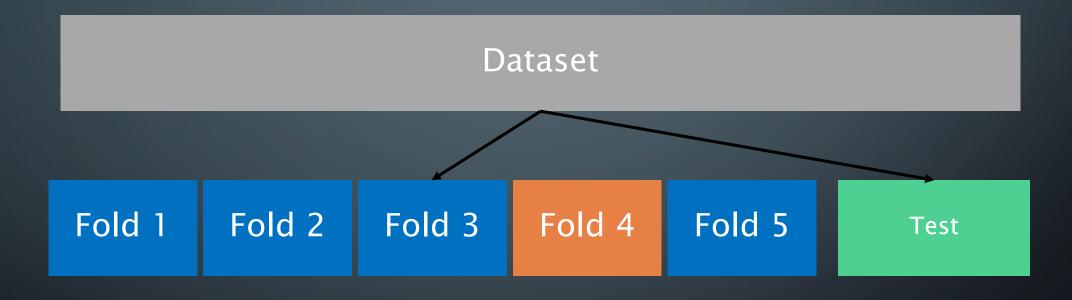


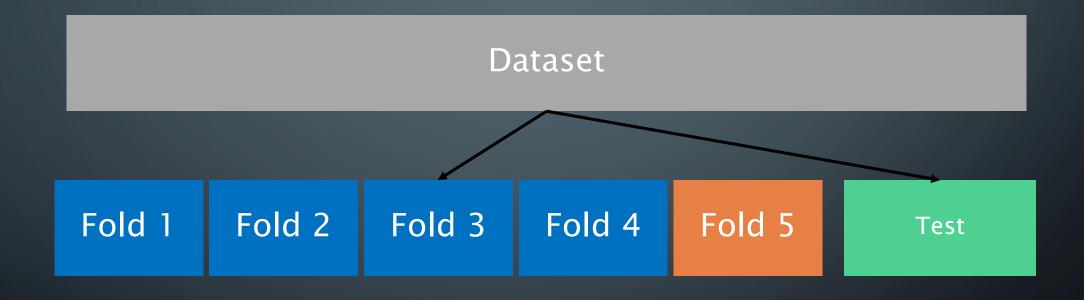








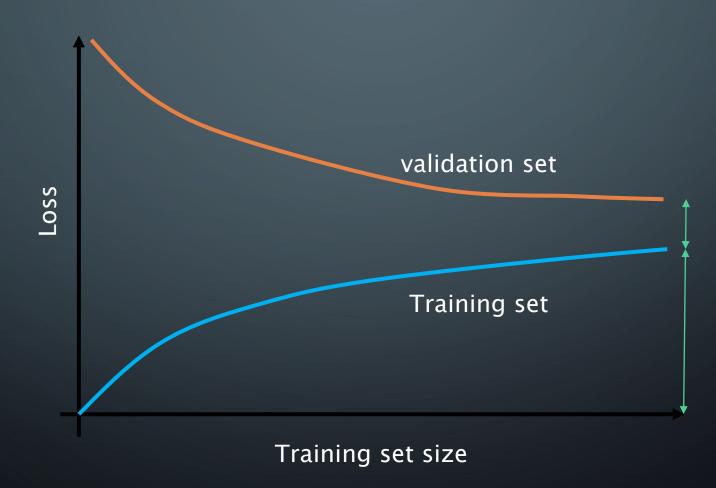




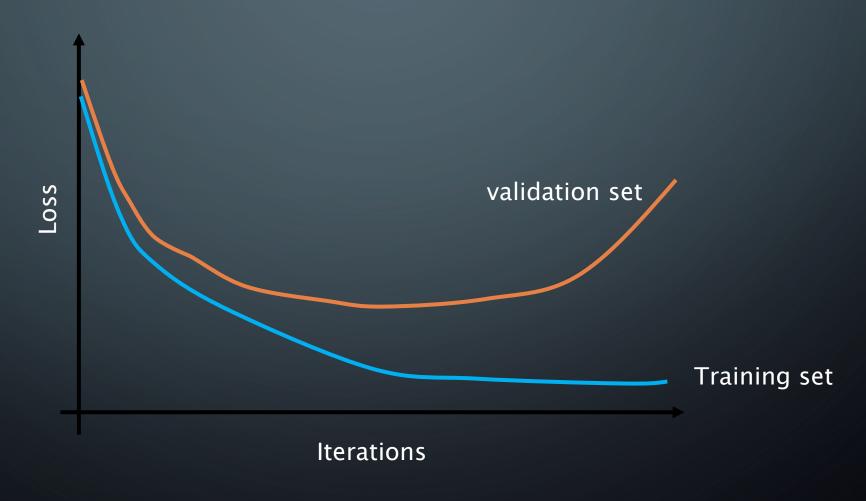
# HYPER PARAMETER TUNING

- Grid search
- Random search
- Evolutionary optimization
- •

# LEARNING CURVE (OLD)



# LEARNING CURVE (NEW)



### HANDLING UNDERFITTING

- Increase model capacity
  - Add polynomial features
- Increase features
  - Get more features
  - Use feature extraction
- Reduce regularization
- Use more powerful models
- ...

# HANDLING OVERFITTING

- Reduce model capacity
  - Reduce parameters
  - Reduce polynomial degree
  - Remove some features
- Apply regularization
- Increase data size
- Early stopping
- ...

## PERFORMANCE MEASURES

- Accuracy
- Confusion matrix
- Precision
- Recall
- F1-score
- ROC-AUC

# PERFORMANCE MEASURES (ACC)

|        |          | Actual            |                |  |  |
|--------|----------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|
|        |          | Positive Negative |                |  |  |
| dicted | Positive | True Positive     | False Positive |  |  |
| Predic | Negative | False Negative    | True Negative  |  |  |

$$Accuracy(ACC) = \frac{\#TP + \#TN}{\#Positive + \#Negative}$$

# PERFORMANCE MEASURES (PRECISION)

|        |          | Actual            |                |  |  |
|--------|----------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|
|        |          | Positive Negative |                |  |  |
| dicted | Positive | True Positive     | False Positive |  |  |
| Predic | Negative | False Negative    | True Negative  |  |  |

$$Precision = \frac{\#TP}{\#TP + \#FP}$$

# PERFORMANCE MEASURES (RECALL)

|           |          | Actual            |                |  |  |
|-----------|----------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|
|           |          | Positive Negative |                |  |  |
| sted      | Positive | True Positive     | False Positive |  |  |
| Predicted | Negative | False Negative    | True Negative  |  |  |

$$recall(TPR) = \frac{\#TP}{\#TP + \#FN}$$

# PERFORMANCE MEASURES (F1-SCORE)

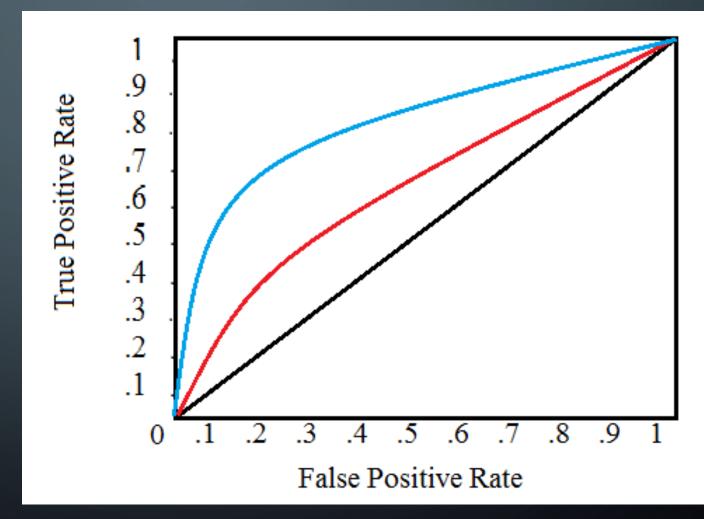
|        |          | Actual           |                |  |  |
|--------|----------|------------------|----------------|--|--|
|        |          | Positive Negativ |                |  |  |
| dicted | Positive | True Positive    | False Positive |  |  |
| Predic | Negative | False Negative   | True Negative  |  |  |

$$F_1 \ score = 2 * \frac{Precision * Recall}{Precision + Recall}$$

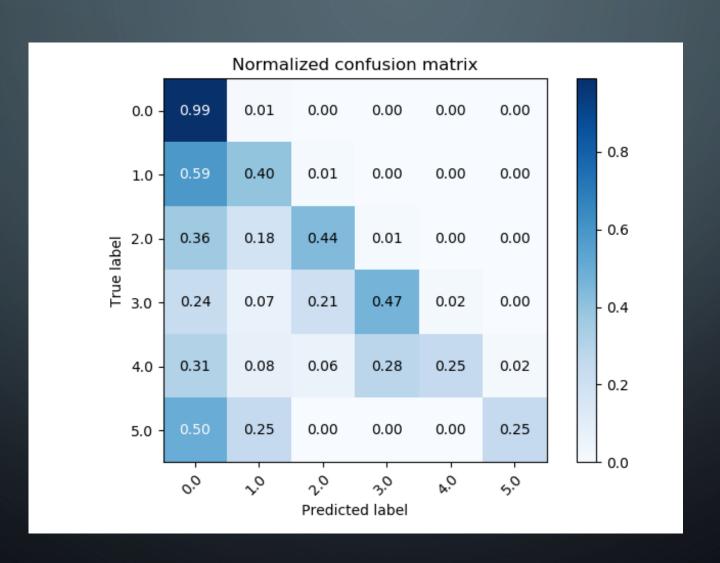
# RECEIVER OPERATING CHARACTERISTIC (ROC) CURVE

$$TPR = \frac{\#TP}{\#TP + \#FN}$$

$$FPR = \frac{\#FP}{\#FP + \#TN}$$



## **CONFUSION MATRIX**



# PERFORMANCE MEASURES

| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline Total \\ population \\\hline \hline Predicted \\ \hline condition \\ \hline \hline Predicted \\ \hline \hline condition \\ \hline \hline Predicted \\ \hline \hline condition \\ \hline \hline \hline Predicted \\ \hline \hline condition \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline Predicted \\ \hline \hline condition \\ \hline $   | True condition |           |   |  |   |                     |                          |
|---|----------------|-----------|---|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Predicted positive   True positive   True positive   True negative   True positive rate (TPR), Recall, Sensitivity, probability of detection, Power = ∑ True positive = ∑ True positive   True negative   T   |                |           | Condition positive  | Condition negative   | _ Σ Condition positive                        | Σ True pos          | sitive + Σ True negative |
| False negative, Type II error  True negative  True positive rate (TPR), Recall, Sensitivity, probability of detection, Power $= \frac{\Sigma \text{ True positive}}{\Sigma \text{ Condition positive}}$ False positive $= \frac{\Sigma \text{ False omission rate (FOR)}}{\Sigma \text{ False negative}}$ Positive likelihood ratio (LR+) $= \frac{\Gamma \text{ PR}}{\Gamma \text{ PR}}$ Diagnostic odds ratio (DOR) $= \frac{\Sigma \text{ False negative}}{\Sigma \text{ Condition positive}}$ False negative rate (FNR), Miss rate $= \frac{\Sigma \text{ False positive}}{\Sigma \text{ Condition positive}}$ Positive likelihood ratio (LR+) $= \frac{\Gamma \text{ PR}}{\Gamma \text{ PR}}$ Diagnostic odds ratio (DOR) $= \frac{\Gamma \text{ Precision} \cdot \text{ Recall}}{\Gamma \text{ Precision} + \text{ Recall}}$ Precision + Recall Pr | Predicted      | condition | True positive   | •  | (PPV), Precision =<br>Σ True positive         | Σ False positive    |                          |
|   | condition      | condition |   | True negative  | Σ False negative                              | Σ                   | True negative            |
| - F O I'I' \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \  |                |           | (TPR), Recall, Sensitivity, probability of detection, Power $= \frac{\Sigma \text{ True positive}}{\Sigma \text{ Condition positive}}$ False negative rate (FNR), Miss rate $\Sigma \text{ False negative}$ | (FPR), Fall-out, probability of false alarm $= \frac{\sum False \ positive}{\sum Condition \ negative}$ Specificity (SPC), Selectivity, True negative rate (TNR) | = TPR<br>FPR  Negative likelihood ratio (LR-) | odds ratio<br>(DOR) | '                        |