#### PART-II\_CHEMISTRY

Max Marks: 60

# Section-1 (One or more options correct type)

This section contains 10 Multiple Choice questions. Each Question has Four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D). Out of Which **Only One is correct** 

- 21.  $HClO_4 + P_4O_{10} \rightarrow A + B$ . In 'A', the number of  $d_{\pi} p_{\pi}$  bonds are
  - A) 8
- B) 4
- C) 6
- D) 7
- 22. ' $p'Au + qCN^- + H_2O + O_2 \rightarrow X + OH^-$ . In the balanced stoichiometric equation the 'q' value is
  - A) 8
- B) 4
- C) 2
- D) 6
- 23.  $KI + I_2 \longrightarrow KX$ . The true statement regarding the anion 'X' is
  - A) It has bent structure
  - B) The central iodine atom has  $sp^3$  hybridization
  - C) It has one  $d_{\pi} p_{\pi}$  bond
  - D) It has 9 lone-pairs
- 24. Which of the following is oxidized by Conc.  $H_2SO_4$ ?
  - A) HF
- B) HCl
- C) HI
- D)  $H_2F_2$

The number of  $d_{\pi} - p_{\pi}$  bonds in perxenate ion is 25.

- A) 4
- B) 6
- C) 8
- D) 2

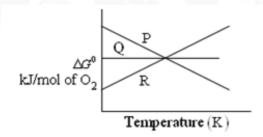
Which one of the following is not a carbonate mineral? 26.

- A) Cerrusite
- B) Anglesite
- C) Calamine
- D) Aragonite

(I)  $C(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow CO_2(g)$ 27.

(II)  $2CO(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO_2(g)$ 

(III)  $2C + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO(g)$ 



Match the graph with the above process

A) P-I, Q-II, R-III

B) P-II, Q-I, R-III

C) P-III, Q-I,R-II

D) P-III, Q-II, R-I

The usual carbon content in steel is 28.

- A) 2 6%
- B) 2 0.2%
- C) 0.1 1% D) 0 6%

- The chief slag formed in the Blast furnace during the extraction of iron is
  - A) FeSiO<sub>3</sub>
- B)  $MgSiO_3$  C)  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$  D)  $CaSiO_3$
- The slag formed during the Bessemer process in the extraction of copper is 30.

  - A)  $FeSiO_3$  B)  $MgSiO_3$
- C)  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$  D)  $CaSiO_3$

### **Section-2** (Paragraph Type)

This section contains 3 paragraphs each describing theory, experiment, data etc. Six questions relate to three paragraphs with two questions on each paragraph. Each question pertaining to a particular paragraph should have only one correct answer among the four choices A, B, C and D.

### Paragraph for Questions 31 and 32

graph for Questions 31 and 32
$$FeO.Cr_2O_3 \xrightarrow{Na_2CO_3 \atop \Delta} Mass \xrightarrow{leached with water, evaporated, crystallized} P(yellow compound)$$

$$Conc.H_2SO_4$$

$$NaCl + R \xrightarrow{NH_4Cl} Q + Na_2SO_4.10H_2O \text{ crystalized and (orange red) (orange red)} \text{ (orange red)}$$

- 31.  $R \xrightarrow{\Delta} A + B \uparrow + H_2O$ . 'A' and 'B' are

  - A) Cr and  $N_2$  B)  $Cr_2O_3$  and  $N_2$  C) Cr and  $NH_3$  D)  $Cr_2O_3$  and  $NH_3$
- 32. 'A' can be best reduced to metal by using
  - A)  $H_2$
- B) *C*
- C) Al
- D) Mg

Sec: Sr. IPLCO

space for rough work

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## Paragraph for Question 33 and 34

NaCl 
$$\longrightarrow$$
 aqueous solution  $\xrightarrow{AgNO_3} A$ 

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \searrow B \uparrow \xrightarrow{KI} C$$

$$MnO_2 + Conc.H_2SO_4$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \searrow D \uparrow$$

$$K_2Cr_2O_7 + Conc.H_2SO_4$$

- 33. The number of  $d_{\pi} p_{\pi}$  bonds in 'D' is
  - A)1

- B)2
- C)3

- D) 4
- 34. The correct statement regarding A or B or C is
  - A) B gives blue color with starch
  - B) B does not react with water
  - C) A is insoluble in aqueous ammonia
  - D) C is soluble in aqueous KI

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space for rough work

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## Paragraph for Question 35 and 36

- (i)  $Cl_2$  reacts with water giving  $Cl_2 + H_2O \rightarrow HClO + HCl$
- (ii)  $2CuCl_2 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2CuCl + Cl_2$
- 35. Which one of the following can behave like  $Cl_2$ ?
  - A)  $O_2$
- B)  $N_2$
- C) *CO*<sub>2</sub>
- D)  $(CN)_2$

36.  $Cu(CN)_2 \xrightarrow{\Lambda} A + B \uparrow$ 

$$CuI_2 \xrightarrow{\Delta} C + D$$

- B & D are respectively
- A) CuCN, CuI

B) CuI, CuCN

C)  $I_2$ ,  $(CN)_2$ 

D)  $(CN)_2$ ,  $I_2$ 

## Section-3 (Matching List Type)

This section contains four questions, each having two matching lists (List-1 & List-II). The options for the **correct match** are provided as (A), (B),(C) and (D) out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.

37. Match the column:

## Column-I

Column-II

- **P)** *ClO*<sup>-</sup>
- $\mathbf{Q)} \quad ClO_2^-$
- **R)**  $ClO_3^-$
- S)  $ClO_4^-$

- 1) Weakest base
- **2)** Present of  $d_{\pi} p_{\pi}$  bonds
- 3) Highest charge density on oxygen
- 4) Least delocalization of  $\pi$  electrons

Code:

- P Q R S
- A) 3,4 2 2 1,2
- C) 4 1,3 2,3 2

- P Q R S
- B) 3 1,2 3 1,3
- D) 1,2 2,3 3,4 1,3

Match the element given in column-I with the property related to it given in 38. column-II

Column-I

**P)** Cl<sub>2</sub>

**Q**) *Xe* 

 $\mathbf{R}$ )  $I_2$ 

 $\mathbf{S}$ )  $F_2$ 

P

1.3.4 A) C) 1,4

2,4 2,3 2,3

Q

2,4 1,2

R

S

1,4

Column-II

1) Forms stable Gas Hydrate

2) Colored substance

3) Oxidizing agent

4) Least reactive

P

0 R 2,3 1,4

B) 1,2,3 D) 1,3

2,3 1,2 1,3 1.3

S

Match the metal given in column-I with the process related directly for the 39. extraction of metal or for the extraction of other metal

Column-I

P) Pb

AgQ)

R) Zn

S) Au

P

1,2,3

3,4

1,3,4 1,2,4 2,3

Q

2,3 1,4 3,4

R

S

Column-II

1) Parkes process

Pattinsons process 2)

Mc Arthur Forrest cyanide process 3)

Electrorefining 4)

P

1,3

3,4

Q

1,2,4 1,2,3,4 1,3,4

R 1,2

1,3 3,4

S

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A)

C)

space for rough work

B)

D)

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40. Match the product/s given in column-II with the reactive given in column-I

Column-I

Column-II

**P)**  $ClO_2 + NaOH$ 

**1)** *NaClO*<sub>2</sub>

**Q**)  $Cl_2O_6 + NaOH$ 

**2)**NaClO<sub>3</sub>

**R)**  $Cl_2O + NaOH \text{ (cold)}$ 

3)  $NaClO_4$ 

S)  $ClO_2 + NaOH + H_2O_2$ 

4) NaClO

Q

P

Q R

S

1

3

P

R

S

**A**)

1,2 2,3

4

1

B)

2,3 1,3

3 1

4

C)

2

D)

1

2 3

4