Build a web site for representing international conferences

Abdelmalek Fathi, Maamar Choukri Laarbi Tebessi Tebessa University Math and Computer Science Departement

List of Figures

1	class diagram	6
2	use case diagram	7
3	add user sequence diagram	8
4	update user sequence diagram	8
5	delete sequence diagram	9
6	register sequence diagram	9
7	login sequence diagram	0

List of Tables

Table of Contents

1	Intr	oducti	ion				4		
	1.1	Proble	ematic				4		
	1.2	Hypot	theses				4		
	1.3	~ -	e structure				4		
2	Pre	sentati	ion of the project frameworks				5		
3	Analysis and design (UML) 6								
	3.1	Class	Diagram				6		
	3.2	Use ca	ase Diagram				6		
	3.3	Seque	ence Diagrams				6		
		3.3.1	For add user				6		
		3.3.2	For update user				7		
		3.3.3	For delete user				7		
		3.3.4	For register				8		
		3.3.5	For login				8		
4	The implementation 11								
	4.1	Imple	mentation Technologies				11		
			For front-end						
	4.2	For ba	ack-end				11		
		4.2.1	For back-end						
		4.2.2	For databases						
5	Con	clusio	vn				12		

1 Introduction

National and international scientific conferences are an important event for universities and researchers from different parts of the world, so it is necessary to facilitate the process of publishing and accessing these conferences.

1.1 Problematic

Most or all universities of the world are publishing their conferences in custom web pages for each one, or they collect them in one website like 10times.com and ieee.org. Meanwhile any scholar how want to publish his paper or submit in a conference, he utilize another different website like easychair.org. Our work is related to finding a solution to the problem raised by answering the following questions:

- Why not they all publish everything from conferences to papers in one place?
- How to let scholars and universities contact with each other from one place?
- What is the best solution for this problem and how to achieve that?

1.2 Hypotheses

Among the proposed solutions, we find that one of them relies on creating a website for publishing conferences and requesting registration in them, where the person in charge of the conference (university or organization) publishes the necessary information about the conference such as its name, date, and participation price, if any, while any researcher or student can Knowing the request to participate in it, as he sends his research to the officials in charge of the conference and is waiting for it to be accepted by them.

1.3 Article structure

This article contains the following chapters:

- Presentation of the project frameworks: Chapter to figure out the problem and its solution in details.
- Analysis and design (UML): Chapter to introduce the UML diagrams that we used to analysis the project and figure out his functions.
- The implementation: Chapter to view the technologies that we used in making the site, and the implementation of our site (pictures from the website itself).

2 Presentation of the project frameworks

3 Analysis and design (UML)

We have utilized the following graphs: class, use cases and sequence diagram of each process in our website.

3.1 Class Diagram

a diagram to introduce classes of the project and their associations with each others.

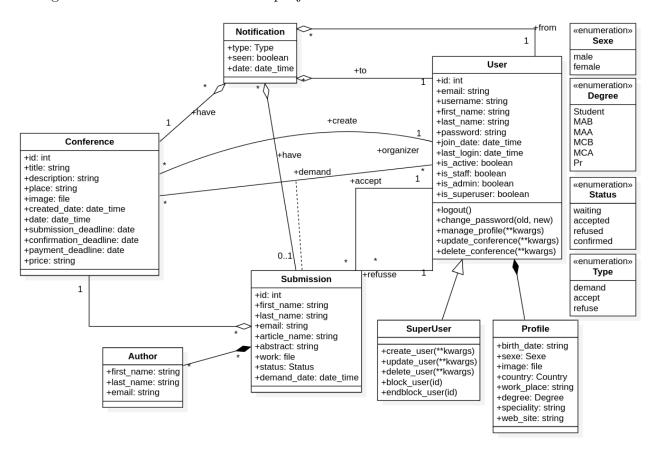


Figure 1: class diagram

3.2 Use case Diagram

a diagram to introduce what can every actor do in this project.

3.3 Sequence Diagrams

diagrams to figure out how each process is working behind the scene.

3.3.1 For add user

how to add new user

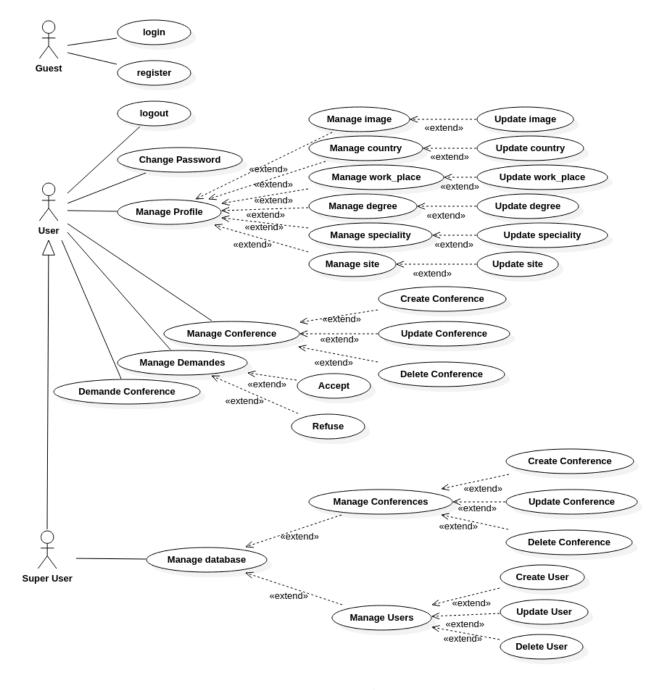


Figure 2: use case diagram

3.3.2 For update user

how to update user information

3.3.3 For delete user

how to delete a user from the data base

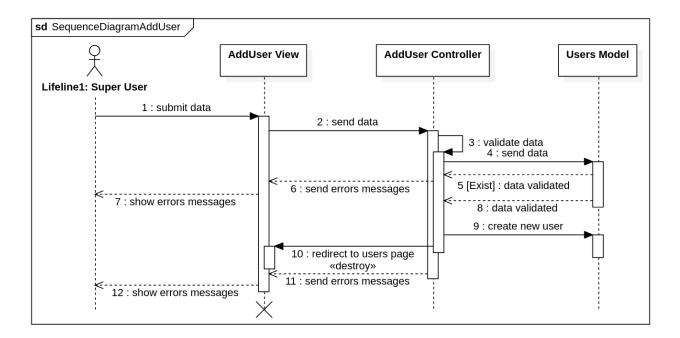


Figure 3: add user sequence diagram

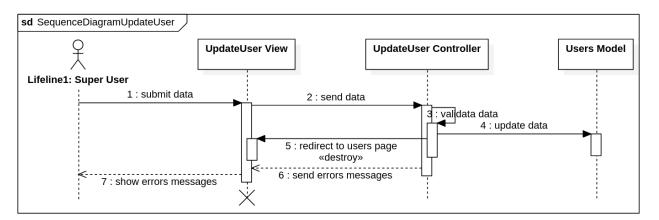


Figure 4: update user sequence diagram

3.3.4 For register

how to register as a new user

3.3.5 For login

how the user can login

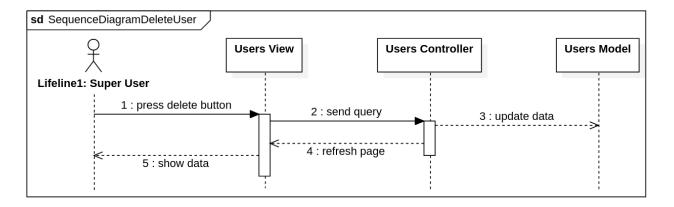


Figure 5: delete sequence diagram

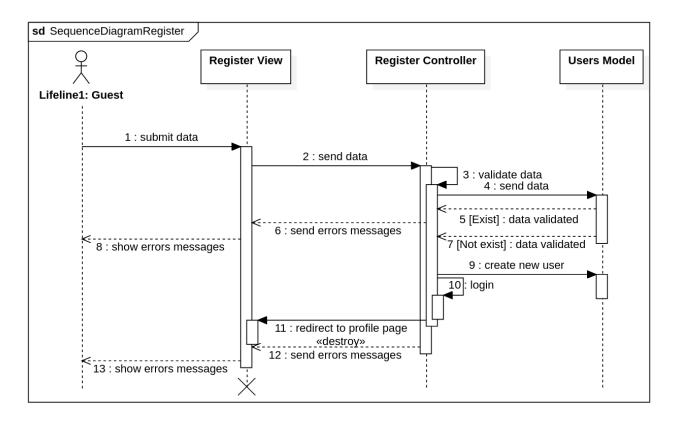


Figure 6: register sequence diagram

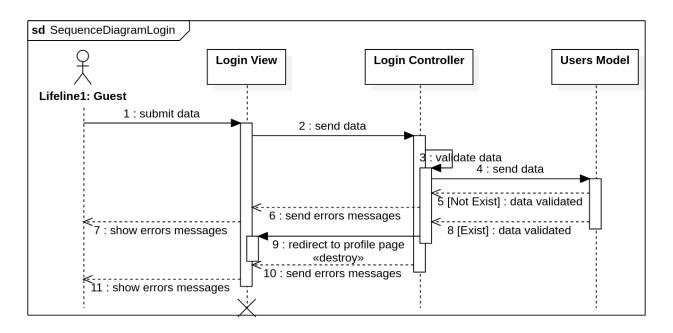


Figure 7: login sequence diagram

4 The implementation

There are many technologies that allow building web applications, and they are divided into two main parts, the front-end part such as HTML, CSS ..., and the back-end part such as PHP, NodeJS ..., in addition to databases, but we will depend in our project on the following:

4.1 Implementation Technologies

4.1.1 For front-end

HTML HTML (Hyper-Text Markup Language) is the standard mark-up language for documents designed to be displayed in a web browser. It can be assisted by technologies such as Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) and scripting languages such as JavaScript.[1]

CSS Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) is a simple mechanism for adding style (e.g., fonts, colors, spacing) to Web documents.[2]

4.2 For back-end

4.2.1 For back-end

Django Web Framework Django is a high-level Python Web framework that encourages rapid development and clean, pragmatic design. Built by experienced developers, it takes care of much of the hassle of Web development, so you can focus on writing your app without needing to reinvent the wheel. It's free and open source.[3]

why django?

- It's a Python Language.
- Built-in administration interface.
- Framework able to customization.
- large community.
- MVC design pattern.
- Built-in ORM for databases.
- Secured.
- and much more ...

4.2.2 For databases

PostgreSQL PostgreSQL is a powerful, open source object-relational database system with over 30 years of active development that has earned it a strong reputation for reliability, feature robustness, and performance.[4]

5 Conclusion

References

- $[1]\ \ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTML$
- $[2]\ \ https://www.w3.org/Style/CSS/Overview.en.html$
- $[3] \ \ https://www.djangoproject.com/$
- [4] https://www.postgresql.org/