

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/FamiAmal/Downloads/house_price (1).csv")
```

```
In [3]: df
```

Out[3]:

	location	size	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
0	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	1056.0	2.0	39.07	2	3699
1	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	2600.0	5.0	120.00	4	4615
2	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	1440.0	2.0	62.00	3	4305
3	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	1521.0	3.0	95.00	3	6245
4	Kothanur	2 BHK	1200.0	2.0	51.00	2	4250
...
13195	Whitefield	5 Bedroom	3453.0	4.0	231.00	5	6689
13196	other	4 BHK	3600.0	5.0	400.00	4	11111
13197	Raja Rajeshwari Nagar	2 BHK	1141.0	2.0	60.00	2	5258
13198	Padmanabhanagar	4 BHK	4689.0	4.0	488.00	4	10407
13199	Doddathoguru	1 BHK	550.0	1.0	17.00	1	3090

13200 rows × 7 columns

```
In [4]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 13200 entries, 0 to 13199
Data columns (total 7 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
0   location        13200 non-null  object  
1   size            13200 non-null  object  
2   total_sqft      13200 non-null  float64 
3   bath            13200 non-null  float64 
4   price           13200 non-null  float64 
5   bhk             13200 non-null  int64   
6   price_per_sqft  13200 non-null  int64   
dtypes: float64(3), int64(2), object(2)
memory usage: 722.0+ KB
```

```
In [5]: df.shape
```

Out[5]: (13200, 7)

```
In [6]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[6]: location          0
size          0
total_sqft     0
bath           0
price          0
bhk           0
price_per_sqft 0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [7]: df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
Out[7]: 1049
```

```
In [8]: df.duplicated()
```

```
Out[8]: 0      False
1      False
2      False
3      False
4      False
...
13195   False
13196   False
13197   False
13198   False
13199    True
Length: 13200, dtype: bool
```

```
In [9]: df1=df.drop_duplicates()
```

```
In [10]: df1
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	location	size	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
0	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	1056.0	2.0	39.07	2	3699
1	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	2600.0	5.0	120.00	4	4615
2	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	1440.0	2.0	62.00	3	4305
3	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	1521.0	3.0	95.00	3	6245
4	Kothanur	2 BHK	1200.0	2.0	51.00	2	4250
...
13194	Green Glen Layout	3 BHK	1715.0	3.0	112.00	3	6530
13195	Whitefield	5 Bedroom	3453.0	4.0	231.00	5	6689
13196	other	4 BHK	3600.0	5.0	400.00	4	11111
13197	Raja Rajeshwari Nagar	2 BHK	1141.0	2.0	60.00	2	5258
13198	Padmanabhanagar	4 BHK	4689.0	4.0	488.00	4	10407

12151 rows × 7 columns

```
In [11]: df1.shape[0]
```

```
Out[11]: 12151
```

```
In [12]: df1.describe()
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
count	12151.000000	12151.000000	12151.000000	12151.000000	1.215100e+04
mean	1574.846013	2.719941	115.471328	2.827504	8.132642e+03
std	1277.328354	1.372210	154.094133	1.326540	1.112329e+05
min	1.000000	1.000000	8.000000	1.000000	2.670000e+02
25%	1100.000000	2.000000	50.000000	2.000000	4.312000e+03
50%	1290.000000	2.000000	74.000000	3.000000	5.500000e+03
75%	1700.000000	3.000000	123.500000	3.000000	7.461000e+03
max	52272.000000	40.000000	3600.000000	43.000000	1.200000e+07

```
In [13]: s=(df1.isnull().sum()/df1.shape[0])*100
round(s,2)
```

```
Out[13]: location      0.0
size      0.0
total_sqft  0.0
bath      0.0
price     0.0
bhk       0.0
price_per_sqft  0.0
dtype: float64
```

```
In [14]: df1.round()
```

```
Out[14]:
```

	location	size	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
0	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	1056.0	2.0	39.0	2	3699
1	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	2600.0	5.0	120.0	4	4615
2	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	1440.0	2.0	62.0	3	4305
3	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	1521.0	3.0	95.0	3	6245
4	Kothanur	2 BHK	1200.0	2.0	51.0	2	4250
...
13194	Green Glen Layout	3 BHK	1715.0	3.0	112.0	3	6530
13195	Whitefield	5 Bedroom	3453.0	4.0	231.0	5	6689
13196	other	4 BHK	3600.0	5.0	400.0	4	11111
13197	Raja Rajeshwari Nagar	2 BHK	1141.0	2.0	60.0	2	5258
13198	Padmanabhanagar	4 BHK	4689.0	4.0	488.0	4	10407

12151 rows × 7 columns

In [15]: df1

Out[15]:

	location	size	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
0	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	1056.0	2.0	39.07	2	3699
1	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	2600.0	5.0	120.00	4	4615
2	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	1440.0	2.0	62.00	3	4305
3	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	1521.0	3.0	95.00	3	6245
4	Kothanur	2 BHK	1200.0	2.0	51.00	2	4250
...
13194	Green Glen Layout	3 BHK	1715.0	3.0	112.00	3	6530
13195	Whitefield	5 Bedroom	3453.0	4.0	231.00	5	6689
13196	other	4 BHK	3600.0	5.0	400.00	4	11111
13197	Raja Rajeshwari Nagar	2 BHK	1141.0	2.0	60.00	2	5258
13198	Padmanabhanagar	4 BHK	4689.0	4.0	488.00	4	10407

12151 rows × 7 columns

OUTLIERS

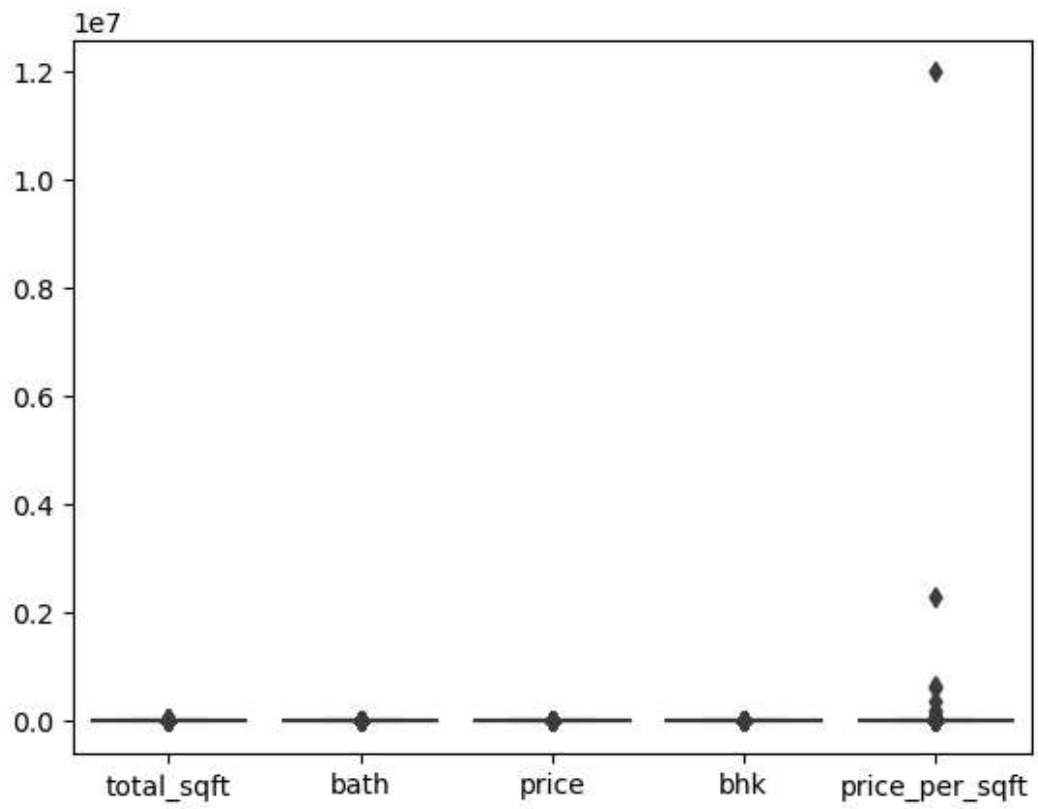
In [16]: df1.skew(numeric_only=True)

Out[16]: total_sqft 15.112123
bath 4.214944
price 7.915103
bhk 4.838129
price_per_sqft 103.902032
dtype: float64

In [17]: numerical_col=df1.select_dtypes(include="number").columns
numerical_col

Out[17]: Index(['total_sqft', 'bath', 'price', 'bhk', 'price_per_sqft'], dtype='object')

```
In [18]: sns.boxplot(df1)
plt.show()
```



```
In [19]: sns.distplot(df1["price_per_sqft"])
```

C:\Users\FamiAmal\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_12620\1594035437.py:1: UserWarning:

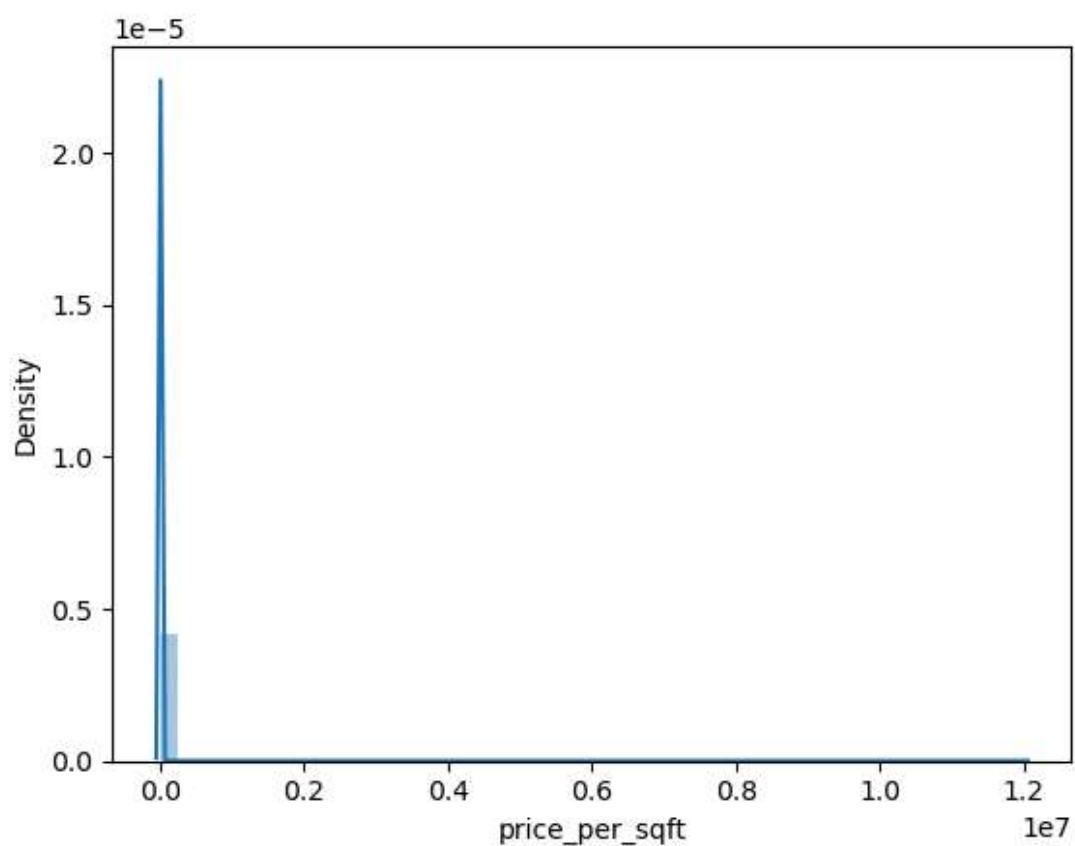
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

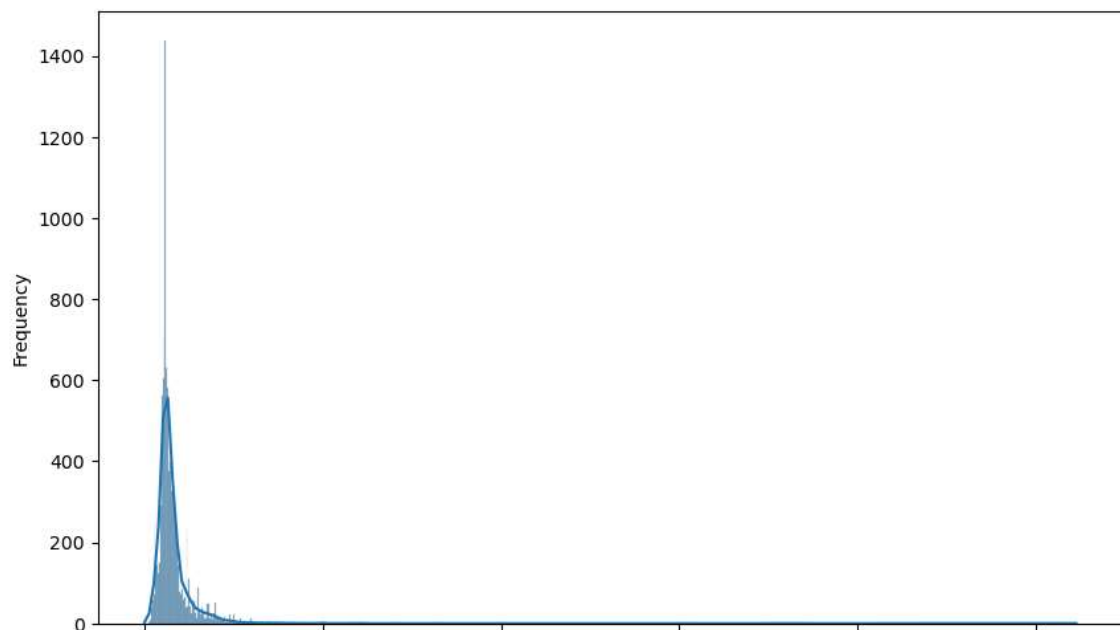
For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751> (<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>)

```
sns.distplot(df1["price_per_sqft"])
```

Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='price_per_sqft', ylabel='Density'>



```
In [20]: for i in numerical_col:
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.histplot(df1[i].dropna(),kde=True)
plt.xlabel("Column")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.show()
```



METHOD 1 IQR

```
In [21]: #PRICE_PER_SQFT COLUMN
```

```
In [22]: df1["price_per_sqft"].skew()
```

```
Out[22]: 103.90203228991889
```

```
In [26]: q1=df1.price_per_sqft.quantile(0.25)
print("Q1=",q1)
q3=df1.price_per_sqft.quantile(0.75)
print("Q3=",q3)
IQR= q3-q1
print("IQR=",IQR)
```

```
Q1= 4312.0
Q3= 7461.0
IQR= 3149.0
```

```
In [27]: df1["price_per_sqft"].describe()
```

```
Out[27]: count      1.215100e+04  
mean        8.132642e+03  
std         1.112329e+05  
min         2.670000e+02  
25%         4.312000e+03  
50%         5.500000e+03  
75%         7.461000e+03  
max         1.200000e+07  
Name: price_per_sqft, dtype: float64
```

```
In [30]: lower_whisker=q1-1.5*IQR  
upper_whisker=q3+1.5*IQR  
lower_whisker,upper_whisker
```

```
Out[30]: (-411.5, 12184.5)
```

```
In [31]: remove_out=df1[(df1.price_per_sqft<lower_whisker) |(df1.price_per_sqft>upper_whisker)]
```

```
In [33]: remove_out.skew(numeric_only=True)
```

```
Out[33]: total_sqft      2.727672  
bath      4.828343  
price      3.764396  
bhk      5.706391  
price_per_sqft      31.934933  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [34]: column=df1.select_dtypes(include="number").columns  
column
```

```
Out[34]: Index(['total_sqft', 'bath', 'price', 'bhk', 'price_per_sqft'], dtype='object')
```

```
In [35]: import pandas as pd  
def remove_outliers(df,numerical):  
    filterd=df.copy()  
  
    for col in numerical:  
        q1=df[col].quantile(0.25)  
        q3=df[col].quantile(0.75)  
        iqr=q3-q1  
  
        lower_whisker=q1-1.5*iqr  
        upper_whisker=q3+1.5*iqr  
  
        filterd = filterd[(filterd[col] >= lower_whisker) & (filterd[col] <= upper_whisker)]  
  
    return filterd
```



```
In [36]: dff = remove_outliers(df1, ["total_sqft", "bath", "price", "bhk", "price_per_sqft"])
```

```
In [37]: dff.skew(numeric_only=True)
```

```
Out[37]: total_sqft      17.696706  
bath          3.166508  
price         5.432619  
bhk           3.192892  
price_per_sqft 0.977840  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [38]: q1=dff.price.quantile(0.25)  
q3=dff.price.quantile(0.75)  
iqr=q3-q1  
  
lower_whisker=q1-1.5*iqr/100  
upper_whisker=q3+1.5*iqr  
lower_whisker,upper_whisker  
  
remove_out=dff[(dff.price<lower_whisker) & (dff.price>upper_whisker)]  
  
remove_out.skew(numeric_only=True)
```

```
Out[38]: total_sqft      NaN  
bath          NaN  
price         NaN  
bhk           NaN  
price_per_sqft NaN  
dtype: float64
```

Z- Score Method

```
In [40]: sns.distplot(df1["price_per_sqft"])
```

C:\Users\FamiAmal\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_12620\1594035437.py:1: UserWarning:

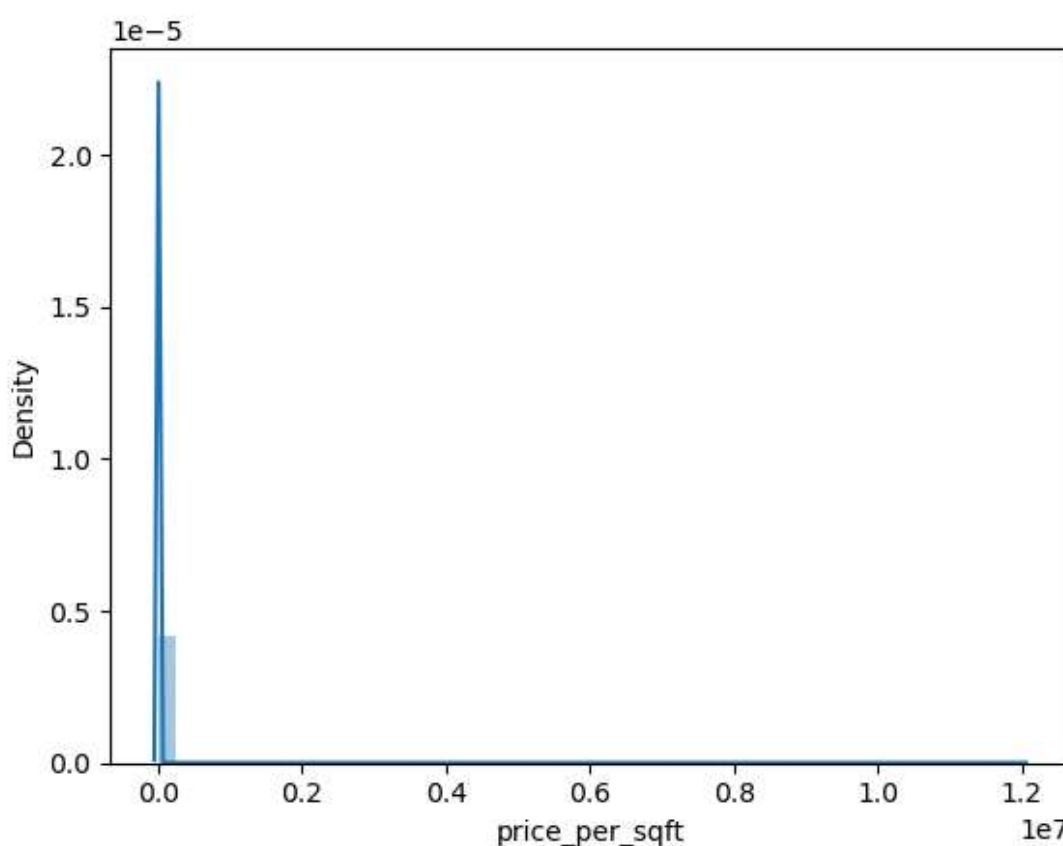
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751> (<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>)

```
sns.distplot(df1["price_per_sqft"])
```

```
Out[40]: <Axes: xlabel='price_per_sqft', ylabel='Density'>
```



```
In [41]: df1["price_per_sqft"].skew()
```

```
Out[41]: 103.90203228991889
```

```
In [47]: upper_limit = df1["price_per_sqft"].mean() + 3 * df1["price_per_sqft"].std()
lower_limit = df1["price_per_sqft"].mean() - 3 * df1["price_per_sqft"].std()
print("Upper Limit : ", upper_limit)
print("Lower Limit : ", lower_limit)
```

```
Upper Limit : 341831.3445273039
Lower Limit : -325566.06084694836
```

```
In [48]: df1.loc[(df1["price_per_sqft"]>upper_limit) |(df1["price_per_sqft"]<lower_limit)]
```

Out[48]:

	location	size	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
345	other	3 Bedroom	11.0	3.0	74.0	3	672727
1106	other	5 Bedroom	24.0	2.0	150.0	5	625000
4044	Sarjapur Road	4 Bedroom	1.0	4.0	120.0	4	12000000
4924	other	7 BHK	5.0	7.0	115.0	7	2300000
11447	Whitefield	4 Bedroom	60.0	4.0	218.0	4	363333

```
In [49]: df1
```

Out[49]:

	location	size	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
0	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	1056.0	2.0	39.07	2	3699
1	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	2600.0	5.0	120.00	4	4615
2	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	1440.0	2.0	62.00	3	4305
3	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	1521.0	3.0	95.00	3	6245
4	Kothanur	2 BHK	1200.0	2.0	51.00	2	4250
...
13194	Green Glen Layout	3 BHK	1715.0	3.0	112.00	3	6530
13195	Whitefield	5 Bedroom	3453.0	4.0	231.00	5	6689
13196	other	4 BHK	3600.0	5.0	400.00	4	11111
13197	Raja Rajeshwari Nagar	2 BHK	1141.0	2.0	60.00	2	5258
13198	Padmanabhanagar	4 BHK	4689.0	4.0	488.00	4	10407

12151 rows × 7 columns

```
In [77]: new_df = df1.loc[(df1["price_per_sqft"] <= upper_limit) &(df1["price_per_sqft"] >
print("Old data : ",len(df1))
print("New data : ",len(new_df))
```

Old data : 12151
New data : 12146

```
In [78]: new_df=df1.copy()
```

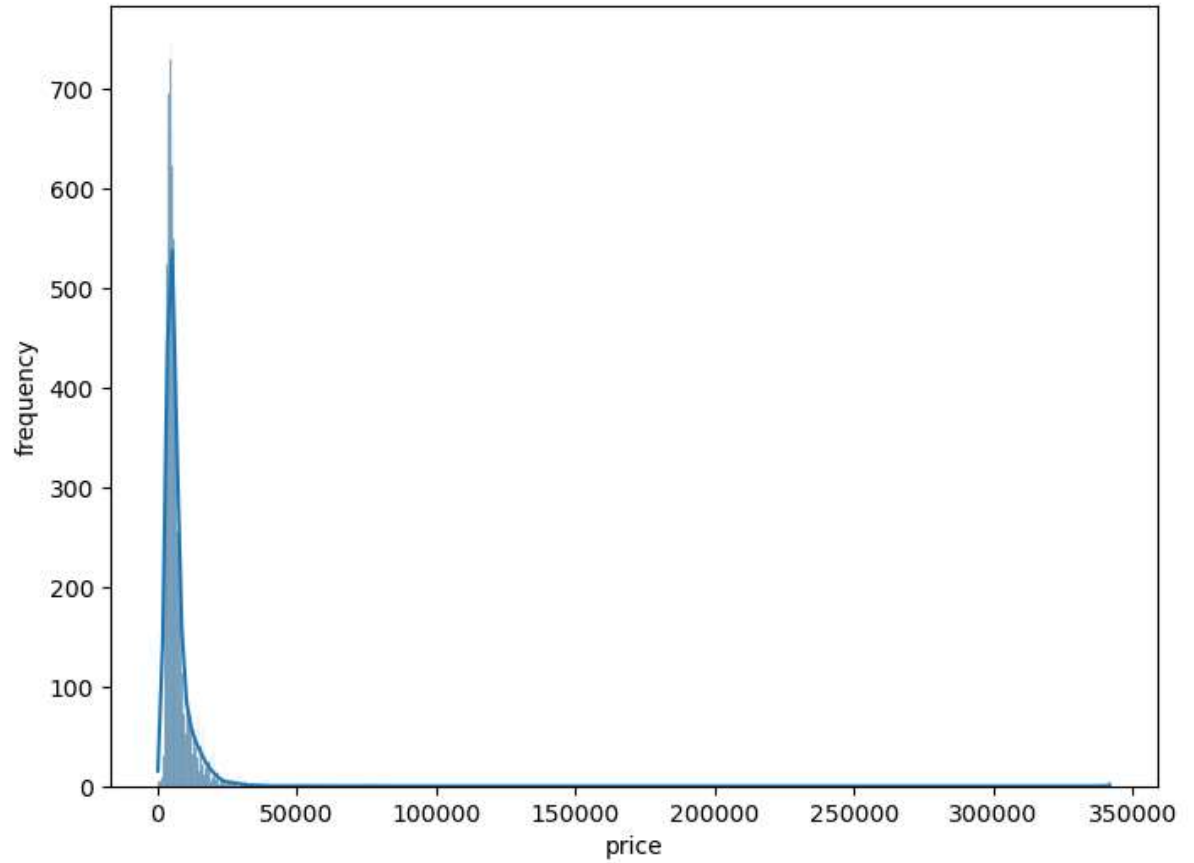
```
In [79]: new_df.loc[(new_df["price_per_sqft"]>=upper_limit),"price_per_sqft"]=upper_limit
new_df.loc[(new_df["price_per_sqft"]<=lower_limit),"price_per_sqft"]=lower_limit
```

```
In [80]: len(new_df)
```

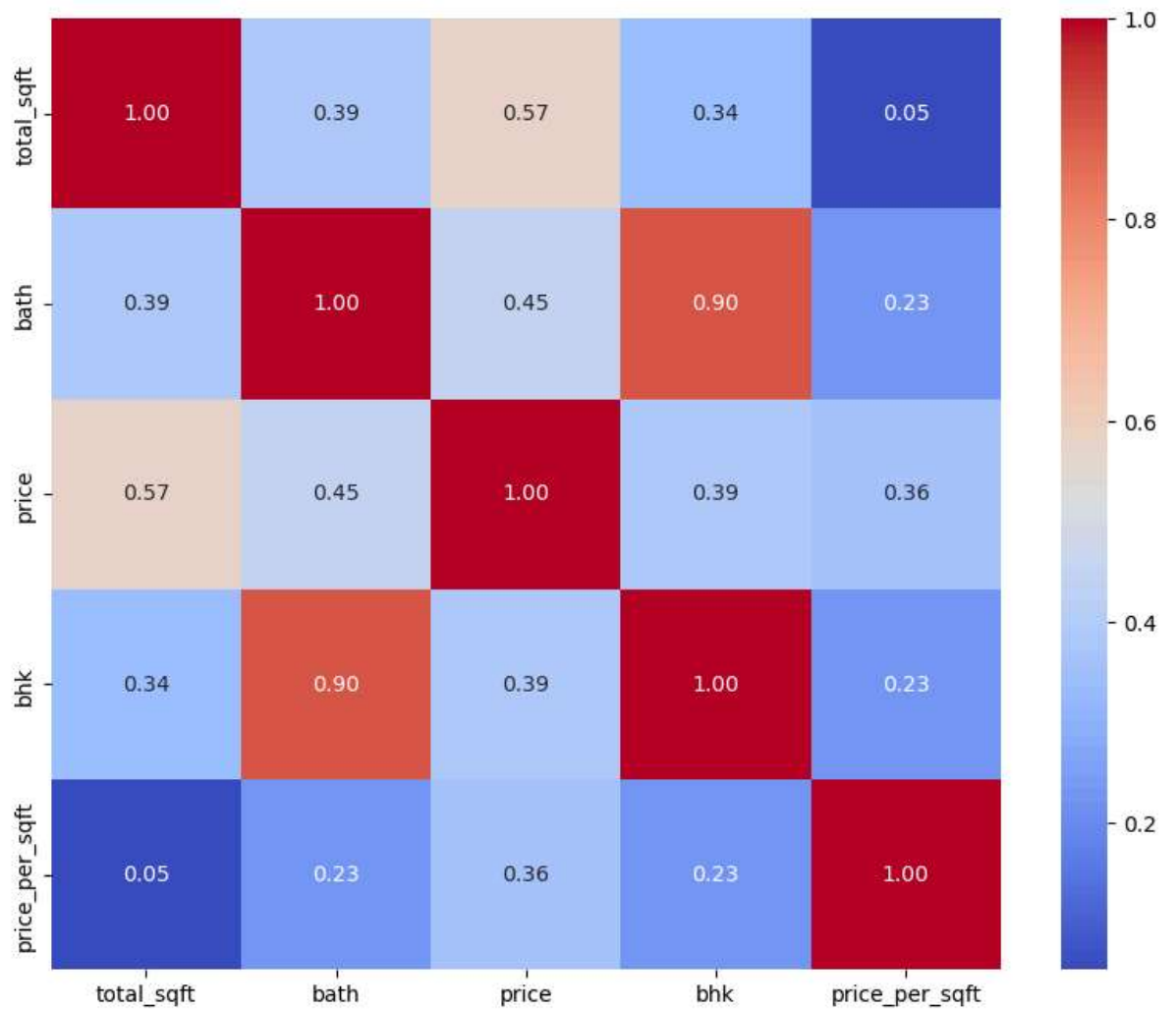
Out[80]: 12151

```
In [81]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.histplot(new_df["price_per_sqft"],kde=True)

plt.xlabel("price")
plt.ylabel("frequency")
plt.show()
```

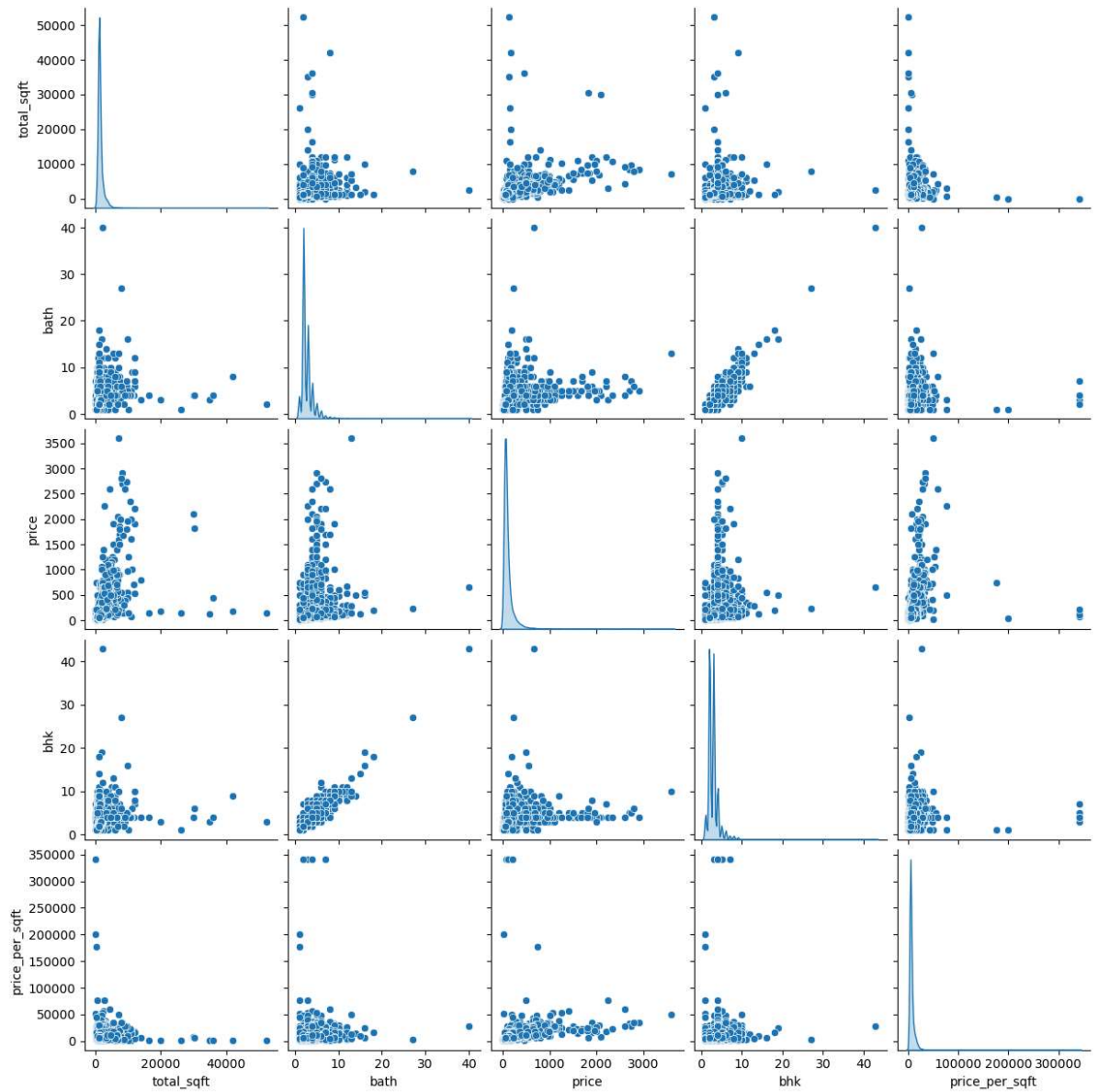


```
In [82]: numeric_columns=new_df.select_dtypes(include=["number"])
correlation_metrix=numeric_columns.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.heatmap(correlation_metrix,annot=True,cmap="coolwarm",fmt=".2f", square=True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [83]: sns.pairplot(new_df,diag_kind="kde")  
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\FamiAmal\.anaconda\annconda for me\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.
py:118: UserWarning: The figure layout has changed to tight
self._figure.tight_layout(*args, **kwargs)



```
In [ ]:
```