

$$\int \frac{dF}{dt} = \int \frac{IR}{\tau} e^{t/\tau}$$

$$F(t) = \frac{R}{\tau} \int_0^t e^{t'/\tau} J(t') dt'$$

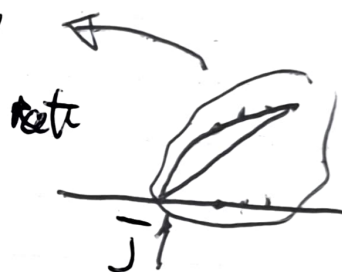
virtual time axis.

Assume $V(t) = F(t) e^{-t/\tau}$

$$V(t) = \frac{R}{\tau} \int_0^t \underbrace{e^{-t/\tau} \cdot e^{t'/\tau}}_{\text{constant}} J(t') dt'$$

$$= \frac{R}{\tau} \int_0^t e^{-(t-t')/\tau} J(t') dt'$$

constant



$$V = \frac{R}{\tau} \int_0^t e^{-(t-t')/\tau} J dt'$$

Let $e^{-(t-t')/\tau} = u$ $\frac{du}{dt'} = -\frac{1}{\tau}$ $dt' = -\tau du$

$$V = \frac{R}{\tau} \int_0^t e^u J \tau du = RJ \frac{e^{-(t-t')/\tau}}{\tau} \Big|_0^t$$

$$V = RJ(1 - e^{-t/\tau})$$

$$V_{th} = RJ(1 - e^{-\frac{t_{th}}{\tau}})$$

$$\frac{V_{th}}{RJ} = 1 - e^{-\frac{t_{th}}{\tau}}$$

$$1 - \frac{V_{th}}{RJ} = e^{-\frac{t_{th}}{\tau}} \quad \text{when } JR \neq 0$$

$$t_{th} = -\tau \log\left(1 - \frac{V_{th}}{RJ}\right) \quad \text{when } 1 - \frac{V_{th}}{RJ} > 0$$

$$G(J) = \begin{cases} t_{th} + \tau_{ref} & \text{if } 1 - \frac{V_{th}}{RJ} > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$G(J) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\tau_{ref} - \tau_{re} \log\left(1 - \frac{V_{th}}{RJ}\right)} & R=1 \\ 0 & V_{th}=1 \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\tau_{ref} - \tau_{re} \log\left(1 - \frac{1}{J}\right)} & \text{if } J > 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$